STATE OF GEORGIA COUNTY OF BARTOW

<u>CERTIFICATE OF DEDICATION AND MAINTENANCE AGREEMENT</u> (Sewer Lines – Crown Inn)

THIS AGREEMENT, made and entered the $\underline{\neg}$ day of $\underline{\neg} UV \in \underline{}$, 2023, by and between, SHRI PARSHVA 1214, LLC (hereinafter referred to as "Grantor"), and the CITY OF CARTERSVILLE, GEORGIA, a municipal corporation, (hereinafter referred to "Grantee"), provides as follows:

For and in consideration of the approval of a final plat of development under the Development Regulations for the City of Cartersville, and other valuable considerations, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, the Grantor, being the owner of fee simple title to all lands shown and depicted upon said Development Plans for Crown Inn Sewer Design, Sewer Easement Exhibit, a copy of which is attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference as Exhibit "A," does hereby dedicate and convey in fee simple to Grantee for the use and benefit of the public forever all sewer lines, any water and sewer easements, manholes, and other facilities and infrastructure and other public purposes in accordance with the construction plans as approved for the Crown Inn Project, Cartersville, Georgia. Grantor hereby warrants that this conveyance is free and clear of any liens and encumbrances, except those specifically made known to and accepted by the City in writing.

GRANTOR has provided to the City of Cartersville, a Performance and Maintenance Bond from United Casualty and Surety Insurance Company, in the amount of \$43,500.00 consisting of 10% of the total cost of sewer lines, any sewer easements, manholes, and other facilities and infrastructure and other public purposes improvements. The Performance and Maintenance Bond shall expire pursuant to the conditions stated therein.

Grantor does hereby agree to hold the Grantee harmless for a period of eighteen (18) months from the date of written acceptance by the Grantee and installation by Grantor, of all the sewer lines, any sewer easements, and related facilities and infrastructure, installed in accordance with the construction plans as approved and agrees that the City of Cartersville shall not be liable for claims of damages resulting from negligence in the design, construction installation, maintenance and/or permitting of said improvements, including without reservation any claims for flooding or diversion of surface water caused or created by said development and activities performed on private property by the Grantor, its heirs, successors and assigns. Should any such claim be made against Grantee during the period of this Agreement, Grantor agrees and warrants that upon written notice thereof it will, as its sole cost and expense, defend and indemnify the Grantee fully from any such action. Utilities owned and operated by a governmental body or public utility company not constructed by the Grantor or his contractor shall be the responsibility of the utility and not the Grantor.

At the end of the twelve (12) month maintenance period, the Grantee shall perform an inspection of the development. The Grantor shall be notified of the inspection results in writing within thirty (30) days from the date of expiration of the twelve (12) month maintenance period. If repairs are needed for the improvements to meet City specifications, the Grantor shall be required to make such repairs within sixty (60) days after written notification by the Grantee. If

the repairs are not completed, the Maintenance Bond/Letter of Credit shall be called in to pay for the repairs. Should the amount of the Maintenance Bond/Letter of Credit be inadequate to pay for the repairs, the developer shall pay the remaining amount. Should the Grantor complete necessary maintenance repairs, he shall request in writing to the Grantee for inspection of the maintenance repairs. The Grantee shall make inspection and notify the developer of the inspection results. If the maintenance repairs meet City standards, the Grantee will provide written approval of the improvements and shall assume responsibility for the future maintenance of improvements within the road right-of-way, water and sanitary sewer utilities and all other facilities as provided by law; provided, however, this responsibility shall not commence in any instance where repairs or corrections have not been completed on any claim for which written notice was given to the Grantor during the eighteen (18) month period until such repairs or corrections are complete.

Grantor further covenants that all conveyances of title subsequent hereto shall be subject to the warranties and agreements set forth herein and that subsequent conveyance of title shall not constitute a release of Grantor from the obligations herein assumed.

[SIGNATURE ON NEXT PAGE]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has affixed its hand and seal the day and year set forth above.

Signed, sealed and delivered in the presence of:

SHRI PARSHVA 1214, LLC

TERD , By: R 090 Witness

Notary Public

Bela Rakesh shah. Print Name:

Title: Owner

My Commission Expires: 11-16-25

[SEAL]



ACCEPTANCE BY CITY OF CARTERSVILLE

I hereby certify that the foregoing Certificate of Dedication and Maintenance Agreement for Crown Inn Sewer Project, was approved and accepted by the City of Cartersville in a regularly called meeting on ______, 20__ by a vote of AYE _____ NAY ___, ABSTAIN ___, and ABSENT ____.

Matthew J. Santini, Mayor

ATTEST:

Julia Drake, City Clerk

EXHIBIT "A"





DEFINITION

APPLYING PLANT RESIDUES OR OTHER SUITABLE MATERIALS, PRODUCED ON THE SITE IF POSSIBLE, TO THE SOIL SURFACE.

CONDITIONS

MULCH OR TEMPORARY GRASSING SHALL BE APPLIED TO ALL EXPOSED AREAS WITHIN 14 DAYS OF DISTURBANCE. MULCH CAN BE USED AS A SINGULAR EROSION CONTROL DEVICE FOR UP TO SIX MONTHS, BUT IT SHALL BE APPLIED AT THE APPROPRIATE DEPTH, DEPENDING ON THE MATERIAL USED, ANCHORED, AND HAVE A CONTINUOUS 90% COVER OR GREATER OF THE SOIL SURFACE. MAINTENANCE SHALL BE REQUIRED TO MAINTAIN APPROPRIATE DEPTH AND 90 % COVER. TEMPORARY VEGETATION MAY BE EMPLOYED INSTEAD OF MULCH IF THE AREA WILL REMAIN UNDISTURBED FOR LESS THAN SIX MONTHS. IF AN AREA WILL REMAIN UNDISTURBED FOR GREATER THAN SIX MONTHS, PERMANENT VEGETATIVE

TECHNIQUES SHALL BE EMPLOYED.

