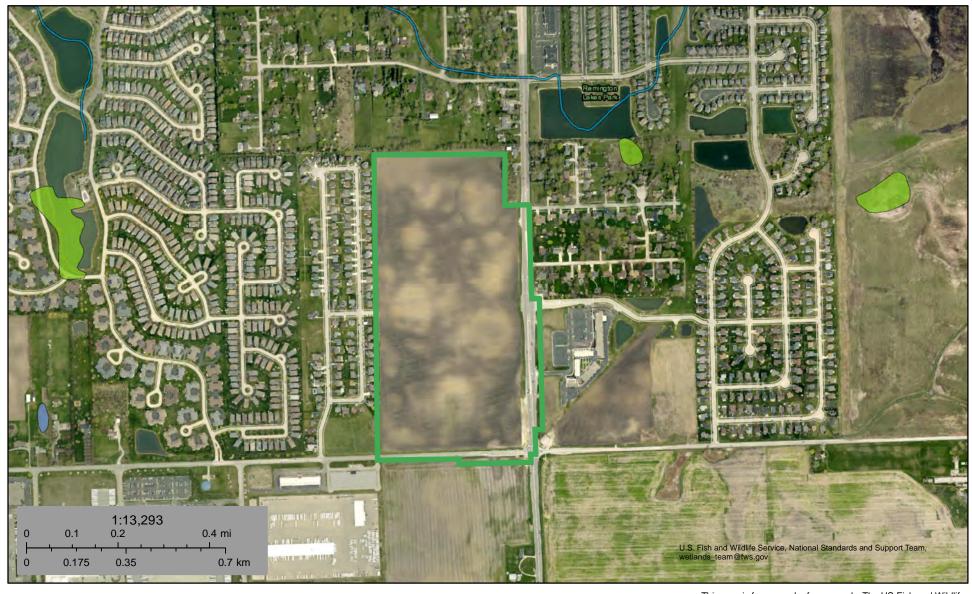




U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

National Wetlands Inventory

Exhibit 3: US Fish and Wildlife Services - NWI Map



December 9, 2022

Wetlands

Estuarine and Marine Deepwater

Estuarine and Marine Wetland

Freshwater Emergent Wetland

Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland

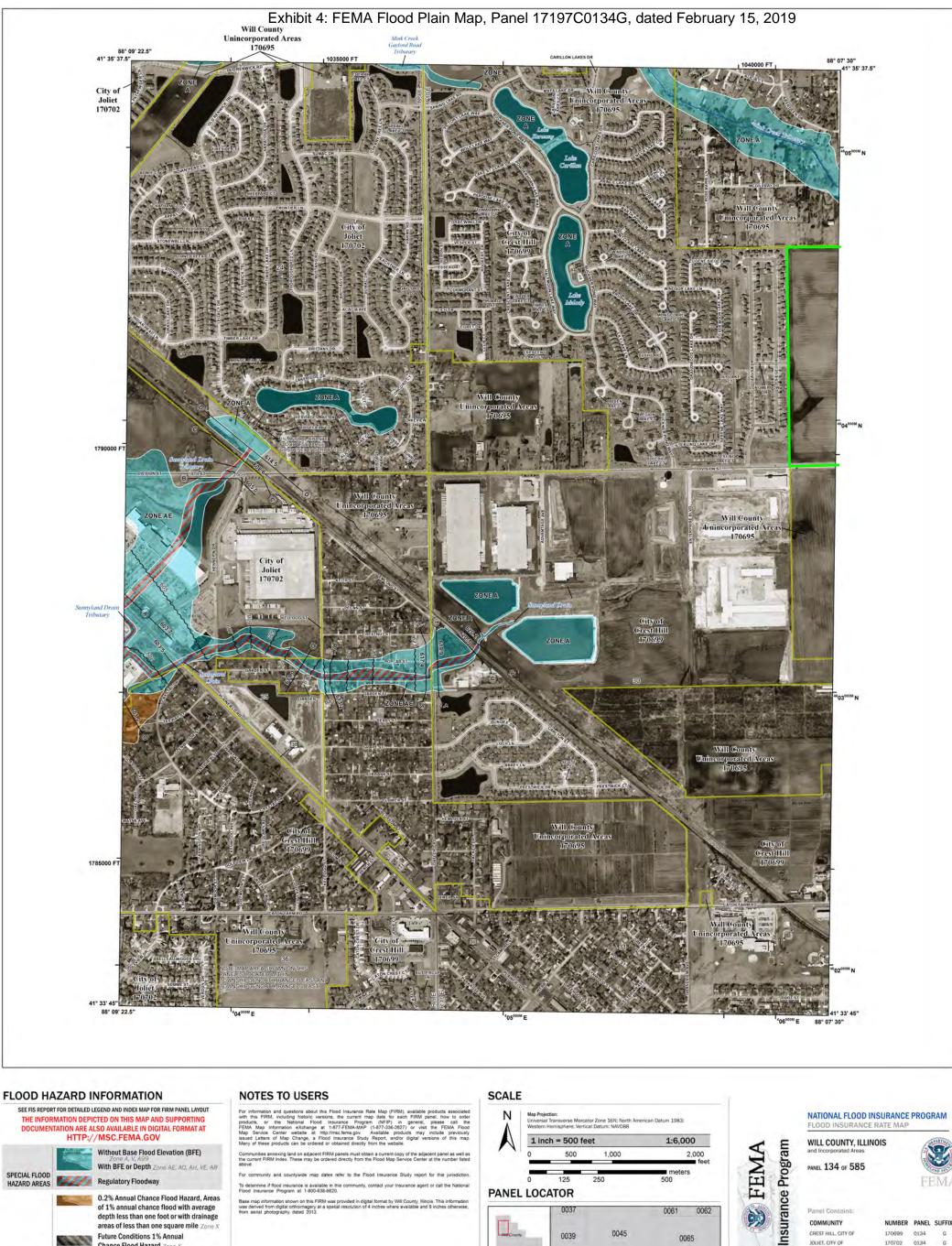
Freshwater Pond

Lake

Riverine

Other

This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.



Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE) With BFE or Depth Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS Regulatory Floodway 0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard, Areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile zone X Future Conditions 1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard Zone X Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to Levee See Notes Zone X OTHER AREAS OF Area with Flood Risk due to Levee Zone D NO SCREEN Area of Minimal Flood Hazard Zone X Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard Zone D AREAS Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer - Dam, Jetty, or Weir GENERAL Levee, Dike or Floodwall 718.7 Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance 717.5 Water Surface Elevation (BFE) 12)---- Coastal Transect -- Coastal Transect Baseline - Profile Baseline

Hydrographic Feature

~~512~~ Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE)

- Jurisdiction Boundary

Limit of Study

OTHER

FEATURES

For information and questions about this Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), available products associated with this FIRM, including historic versions, the current map date for each FIRM panel, how to order products, or the National Flood Insurance Program (NIP) in general, please call the FEMA Map Information eXchlange at 1-877-FEMA-MAP (1-877-338-2627) or visit the FEMA Flood Map Service Center veebste at http://rrsc.frma.gov. Available products may include previously issued Letters of Map Change, a Flood Insurance Study Report, and/or digital versions of this map. Mary of these products can be ordered or obtained directly from the website.

ities annexing land on adjacent FIRM panels must obtain a current copy of the adjacent panel as well as nt FIRM Index. These may be ordered directly from the Flood Map Service Center at the number listed

To determine if flood insurance is available in this community, contact your Insurance agent or call the National Flood Insurance Program at 1-800-638-6820.

ILLINOIS

Illinois State Water Survey

500 1,000 2,000 meters. 125 500 PANEL LOCATOR 0037 0061 0062 0045 0039 0065 0127 0155 0135 0134 0153 0130 0154 0141 0161 0162 0137 0143 0144 0163 0164 0139 0255 0260 0280 *PANEL NOT PRINTED

WILL COUNTY, ILLINOIS

PANEL 134 OF 585

COMMUNITY CREST HILL, CITY OF JOLIET, CITY OF

Flood

National

170702 WILL COUNTY

NUMBER PANEL SUFFIX 0134 0134 0134

VERSION NUMBER 2.3.3.3

17197C0134G MAP REVISED FEBRUARY 15, 2019



THE INFORMATION DEPICTED ON THIS MAP AND SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION ARE ALSO AVAILABLE IN DIGITAL FORMAT AT SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile zone X Future Conditions 1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard Zone X Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to Levee See Notes Zone X OTHER AREAS OF Area with Flood Risk due to Levee Zone D NO SCREEN Area of Minimal Flood Hazard Zone X Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard Zone D AREAS Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer - Dam, Jetty, or Weir GENERAL Levee, Dike or Floodwall 718.7 Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance 717.5 Water Surface Elevation (BFE) 12)---- Coastal Transect -- Coastal Transect Baseline - Profile Baseline Hydrographic Feature ~~512~~ Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE)

Limit of Study

- Jurisdiction Boundary

OTHER

FEATURES

ILLINOIS

Illinois State Water Survey

0070 0065 0155 0156 0135 0134 0153 0154 0158 0161 0162 0141 0170 0163 0164 0143 0285 *PANEL NOT PRINTED 0260 0280

COMMUNITY

National Flood

NUMBER PANEL SUFFIX

CREST HILL, CITY OF WILL COUNTY 170695 0153

> VERSION NUMBER 2.3.3.3 MAP NUMBER

17197C0153G MAP REVISED FEBRUARY 15, 2019

Exhibit 6: Soils Map showing Soil Classification Types



AASHTO Group Classification (Surface)

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI				
146B	Elliott silt loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes	A-7-6	9.5	11.6%				
146B2	Elliott silty clay loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes, eroded	A-7-6	3.0	3.7%				
232A	Ashkum silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	A-7-5	47.7	58.2%				
294B	Symerton silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes	A-7-6	21.7	26.5%				
Totals for Area of Intere	st	82.0	100.0%					

Description

AASHTO group classification is a system that classifies soils specifically for geotechnical engineering purposes that are related to highway and airfield construction. It is based on particle-size distribution and Atterberg limits, such as liquid limit and plasticity index. This classification system is covered in AASHTO Standard No. M 145-82. The classification is based on that portion of the soil that is smaller than 3 inches in diameter.

The AASHTO classification system has two general classifications: (i) granular materials having 35 percent or less, by weight, particles smaller than 0.074 mm in diameter and (ii) silt-clay materials having more than 35 percent, by weight, particles smaller than 0.074 mm in diameter. These two divisions are further subdivided into seven main group classifications, plus eight subgroups, for a total of fifteen for mineral soils. Another class for organic soils is used.

For each soil horizon in the database one or more AASHTO Group Classifications may be listed. One is marked as the representative or most commonly occurring. The representative classification is shown here for the surface layer of the soil.

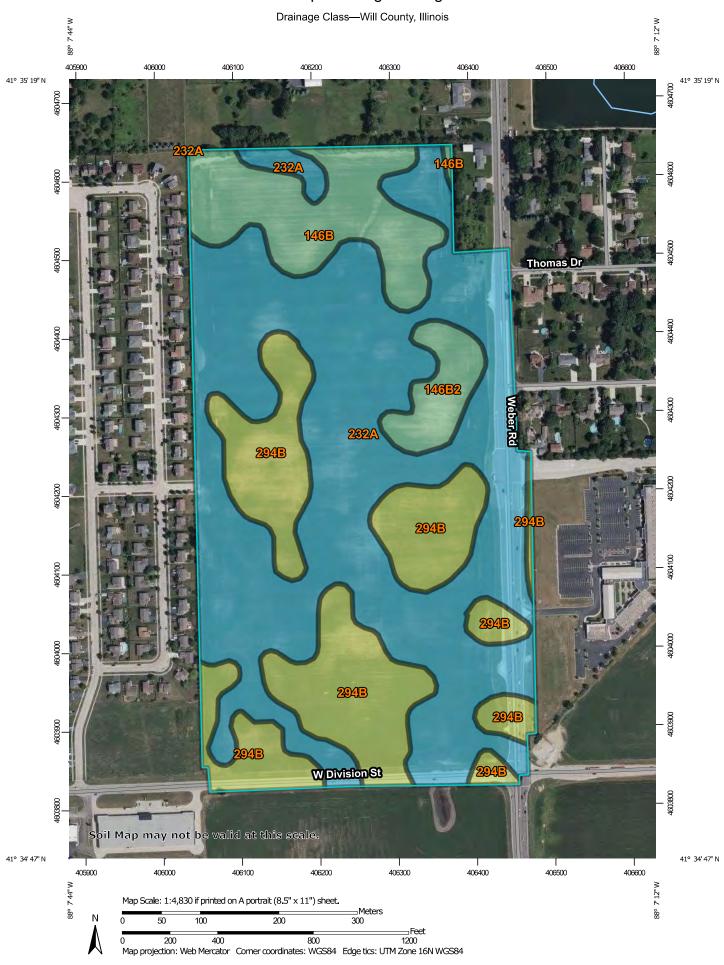
Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition
Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Lower

Layer Options (Horizon Aggregation Method): Surface Layer (Not applicable)

Exhibit 7: Soils Map showing Drainage Classification



MAP LEGEND

Somewhat poorly drained Not rated or not available Moderately well drained Somewhat excessively Streams and Canals **Excessively drained** Very poorly drained Interstate Highways Aerial Photography Poorly drained Subaqueous Major Roads Well drained Local Roads US Routes drained Rails Water Features Transportation Background ŧ Somewhat poorly drained Somewhat poorly drained Not rated or not available Moderately well drained Moderately well drained Somewhat excessively Somewhat excessively Area of Interest (AOI) **Excessively drained** Excessively drained Very poorly drained Very poorly drained Poorly drained Poorly drained Subaqueous Subaqueous **Nell drained** Well drained Soil Rating Polygons Area of Interest (AOI) drained Soil Rating Lines drained Soils

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:12,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map

measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Web Soil Survey URL:

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Survey Area Data: Version 17, Aug 31, 2022 Soil Survey Area: Will County, Illinois

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jul 7, 2020—Oct 13,

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Points

Drainage Class

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI	
146B	Elliott silt loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes	Somewhat poorly drained	9.5	11.6%	
146B2	Elliott silty clay loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes, eroded	Somewhat poorly drained	3.0	3.7%	
232A	Ashkum silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	Poorly drained	47.7	58.2%	
294B	Symerton silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes	Moderately well drained	21.7	26.5%	
Totals for Area of Intere	st	82.0	100.0%		

Description

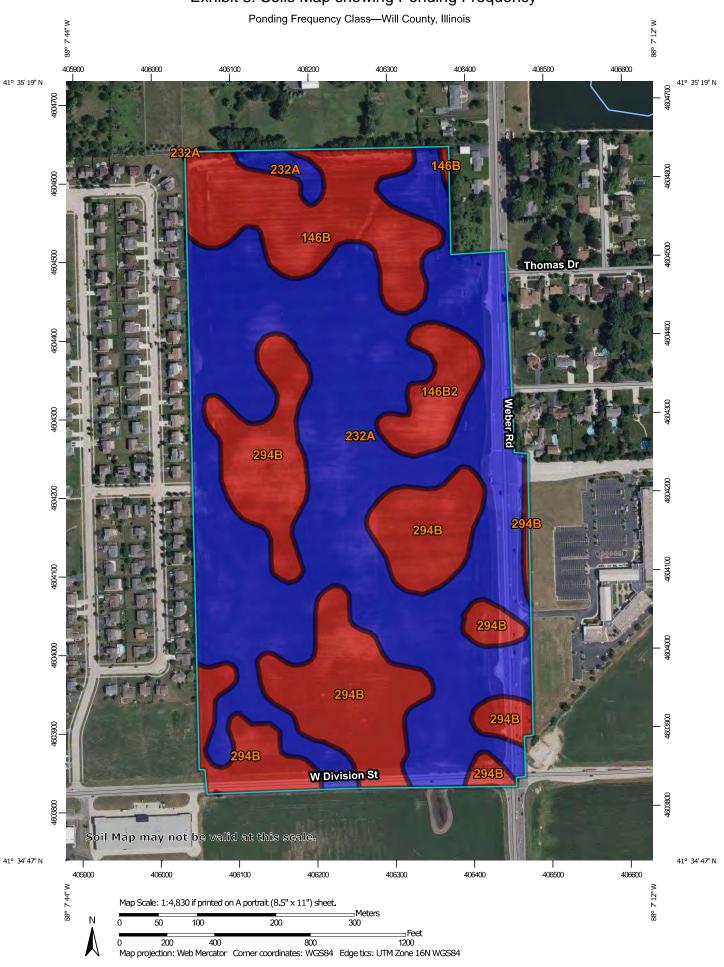
"Drainage class (natural)" refers to the frequency and duration of wet periods under conditions similar to those under which the soil formed. Alterations of the water regime by human activities, either through drainage or irrigation, are not a consideration unless they have significantly changed the morphology of the soil. Seven classes of natural soil drainage are recognized-excessively drained, somewhat excessively drained, well drained, moderately well drained, somewhat poorly drained, poorly drained, and very poorly drained. These classes are defined in the "Soil Survey Manual."