SPECIFICATIONS

MULCHING WITHOUT SEEDING THIS STANDARD APPLIED TO GRADES OR CLEARED AREAS WHERE SEEDINGS MAY NOT HAVE A SUITABLE GROWING SEASON TO PRODUCE AN EROSION RETARDANT COVER, BUT CAN BE STABILIZED WITH A MULCH COVER.

SITE PREPARATION

1. GRADE TO PERMIT THE USE OF EQUIPMENT FOR APPLYING AND ANCHORING MULCH. 2. INSTALL NEEDED EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AS REQUIRED SUCH AS DIKES, DIVERSIONS, BERMS, TERRACES AND

SEDIMENT BARRIERS. 3. LOOSEN COMPACT SOIL TO A MINIMUM DEPTH OF 3 INCHES.

MULCHING MATERIALS

SELECT ONE OF THE FOLLOWING MATERIALS AND APPLYING AT THE DEPTH INDICATED: 1. DRY STRAW OR HAY SHALL BE APPLIED AT A DEPTH OF 2 TO 4 INCHES PROVIDING COMPLETE SOIL COVERAGE. ONE

ADVANTAGE OF THIS MATERIAL IS EASY APPLICATION.

2. WOOD WASTE (CHIPS, SAWDUST OR BARK) SHALL BE APPLIED AT A DEPTH OF 2 TO 3 INCHES. ORGANIC MATERIAL FROM THE CLEARING STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT SHOULD REMAIN ON SITE, BE CHIPPED, AND APPLIED AS MULCH. THIS METHOD OF MULCHING CAN GREATLY REDUCE EROSION CONTROL COSTS.

3. POLYETHYLENE FILM SHALL BE SECURED OVER BANKS OF STOCKPILED SOIL MATERIAL FOR TEMPORARY PROTECTION. THIS MATERIAL CAN BE SALVAGED AND REUSED.

APPI YING MULCH

WHEN MULCH IS USED WITHOUT SEEDING. MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED TO PROVIDE FULL COVERAGE OF THE EXPOSED AREA 1. DRY STRAW OR HAY MULCH AND WOOD CHIPS SHALL BE APPLIED UNIFORMLY BY HAND OR BY MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT 2. IF THE AREA WILL EVENTUALLY BE COVERED WITH PERENNIAL VEGETATION, 20-30 POUNDS OF NITROGEN PER ACRE IN ADDITION TO THE NORMAL AMOUNT SHALL BE APPLIED TO OFFSET THE UPTAKE OF NITROGEN CAUSED BY THE DECOMPOSITION OF THE ORGANIC MULCHES.

3. APPLY POLYETHYLENE FILM ON EXPOSED AREAS.

ANCHORING MULCH

1. STRAW OR HAY MULCH CAN BE PRESSED INTO THE SOIL WITH A DISK HARROW WITH THE DISK SET STRAIGHT OR WITH A SPECIAL "PACKER DISK." DISKS MAY BE SMOOTH OR SERRATED AND SHOULD BE 20 INCHES OR MORE IN DIAMETER AND 8 TO 12 INCHES APART. THE EDGES OF THE DISK SHOULD BE DULL ENOUGH NOT TO CUT THE MULCH BUT TO PRESS IT INTO THE SOIL LEAVING MUCH OF IT IN AN ERECT POSITION. STRAW OR HAY MULCH SHALL BE ANCHORED IMMEDIATELY AFTER APPLICATION. TACKIFERS AND BINDERS CAN BE USED. PLEASE REFER TO SPECIFICATION TB-TACKIFERS AND BINDERS. PLASTIC MESH OR NETTING WITH MESH NO LARGER THAN ONE INCH BY ONE INCH SHALL BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS.

2. NETTING OF THE APPROPRIATE SIZE SHALL BE USED TO ANCHOR WOOD WASTE. OPENINGS OF THE NETTING SHALL NOT BE LARGER THAN THE AVERAGE SIZE OF THE WOOD WASTE CHIPS. 3. POLYETHYLENE FILM SHALL BE ANCHOR TRENCHED AT THE TOP AS WELL AS INCREMENTALLY AS NECESSARY

Ds1

DISTURBED AREA STABILIZATION WITH MULCHING

THE ESTABLISHMENT OF TEMPORARY VEGETATIVE COVER WITH FAST GROWING SEEDINGS FOR SEASONAL PROTECTION ON DISTURBED OR DENUDED AREA.

CONDITIONS

TEMPORARY GRASSING, INSTEAD OF MULCH, CAN BE APPLIED TO ROUGH GRADED AREAS THAT WILL BE EXPOSED FOR LESS THAN SIX MONTHS. TEMPORARY VEGETATIVE MEASURES SHOULD BE COORDINATED WITH PERMANENT MEASURES TO ASSURE ECONOMICAL AND EFFECTIVE STABILIZATION. MOST TYPES OF TEMPORARY VEGETATION ARE IDEAL TO USE AS COMPANION CROPS UNTIL THE PERMANENT VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED.

SEEDING RATES FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING

SPECIES	BROADCAST RATES				
	RATE PER ACRE^2	PURE LIVE SEED (PLS) PER 1000 S.F.	PLANTING DATES BY RESOURCE AREA	REMARKS	
BARLEY	3 BU (144 LBS)	3.3 LBS	8/15 - 11/15	14,000 SEED PER POUND. WINDTER HARDY. USE ON PRODUCTIVE SOILS	
LESPEDEZA ANNUAL	40 LBS	0.9 LBS	2/1 - 5/1	200,000 SEED PER POUND. MAY VOLUNTEER FOR SEVERAL YEARS. USE INOCULANT EL.	
LOVEGRASS WEEPING	4 LBS	0.1 LBS	5/15 - 6/15	1,500,000 SEED PER POUND. MAY LAST FOR SEVERAL YEARS. MIX WITH SERIEA LESPEDEZA.	
MILLET, BROWNTOP	40 LBS	0.9 LBS	4/1 - 7/1	137,000 SEED PER POUND. QUICK DENSE COVER. WILL PROVIDE EXCESSIVE COMPETION IN MIXTURES IF SEEDED AT HIGH RATE.	
MILLET, PEARL	50 LBS	1.1 LBS	6/1 - 8/1	88,000 SEED PER POUND. QUICK DENSE COVER. MAY REACH 5FT IN HEIGHT. NOT RECOMMENDED FOR MIXTURES.	
OATS	4 BU (128 LBS)	2.9 LBS	9/1 - 12/1	13,000 SEED PER POUND. USE ON PRODUCTIVE SOILS. NOT AS A WINTER HARDY AS RYE OR BARLY.	
RYE	3 BU (168 LBS)	3.9 LBS	7/15 - 12/1	18,000 SEED PER POUND. QUICK COVER. DROUGHT TOLERANT AND WINTER HARDY.	
RYEGRASS, ANNUAL	40 LBS	0.9 LBS	8/1 - 5/1	227,000 SEED PER POUND. DENSE COVER. VERY COMPETITIVE AND IS NOT TO BE USED IN MIXTURES.	
SUDANGRASS	60 LBS	1.4 LBS	4/1 - 9/1	55,000 SEED PER POUND. GOOD ON DROUGHTY SITES. NOT RECOMMENDED FOR MIXTURES.	
WHEAT	3 BU (180 LBS)	4.1 LBS	9/15 - 1/1	15,000 SEED PER POUND. WINTER HARDY.	

*UNUSUAL SITE CONDITIONS MAY REQUIRE HEAVIER SEEDING RATES **SEEDING DATES MAY NEED TO BE ALTERED TO FIT TEMPERATURE

SPECIFICATIONS

GRADING AND SHAPING

EXCESSIVE WATER RUN-OFF SHALL BE REDUCED BY PROPERLY DESIGNED AND INSTALLED EROSION CONTROL PRACTICES SUCH AS CLOSED DRAINS, DITCHES, DIKES, DIVERSIONS, SEDIMENT BARRIERS AND OTHERS.

NO SHAPING OR GRADING IS REQUIRED IF SLOPES CAN BE STABILIZED BY HAND-SEEDED VEGETATION OR IF HYDRAULIC SEEDING EQUIPMENT IS TO BE USED.

SEEDBED PREPARATION

WHEN A HYDRAULIC SEEDER IS USED, SEEDBED PREPARATION IS NOT REQUIRED. WHEN USING CONVENTIONAL OR HANDSEEDING, SEEDBED PREPARATION IS NOT REQUIRED IF THE SOIL MATERIAL IS LOOSE AND NOT SEALED BY RAINFALL. WHEN SOIL HAS BEEN SEALED BY RAINFALL OR CONSISTS OF SMOOTH CUT SLOPES, THE SOIL SHALL BE PITTED, TRENCHED OR OTHERWISE SCARIFIED TO PROVIDE A PLACE FOR SEED TO LODGE AND GERMINATE.

LIME AND FERTILIZER

VARIATIONS AND CONDITIONS

AGRICULTURAL LIME IS REQUIRED UNLESS SOIL TESTS INDICATE OTHERWISE. APPLY AGRICULTURAL LIME AT A RATE OF ONE TON PER ACRE. GRADED AREAS REQUIRE LIME APPLICATION. SOILS CAN BE TESTED TO DETERMINE IF FERTILIZER IS NEEDED. ON REASONABLY FERTILE SOILS OR SOIL MATERIAL, FERTILIZER IS NOT REQUIRED. FOR SOILS WITH VERY LOW FERTILITY, 500 TO 700 POUNDS OF 10-10-10 FERTILIZER OF THE EQUIVALENT PER ACRE (12-16 LBS./1,000 SQ.FT.) SHALL BE APPLIED. FERTILIZER SHOULD BE APPLIED BEFORE LAND PREPARATION AND INCORPORATED WITH A DISK, RIPPER OR CHISEL.