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

Exhibit 8: Soils Map showing Ponding Frequency



MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:12,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements. Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Will County, Illinois

Survey Area Data: Version 17, Aug 31, 2022

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger. Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jul 7, 2020—Oct 13,

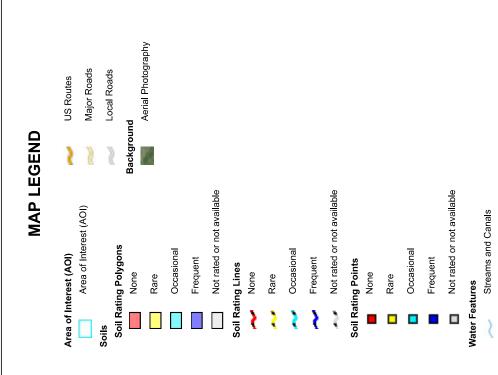
The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Interstate Highways

Rails

ŧ

Transportation



Ponding Frequency Class

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI				
146B	Elliott silt loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes	None	9.5	11.6%				
146B2	Elliott silty clay loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes, eroded	None	3.0	3.7%				
232A	Ashkum silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	Frequent	47.7	58.2%				
294B	Symerton silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes	None	21.7	26.5%				
Totals for Area of Intere	st	82.0	100.0%					

Description

Ponding is standing water in a closed depression. The water is removed only by deep percolation, transpiration, or evaporation or by a combination of these processes. Ponding frequency classes are based on the number of times that ponding occurs over a given period. Frequency is expressed as none, rare, occasional, and frequent.

"None" means that ponding is not probable. The chance of ponding is nearly 0 percent in any year.

"Rare" means that ponding is unlikely but possible under unusual weather conditions. The chance of ponding is nearly 0 percent to 5 percent in any year.

"Occasional" means that ponding occurs, on the average, once or less in 2 years. The chance of ponding is 5 to 50 percent in any year.

"Frequent" means that ponding occurs, on the average, more than once in 2 years. The chance of ponding is more than 50 percent in any year.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: More Frequent Beginning Month: January

Ending Month: December

Exhibit 9: Soils Map showing Hydrologic Soils Groups



MAP INFORMATION

MAP LEGEND

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:12,000.

contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. scale

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements. Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Will County, Illinois Survey Area Data: Version 17, Aug 31, 2022

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger. Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jul 7, 2020—Oct 13,

Not rated or not available

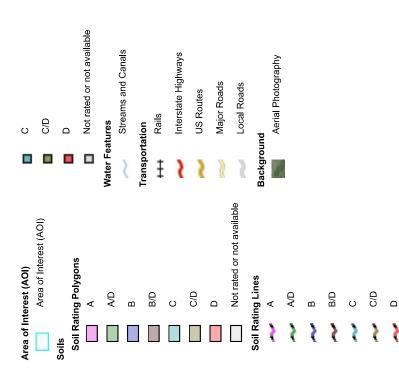
Soil Rating Points

⋖

ΑD

B/D

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.



Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI			
146B	Elliott silt loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes	C/D	9.5	11.6%			
146B2	Elliott silty clay loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes, eroded	C/D	3.0	3.7%			
232A	Ashkum silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	C/D	47.7	58.2%			
294B	Symerton silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes	С	21.7	26.5%			
Totals for Area of Intere	st	82.0	100.0%				

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition
Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

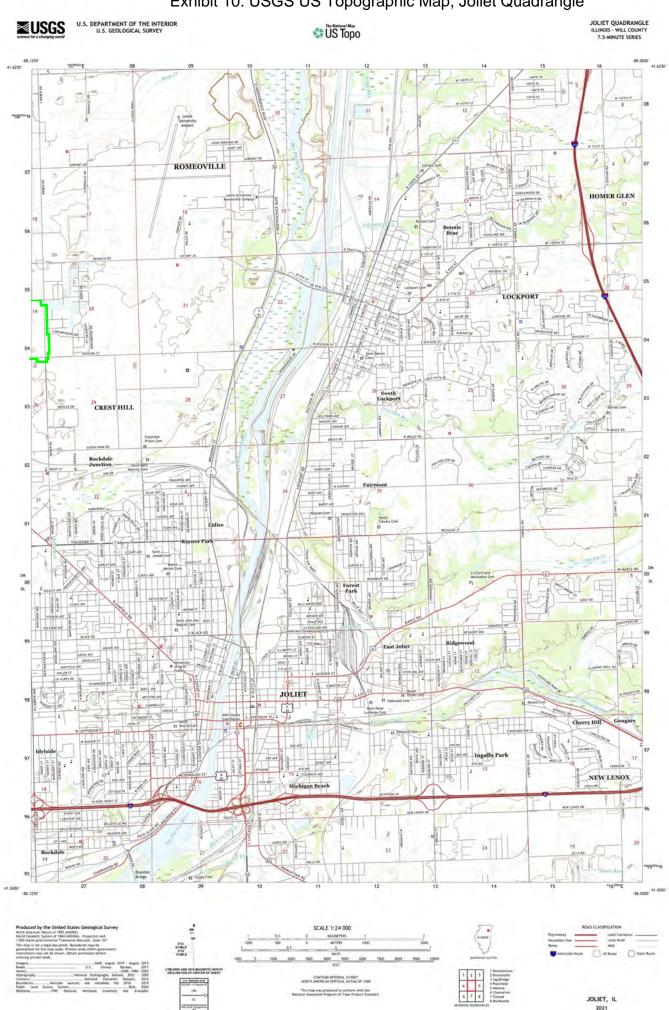




Exhibit 11: USGS US Topographic Map, Plainfield Quadrangle

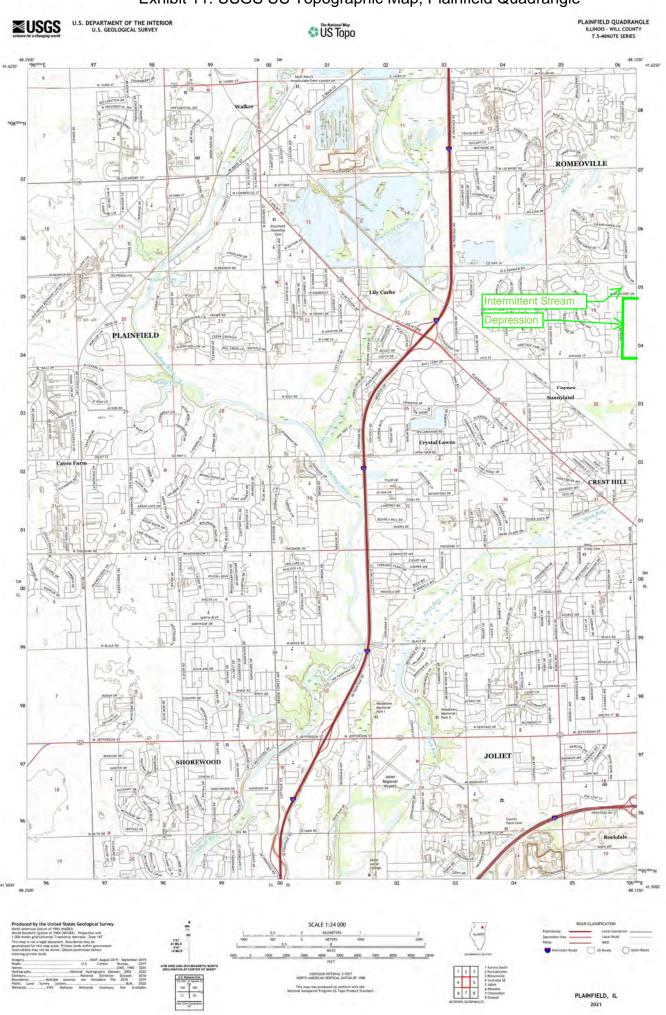




Exhibit 12: Wetland Assessment & Farmed Wetland Determination Report

WETLAND ASSESSMENT & FARMED WETLAND DETERMINATION REPORT ± 76 ACRE CREST HILL PROPERTY CREST HILL, WILL COUNTY, ILLINOIS

Prepared for

Heidner Properties, Inc. 5277 Trillium Boulevard Hoffman Estates, Illinois 60192

Prepared by

Bollinger Environmental, Inc. P.O. Box 39 Downers Grove, Illinois 60515

Bollinger Environmental Project No. 144-004-16

September 2021

September 18, 2021

Email

Mr. Bruce Larson Heidner Properties, Inc. 5277 Trillium Boulevard Hoffman Estates, Illinois 60192

Subject: Wetland Assessment & Farmed Wetland Determination for the

± 76 Acre Crest Hill Property, Crest Hill, Will County, Illinois

(Bollinger Environmental Project No. 144-004-16)

Dear Mr. Larson:

On September 2, 2021, Bollinger Environmental, Inc. (BEI) completed a wetland assessment and farmed wetland determination for the \pm 76 Acre Crest Hill Property located northwest of the intersection of Division Street and Weber Road, Crest Hill, Will County, Illinois. No wetlands were identified on the non-agricultural portions of the site. On the agricultural portions of the site one (1) Farmed Wetland (Farmed Wetland 1) was identified.

Below are general regulations regarding wetlands/waters of the U.S. (WOUS) and any potential wetland/waters of the U.S. impacts should be coordinated with the City of Crest Hill (City), the Will County Land Use Department (County), and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE, Chicago District). This delineation is the opinion of BEI and, therefore, we recommend confirming wetland/WOUS boundaries with the USACE.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Regulations

USACE regulates the discharge of dredged or fill material into jurisdictional wetlands and "waters of the U.S." under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (Act). Jurisdictional areas covered by the Act are navigable waterways, tributaries to navigable waterways, and wetlands adjacent thereto. Isolated wetlands are exempt from federal regulations following the January 2001 Supreme Court decision (SWANCC v. USACE).

Under current USACE regulations (USACE 2012), to prevent a net loss of wetland, any disturbance of wetlands/waters of the U.S. area requires a permit application. Filling 0.10 acre or more of jurisdictional wetland/waters of the U.S. requires a permit with mitigation at a 1.5:1 replacement ratio. The mitigation ratio increases if an area is considered a High Quality Aquatic Resource (HQAR). Areas of wetland/waters of the U.S. fill less than 0.10 acre also require a permit; however, mitigation may or may not be required depending on USACE discretion. This discretionary judgment is determined by the overall quality of the wetland and what impact the loss of wetland would have on the surrounding area.

USACE regulations require an upland buffer of native plants adjacent to all created, restored, enhanced, and preserved wetlands 0.10 acre or larger. Buffer width requirements are as follows:

- For a linear body of water (e.g., river, stream, creek, etc.), the buffer shall be a minimum of 50 feet from the Ordinary High Water Mark (OHWM) on both sides of the linear water body.
- For any other "waters of the U.S.," including wetlands from 0.25 acres up to 0.50 acres, the buffer shall be a minimum of 30 feet.
- For any "waters of the U.S.," including wetland over 0.50 acres, the buffer shall be minimum of 50 feet.
- For any area determined to be a HQAR, the buffer shall be 100 feet wide (80 foot minimum).

Generally, the following three steps must be attempted before authorization is issued:

- (1) Avoid wetland and "waters of the U.S.;"
- (2) Minimize wetland and "waters of the U.S." fill; and
- (3) Provide compensatory mitigation.

The attached report describes the identified wetlands and provides the methodology and reference material used to assist in the wetland assessment. Data Forms, required by the USACE are also included. This assessment is based on field conditions at the time of the BEI site visit and our understanding of current federal, state, and local regulations. An evaluation of historic site conditions was not performed.

Please contact our office should you have any additional questions or if we can be of further assistance.

Sincerely,

Paul Bollinger, PWS, President/Ecologist

BOLLINGER ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.

WETLAND ASSESSMENT & FARMED WETLAND DETERMINATION REPORT ± 76 ACRE CREST HILL PROPERTY CREST HILL, WILL COUNTY, ILLINOIS

INTRODUCTION

On September 2, 2021, Bollinger Environmental, Inc. (BEI) completed a wetland assessment and farmed wetland determination for the \pm 76 Acre Crest Hill Property located northwest of the intersection of Division Street and Weber Road, Crest Hill, Will County, Illinois. No wetlands were identified on the non-agricultural portions of the site.

On the agricultural portions of the site one (1) Farmed Wetland (Farmed Wetland 1) was identified.

Below are general regulations regarding wetlands/waters of the U.S. (WOUS) and any potential wetland/waters of the U.S. impacts should be coordinated with the City of Crest Hill (City), the Will County Land Use Department (County), and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE, Chicago District). This delineation is the opinion of BEI and, therefore, we recommend confirming wetland/WOUS boundaries with the USACE.