SELECT A GRASS OR GRASS-LEGUME MIXTURE SUITABLE TO THE AREA AND SEASON OF THE YEAR. SEED SHALL BE APPLIED UNIFORMLY BY HAND, CYCLONE SEEDER, DRILL, CULTIPACKER SEEDER, OR HYDRAULIC SEEDER (SLURRY INCLUDING SEED AND FERTILIZER). DRILL OR CULTIPACKER SEEDERS SHOULD NORMALLY PLACE SEED ONE-QUARTER TO ONE-HALF INCH DEEP. APPROPRIATE DEPTH OF PLANTING IS TEN TIMES THE SEED DIAMETER. SOIL SHOULD BE "RAKED" LIGHTLY TO COVER SEED WITH SOIL IF SEEDED BY HAND. MULCHING

TEMPORARY VEGETATION CAN, IN MOST CASES, IN ESTABLISHED WITHOUT THE USE OF MULCH. MULCH WITHOUT SEEDING SHOULD BE CONSIDERED FOR SHORT TERM PROTECTION. REFER TO DS1 - DISTURBED AREA STABILIZATION (WITHOUT MULCHING ONLY).

IRRIGATION

DURING TIMES OF DROUGHT, WATER SHALL BE APPLIED AT A RATE NOT CAUSING RUNOFF AND EROSION. THE SOIL SHALL BE THOROUGHLY WETTED TO A DEPTH THAT WILL INSURE GERMINATION OF THE SEED. SUBSEQUENT APPLICATIONS SHOULD BE MADE WHEN NEEDED.

DISTURBED AREA Ds2 STABILIZATION WITH

TEMPORARY SEEDING

THE PLANTING OF PERENNIAL VEGETATION SUCH AS TREES, SHRUBS, VINES, GRASSES, OR LEGUMES ON EXPOSED AREAS FOR FINAL PERMANENT STABILIZATION. PERMANENT PERENNIAL VEGETATION SHALL BE USED TO ACHIEVE FINAL STABILIZATION. CONDITIONS

PERMANENT PERENNIAL VEGETATION IS USED TO PROVIDE A PROTECTIVE COVER FOR EXPOSED AREAS INCLUDING CUTS, FILLS, DAMS, AND OTHER DENUDED AREAS.

SPECIFICATIONS

GRADING AND SHAPING

GRADING AND SHAPING MAY NOT BE REQUIRED WHERE HYDRAULIC SEEDING AND FERTILIZER EQUIPMENT IS TO BE USED. VERTICAL BANKS SHALL BE SLOPED TO ENABLE PLANT ESTABLISHMEN WHEN CONVENTIONAL SEEDING AND FERTILIZING ARE TO BE DONE GRADE AND SHAPE WHERE FEASIBLE AND PRACTICAL, SO THAT

VEGETATION. CONCENTRATIONS OF WATER THAT WILL CAUSE EXCESSIVE SOIL EROSION SHALL BE DIVERTED TO A SAFE OUTLET. DIVERSIONS AND OTHER TREATMENT PRACTICES SHALL CONFORM WITH THE APPROPRIATE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

SEEDBED PREPARATION

SEEDBED PREPARATION MAY NOT BE REQUIRED WHERE HYDRAULIC SEEDING AND FERTILIZING EQUIPMENT IS TO BE USED. WHEN CONVENTIONAL SEEDING IS TO BE USED, SEEDBED PREPARATION WILL BE DONE AS FOLLOWS

BROADCAST PLANTINGS

1. TILLAGE AT A MINIMUM. SHALL ADEQUATELY LOOSEN THE SOIL TO A DEPTH OF 4 TO 6 INCHES: ALLEVIATE COMPACTION: INCORPORATE LIME AND FERTILIZER; SMOOTH AND FIRM THE SOIL; ALLOW FOR THE PROPER PLACEMENT OF SEED, SPRIGS, OR PLANTS; AND ALLOW FOR THE ANCHORING OF STRAW OR HAY MULCH IF A DISK IS TO BE USED. 2.TILLAGE MAY BE DONE WITH ANY SUITABLE EQUIPMENT

3.TILLAGE SHOULD BE DONE ON THE CONTOUR WHERE FEASIBLE

4.ON SLOPES TOO STEEP FOR THE SAFE OPERATION OF TILLAGE EQUIPMENT, THE SOIL SURFACE SHALL BE PITTED OR TRENCHED ACROSS THE SLOPE WITH APPROPRIATE HAND TOOLS TO PROVIDE TWO PLACES 6 TO 8 INCHES APART IN WHICH SEED MAY LODGE AND GERMINATE. HYDRAULIC SEEDING MAY ALSO BE USED.

INDIVIDUAL PLANTS

1.WHERE INDIVIDUAL PLANTS ARE TO BE SET, THE SOIL SHALL BE PREPARED BY EXCAVATING HOLES, OPENING FURROWS, OR DIBBLE PLANTING. 2.FOR NURSERY STOCK PLANTS, HOLES SHALL BE LARGE ENOUGH TO ACCOMMODATE ROOTS WITHOUT CROWDING

3.WHERE PINE SEEDLINGS ARE TO BE PLANTED. SUBSOIL UNDER THE ROW 36 INCHES DEEP ON THE CONTOUR FOUR TO SIX MONTHS PRIOR TO PLANTING. SUBSOILING SHOULD BE DONE WHEN THE SOIL IS DRY, PREFERABLY IN AUGUST OR SEPTEMBER. PLANTING

HYDRAULIC SEEDING

MIX THE SEED (INOCULATED IF NEEDED), FERTILIZER, AND WOOD CELLULOSE OR WOOD PULP FIBER MULCH WITH WATER AND APPLY IN A SLURRY UNIFORMLY OVER THE AREA TO BE TREATED. APPLY WITHIN ONE HOUR AFTER THE MIXTURE IS MADE. CONVENTIONAL SEEDING

SEEDING WILL BE DONE ON A FRESHLY PREPARED AND FIRMED SEEDBED. FOR BROADCAST PLANTING. USE A CULTIPACKER SEEDER. DRILL, ROTARY SEEDER, OTHER MECHANICAL SEEDER, OR HAND SEEDING TO DISTRIBUTE THE SEED UNIFORMLY OVER THE AREA TO BE TREATED. COVER THE SEED LIGHTLY WITH 1/8 TO 1/4 INCH OF SOIL FOR SMALL SEED AND 1/2 TO 1 INCH FOR LARGE SEED WHEN USING A CULTIPACKER OR OTHER SUITABLE EQUIPMENT.