This report was prepared to document our findings and to determine if the on-site wetland areas are jurisdictional under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act. Wetland boundaries were delineated in accordance with methodology established by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE). The approximate wetland boundaries are shown in Appendix A. Appendices illustrate the following:

- A) Exhibits
 - 1) Location Map
 - 2) National Wetland Inventory (NWI) Map
 - 3) Soil Survey Map
 - 4) FEMA FIRM Map
 - 5) USGS Topographic Map
 - 6) Aerial Photograph Wetland Boundaries and Data Point Locations
 - 7) Large-scale Aerial Photograph of Property and Vicinity
- B) Site Photographs
- C) U.S. Army Corps Forms
- D) Floristic Quality Assessments
- E) Farmed Wetland Aerials

The "± 76 Acre Crest Hill Property" is located northwest of the intersection of Division Street and Weber Road in Crest Hill, Will County, Illinois, see Appendix A, Exhibit 1 for locations. Geographically, the study area is primarily found in the southeastern quarter of Section 19 of T36N, R10E, and East of the Third Principal Meridian. The property appears to be within the Mink Creek watershed that connects to the DuPage River. The DuPage River

terminates at the confluence with the Des Plaines River (HUC Code 07120004). The central portion of the study area is located at +41.584132°N Latitude, -88.124714°W Longitude.

The study area consists of fallow agricultural field. Farmed Wetland 1, identified within the former on-site agricultural fields, is summarized in Table 1 below.

AREA* NATIVE MEAN C FQAI DOMINANT VEGETATION TYPE

Farmed 0.00 0.00 red root (Amaranthus retroflexus) & common Emergent

Table 1: Wetland Investigation Summary

panic grass (Panicum capillare)

METHODOLOGY

Two methods were used during this investigation. Therefore, the methods and results section are broken down into two sections: A) Wetland Assessment (Non-Agricultural portions of the site) and B) Farmed Wetland Determination (Agricultural portions of the site).

A) Wetland Assessment (Non-Agricultural portions of the site)

Our methodology followed *The Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual*, dated January 1987 as well as the *Regional supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Midwest Region*, dated August 2010. Both identify the mandatory technical criteria for wetland identification. The three essential characteristics of a jurisdictional wetland are hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology as described below:

- I) <u>Hydrophytic Vegetation</u>: Hydrophytic vegetation is defined as the community of macrophytes that occurs in areas where inundation or soil saturation is either permanent or of sufficient frequency and duration to exert a controlling influence on the plant species present. Hydrophytic vegetation is present when the plant community is dominated by species that can tolerate prolonged inundation or soil saturation during the growing season. Wetland indicator status is the estimated probability a plant species occurs in a wetland area. Lichvar (2020) designated indicator statuses for the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Region 3, which are based on separating plants into five basic groups:
 - (1) OBL (Obligate Wetland) almost always occur (estimated probability >99%) in wetlands under natural conditions;
 - (2) FACW (Facultative Wetland) usually occur in wetlands (estimated probability 67-99%), but occasionally are found in nonwetlands;

Wetland 1

^{*}Jurisdictional Status should be confirmed by the USACE.

- (3) FAC (Facultative) are equally likely to occur in wetlands or nonwetlands (estimated probability 34-66%);
- (4) FACU (Facultative Upland) usually occur in nonwetlands (estimated probability 67-99%), but occasionally are found in wetlands (estimated probability 1-33%); and
- (5) UPL (Upland) almost always occur (estimated probability >99%) in nonwetlands under natural conditions.

If greater than 50% of the plants present are FAC, FACW, or OBL the subject area is considered jurisdictional in terms of vegetation.

Indicator statuses were assigned to plants based on observations on their behavior throughout the region. However, some have been modified to best describe the plants in the Chicago region.

Vegetation was sampled within plots to quantitatively characterize wetland and/or upland plant communities within a given area. Within each plot visual estimates of percent cover of each plant species was made for each stratum (trees, saplings and shrubs, herbaceous plants and woody vines). The Dominance Test is then calculated by applying the 50/20 rule. If a plant community passes the Dominance Test, then the vegetation is hydrophytic and no further vegetative analysis is required. However, if the plant community fails the dominance test, and indicators of hydric soil and/or wetland hydrology are present then the Prevalence Index is applied. The Prevalence Index is a weighted average of wetland indicator status of all plant species within a sample plot. If the plant community satisfies the Prevalence Index, then the vegetation is hydrophytic. If the plant community fails Prevalence Index, then it must meet the test Morphological Adaptations to be considered hydrophytic. If this last test fails, then the vegetation is considered non-hydrophytic. Results of vegetative sampling are illustrated on the attached USACE Data Forms.

A vegetative inventory was compiled for the wetland community. The inventory was collected from a meander search documenting every plant species observed at the time of the site visit. The inventory was then inputted into the US Army Corps of Engineers (2017) Chicago Region FQA (Floristic Quality Assessment) Calculator. Each native plant species has been given a coefficient of Conservatism value (C-value), ranging from 0-10. Conservatism meaning plants displaying varying degrees of tolerance to disturbance, as well as varying degrees of fidelity to specific habitat integrity. A rating of zero represents common species or species not likely to be found only in natural areas and a rating of 10 represents rare species or species most likely to be found only in natural areas. The Floristic Quality Assessment Index (FQAI) was developed in an attempt to evaluate the level of intrinsic biodiversity from areas with similar C-values, but otherwise differ significantly. This is accomplished by the following equation:

FOAI = mean *C*-value \sqrt{N}

According to Swink and Wilhelm (1994) and Wilhelm and Rericha (2017), if an area has an average *C*-value of 3.5 or higher or a FQAI of 35 or more, one can be fairly confident that the site has sufficient floristic quality to be at least of marginal natural area quality. If the average *C*-value is 4.5 or higher or has a FQAI of 45 or more, then it is almost certain that the remnant has natural area potential. According the USACE, Chicago District, Regional Permit Program (2007), one of the ways a wetland can be considered a "high quality aquatic resource" if the average *C*-value is 3.5 or greater or if the areas has a FQAI is 20 or greater.

- II) Hydric Soils: According to the National Technical Committee for Hydric Soils a hydric soil is a soil that formed under conditions of saturation, flooding, or ponding long enough during the growing season to develop anaerobic conditions in the upper part (USDA Soil Conservation Service 1994). Repeated periods of saturation or inundation combined with microbial activity causes morphological changes within the soil. This promotes biogeochemical processes, such as the accumulation of organic matter and the reduction, translocation, or accumulation of iron and other reducible elements. (USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) 2014). There are 20 hydric soil indicators in the Land Resource Region (LRR) M per the *Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States* (Ver. 8.2, 2018) and if one is present, it is considered a hydric soil. The hydric soil indicators include:
- A1. Histisol
- A2. Histic Epipedon
- A3. Black Histic
- A4. Hydrogen Sulfide
- A5. Stratified Layers
- A10. 2 cm Muck
- A11. Depleted Below A Dark Surface
- A12. Thick Dark Surface

- S1. Sandy Mucky Mineral
- S2. 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat
- S4. Sandy Gleyed Matrix
- S5. Sandy Redox
- S6. Stripped Matrix
- S7. Dark Surface

- F1. Loamy Mucky Mineral
- F2. Loamy Gleyed Matrix
- F3. Depleted Matrix
- F6. Redox Dark Surface
- F7. Depleted Dark Surface
- F8. Redox Depressions

A soil pit is dug to the appropriate depth to describe the soils profile. Color of the soil matrix and redox, mottling, and gleying within the profile are described using the Munsell Soil Color Charts (Gretagmacbeth 2009). Generally, a hydric soil is present when there is an organic soil, histic epipedon, sulfidic material, aquic or peraquic moisture regime, reducing soils conditions, soil colors gleyed, bright mottles and/or low matrix chroma, soil listed on the hydric soil list, and iron and manganese. Results of soil sampling and if they meet one of the indicators are illustrated on the attached USACE Data Forms.

Wetland Hydrology: Wetland hydrology indicators are used in combination with indicators of hydric soil and hydrophytic vegetation. These other indicators reflect a sites history of past episodes of inundation or soil saturation and if it was repeated over a period of time. Areas that have hydrophytic vegetation and hydric soils generally have wetland hydrology (National Research Council 1995). Hydrologic indicators are the most brief of all wetland indicators as occur from recent or long-term meteorological conditions. Typically, the presence of water for a week or more during the growing season creates anaerobic conditions. Anaerobic conditions lead to the prevalence of wetland plants.

An area needs to meet one or more of the primary wetland hydrology indicators, which include: surface water, high water table, saturation, water marks, sediment deposits, drift deposits, algal mat or crust, iron deposits, inundation visible on aerial imagery, sparsely vegetated concave surface, water-stained leaves, aquatic fauna, true aquatic plants, hydrogen sulfide odor, oxidized rhizopheres on living roots, presence of reduced iron, recent iron reduction in tilled soils, thin muck surface, and gauge or well data. Or an area needs to meet two or more of the secondary indicators, which include: surface soil cracks, dry-season water table, crayfish burrows, saturation visible on aerial imagery, stunted or stressed plants, geomorphic position, and the FAC-Neutral test. Results of hydrology are illustrated on the attached USACE Data Forms.

B) Farmed Wetland Determination (Agricultural portions of the site)

BEI staff completed a Farmed Wetland Determination of the Crest Hill Property in Crest Hill, Will County, Illinois to determine on-site farmed wetland boundaries. The review coincided with guidance from the NRCS 1998 wetland mapping conventions. These conventions require a review of various reference maps and five (5) years of USDA-Farm Services Agency (FSA) aerial to identify "wetland signatures". Aerial slides used were for designated years of approximate normal precipitation based on local precipitation data. If wetland signatures are identified in 3 or more of the 5 normal precipitation years reviewed (>50%), the area is considered to be a potential farmed wetland. Signatures that coincide with mapped NWI wetlands count as 1 year. Potential farmed wetlands were reviewed in the field to determine if they met final criteria to be designated as a farmed wetland.

The Joliet National Weather Service precipitation recording station (Station# IL4530) was the closest to the Property. Therefore, according to procedure the following recommended normal precipitation year slides available were examined: 2003, 2002, 2001, 1998, and 1995. Data Points were taken in Potential Wetland Areas (PWAs) as well as other farmed areas that appear suspicious from current aerial photography.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The following is a brief description of the wetland areas identified on-site, if any, including a list of the dominant plant species, positive wetland hydrology and soils when observed. Detailed information regarding the USACE Data Forms can be found Appendix C. A wetland plant inventory and the results of the US Army Corps of Engineers (2017) *Chicago Region FQA (Floristic Quality Assessment) Calculator* illustrating the wetlands C-value and FQAI can be found in the attached Appendix D.

A) Wetland Assessment (Non-Agricultural portions of the site)

As previously stated, no wetlands were identified within the non-agricultural portions of the subject property/

B) Farmed Wetland Determination (Agricultural portions of the site)

Table 2. Existing Data Sources Summary							
Exhibit	Title of data source	Wetland(s) and/or	Comments				
		hydric soils indicated					
1	T M						
1	Location Map	N/A					
2	NWI Map	NO					
3	NRCS Soils Map	YES	232A – Ashkum silty clay loam				
4	FIRM	NO					
5	USGS Topographic Map	YES	Several depressional low spots				
6	Aerial Photograph	YES	Dark signature				

BEI completed a site visit of the subject property on September 2, 2021. The purpose of the site visit was to delineate on-site wetlands/waters of the U.S. and investigate potential farmed wetland areas. If data points are required, site photographs and USACE forms are to be completed at each PWA.

All recommended Farm Service Agency (FSA) slides were examined and all PWAs were indicated on an aerial photograph (Appendix E). Each PWA was evaluated year-by-year and results are summarized in Table 3.

	Table	3. Pr	ecipit	ation	and	Slide	Analy	ysis S	umm	ary		
Year	Spectral Signature of Potential Wetland Areas (PWA)											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
2003	X	X	X	X	X	X	X					
2002	X	X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
2001		X										
1998		X										
1995		X										
NWI												
Total	2	5	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1

X = Crop Damage

The final farmed wetland determination results are shown in Exhibit 6; one farmed wetland was identified during this investigation. Only agricultural land was evaluated in this determination. Twelve PWA's were identified but did not meet the criteria for farmed wetland, as shown in Table 4. The following spectral signatures/responses were noted in making this determination:

• Potential Wetland Area "1". Crop damage is present in 2 of the 5 years of normal

- precipitation. The PWA did not appear in at least 3 of 5 normal precipitation years. Therefore, Potential Wetland Area "1" is not considered a farmed wetland.
- Potential Wetland Area "2". Crop damage is present in 5 of the 5 years of normal precipitation. The PWA appears in at least 3 of 5 normal precipitation years. Therefore, Potential Wetland Area "1" is considered a farmed wetland. This was labeled as Farmed Wetland 1 in Appendix A, Exhibit 6.
- Potential Wetland Area "3". Crop damage is present in 1 of the 5 years of normal precipitation. The PWA did not appear in at least 3 of 5 normal precipitation years. Therefore, Potential Wetland Area "3" is not considered a farmed wetland.
- Potential Wetland Area "4". Crop damage is present in 1 of the 5 years of normal precipitation. The PWA did not appear in at least 3 of 5 normal precipitation years. Therefore, Potential Wetland Area "4" is not considered a farmed wetland.
- Potential Wetland Area "5". Crop damage is present in 2 of the 5 years of normal precipitation. The PWA did not appear in at least 3 of 5 normal precipitation years. Therefore, Potential Wetland Area "5" is not considered a farmed wetland.
- Potential Wetland Area "6". Crop damage is present in 2 of the 5 years of normal precipitation. The PWA did not appear in at least 3 of 5 normal precipitation years. Therefore, Potential Wetland Area "6" is not considered a farmed wetland.
- Potential Wetland Area "7". Crop damage is present in 2 of the 5 years of normal precipitation. The PWA did not appear in at least 3 of 5 normal precipitation years. Therefore, Potential Wetland Area "7" is not considered a farmed wetland.
- Potential Wetland Area "8". Crop damage is present in 1 of the 5 years of normal precipitation. The PWA did not appear in at least 3 of 5 normal precipitation years. Therefore, Potential Wetland Area "8" is not considered a farmed wetland.
- Potential Wetland Area "9". Crop damage is present in 1 of the 5 years of normal precipitation. The PWA did not appear in at least 3 of 5 normal precipitation years. Therefore, Potential Wetland Area "9" is not considered a farmed wetland.
- Potential Wetland Area "10". Crop damage is present in 1 of the 5 years of normal precipitation. The PWA did not appear in at least 3 of 5 normal precipitation years. Therefore, Potential Wetland Area "10" is not considered a farmed wetland.
- Potential Wetland Area "11". Crop damage is present in 1 of the 5 years of normal precipitation. The PWA did not appear in at least 3 of 5 normal precipitation years. Therefore, Potential Wetland Area "11" is not considered a farmed wetland.
- Potential Wetland Area "12". Crop damage is present in 1 of the 5 years of normal precipitation. The PWA did not appear in at least 3 of 5 normal precipitation years. Therefore, Potential Wetland Area "12" is not considered a farmed wetland.