NO-TILL SEEDING

NO-TILL SEEDING IS A PERMISSIBLE INTO ANNUAL COVER CROPS WHEN PLANTING IS DONE FOLLOWING MATURITY OF THE COVER CROP OR IF THE TEMPORARY COVER STAND IS SPARSE ENOUGH TO ALLOW ADEQUATE GROWTH OF THE PERMANENT (PERENNIAL) SPECIES. NO-TILL SEEDING SHALL BE DONE WITH APPROPRIATE NO-TILL SEEDING EQUIPMENT. THE SEED MUST BE UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED AND PLANTED AT THE PROPER DEPTH

INDIVIDUAL PLANTS

SHRUBS, VINES AND SPRIGS MAY BE PLANTED WITH APPROPRIATE PLANTERS OR HAND TOOLS. PINE TREES SHALL BE PLANTED MANUALLY IN THE SUBSOIL FURROW. EACH PLANT SHALL BE SET IN A MANNER THAT WILL AVOID CROWDING THE ROOTS. NURSERY STOCK PLANTS SHALL BE PLANTED AT THE SAME DEPTH OR SLIGHTLY DEEPER THAN THEY GREW AT THE NURSERY. THE TIPS OF VINES AND SPRIGS MUST BE AT OR SLIGHTLY ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE, WHERE INDIVIDUAL HOLES ARE DUG, FERTILIZER SHALL BE PLACED IN THE BOTTOM OF THE HOLE, TWO INCHES OF SOIL SHALL BE ADDED AND THE PLANT SHALL BE SET IN THE HOLE. MULCHING

MULCH IS REQUIRED FOR ALL PERMANENT VEGETATION APPLICATIONS. MULCH APPLIED TO SEEDED AREAS SHALL ACHIEVE 75% SOIL COVER. SELECT THE MULCHING MATERIAL FROM THE FOLLOWING AND APPLY AS INDICATED:

1. DRY STRAW OR DRY HAY OF GOOD QUALITY AND FREE OF WEED SEEDS CAN BE USED. DRY STRAW SHALL BE APPLIED AT THE RATE OF 2 TONS PER ACRE. DRY HAY SHALL BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF 2 1/2 TONS PER ACRE. 2. WOOD CELLULOSE MULCH OR WOOD PULP FIBER SHALL BE USED WITH HYDRAULIC SEEDING. IT SHALL BE APPLIED AT THE RATE OF 500 POUNDS PER ACRE. DRYSTRAW OR DRY HAY SHALL BE APPLIED (AT THE RATE INDICATED ABOVE) AFTER HYDRAULIC SEEDING. 3. ONE THOUSAND POUNDS OF WOOD CELLULOSE OR WOOD PULP FIBER. WHICH INCLUDES A TACKIFIER. SHALL BE USED WITH

HYDRAULIC SEEDING ON SLOES OF 3/4 : 1 OR STEEPER 4. SERICEA LESPEDEZA HAY CONTAINING MATURE SEED SHALL BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF THREE TONS PER ACRE 5. PINE STRAW OR PINE BARK SHALL BE APPLIED AT A THICKNESS OF 3 INCHES FOR BEDDING PURPOSES. OTHER SUITABLE MATERIALS IN SUFFICIENT QUANTITY MAY BE USED WHERE ORNAMENTALS OR OTHER GROUND COVERS ARE PLANTED. THIS IS NOT APPROPRIATE FOR

SEEDED AREAS. 6. WHEN USING TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS OR BLOCK SOD, MULCH IS NOT REQUIRED 7 BITUMINOUS TREATED ROVING MAY REAPPLIED ON PLANTED AREAS ON SLOPES. IN DITCHES OR DRY WATERWAYS TO PREVENT EROSION. BITUMINOUS TREATED ROVING SHALL BE APPLIED WITHIN 24 HOURS AFTER AN AREA HAS BEEN PLANTED. APPLICATION RATES AND MATERIALS MUST MEET GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SPECIFICATIONS.

WOOD CELLULOSE AND WOOD PULP FIBERS SHALL NOT CONTAIN GERMINATION OR GROWTH INHIBITING FACTORS. THEY SHALL BE EVENLY DISPERSED WHEN AGITATED IN WATER. THE FIBERS SHALL CONTAIN A DYE TO ALLOW VISUAL METERING AND AID IN UNIFORM APPLICATION DURING SEEDING. APPLY MULCH

STRAW OR HAY MULCH WILL BE SPREAD UNIFORMLY WITHIN 24 HOURS AFTER SEEDING AND/OR PLANTING. THE MULCH MAY BE SPREAD BY BLOWER-TYPE SPREADING EQUIPMENT, OTHER SPREADING EQUIPMENT OR BY HAND. MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED TO COVER 75% OF THE SOIL SURFACE