Based on our evaluation of existing data and the site visit, Appendix A, Exhibit 6 is considered our Final Farmed Wetland Determination. Only PWA 2 (Farmed Wetland 1) meets the criteria for being a farmed wetland area.

REFERENCE MATERIAL

The following reference materials were reviewed and used to assist in the wetland field reconnaissance. Exhibits are included in Appendix A.

LOCATION

The "Crest Hill Property" is located northwest of the intersection of Division Street and Weber Road in Crest Hill, Will County, Illinois, see Appendix A, Exhibit 1 for locations. Geographically, the study area is primarily found in the southeastern quarter of Section 19 of T36N, R10E, and East of the Third Principal Meridian. The property appears to be within the Mink Creek watershed that connects to the DuPage River. The DuPage River terminates at the confluence with the Des Plaines River (HUC Code 07120004). The central portion of the study area is located at +41.584132°N Latitude, -88.124714°W Longitude.

USFWS NATIONAL WETLAND INVENTORY (NWI)

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service National Wetland Inventory map (NWI) does not indicate any wetlands are located within the study area (Exhibit 2). The NWI serves only as a large-scale guide and actual wetland locations and types often vary from that mapped.

USDA SOIL SURVEY

The Soil Survey of Will County, Illinois (Hanson 2004) was reviewed to determine the location of hydric soils on site (Exhibit 3). Mapped hydric soils can be indicative of wetland conditions. One (1) soil unit series, Ashkum silty clay loam (232A), is considered hydric by the NRCS. Three (3) soil unit series are considered partially hydric due to the presence of hydric inclusions within these soil unit series.

The following four soils are mapped within the study area:

146B	Elliot silt loam, 2 to 4% slopes	[PARTIALLY HYDRIC]
146B2	Elliot silt loam, 2 to 4% slopes, eroded	[PARTIALLY HYDRIC]
232A	Ashkum silty clay loam, 0 to 2% slopes	[HYDRIC]
294B	Symerton silt loam, 2 to 5% slopes	[PARTIALLY HYDRIC]

FEMA FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM)

The FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) for Will County, Illinois, and Incorporated Areas, (Exhibit 4) were reviewed to determine the presence of floodplain, which can be indicative of wetland hydrology. The FIRMs (Panel #'s: 17197C0134E, 17197C0153E, 9/6/1995) do not indicate any floodway or floodplain zones within the boundaries of the study area.

USGS TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

The USGS Topographic Map (Exhibit 5) was reviewed to estimate the area topography and general drainage pattern on-site. The property is relatively flat, but the general pattern of on-site drainage appears to flow northward towards Mink Creek.

LITERATURE CITED

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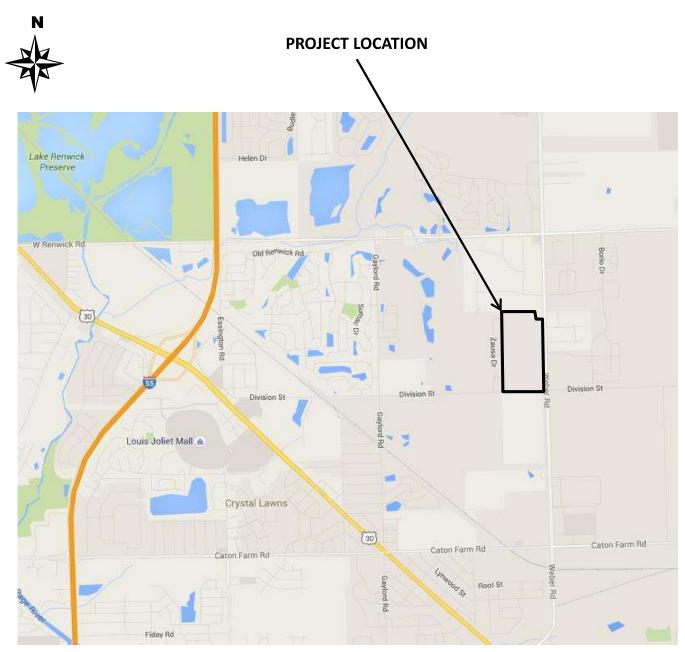
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APPENDIX A EXHIBITS



Source: Google Maps



Title: Location Map

Project Number: 144-004-16 Site: Crest Hill Property Client: Heidner Properties

Exhibit: 1

PROJECT LOCATION





Source: USFWS National Wetland Mapper



Wetlands

Freshwater Emergent
Freshwater Forested/Shrub
Estuarine and Marine Deepwater
Estuarine and Marine
Freshwater Pond
Lake
Riverine
Other

Title: National Wetland Inventory

Project Number: 144-004-16

Site: Crest Hill Property Client: Heidner Properties

Exhibit: 2

N N

PROJECT LOCATION



LEGEND

Soil Rat	ting Polygons
	Hydric (100%)
	Hydric (66 to 99%)
	Hydric (33 to 65%)
	Hydric (1 to 32%)
	Not Hydric (0%)
	Not rated or not available

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating		
46B	Elliott silt loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes	4		
4682	Elfiott sifty day loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes, eroded	5		
32A	Ashkum silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	97		
94B	Symerton silt loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes	6		

Source: NRCS Web Soil Survey

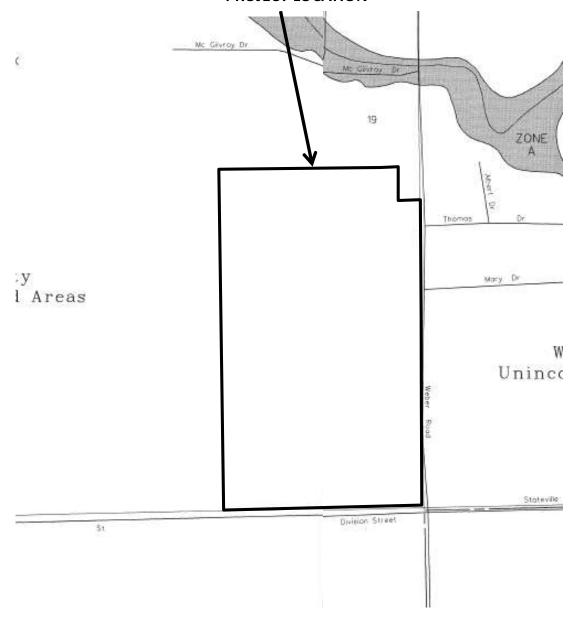


Title: USDA Soil Survey Project Number: 144-004-16 Site: Crest Hill Property Client: Heidner Properties

Exhibit: 3



PROJECT LOCATION



Source: FEMA Map Store

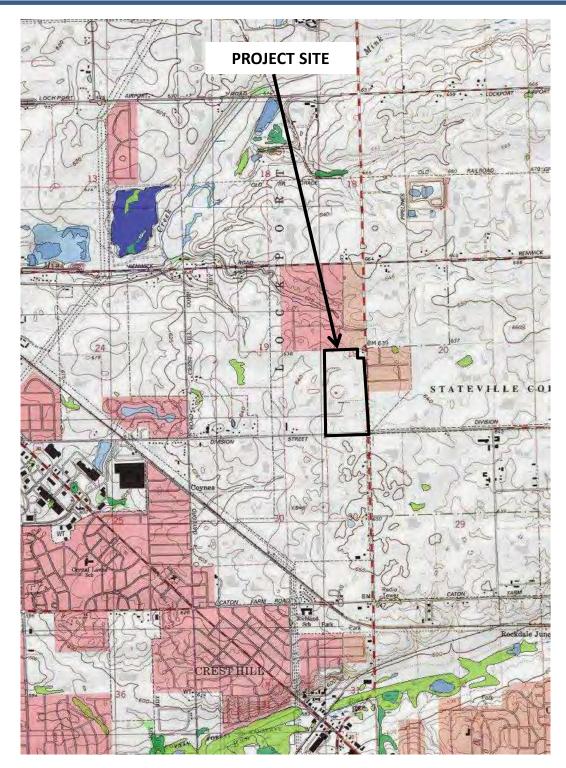
Panel#17197C0134E, 17197C0153E Effective Date: September 6, 1995



Title: Floodplain Map Project Number: 144-004-16 Site: Crest Hill Property Client: Heidner Properties

Exhibit: 4





Source: USFWS National Wetland Mapper



Title: USGS Topographic Map Project Number: 144-004-16

Site: Crest Hill Property Client: Heidner Properties

Exhibit: 5









Legend

Data Point Location = DP 1A

Farmed Wetland=

Source: Google Earth

Title: May 2021Aerial Photograph

Project Number: 0000 Site: Crest Hill Property Client: Heidner Properties

Exhibit 6

APPENDIX B SITE PHOTOGRAPHS



Data Point 1B (Upland) facing south, September 2, 2021.



Data Point 2B (Upland) facing east, September 2, 2021.



Data Point 3B (Upland) facing southwest, September 2, 2021.



Data Point 4B (Upland) facing southwest, September 2, 2021.



Data Point 5B (Upland) facing north, September 2, 2021.



Data Point 6B (Upland) facing southeast, September 2, 2021.



Data Point 7B (Upland) facing northwest, September 2, 2021.



Data Point 8B (Upland) facing northeast, September 2, 2021.

APPENDIX C U.S. ARMY CORPS FORMS

Project/Site Crest Hill Property	City/C	County:	Crest Hill /	Will	Sampling Date:	9/2/2021	
Applicant/Owner: Heidner Properties, Inc.		State:	IL		Sampling Point:	1B (Upland)	_
Investigator(s): P. Bollinger		Section	on, Townshi _l	p, Range:	SE 1/4 Sec. 19,	T36N, R10E, 3rd P.	.М.
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): n/a		Local re	elief (concav	e, conve	k, none):	flat	
Slope (%): 1 - 3 Lat: +41.586815°N		Long:	-88.122740)°W	Datum:	n/a	
Soil Map Unit Name Ashkum silty clay loam, 0 to 2% slopes	(232A)		VWI (Classificat	tion:	n/a	
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions of the site typical for this	s time of	f the year?	Y (I	f no, expl	ain in remarks)		
Are vegetation , soil , or hydrology		significantly	/ disturbed?		Are "normal circu	ımstances"	
Are vegetation , soil , or hydrology		naturally pr	oblematic?			present? Yes	
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS				(If need	led, explain any a	nswers in remarks.))
Hydrophytic vegetation present? N							
Hydric soil present?		Is the sa	ampled area	within a v	wetland?N	<u> </u>	
Wetland hydrology present?		f yes, op	tional wetlar	nd site ID:	n/a		
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a sep	arate re	eport)					
Tromano. (Explain alternative procedures here of in a sep-	arato ro	,0011)					
Slight depressional area.							
VEGETATION Use scientific names of plants.							
	solute	Dominan	Indicator	Domin	ance Test Works	hoot	
		t Species	Staus		of Dominant Spec		
1		'			OBL, FACW, or FA		
2				Total	Number of Domina		
3					cies Across all Stra		
4					of Dominant Spec		
5				that are	OBL, FACW, or FA	AC: 0.00% (A/E	3)
Out to all of the state of the	0 =	Total Cover	r	Brayala	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- L 4	
Sapling/Shrub stratum (Plot size:)					ence Index Work Cover of:	sneet	
				OBL sp		x 1 = 0	
3		-		-		x 2 = 0	
4				FAC sp		x 3 = 0	
5				FACU	species 0	x 4 = 0	
	0 =	Total Cove	<u> </u>	UPL sp		x 5 = 0	
Herb stratum (Plot size:)				Column		(A) <u>0</u> (B)	
1 Dipsacus laciniatus			UPL	Prevale	ence Index = B/A =	= <u></u>	
2 Cirsium arvense			FACU				
3					hytic Vegetation		
4				· —— ·	pid test for hydrop minance test is >5	, ,	
6					minance test is >5 evalence index is ≤		
7				l — ' ' '	rphogical adaptati		
8					pporting data in Re		
9					parate sheet)		
10				Pro	blematic hydroph	ytic vegetation*	
<u> </u>	0 =	=Total Cove	r	(ex	plain)		
Woody vine stratum (Plot size:) 1				*Indicat	tors of hydric soil and present, unless distur	wetland hydrology must bed or problematic	be
2				_	drophytic		
	0 =	Total Cover		_	getation		
				pre	esent? N		
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate s	sheet)						

SOIL Sampling Point: 1B (Upland)

Profile Des	cription: (Descr	ibe to th	e depth needed	to docu	ment the	e indicat	or or confirm the a	bsence of indica	tors.)
Depth	<u>Matrix</u>		Red	lox Feat	<u>ures</u>				
(Inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type*	Loc**	Texture		Remarks
0 - 12	2.5Y2.5/1	100					silty clay loam		
12 - 20	2.5Y4/1	93	2.5Y5/6	7	С	М	silty clay	mottling	
							, ,		
*Type: C = 0	Concentration, D	= Depleti	on, RM = Reduce	ed Matrix	, MS = N	/lasked S	Sand Grains. **L	ocation: PL = Pore	Lining, M = Matrix
	il Indicators:							Problematic Hydi	
Hist	tisol (A1)		San	dy Gleye	ed Matrix	(S4)	Coast Prair	rie Redox (A16) (L	RR K, L, R)
Hist	tic Epipedon (A2)		San	dy Redo	x (S5)		Dark Surfa	ce (S7) (LRR K, L)
	ck Histic (A3)			•	trix (S6)			y Peat or Peat (S3	
	lrogen Sulfide (A	•		-	ky Minera			anese Masses (F1	
	atified Layers (A5)			ed Matrix			ow Dark Surface (1	ΓF12)
	m Muck (A10)				atrix (F3)		Other (exp	lain in remarks)	
· — ·	leted Below Dark		· · ·		Surface	` '			
	ck Dark Surface (,			rk Surfa				tation and weltand
	ndy Mucky Minera	. ,		lox Depr	essions ((F8)	hydrology r	nust be present, u	
5 Cr	m Mucky Peat or	Peat (53)					problematic	
	Layer (if observe	ed):							
Type:					•		Hydric soil p	resent? Y	_
Depth (inche	es):				-				
Remarks:						<u>I</u>			
Dodovina	arabia faatura		rad within the	oil prof	ilo.				
Redoxiii	orphic features	observ	rea within the s	son proi	iie.				
HYDROLO	OGY								
Wetland Hy	drology Indicate	ors:							
Primary Indi	cators (minimum	of one is	required; check	all that a	pply)		Seconda	ary Indicators (mini	mum of two required)
Surface	Water (A1)			Aquatic	Fauna (B	13)		ırface Soil Cracks (I	•
	iter Table (A2)				uatic Plar			ainage Patterns (B	•
Saturation					n Sulfide		·	y-Season Water Ta	
	arks (B1)				Rhizosp	heres on		ayfish Burrows (C8	
	nt Deposits (B2)			(C3)	o of Body	lood Iron			Aerial Imagery (C9)
	oosits (B3) at or Crust (B4)			i)	e of Redu			unted or Stressed F eomorphic Position	
	osits (B5)			(C6)	ion ixeuu			AC-Neutral Test (D5	
	on Visible on Aeria	ıl Imager	/ (B7)	` '	ck Surfac	e (C7)	 ''	to reculial rest (De	,
	Vegetated Conca		· · ·		r Well Da				
	tained Leaves (B9		. ,	_	xplain in)		
Field Obser	vations:								
Surface wat		Yes	No	X	Depth (i	nches):		Wetland	
Water table		Yes	No	Х	Depth (i			hydrology	
Saturation p		Yes	No	Χ	Depth (i	nches):	> 20	present?	N
(includes ca	pillary fringe)				-		_		
Describe red	corded data (strea	am gaug	e, monitoring well	, aerial p	hotos, p	revious i	nspections), if availa	ıble:	
Remarks:									
I									