WOOD CELLULOSE OR WOOD FIBER MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED UNIFORMLY WITH HYDRAULIC SEEDING EQUIPMENT. ANCHORING MULCH

ANCHOR STRAW OR HAY MULCH IMMEDIATELY AFTER APPLICATION BY ONE OF THE FOLLOWING METHODS. SPRAY-ON ADHESIVES. THESE ARE USED ON MINERAL SOILS (NOT EFFECTIVE ON MUCK SOILS). KEEP TRAFFIC OFF THESE AREAS. REFER TO STANDARD TB-TACKIFIERS 1. HAY AND STRAW MULCH SHALL BE PRESSED INTO THE SOIL IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE MULCH IS SPREAD. A SPECIAL "PACKER DISK" OR AND BINDERS. DISK HARROW WITH THE DISKS SET STRAIGHT MAYBE USED. THE DISKS MAYBE SMOOTH OR SERRATED AND SHOULD BE 20 INCHES OF MORE IN DIAMETER AND 8 TO 12 INCHES APART. THE EDGES OF THE DISKS SHALL BE DULL ENOUGH TO PRESS THE MULCH INTO THE TILLAGE. THIS PRACTICE IS DESIGNED TO ROUGHEN AND BRING CLODS TO THE SURFACE. IT IS AN EMERGENCY MEASURE WHICH SHOULD BE USED BEFORE WIND GROUND WITHOUT CUTTING IT, LEAVING MUCH OF IT IN AN ERECT POSITION. MULCH SHALL NOT BE PLOWED INTO THE SOIL. 2. SYNTHETIC TACKIFIERS OR BINDERS APPROVED BY GDOT SHALL BE APPLIED IN CONJUNCTION WITH OR IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE EROSION STARTS. MULCH IS PREAD. SYNTHETIC TACKIFIERS SHALL BE MIXED AND APPLIED ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS. REFER TO TB- TACKIFIERS AND BINDERS IRRIGATION. THIS IS GENERALLY DONE AS AN EMERGENCY TREATMENT. SITE IS SPRINKLED WITH WATER UNTIL THE SURFACE IS WET. REPEAT AS NEEDED.

3. RYE OR WHEAT CAN BE INCLUDED WITH FALL AND WINTER PLANTINGS TO STABILIZE THE MULCH. THEY SHALL BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF ONE-QUARTER TO ONE HALF BUSHEL PER ACRE 4. PLASTIC MESH OR NETTING WITH MESH NO LARGER THAN ONE INCH BY ONE INCH MAY BE NEEDED TO ANCHOR STRAW OR HA MULCH ON UNSTABLE SOILS AND CONCENTRATED FLOW AREAS. THESE MATERIALS SHALL BE INSTALLED AND ANCHORED ACCORDING

TO MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS. IRRIGATION

IRRIGATION SHALL BE APPLIED AT A RATE THAT WILL NOT CAUSE RUNOFF

SEEDING RATE FOR PERMANENT SEEDING

	BROADC	AST RATES	PLANTING DATES BY RESOURCE AREA	
SPECIES	RATE PER ACRE^2	PURE LIVE SEED (PLS) PER 1000 S.F.		
BAHIA, WILMINGTON	60 LBS	1.4 LBS	1/1 - 12/31	
BERMUDA	40 CU. FT. OR SOD PLUGS 3FT X 3FT	0.9 CU. FT. OR SOD PLUGS 3FT X 3FT	5/15 - 7/15	
CENTIPEDE	BLOCKS	SOD ONLY	11/1 - 5/31	
FESCUE, TALL	50 LBS	1.1 LBS	3/1 - 4/31 & 8/1 - 10/30	
LESPEDEZA SERICEA	75 LBS	1.7 LBS	1/1 - 12-31	
LOVEGRASS, WEEPING	4 LBS	0.1 LBS	4/15 - 6/15	

*Unusual site conditions may require heavier seeding rates **Seeding dates may need to be altered to fit temperature variations and conditions





EQUIPMENT CAN BE USED SAFELY AND EFFICIENTLY DURING SEEDBED PREPARATION, SEEDING, MULCHING AND MAINTENANCE OF THE





PERMANENT SEEDING



- 2. FIRST ROLL IS CENTERED LONGITUDINALLY IN MID CHANNEL AND PINNED WITH TEMPORARY STAKES TO MAINTAIN ALIGNMENT.
- 3. SUBSEQUENT ROLLS FOLLOW IN STAGGERED SEQUENCE BEHIND FIRST ROLL. FOR ALIGNMENT TO CHANNEL CENTER.
- 4. WORK OUTWARDS FROM CHANNEL CENTER TO EDGE.
- 5. USE 3" OVERLAP AND STAKE AT 5' INTERVAL ALONG SEAMS. 6. USE 3" OVERLAPS AND SHINGLE DOWNSTREAM TO CONNECT LINING AT ROLL ENDS.

GRASS TYPE	PLANTING YEAR	FERTILIZER (NPK)	F (
COOL SEASON GRASSES	1ST 2ND MAINTENANCE	6-12-12 6-12-12 10-10-10	1
WARM SEASON GRASSES	1ST 2ND MAINTENANCE	6-12-12 6-12-12 10-10-10	1 8 2
FERTILIZER PERMANEN	RATES FO)R TION (Ds-3	3)

TEMPORARY METHODS

MULCHES. SEE STANDARD DS1 - DISTURBED AREA STABILIZATION (WITH MULCHING ONLY). SYNTHETIC RESINS MAY BE USED INSTEAD OF ASPHALT TO BIND MULCH MATERIAL. REFER TO STANDARD TB-TACKIFIERS AND BINDERS. RESINS SUCH AS CURASOL OR TERRATACK SHOULD BE USED ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

VEGETATIVE COVER. SEE STANDARD DS2 - DISTURBED AREA STABILIZATION (WITH TEMPORARY SEEDING).

BARRIERS. SOLID BOARD FENCES, SNOWFENCES, BURLAP FENCES, CRATE WALLS, BALES OF HAY AND SIMILAR MATERIAL CAN BE USED TO CONTROL AIR CURRENTS AND SOIL BLOWING. BARRIERS PLACED AT RIGHT ANGLES TO PREVAILING CURRENTS AT INTERVALS OF ABOUT 15 TIMES THEIR HEIGHT ARE EFFECTIVE IN CONTROLLING WIND EROSION.

CALCIUM CHLORIDE. APPLY AT RATE THAT WILL KEEP SURFACE MOIST. MAY NEED RETREATMENT.

PERMANENT METHODS

PERMANENT VEGETATION. SEE STANDARD DS3 -DISTURBED AREA STABILIZATION (WITH PERMANENT VEGETATION). EXISTING TREES AND LARGE SHRUBS MAY AFFORD VALUABLE PROTECTION IF LEFT IN PLACE.

TOPSOILING. THIS ENTAILS COVERING THE SURFACE WITH LESS EROSIVE SOIL MATERIAL. SEE STANDARD TP - TOPSOILING.

STONE. COVER SURFACE WITH CRUSHED STONE OR COARSE GRAVEL. SEE STANDARD CR-CONSTRUCTION ROAD STABILIZATION.

VEGETATION NOTES

MULCH OR TEMPORARY GRASSING SHALL BE APPLIED TO ALL EXPOSED AREAS WITHIN 14 DAYS OF DISTURBANCE. TEMPORARY GRASSING, INSTEAD OF MULCH, CAN BE APPLIED TO ROUGH GRADED AREAS THAT WILL BE EXPOSED FOR LESS THAN SIX MONTHS. IF AN AREA IS EXPECTED TO BE UNDISTURBED FOR LONGER THAN SIX MONTHS, PERMANENT PERENNIAL VEGETATION SHALL BE USED. IF OPTIMUM PLANTING CONDITIONS FOR TEMPORARY GRASSING IS LACKING, MULCH CAN BE USED AS A SINGULAR EROSION CONTROL DEVICE FOR UP TO SIX MONTHS BUT IT SHALL BE APPLIED AT THE APPROPRIATE DEPTH, ANCHORED, AND HAVE A CONTINUOUS 90% COVER OR GREATER OF THE SOIL SURFACE. REFER TO SPECIFICATION DS1-DISTURBED AREA STABILIZATION (WITH MULCHING ONLY).

WHEN A HYDRAULIC SEEDER IS USED, SEEDBED PREPARATION IS NOT REQUIRED. WHEN USING CONVENTIONAL OR HANDSEEDING, SEEDBED PREPARATION IS NOT REQUIRED IF THE SOIL MATERIAL IS LOOSE AND NOT SEALED BY RAINFALL. WHEN SOI HAS BEEN SEALED BY RAINFALL OR CONSISTS OF SMOOTH CUT SLOPES, THE SOIL SHALL BE PITTED, TRENCHED OR OTHERWISE SCARIFIED TO PROVIDE A PLACE FOR SEED TO LODGE AND GERMINATE.

LIME AND FERTILIZER (TEMPORARY VEGETATION, DS-2) AGRICULTURAL LIME IS REQUIRED UNLESS SOIL TESTS INDICATE OTHERWISE. APPLY AGRICULTURAL LIME AT A RATE OF ONE TON PER ACRE. GRADED AREAS REQUIRE LIME APPLICATION. SOILS CAN BE TESTED TO DETERMINE IF FERTILIZER IS NEEDED. ON REASONABLY FERTILE SOILS OR SOIL MATERIAL, FERTILIZER IS NOT REQUIRED. FOR SOILS WITH VERY LOW FERTILITY, 500 TO 700 POUNDS OF 10-10-10 FERTILIZER OR THE EQUIVALENT PER ACRE (12-16 LBS./1,000 SQ. FT.) SHALL BE APPLIED. FERTILIZER SHOULD BE APPLIED BEFORE LAND PREPARATION AND INCORPORATED WITH A DISK, RIPPER OR CHISEL.

LIME AND FERTILIZER RATES AND ANALYSIS (PERMANENT VEGETATION, DS-3)

VEGETATION, ADDITIONAL LIME IS NOT REQUIRED. AGRICULTURAL LIME SHALL BE WITHIN THE SPECIFICATIONS OF THE GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE. INITIAL FERTILIZATION, NITROGEN, TOPDRESSING, AND MAINTENANCE FERTILIZER REQUIREMENTS FOR EACH SPECIES OR COMBINATION OF SPECIES ARE LISTED IN TABLE 6-5.1.