Project/Site Crest Hill Property	City/	County:	Crest Hill /	Will Sampling Date:	9/2/2021
Applicant/Owner: Heidner Properties, Inc.		State:	IL	Sampling Point:	2B (Upland)
Investigator(s): P. Bollinger		Secti	on, Townshi	p, Range: SE 1/4 Sec. 19	, T36N, R10E, 3rd P.M.
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.):	n/a	Local r	elief (concav	ve, convex, none):	concave
Slope (%): 0 - 1 Lat: +4	1.586253°N	Long:	-88.123120)°W Datum:	n/a
Soil Map Unit Name Ashkum silty clay loam, 0	to 2% slopes (232A)		VWI (Classification:	n/a
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions of the site	typical for this time of	of the year?	Y (I	f no, explain in remarks)	
Are vegetation X , soil ,	or hydrology	significantly	disturbed?	Are "normal circ	umstances"
	or hydrology		oblematic?	, as normal one	present? Yes
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS				(If needed, explain any a	answers in remarks.)
Hydrophytic vegetation present?	V				
Hydric soil present?	Y	Is the sa	ampled area	within a wetland?	١
Wetland hydrology present?	Y	f yes, op	tional wetlar	nd site ID: n/a	
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures he	ere or in a separate r	aport)			
Depressional Area		ерог.,			
VEGETATION Use scientific names	of plants.				
T 01-1-1-1	Absolute	Dominan	Indicator	Dominance Test Work	
Tree Stratum (Plot size:) % Cover	t Species	Staus	Number of Dominant Spethat are OBL, FACW, or F	
2					``
3				Total Number of Domir Species Across all Str	
4				Percent of Dominant Spe	
5				that are OBL, FACW, or F	
	0	= Total Cove	r		
Sapling/Shrub stratur (Plot size:)			Prevalence Index Worl	sheet
1				Total % Cover of:	
2				' <u> </u>	x 1 = 0
3				FACW species 0 FAC species 5	x 2 = 0 x 3 = 15
5					$x = 4 = \frac{15}{380}$
	0	= Total Cove	r	·	x 5 = 25
Herb stratum (Plot size:)			Column totals 105	(A) 420 (B)
1 Amaranthus retroflexus	90	Υ	FACU	Prevalence Index = B/A	= 4.00
2 Hibiscus trionum	5	N	UPL		
3 Setaria pumila	5	N	FAC	Hydrophytic Vegetatio	
4 Abutilon theophrasti	5	<u>N</u>	FACU	Rapid test for hydro	, ,
5				Dominance test is >	
6				Prevalence index is	
8				Morphogical adapta supporting data in R	
9				separate sheet)	ciliains of off a
10				Problematic hydropl	nytic vegetation*
	105	= Total Cove	r	(explain)	, 0
Woody vine stratum (Plot size:1)			present, unless distu	wetland hydrology must be urbed or problematic
2				Hydrophytic	
	0	= Total Cove	r	vegetation present?	N
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or or	n a separate sheet)				
Fallow field					

SOIL Sampling Point: 2B (Upland)

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.))							
Depth Matrix Redox Features								
(Inches) Color (moist) % Color (moist) % Type* Loc** Texture Rem	narks							
0 - 3								
3 - 20								
*Type: C = Concentration, D = Depletion, RM = Reduced Matrix, MS = Masked Sand Grains. **Location: PL = Pore Lining, M = Matrix								
Hydric Soil Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric S								
Histisol (A1) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR I	K , L, R)							
Histic Epipedon (A2) Sandy Redox (S5) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L)								
Black Histic (A3) Stripped Matrix (S6) 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LF	,							
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (L Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12								
Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12 2 cm Muck (A10) Depleted Matrix (F3) Other (explain in remarks)	.)							
Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) X Redox Dark Surface (F6)								
Thick Dark Surface (A12) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) *Indicators of hydrophytic vegetatio	n and weltand							
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Redox Depressions (F8) hydrology must be present, unless								
5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) problematic								
Restrictive Layer (if observed):								
Type: Hydric soil present? Y								
Depth (inches):								
· · · · ·								
Remarks:								
HYDROLOGY								
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:								
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply) Secondary Indicators (minimum	of two required)							
Surface Water (A1) Aquatic Fauna (B13) Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	r or two required)							
High Water Table (A2) True Aquatic Plants (B14) Drainage Patterns (B10)								
Saturation (A3) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) Dry-Season Water Table (0	C2)							
Water Marks (B1) Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots Crayfish Burrows (C8)								
Sediment Deposits (B2) X (C3) Saturation Visible on Aeria	• • • •							
Drift Deposits (B3) Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) Stunted or Stressed Plants	s (D1)							
Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils Geomorphic Position (D2)								
Iron Deposits (B5) (C6) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Thin Muck Surface (C7)								
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) Thin Muck Surface (C7) Gauge or Well Data (D9)								
Water-Stained Leaves (B9) Other (Explain in Remarks)								
Field Observations:								
Surface water present? Yes No X Depth (inches): Wetland								
Water table present? Yes No X Depth (inches): hydrology								
' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	Y							
Saturation present? Yes No X Depth (inches): present? (includes capillary fringe)	<u>Y</u>							
	<u>Y</u>							
(includes capillary fringe)	Y							
(includes capillary fringe) Describe recorded data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:	<u>Y</u>							
(includes capillary fringe)	<u>Y</u>							
(includes capillary fringe) Describe recorded data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:	<u>Y</u>							

Project/Site Crest Hill Property	City/	County:	Crest Hill /	Will Sampling Date: 9/2	2/2021
Applicant/Owner: Heidner Properties, Inc.		State:	IL	Sampling Point: 3B (Upland)
Investigator(s): P. Bollinger		Secti	on, Townshi	, Range: SE 1/4 Sec. 19, T36N, R1	0E, 3rd P.M.
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): n/a		Local r	elief (concav	e, convex, none): flat	
Slope (%): 0 - 1 Lat: +41.586030°1	N	Long:	-88.124256	°W Datum: n/a	
Soil Map Unit Name Ashkum silty clay loam, 0 to 2% slop	es (232A)		VWI (lassification: n/a	
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions of the site typical for	this time o	of the year?	Y (I	no, explain in remarks)	
Are vegetation X , soil , or hydrolo	ogy	significantly	y disturbed?	Are "normal circumstances	s"
Are vegetation , soil , or hydrolo	ogy	naturally pr	oblematic?		? Yes
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS				(If needed, explain any answers in	remarks.)
Hydrophytic vegetation present? N					
Hydric soil present? N		Is the sa	ampled area	within a wetland?	
Wetland hydrology present?		f yes, op	tional wetlar	d site ID: n/a	
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a s	congrete r	oport)			
The marks. (Explain alternative procedures here or in a s	зерагате те	вроги.)			
VEGETATION Use scientific names of plants					
·	Absolute	Dominan	Indicator	Dominance Test Worksheet	
		t Species	Staus	Number of Dominant Species	
1				that are OBL, FACW, or FAC:	(A)
2				Total Number of Dominant	
3				Species Across all Strata: 2	(B)
4				Percent of Dominant Species	
5		T. I. I. O.		that are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0.0	0% (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub stratum (Plot size:	0	= Total Cove	Г	Prevalence Index Worksheet	
1				Total % Cover of:	
2				OBL species 0 x 1 =	0
3				FACW species 0 x 2 =	0
4				FAC species 0 x 3 =	0
5				FACU species 95 x 4 =	380
	0	= Total Cove	r	UPL species 0 x 5 =	0
Herb stratum (Plot size:)				`` ′	380 (B)
1 Amaranthus retroflexus	45	Y	FACU	Prevalence Index = B/A = 4.0	00
2 Chenopodium album	45	<u>Y</u>	FACU		
3 Abutilon theophrasti	5	<u>N</u>	FACU	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicato	
4				Rapid test for hydrophytic vege	etation
5				Dominance test is >50% Prevalence index is ≤3.0*	
7					vido
8				Morphogical adaptations* (pro- supporting data in Remarks or	
9				separate sheet)	on a
10				Problematic hydrophytic veget	ation*
	95	= Total Cove	r	(explain)	
Woody vine stratum (Plot size:) 1				*Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hyd present, unless disturbed or prob	٠.
2				Hydrophytic	
	0	= Total Cove	r	vegetation present? N	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate	te sheet)				
Fallow field					

SOIL Sampling Point: 3B (Upland)

Profile Desc	cription: (Descr	ibe to th	e depth needed	to docu	ment the	e indicat	or or confirm the abs	sence of indicators.)
Depth	<u>Matrix</u>		Red	dox Feat	<u>ures</u>			
(Inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type*	Loc**	Texture	Remarks
0 - 20	10YR2/1	100					silty clay loam	
							, ,	
*T. (2.0.) C = (Concentration D	- Danlati	on DM – Doduce	ad Matrix	. MC = N	Applied C	tand Crains **! as	estion DL - Dove Lining M - Metric
		= Depleti	on, RM = Reduce	ed Matrix	K, IVIS = IV	lasked S		cation: PL = Pore Lining, M = Matrix
_	il Indicators:		Com	du Clave	ad Matrix	(04)		oblematic Hydric Soils:
	isol (A1)				ed Matrix	(54)		Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R)
	ic Epipedon (A2) ck Histic (A3)			idy Redo pped Ma	. ,			(S7) (LRR K, L) Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R)
	rogen Sulfide (A	1)			. ,	-I (E4)		ese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
	itified Layers (A5)			-	ky Minera			Dark Surface (TF12)
	n Muck (A10))			ed Matrix atrix (F3)		Other (explai	,
	oleted Below Dark	Curfood			Surface		Other (explai	ii iii lemaiks)
	ck Dark Surface (ark Surfa	. ,	* :4	
	dy Mucky Minera	,			essions (, ,		nydrophytic vegetation and weltand st be present, unless disturbed or
	n Mucky Peat or	. ,		iox pebi	essions ((ГО)	nyurology mu	problematic
		•)					problematic
	Layer (if observe	ed):						
Type:					•		Hydric soil pre	sent? N
Depth (inche	es):							
Remarks:						I.		
HYDROLO	OGY							
Wetland Hy	drology Indicate	ors:						
1			required; check	all that a	(vlaa		Secondary	Indicators (minimum of two required)
	Water (A1)	01 0110 10	roquirou, oriook		Fauna (B	13)		ace Soil Cracks (B6)
	ter Table (A2)				uatic Plar	•		nage Patterns (B10)
Saturation						Odor (C1		Season Water Table (C2)
	arks (B1)					•	· ·	fish Burrows (C8)
Sedimer	t Deposits (B2)			(C3)	·			ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Drift Dep	osits (B3)			Presenc	e of Redu	uced Iron	(C4) Stun	ted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Ma	t or Crust (B4)			Recent I	ron Redu	iction in T	illed Soils Geor	morphic Position (D2)
	osits (B5)			(C6)			FAC-	-Neutral Test (D5)
	on Visible on Aeria			-	ck Surfac	` '		
	Vegetated Conca		ce (B8)		r Well Da	, ,		
	tained Leaves (B9)		Other (E	xplain in	Remarks)	
Field Obser								
Surface water		Yes	No	X	Depth (i			Wetland
Water table		Yes	No	X	Depth (i	-		hydrology
Saturation p		Yes	No	X	Depth (i	ncnes):	> 20	present? N
	pillary fringe)							
Describe red	corded data (strea	am gaug	e, monitoring well	, aerial p	hotos, p	revious ir	nspections), if available	e :
Remarks:								
i veillairts.								
Ī								

Project/Site Crest Hill Property	City/0	County:	Crest Hill /	Will	Sampling Date:	9/2/2021	
Applicant/Owner: Heidner Properties, Inc.		State:	IL		Sampling Point:	4B (Upland)	
Investigator(s): P. Bollinger		Section	on, Township	p, Range:	SE 1/4 Sec. 19,	T36N, R10E, 3rd P.	М.
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): n/a		Local re	elief (concav	e, convex,	, none):	concave	
Slope (%): 0 - 1 Lat: +41.585412°1	N	Long:	-88.127028		Datum:	n/a	
Soil Map Unit Name Ashkum silty clay loam, 0 to 2% slop	es (232A)		NMI C	Classificati	on:	n/a	
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions of the site typical for	this time o	f the year?	Y (I	f no, expla	in in remarks)		
Are vegetation X , soil , or hydrolo	gy	significantly	disturbed?		Are "normal circu	mstances"	
Are vegetation , soil , or hydrolo		naturally pr	oblematic?	•	, a o mormal on oc	present? Yes	
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS				(If neede	ed, explain any a	nswers in remarks.)	
Hydrophytic vegetation present? N							
Hydric soil present? Y		Is the sa	ampled area	within a w	etland? N		
Wetland hydrology present?		f yes, op	tional wetlan	nd site ID:	n/a		
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a s	cenarate re	nort)					
Closed depression VEGETATION Use scientific names of plants							
Coo constituire or present	Absolute	Dominan	Indicator	Domina	nce Test Works	heet	
<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size:)	% Cover		Staus	Number	of Dominant Spec	es	
1				that are C	DBL, FACW, or FA	C: 0 (A)	
2					Number of Domina		
3				•	ies Across all Stra	``	
4					of Dominant Spec		٥١
5	0 :	Total Cove		lilat ale C	DBL, FACW, or FA	.C: <u>0.00%</u> (A/B	')
Sapling/Shrub stratum (Plot size:)		- Total Covel		Prevale	nce Index Work	sheet	
1					Cover of:		
2				OBL spe	ecies 0 >	1 = 0	
3				FACW s	species 0	2 = 0	
4				FAC spe		3 = 0	
5				FACU s		4 = 0	
<u>.</u>	0 :	=Total Cove	ſ	UPL spe		(5 = 0)	
Herb stratum (Plot size:)				Column		A) <u>0</u> (B)	
1 Panicum dichotomiflorum			FACW	Prevaler	nce Index = B/A =	·	
2 Polygonum lapathifolium 3			FACW	Llucduand	hutia Manatatian	Indicators	
3					hytic Vegetation id test for hydrop		
5				l ——	ninance test is >5	•	
6					/alence index is ≤		
7				— Mori	phogical adaptati	ons* (provide	
8					porting data in Re		
9				sepa	arate sheet)		
10					olematic hydroph	ytic vegetation*	
	0 :	=Total Cove	ſ	(exp	olain)		
Woody vine stratum (Plot size:) 1				р	oresent, unless distur	wetland hydrology must l bed or problematic	be
2				_	rophytic		
	0 :	=Total Cove	ſ	_	etation sent?		
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separat	te sheet)			<u> </u>		_	
nternaires, (include prioto numbers here or on a separat	ie siieel)						
Fallow field							

SOIL Sampling Point: 4B (Upland)

Profile Des	cription: (Descr	ibe to th	e depth needed	to docu	ment the	indicat	or or confirm t	he absenc	e of indicators.)
Depth	Matrix			lox Feat					•
(Inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type*	Loc**	Texture	е	Remarks
0 - 20	10YR2.5/1	90	7.5YR5/8	10	С	М	silty clay loam	n	mottling
							, ,		<u>_</u>
*T 0 - 0		- D1-4	DM D	-I NA4	. MC - N	1ll C	\	**!4: -	DI - Dana Lining M - Matrix
		= Depleti	on, RM = Reduce	ed Matrix	(, MS = N	lasked S			n: PL = Pore Lining, M = Matrix
_	il Indicators:		0	-l Ol	l NA - 4i	(04)			ematic Hydric Soils:
	isol (A1)				ed Matrix	(54)			dox (A16) (LRR K, L, R)
	ic Epipedon (A2)			dy Redo	. ,) (LRR K, L) or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R)
	ck Histic (A3)	1)		•	trix (S6)	-I (E4)		•	, , , , , , ,
	lrogen Sulfide (A atified Layers (A5	•		-	ky Minera				Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) k Surface (TF12)
	nilled Layers (A5 _. n Muck (A10))			ed Matrix atrix (F3)			ומווטש טמו (explain in	* *
	oleted Below Dark	Curfood			Surface		Other (expiairi iri	remarks)
	ck Dark Surface (` '		ark Surfa	. ,	*Indicate	ara of budge	anhytic vegetation and weltand
	idy Mucky Minera	,			essions (. ,			ophytic vegetation and weltand e present, unless disturbed or
	n Mucky Peat or	. ,		iox Debi	CSSIUIIS ((10)	Hydroid		problematic
	<u> </u>	•	7						problematic
	Layer (if observe	ed):							
Type:					•		Hydric so	oil present	1? <u>Y</u>
Depth (inche	es):				-				
Remarks:									
HYDROLO	OGY								
	drology Indicate	ors:							
_			required; check	all that a	nnly)		Seco	ondary Indi	cators (minimum of two required)
	Water (A1)	01 0110 10	roquirou, oricon		Fauna (B	13)	<u>0600</u>		Soil Cracks (B6)
	ter Table (A2)				uatic Plar	,		_	Patterns (B10)
Saturation	` '				n Sulfide	, ,			on Water Table (C2)
	arks (B1)					•	Living Roots	_	Burrows (C8)
	nt Deposits (B2)			(C3)	·				n Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Drift Dep	oosits (B3)			Presenc	e of Redu	iced Iron	(C4)	Stunted of	or Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Ma	it or Crust (B4)			Recent I	ron Redu	ction in T	illed Soils	Geomorp	hic Position (D2)
	osits (B5)			(C6)				FAC-Neu	tral Test (D5)
	on Visible on Aeria		· · ·		ck Surfac				
	Vegetated Conca		ce (B8)	_	r Well Da				
Water-S	tained Leaves (B9)		Other (E	xplain in	Remarks)		
Field Obser	vations:								
Surface wat		Yes	No	X	Depth (i			Wet	
Water table		Yes	No	Х	Depth (i			_	rology
Saturation p		Yes	No	Х	Depth (i	nches):	> 20	pres	ent? N
-	pillary fringe)								
Describe red	corded data (strea	am gaug	e, monitoring well	, aerial p	hotos, p	revious i	nspections), if a	vailable:	
D									
Remarks:									
I									

Project/Site Crest Hill Property	City/	County:	Crest Hill /	Will Sampling Date:	9/2/2021
Applicant/Owner: Heidner Properties, Inc.		State:	IL	Sampling Point:	5B (Upland)
Investigator(s): P. Bollinger		Secti	on, Townshi	p, Range: SE 1/4 Sec. 19,	T36N, R10E, 3rd P.M.
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.):	n/a	Local r	elief (concav	/e, convex, none):	flat
Slope (%): 0 - 1 Lat: +41.58	85551°N	Long:	-88.12713	7°W Datum:	n/a
Soil Map Unit Name Ashkum silty clay loam, 0 to 2	2% slopes (232A)		/WI	Classification:	n/a
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions of the site typ	cal for this time o	of the year?	Y (I	If no, explain in remarks)	
Are vegetation , soil , or	hydrology	significantly	y disturbed?	Are "normal circ	umstances"
Are vegetation , soil , or	hydrology	naturally pr	oblematic?		present? Yes
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS				(If needed, explain any a	answers in remarks.)
Hydrophytic vegetation present? Y					
Hydric soil present? N		Is the sa	ampled area	within a wetland?	J
Wetland hydrology present? N		f yes, op	otional wetlar	nd site ID: n/a	
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here	or in a separate re	eport.)			
	or in a coparato .	- P /			
Area is unfarmed and is located between	the agricultura	al field and	a residenti	al lot.	
VEGETATION Use scientific names of	nlante				
COLIMINO Ose scientific flames of	Absolute	Dominan	Indicator	Dominance Test Works	sheet
Tree Stratum (Plot size:		t Species	Staus	Number of Dominant Spec	
1	_'	·		that are OBL, FACW, or FA	
2				Total Number of Domin	nant
3				Species Across all Stra	ata:1 (B)
4				Percent of Dominant Spec	
5				that are OBL, FACW, or FA	AC: 100.00% (A/B)
Sanling/Shrub stratum (Plot size:	0	= Total Cove	r	Prevalence Index Work	rchoot
Sapling/Shrub stratum (Plot size:)			Total % Cover of:	Sileet
2				OBL species 95	x 1 = 95
3					x 2 = 0
4				· —	x 3 = 9
5				FACU species 4	x 4 = 16
	0	= Total Cove	r	· —	x 5 = 0
Herb stratum (Plot size:)			Column totals 102	(A) <u>120</u> (B)
1 Polygonum amphibium var. stipulaceum	95	Y	OBL	Prevalence Index = B/A	= 1.18
2 Erechtites hieracifolia	3	N	FAC		
3 Setaria faberi	31	N	FACU FACU	Hydrophytic Vegetation Rapid test for hydrop	
4 Asclepias syriaca 5			FACU	X Dominance test is >	
6				X Prevalence index is:	
7				Morphogical adaptat	
8				supporting data in R	
9				separate sheet)	
10				Problematic hydroph	ytic vegetation*
	102	= Total Cove	r	(explain)	
Woody vine stratum (Plot size:)			*Indicators of hydric soil and	
] -				present, unless distu Hydrophytic	rbed or problematic
2		= Total Cove		vegetation	
	O	- rotal oove		present?	<u>′ </u>
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a	separate sheet)				
	,				
Fallow field					

SOIL Sampling Point: 5B (Upland)

Profile Desc	cription: (Descr	ibe to th	e depth needed	to docu	ment the	e indicat	or or confirm the abs	ence of indicators.)
Depth	Matrix			lox Feat				ĺ
(Inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type*	Loc**	Texture	Remarks
0 - 20	10YR2/1	100					silty clay loam	
							, ,	
	Concentration, D	= Depleti	on, RM = Reduce	ed Matrix	x, MS = N	/lasked S		ation: PL = Pore Lining, M = Matrix
Hydric So	il Indicators:						Indicators for Pr	oblematic Hydric Soils:
Hist	isol (A1)		San	dy Gleye	ed Matrix	(S4)	Coast Prairie	Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R)
Hist	ic Epipedon (A2)		San	dy Redo	x (S5)			(S7) (LRR K, L)
Blad	ck Histic (A3)		Stri	oped Ma	trix (S6)		5 cm Mucky F	Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R)
— Hyd	lrogen Sulfide (A	1)	Loa	my Mucł	ky Minera	al (F1)	Iron-Mangane	ese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
Stra	tified Layers (A5))	Loa	my Gley	ed Matrix	k (F2)	Very Shallow	Dark Surface (TF12)
2 cr	n Muck (A10)		Dep	leted Ma	atrix (F3)		Other (explain	n in remarks)
Dep	leted Below Dark	Surface	(A11) Rec	lox Dark	Surface	(F6)		
Thic	ck Dark Surface (A12)	Dep	leted Da	ark Surfa	ce (F7)	*Indicators of h	ydrophytic vegetation and weltand
San	idy Mucky Minera	ıl (S1)	Red	lox Depr	essions	(F8)	hydrology mu	st be present, unless disturbed or
5 cr	n Mucky Peat or	Peat (S3)					problematic
Postrictive	Layer (if observ	oq).						
Type:	Layer (II observ	eu).					Hydric soil pre	sent? N
Depth (inche	76).				•		riyane son pre-	
Remarks:					•			
HYDROLO	OGY							
	drology Indicate	ors:						
1	cators (minimum		required: check :	all that a	nnly)		Secondary	Indicators (minimum of two required)
	Water (A1)	01 0110 10	roquirou, oricon i		Fauna (B	13)		ice Soil Cracks (B6)
	ter Table (A2)				uatic Plar			age Patterns (B10)
Saturation	` '					Odor (C		Season Water Table (C2)
	arks (B1)					•	· ·	fish Burrows (C8)
	nt Deposits (B2)			(C3)				ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
	posits (B3)				e of Redu	uced Iron		ed or Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Ma	it or Crust (B4)			Recent I	ron Redu	ction in T	illed Soils Geor	norphic Position (D2)
Iron Dep	osits (B5)			(C6)			X FAC-	Neutral Test (D5)
Inundation	on Visible on Aeria	l Imager	/ (B7)	Thin Mu	ck Surfac	e (C7)		
Sparsely	Vegetated Conca	ve Surfa	ce (B8)	Gauge o	r Well Da	ata (D9)		
Water-S	tained Leaves (B9)		Other (E	xplain in	Remarks)	
Field Obser	vations:							
Surface water	er present?	Yes	No	Χ	Depth (i	nches):	١ ١	Wetland
Water table	present?	Yes	No	X	Depth (i	nches):		nydrology
Saturation p		Yes	No	Х	Depth (i	nches):	> 20	oresent? N
(includes ca	pillary fringe)							
Describe red	corded data (strea	am gaug	e, monitoring well	, aerial p	hotos, p	revious ii	nspections), if available	e:
Remarks:								

Project/Site Crest Hill Property	City/	ity/County: Crest Hill		Will Sampling Date:	9/2/2021	
Applicant/Owner: Heidner Properties, Ir	1C.	State:	IL	Sampling Point:	6B (Upland)	
Investigator(s): P. Bollinger		Secti	on, Townshi	p, Range: SE 1/4 Sec. 19,	T36N, R10E, 3rd P.M.	
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.):	n/a	Local r	elief (concav	ve, convex, none):	flat	
Slope (%): 0 - 1 Lat:	+41.583501°N	Long:	-88.12691	4°W Datum:	n/a	
Soil Map Unit Name Ashkum silty clay loam	, 0 to 2% slopes (232A)		/WI	Classification:	n/a	
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions of the si	te typical for this time o	of the year?	<u>Y</u> (I	f no, explain in remarks)		
Are vegetation , soil	, or hydrology	significantly	y disturbed?	Are "normal circu	umstances"	
Are vegetation , soil	, or hydrology	naturally p	roblematic?		present? Yes	
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS				(If needed, explain any a	nswers in remarks.)	
Hydrophytic vegetation present?	N					
Hydric soil present?	N	Is the s	ampled area	within a wetland?	I	
Wetland hydrology present?	N	f yes, op	otional wetlar	nd site ID: n/a		
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures	here or in a separate r	eport.)				
	•					
This area meets 5 of 5 ye	ears of farmed wetla	and hydrolo	gy based ι	ıpon aerial photograph	analysis.	
VEGETATION Use scientific nam	es of plants					
- Ose scientific flam	Absolute	Dominan	Indicator	Dominance Test Works	sheet	
Tree Stratum (Plot size:		t Species	Staus	Number of Dominant Spec		
1		·		that are OBL, FACW, or FA		
2				Total Number of Domin	ant ant	
3				Species Across all Stra	ata: 1(B)	
4				Percent of Dominant Spec		
5				that are OBL, FACW, or FA	AC: 0.00% (A/B)	
Sanling/Shrub stratum (Dlot size:	,0	= Total Cove	r	Prevalence Index Work	choot	
Sapling/Shrub stratum (Plot size:)			Total % Cover of:	Sileet	
2					x 1 = 0	
3		· 			x 2 = 6	
4				· —	x 3 = 9	
5				FACU species 96	x 4 = 384	
	0	= Total Cove	r	· —	x 5 = 0	
Herb stratum (Plot size:)			Column totals 102	(A) <u>399</u> (B)	
1 Amaranthus retroflexus	90	<u> </u>	FACU	Prevalence Index = B/A	= 3.91	
2 Panicum capillare	3	N	FAC			
3 Cyperus esculentus 4 Abutilon theophrasti	3	. <u>N</u>	FACW FACU	Hydrophytic Vegetation Rapid test for hydrop		
5 Setaria faberi	3	- N	FACU	Dominance test is >5		
6			17100	Prevalence index is:		
7				Morphogical adaptat		
8				supporting data in Re		
9				separate sheet)		
10				Problematic hydroph	ytic vegetation*	
	102	= Total Cove	r	(explain)		
Woody vine stratum (Plot size:)			*Indicators of hydric soil and		
2				present, unless distur	rbed or problematic	
		= Total Cove		vegetation		
	Ü	rotal cove	•	present? N	<u>l</u>	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or	on a separate sheet)					
	,					
Fallow field						

SOIL Sampling Point: 6B (Upland)