MULCHING

MULCH IS REQUIRED FOR ALL PERMANENT VEGETATION APPLICATIONS. MULCH APPLIED TO SEEDED AREAS SHALL ACHIEVE 75% SOIL COVER. SELECT THE MULCHING MATERIAL FROM THE FOLLOWING AND APPLY AS INDICATED: 1. DRY STRAW OR DRY HAY OF GOOD QUALITY AND FREE OF WEED SEEDS CAN BE USED. DRY STRAW SHALL BE APPLIED AT THE RATE OF 2 TONS PER ACRE. DRY HAY SHALL BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF 2 1/2 TONS PER ACRE. 2. WOOD CELLULOSE MULCH OR WOOD PULP FIBER SHALL BE USED WITH HYDRAULIC SEEDING. IT SHALL BE APPLIED AT THE RATE OF 500 POUNDS PER ACRE. DRY STRAW OR DRY HAY SHALL BE APPLIED (AT THE RATE INDICATED ABOVE) AFTER HYDRAULIC SEEDING

3. ONE THOUSAND POUNDS OF WOOD CELLULOSE OR WOOD PULP FIBER. WHICH INCLUDES A TACKIFIER. SHALL BE USED WITH HYDRAULIC SEEDING ON SLOPES 3/4:1 OR STEEPER. 4. SERICEA LESPEDEZA HAY CONTAINING MATURE SEED SHALL BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF THREE TONS PER ACRE. 5. PINE STRAW OR PINE BARK SHALL BE APPLIED AT A THICKNESS OF 3 INCHES FOR BEDDING PURPOSES. OTHER SUITABLE MATERIALS IN SUFFICIENT QUANTITY MAY BE USED WHERE ORNAMENTALS OR OTHER GROUND COVERS ARE PLANTED. THIS NOT APPROPRIATE FOR SEEDED AREAS.

6. WHEN USING TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS OR BLOCK SOD, MULCH IS NOT REQUIRED. 7. BITUMINOUS TREATED ROVING MAY BE APPLIED ON PLANTED AREAS ON SLOPES, IN DITCHES OR DRY WATERWAYS TO PREVENT EROSION. BITUMINOUS TREATED ROVING SHALL BE APPLIED WITHIN 24 HOURS AFTER AN AREA HAS BEEN PLANTED. APPLICATION RATES AND MATERIALS MUST MEET GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SPECIFICATIONS.

INSTALLATION NOTES SITE PREPARATION

AFTER THE SITE HAS BEEN SHAPED AND GRADED TO THE APPROVED DESIGN, PREPARE A FRIABLE SEEDBED RELATIVELY FREE FROM CLODS AND ROCKS MORE THAN ONE INCH IN DIAM ETER, AND ANY FOREIGN MATERIAL THAT WILL PREVENT CONTACT OF THE SOIL STABILIZATION MAT WITH THE SOIL SURFACE. SURFACE MUST BE SMOOTH TO ENSURE PROPER CONTACT OF BLANKETS OR MATTING TO THE SOIL SURFACE. IF NECESSARY, REDIRECT ANY RUNOFF FROM THE DITCH OR SLOPE DURING INSTALLATION.

STAPLES

THE FOLLOWING ARE CONSIDERED APPROPRIATE STAPLING AND STAKING MATERIALS.

TEMPORARY BLANKETS

THIS INCLUDES STRAW, EXCELSIOR, COCONUT FIBER, AND WOOD FIBER BLANKETS. STAPLES SHALL BE USED TO ANCHOR TEMPORARY BLANKETS. U-SHAPED WIRE (11 GAUGE OR GREATER) STAPLES WITH LEGS AT LEAST 6 INCHES IN LENGTH AND A CROWN OF ONE INCH OR APPROPRIATE BIODEGRADABLE STAPLES CAN BE USED. STAPLES SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT THICKNESS FOR SOIL PENETRATION WITHOUT UNDUE DISTORTION.

PERMANENT MATTING

SOUND WOOD STAKES, 1X3 INCHES STOCK SAWN IN A TRIANGULAR SHAPE, SHALL BE USED. DEPENDING ON THE COMPACTION OF THE SOIL, SELECT STAKES WITH A LENGTH FROM 12 TO 18 INCHES. U-SHAPED STAPLES SHALL BE 11 GAUGE STEEL OR GREATER, WITH LEGS AT A MINIMUM OF 8 INCHES LENGTH WITH A 2 INCH CROWN.

PLANTING

LIME, FERTILIZER, AND SEED SHALL BE APPLIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SEEDING OR OTHER TYPE OF PLANTING PLAN COMPLETED PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF TEMPORARY COMBINATION BLANKETS OR JUTE MESH. FOR PERMANENT MATS, THE AREA MUST BE BROUGHT TO FINAL GRADE, PLOWED, LIMED, AND FERTILIZED. AFTER THE PERMANENT MAT HAS BEEN INSTALLED AND BACKFILLED, THE ENTIRE AREA SHALL BE GRASSED. REFER TO SPECIFICATION DS3 - DISTURBED AREA STABILIZATION ET(WITH PERMANENT VEGETATION).

MAINTENANCE

ALL EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS AND MATTING SHOULD BE INSPECTED PERIODICALLY FOLLOWING INSTALLATION, PARTICULARLY AFTER RAINSTORMS TO CHECK FOR EROSION AND UNDERMINING. ANY DISLOCATION OR FAILURE SHOULD BE REPAIRED IMMEDIATELY. IF WASHOUTS OR BREAKAGE OCCURS, REINSTALL THE MATERIAL AFTER REPAIRING DAMAGE TO THE SLOPE OR DITCH. CONTINUE TO MONITOR THESE AREAS UNTIL THEY BECOME PERMANENTLY STABILIZED.

Ss

EROSION CONTROL MATTING