Profile Desc	cription: (Descr	ibe to th	e depth needed	to docu	ment the	e indicat	or or confirm th	e absence of indic	ators.)
Depth				<u>ures</u>					
(Inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type*	Loc**	Texture		Remarks
0 - 10	10YR2/1	100					silty clay loam		
10 - 20	10YR 2/1	95	2.5YR 3/3	5	С	М	silty clay loam		
10 20	101112/1		2.0111070				only oldy loain		
*Type: C = Concentration, D = Depletion, RM = Reduced Matrix, MS = Masked Sand Grains. **Location: PL = Pore Lining, M = Matrix									
		= Depleti	ion, Rivi = Reduce	ed Matrix	K, IVIS = IV	nasked S		or Problematic Hy	
	il Indicators:		Son	dy Clay	ad Matrix	(04)		rairie Redox (A16)	
	isol (A1)				ed Matrix	(54)			· ·
	ic Epipedon (A2) ck Histic (A3)			idy Redo pped Ma	. ,			rface (S7) (LRR K, ucky Peat or Peat (
	rogen Sulfide (A	1)			ky Minera	J (E1)		nganese Masses (F	
	itified Layers (A5	-			ed Matrix			allow Dark Surface	
	n Muck (A10))			eu Main atrix (F3)	` '		anow Dark Suriace explain in remarks)	(1712)
	oleted Below Dark	Surface			Surface			Apiaiii iii ieiliaiks)	
	ck Dark Surface (· · · · —		ark Surfa	. ,	*Indicator	a of hydrophytic yo	getation and weltand
	dy Mucky Minera	•			essions	. ,			unless disturbed or
	n Mucky Peat or	. ,		юх Бері	C3310113 1	(10)	riyarolog	problemat	
	<u> </u>	-	·/			T		problema	
	Layer (if observ	ed):							
Type:					-		Hydric soi	il present? N	
Depth (inche	es):				_				
Remarks:									
HYDROLO	OGY								·
Wetland Hy	drology Indicate	ors:							
Primary Indi	cators (minimum	of one is	required; check	all that a	pply)		Secor	ndarv Indicators (m	inimum of two required)
	Water (A1)				 Fauna (B	13)		Surface Soil Cracks	
	ter Table (A2)				uatic Plar	•		Drainage Patterns (` '
Saturation	on (A3)			Hydroge	n Sulfide	Odor (C1	1)	Dry-Season Water	Table (C2)
Water M	arks (B1)				d Rhizosp	heres on	Living Roots	Crayfish Burrows (C	8)
Sedimer	t Deposits (B2)			(C3)				Saturation Visible o	n Aerial Imagery (C9)
	osits (B3)			•		uced Iron	· · ·	Stunted or Stressed	
	t or Crust (B4)				ron Redu	iction in T	illed Soils	Geomorphic Positio	` '
	osits (B5)		(D.7)	(C6)		(0=)		FAC-Neutral Test (I	05)
	on Visible on Aeria		· · · <u> </u>		ck Surfac				
	Vegetated Conca tained Leaves (B9		ce (B8)		or Well Da	, ,	`		
	`)		Other (E	хріаін ін	Remarks)		
Field Obser		V	NI.	V	D (1. /			Wetlend	
Surface water		Yes	No	X	Depth (i			Wetland	
Water table Saturation p		Yes	No No	X	Depth (i	,	> 20	hydrology	N
	pillary fringe)	Yes			Depth (i	1101165).	- 20	present?	<u>N</u>
		am ac	o monitorina	acrist -	hotos =	rovious :	acportions) if sur	l allabla:	
Describe red	orueu data (strea	am gaug	e, monitoring well	, aeriai p	niotos, p	revious ii	ispections), it ava	aliable.	
Remarks:									
This area	moote E of E	voore e	f formed wetler	ad byd-	ology b	acad	on acrial shat	ograph analysis.	
11113 416		y cais 0	i iaiiiicu welidi	iu riyul	ology b	uocu uþ	στι αστιαι μποιο	ograpii ariarysis.	

Project/Site Crest Hill Property	City/	City/County: Crest Hill		Will Sampling Date:	9/2/2021	
Applicant/Owner: Heidner Properties, Inc.		State:		Sampling Point:	7B (Upland)	
Investigator(s): P. Bollinger		Secti	on, Townshi	p, Range: SE 1/4 Sec. 19	, T36N, R10E, 3rd P.M.	
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.):	n/a	Local r	elief (concav	ve, convex, none):	flat	
Slope (%): 0 - 1 Lat: +41.	.583013°N	Long:	-88.126223	3°W Datum:	n/a	
Soil Map Unit Name Ashkum silty clay loam, 0 t	o 2% slopes (232A)		/WI	Classification:	n/a	
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions of the site t	ypical for this time c	of the year?	<u>Y</u> (I	f no, explain in remarks)		
Are vegetation X , soil , o	or hydrology	significantly	disturbed?	Are "normal circ	umstances"	
Are vegetation , soil , o	or hydrology	naturally pr	oblematic?		present? Yes	
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS				(If needed, explain any a	answers in remarks.)	
Hydrophytic vegetation present? N						
Hydric soil present?		Is the sa	ampled area	within a wetland?	N	
Wetland hydrology present?		f yes, op	tional wetlar	nd site ID: n/a		
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures her	e or in a separate r	eport.)				
This area meets 5 of 5 years of farmed	wetland hydrolo	gy based u	pon aerial	photograph analysis.		
VEGETATION Use scientific names	of plants					
Collaboration Ose scientific flames	Absolute	Dominan	Indicator	Dominance Test Work	sheet	
Tree Stratum (Plot size:		t Species	Staus	Number of Dominant Spe		
1	<u> </u>	·		that are OBL, FACW, or F		
2				Total Number of Domir	nant	
3				Species Across all Str	rata: 2 (B)	
4				Percent of Dominant Spe		
5				that are OBL, FACW, or F	AC: 50.00% (A/B)	
Sapling/Shrub stratur (Plot size:)0	= Total Cove	r	Prevalence Index Worl	kshoot	
1				Total % Cover of:	ASHEEL	
2					x 1 = 0	
3					x 2 = 0	
4				FAC species 50	x 3 = 150	
5				' <u> </u>	x 4 = 212	
	0	= Total Cove	r	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	x 5 = 0	
Herb stratum (Plot size:)			Column totals 103	(A) <u>362</u> (B)	
1 Panicum capillare	50	<u>Y</u>	FAC	Prevalence Index = B/A	= 3.51	
2 Amaranthus retroflexus	50	<u>Y</u>	FACU	Hudranbutia Vanatatia	n Indicators:	
3 Abutilon theophrasti	3	N	FACU	Hydrophytic Vegetatio Rapid test for hydro		
5				Dominance test is >	. , .	
6	<u> </u>			Prevalence index is		
7				Morphogical adapta	tions* (provide	
8				supporting data in R		
9				separate sheet)		
10				Problematic hydropl	nytic vegetation*	
Mandaying stratum (Dist size)	103	= Total Cove	r	(explain)		
Woody vine stratum (Plot size:)			*Indicators of hydric soil and present, unless distu	d wetland hydrology must be	
2				Hydrophytic	dibed of problematic	
		= Total Cove		vegetation		
	-			present?	<u> </u>	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on	a separate sheet)					
Fallow field						

SOIL Sampling Point: 7B (Upland)

Profile Desc	cription: (Descr	ibe to th	e depth needed	to docu	ment the	e indicat	or or confirm th	e absence	of indicators.)
Depth				<u>ures</u>					
(Inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type*	Loc**	Texture	;	Remarks
0 - 12	2.5Y2.5/1	100					silty clay loam		
12 - 20	2.5Y4/1	20	2.5Y6/6	10	С	М	silty clay loam	m	ottling
	2.01.17.		5Y3/2	10	С	М	only only rount		3
			313/2	10	C	IVI			
*Type: C = Concentration, D = Depletion, RM = Reduced Matrix, MS = Masked Sand Grains. **Location: PL = Pore Lining, M = Matrix									
	il Indicators:	- Depleti	on, Rivi – Reduce	eu Mairix	., IVIO – IV	naskeu S			natic Hydric Soils:
	isol (A1)		Son	dy Clay	ed Matrix	(84)			x (A16) (LRR K, L, R)
	ic Epipedon (A2)			dy Redo		(34)		ırface (S7)	
	ck Histic (A3)			oped Ma					or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R)
	rogen Sulfide (A	1)		•	ky Minera	al (F1)			asses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
	tified Layers (A5	-		-	ed Matrix				Surface (TF12)
	n Muck (A10)	,			atrix (F3)			explain in re	, ,
	oleted Below Dark	Surface			Surface			skpiaiii iii ie	iliaiks)
	ck Dark Surface (· · · · —		ırk Surfa	. ,	*Indicator	re of hydron	phytic vegetation and weltand
	dy Mucky Minera	•			essions (. ,			present, unless disturbed or
	n Mucky Peat or	. ,		юх Берг	03310113	(10)	Hydrolog		roblematic
	<u> </u>	•	,			1		Ρ.	
	Layer (if observe	ed):					11		
Type:					•		Hyaric so	il present?	<u> </u>
Depth (inche	es):				•				
Remarks:									
HYDROLO	OGY								
Wetland Hy	drology Indicate	ors:							
Primary Indi	cators (minimum	of one is	required; check	all that a	pply)		Seco	ndary Indica	ators (minimum of two required)
Surface	Water (A1)			Aquatic	Fauna (B	13)			il Cracks (B6)
High Wa	ter Table (A2)			True Aq	uatic Plar	nts (B14)		Drainage P	Patterns (B10)
Saturation	on (A3)			Hydroge	n Sulfide	Odor (C1		Dry-Season	n Water Table (C2)
Water M	arks (B1)				l Rhizosp	heres on	Living Roots		urrows (C8)
<u> </u>	it Deposits (B2)			(C3)				_	Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
	osits (B3)			i		uced Iron	· · ·	_	Stressed Plants (D1)
	t or Crust (B4)				ron Redu	iction in T	illed Soils	_	ic Position (D2)
	osits (B5)		. (DZ)	(C6)	- I - O f	- (07)		-FAC-Neutra	al Test (D5)
	on Visible on Aeria		· ·	i	ck Surfac				
	Vegetated Conca tained Leaves (B9				r Well Da	Remarks	١		
—	,)		Other (L	лріант ін	I Ciliai No)		
Field Obser		Voc	NI.	~	Donth /	nobos):		Wetla	nd
Surface wate	•	Yes Yes	No No	X	Depth (i			hydro	
Water table Saturation p		Yes	No	X	Depth (i Depth (i			prese	
	pillary fringe)	163			Pobui (i	1101103).		hiese	
		m goue	e, monitoring well	aerial n	hotos n	revious i	enections) if our	ailahla:	
Describe 160	orueu uata (Silea	arri yaugi	s, monitoring well	, a c nai p	πισισε, ρ	i evious II	ispections), ii dv	aliabit.	
Remarks:									
This area	meets 5 of 5	veore e	f farmed wetlar	nd byds	ology b	aced us	on acrial abot	oaranh an	nalveje
ווווס מו כמ		y cais 0	ı ıaımıcu wellal	ia riyuli	ology b	ascu up	on achai phot	ograpii al	iaiyələ.

Project/Site Crest Hill Property	Cit	ty/County: Crest Hill		Will Sampling Date:	g Date: 9/2/2021	
Applicant/Owner: Heidner Properties,	oplicant/Owner: Heidner Properties, Inc.		IL	Sampling Point:	8B (Upland)	
Investigator(s): P. Bollinger		Sect	ion, Townshi	p, Range: SE 1/4 Sec. 19,	T36N, R10E, 3rd P.M.	
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.):	n/a	Local	relief (concav	/e, convex, none):	flat	
Slope (%): 0 - 1 Lat:	+41.582285°N	Long:	-88.122869	9°W Datum:	n/a	
Soil Map Unit Name Ashkum silty clay loar	n, 0 to 2% slopes (232A		VWI (Classification:	n/a	
Are climatic/hydrologic conditions of the	site typical for this time	of the year?	Y (I	If no, explain in remarks)		
Are vegetation X , soil	, or hydrology	significantl	y disturbed?	Are "normal circu	ımstances"	
Are vegetation , soil	, or hydrology	naturally p	roblematic?		present? Yes	
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS		_		(If needed, explain any a	nswers in remarks.)	
Hydrophytic vegetation present?	Υ					
Hydric soil present?	N	Is the s	ampled area	within a wetland?		
Wetland hydrology present?	N	f yes, o	otional wetlar	nd site ID: n/a		
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures	s here or in a separate	report.)				
(2.45.20.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.	z nord or in a doparate					
somewhat closed depression						
VEGETATION Use scientific nar	nee of plants					
VEGETATION Ose scientific flat	Absolute	e Dominan	Indicator	Dominance Test Works	heet	
Tree Stratum (Plot size:		r t Species	Staus	Number of Dominant Spec		
1		·		that are OBL, FACW, or FA		
2				Total Number of Domina	ant	
3				Species Across all Stra	ata: 1 (B)	
4				Percent of Dominant Spec		
5				that are OBL, FACW, or FA	AC: 100.00% (A/B)	
Sanling/Shrub stratum (Plot size:	\0	=Total Cove	er	Prevalence Index Work	shoot	
Sapling/Shrub stratum (Plot size:)			Total % Cover of:	Sneet	
2					x 1 = 0	
3		_			x 2 = 190	
				FACW species 95		
				FACW species 95 5	x 2 = 190	
3 4 5		= Total Cove	er	FACW species 95 2 FAC species 0 2 FACU species 8 2	x 2 = 190 x 3 = 0	
3 4		=Total Cove	er	FACW species 95 FAC species 0 FACU species 8 UPL species 0	x 2 = 190 x 3 = 0 x 4 = 32	
3 4 5 Plot size: Plot size: Plot size: Panicum dichotomiflorum	90	_ Y	FACW	FACW species 95 FAC species 0 FACU species 8 UPL species 0	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
3 4 5 Herb stratum (Plot size: 1 Panicum dichotomiflorum 2 Polygonum lapathifolium	90 5	Y N	FACW FACW	FACW species 95 x FAC species 0 x FACU species 0 x UPL species 0 x Column totals 103 (Prevalence Index = B/A =	x 2 = 190 x 3 = 0 x 4 = 32 x 5 = 0 (A) 222 (B) = 2.16	
3 4 5 Herb stratum (Plot size: 1 Panicum dichotomiflorum 2 Polygonum lapathifolium 3 Setaria faberi	90 5 5	Y N N	FACW FACW	FACW species 95 x FAC species 0 x FACU species 0 x UPL species 0 x Column totals 103 (Prevalence Index = B/A =	x 2 = 190 x 3 = 0 x 4 = 32 x 5 = 0 (A) 222 (B) = 2.16	
3 4 5 Herb stratum (Plot size:	90 5	Y N	FACW FACW	FACW species 95 FAC species 0 FACU species 8 UPL species 0 Column totals 103 Prevalence Index = B/A =	x 2 = 190 x 3 = 0 x 4 = 32 x 5 = 0 (A) 222 (B) = 2.16	
3 4 5 Herb stratum (Plot size:	90 5 5	Y N N	FACW FACW	FACW species 95 FAC species 0 FACU species 8 UPL species 0 Column totals 103 Prevalence Index = B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Rapid test for hydrop X Dominance test is >5	x 2 = 190 x 3 = 0 x 4 = 32 x 5 = 0 (A) 222 (B) = 2.16	
3 4 5 Herb stratum (Plot size:	90 5 5	Y N N	FACW FACW	FACW species 95 FAC species 0 FACU species 8 UPL species 0 Column totals 103 Prevalence Index = B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Rapid test for hydrop X Dominance test is >5 X Prevalence index is \$5	x 2 = 190 x 3 = 0 x 4 = 32 x 5 = 0 (A) 222 (B) = 2.16 In Indicators: ohytic vegetation 50% ≤3.0*	
3 4 5 Herb stratum (Plot size:	90 5 5	Y N N	FACW FACW	FACW species 95 FAC species 0 FACU species 8 UPL species 0 Column totals 103 Prevalence Index = B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Rapid test for hydrop X Dominance test is >5 X Prevalence index is \$ Morphogical adaptation	x 2 = 190 x 3 = 0 x 4 = 32 x 5 = 0 (A) 222 (B) = 2.16 In Indicators: by the vegetation 50% ≤3.0* ions* (provide	
3 4 5 Herb stratum (Plot size: 1 Panicum dichotomiflorum 2 Polygonum lapathifolium 3 Setaria faberi 4 Amaranthus retroflexus 5 6 7	90 5 5	Y N N	FACW FACW	FACW species 95 FAC species 0 FACU species 8 UPL species 0 Column totals 103 Prevalence Index = B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Rapid test for hydrop X Dominance test is >5 X Prevalence index is \$5	x 2 = 190 x 3 = 0 x 4 = 32 x 5 = 0 (A) 222 (B) = 2.16 In Indicators: by the vegetation 50% ≤3.0* ions* (provide	
3 4 5 Herb stratum (Plot size:	90 5 5 3	Y	FACW FACU FACU	FACW species 95 FAC species 0 FACU species 8 UPL species 0 Column totals 103 Prevalence Index = B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Rapid test for hydrop X Dominance test is >5 X Prevalence index is s Morphogical adaptatic supporting data in Re	x 2 = 190 x 3 = 0 x 4 = 32 x 5 = 0 (A) 222 (B) = 2.16 In Indicators: Shytic vegetation 50% ≤3.0* sions* (provide emarks or on a	
3 4 5 Herb stratum (Plot size: 1 Panicum dichotomiflorum 2 Polygonum lapathifolium 3 Setaria faberi 4 Amaranthus retroflexus 5 6 7 8 9 10	90 5 5	Y N N	FACW FACU FACU	FACW species 95 FAC species 0 FACU species 8 UPL species 0 Column totals 103 Prevalence Index = B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Rapid test for hydrop X Dominance test is >5 X Prevalence index is \$ Morphogical adaptatic supporting data in Research species 1 Separate sheet)	x 2 = 190 x 3 = 0 x 4 = 32 x 5 = 0 (A) 222 (B) = 2.16 In Indicators: Shytic vegetation 50% ≤3.0* sions* (provide emarks or on a	
3 4 5 Herb stratum (Plot size:	90 5 5 3	Y	FACW FACU FACU	FACW species 95 FAC species 0 FACU species 8 UPL species 0 Column totals 103 Prevalence Index = B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Rapid test for hydrop X Dominance test is >5 X Prevalence index is s Morphogical adaptatic supporting data in Reseparate sheet) Problematic hydroph (explain) *Indicators of hydric soil and	x 2 = 190 x 3 = 0 x 4 = 32 x 5 = 0 (A) 222 (B) = 2.16 In Indicators: Thytic vegetation 50% ≤3.0* Tions* (provide demarks or on a second supplied by the s	
3 4 5 Herb stratum (Plot size: 1 Panicum dichotomiflorum 2 Polygonum lapathifolium 3 Setaria faberi 4 Amaranthus retroflexus 5 6 7 8 9 10 Woody vine stratum (Plot size: 1	90 5 5 3	Y	FACW FACU FACU	FACW species 95 FAC species 0 FACU species 8 UPL species 0 Column totals 103 Prevalence Index = B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Rapid test for hydrop X Dominance test is >5 X Prevalence index is \$ Morphogical adaptatic supporting data in Reseparate sheet) Problematic hydroph (explain) *Indicators of hydric soil and present, unless disture	x 2 = 190 x 3 = 0 x 4 = 32 x 5 = 0 (A) 222 (B) = 2.16 In Indicators: Thytic vegetation 50% ≤3.0* Tions* (provide demarks or on a second supplied by the s	
3 4 5 Herb stratum (Plot size: 1 Panicum dichotomiflorum 2 Polygonum lapathifolium 3 Setaria faberi 4 Amaranthus retroflexus 5 6 7 8 9 10	90 5 5 3	Y N N N = Total Cove	FACW FACU FACU	FACW species 95 FAC species 0 FACU species 8 UPL species 0 Column totals 103 Prevalence Index = B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Rapid test for hydrop X Dominance test is >5 X Prevalence index is s Morphogical adaptatis supporting data in Reseparate sheet) Problematic hydroph (explain) *Indicators of hydric soil and present, unless disture 1 Hydrophytic	x 2 = 190 x 3 = 0 x 4 = 32 x 5 = 0 (A) 222 (B) = 2.16 In Indicators: Thytic vegetation 50% ≤3.0* Tions* (provide demarks or on a second supplied by the s	
3 4 5 Herb stratum (Plot size: 1 Panicum dichotomiflorum 2 Polygonum lapathifolium 3 Setaria faberi 4 Amaranthus retroflexus 5 6 7 8 9 10 Woody vine stratum (Plot size: 1	90 5 5 3	Y	FACW FACU FACU	FACW species 95 FAC species 0 FACU species 8 UPL species 0 Column totals 103 Prevalence Index = B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Rapid test for hydrop X Dominance test is >5 X Prevalence index is \$ Morphogical adaptatic supporting data in Reseparate sheet) Problematic hydroph (explain) *Indicators of hydric soil and present, unless disture	x 2 = 190 x 3 = 0 x 4 = 32 x 5 = 0 (A) 222 (B) = 2.16 In Indicators: Thytic vegetation 50% \$\leq 3.0^*\$ It ions* (provide emarks or on a systic vegetation* wetland hydrology must be rived or problematic	
3 4 5 Herb stratum (Plot size:	90 5 5 3 3 103	Y N N N = Total Cove	FACW FACU FACU	FACW species 95 FAC species 0 FACU species 8 UPL species 0 Column totals 103 Prevalence Index = B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Rapid test for hydrop X Dominance test is >5 X Prevalence index is s Morphogical adaptatis supporting data in Reseparate sheet) Problematic hydroph (explain) *Indicators of hydric soil and present, unless distured to the special supportion of the second supportion of t	x 2 = 190 x 3 = 0 x 4 = 32 x 5 = 0 (A) 222 (B) = 2.16 In Indicators: Thytic vegetation 50% \$\leq 3.0^*\$ It ions* (provide emarks or on a systic vegetation* wetland hydrology must be rived or problematic	
3 4 5 Herb stratum (Plot size: 1 Panicum dichotomiflorum 2 Polygonum lapathifolium 3 Setaria faberi 4 Amaranthus retroflexus 5 6 7 8 9 10 Woody vine stratum (Plot size: 1	90 5 5 3 3 103	Y N N N = Total Cove	FACW FACU FACU	FACW species 95 FAC species 0 FACU species 8 UPL species 0 Column totals 103 Prevalence Index = B/A = Hydrophytic Vegetation Rapid test for hydrop X Dominance test is >5 X Prevalence index is s Morphogical adaptatis supporting data in Reseparate sheet) Problematic hydroph (explain) *Indicators of hydric soil and present, unless distured to the special supportion of the second supportion of t	x 2 = 190 x 3 = 0 x 4 = 32 x 5 = 0 (A) 222 (B) = 2.16 In Indicators: Thytic vegetation 50% ≤3.0* Tions* (provide emarks or on a sytic vegetation* wetland hydrology must be rived or problematic	

SOIL Sampling Point: 8B (Upland)

Profile Desc	cription: (Descr	ibe to th	e depth needed	to docu	ment the	e indicat	or or confirm the	absence of indicators.)	
Depth	Matrix			lox Feat					•	
(Inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type*	Loc**	Texture	Rem	narks	
0 - 20	10YR 2/1	100					silty clay loam			
							, ,			
	Concentration, D	= Depleti	on, RM = Reduce	ed Matrix	x, MS = N	/lasked S		Location: PL = Pore Lini		
Hydric So	il Indicators:						Indicators for	Problematic Hydric S	oils:	
Hist	isol (A1)		San	dy Gleye	ed Matrix	(S4)	Coast Pra	irie Redox (A16) (LRR I	K , L , R)	
Hist	ic Epipedon (A2)		San	dy Redo	x (S5)			ace (S7) (LRR K, L)		
Blad	ck Histic (A3)		Stri	oped Ma	trix (S6)		5 cm Muc	ky Peat or Peat (S3) (LF	RR K, L, R)	
Hyd	lrogen Sulfide (A	4)	Loa	my Mucł	ky Minera	al (F1)	Iron-Mang	janese Masses (F12) (L	RR K, L, R)	
Stra	tified Layers (A5))	Loa	my Gley	ed Matrix	x (F2)	Very Shal	low Dark Surface (TF12)	
2 cr	n Muck (A10)		Dep	leted Ma	atrix (F3)		Other (ex	olain in remarks)		
Dep	leted Below Dark	Surface	(A11) Rec	lox Dark	Surface	(F6)				
Thic	ck Dark Surface (A12)	Dep	leted Da	ark Surfa	ce (F7)	*Indicators	of hydrophytic vegetatio	n and weltand	
San	idy Mucky Minera	ıl (S1)	Red	lox Depr	essions	(F8)	hydrology	must be present, unless	disturbed or	
5 cr	n Mucky Peat or	Peat (S3)					problematic		
Restrictive	Layer (if observe	od).								
Type:	Layer (II observ	cu).					Hydric soil	present? N		
Depth (inche	<i>76).</i>				•		riyane son	present: 11		
Remarks:					•					
HYDROLO	OGY									
	drology Indicate	ors:								
1	cators (minimum		required: check :	all that a	nnly)		Second	ary Indicators (minimum	of two required)	
	Water (A1)	OI OIIC IS	required, cricok i		Fauna (B	13)		urface Soil Cracks (B6)	rortwo required)	
	ter Table (A2)				uatic Plar	-		rainage Patterns (B10)		
Saturation	` '					Odor (C		ry-Season Water Table (C2)	
	arks (B1)						·	rayfish Burrows (C8)	<i></i> /	
	nt Deposits (B2)			(C3)				aturation Visible on Aeria	I Imagery (C9)	
	posits (B3)				e of Redu	uced Iron		tunted or Stressed Plants		
Algal Ma	it or Crust (B4)			Recent I	ron Redu	ction in T	illed Soils G	Geomorphic Position (D2)		
Iron Dep	osits (B5)			(C6)			F	AC-Neutral Test (D5)		
Inundation	on Visible on Aeria	l Imagery	/ (B7)	Thin Mu	ck Surfac	e (C7)				
Sparsely	Vegetated Conca	ve Surfa	ce (B8)	Gauge o	r Well Da	ata (D9)				
Water-S	tained Leaves (B9)		Other (E	xplain in	Remarks)			
Field Obser	vations:									
Surface water	er present?	Yes	No	Χ	Depth (i	nches):		Wetland		
Water table	present?	Yes	No	X	Depth (i	nches):		hydrology		
Saturation p		Yes	No	Х	Depth (i	nches):		present?	<u> </u>	
(includes ca	pillary fringe)									
Describe red	corded data (strea	am gauge	e, monitoring well	, aerial p	hotos, p	revious i	nspections), if avail	able:		
Remarks:										

APPENDIX D FLORISTIC QUALITY ASSESSMENTS

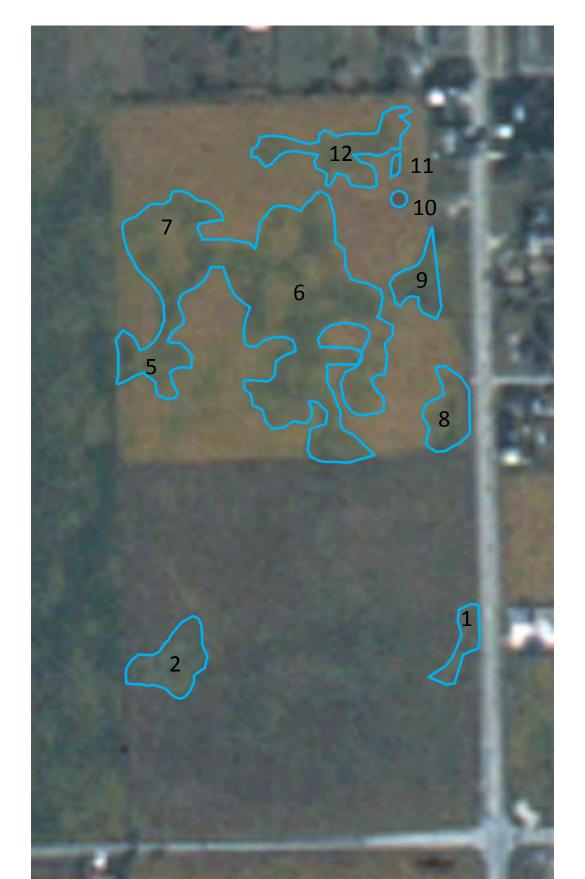
SITE: Crest Hill Property
LOCALE: Farmed Wetland 1
BY: Paul Bollinger (BEI)
NOTES: 9/2/2021

CONSERVATISM- BASED METRICS			ADDITIONAL METRICS
MEAN C (NATIVE SPECIES)	0.00	SPECIES RICHNESS (ALL)	15
MEAN C (ALL SPECIES) MEAN C	0.00	SPECIES RICHNESS (NATIVE)	6
(NATIVE TREES)	n/a	% NON-NATIVE	0.60
MEAN C (NATIVE SHRUBS) MEAN C	n/a	WET INDICATOR (ALL)	-0.20
(NATIVE HERBACEOUS)	0.00	WET INDICATOR (NATIVE)	-0.67
FQAI (NATIVE SPECIES) FQAI	0.00	% HYDROPHYTE (MIDWEST) % NATIVE	0.67
(ALL SPECIES)	0.00	PERENNIAL	0.07
ADJUSTED FQAI	0.00	% NATIVE ANNUAL	0.33
% C VALUE 0	1.00	% ANNUAL	0.87
% C VALUE 1-3	0.00	% PERENNIAL	0.13
% C VALUE 4-6 % C VALUE 7-10	0.00		
70 C VALUE 7-10	0.00		

	SPECIES NAME				MIDWEST		WET			
SPECIES	(NWPL/	SPECIES	COMMON		WET	NC-NE WET	INDICATOR			
ACRONYM	MOHLENBROCK)	(SYNONYM)	NAME	C VALUE	INDICATOR	INDICATOR	(NUMERIC)	HABIT	DURATION	NATIVITY
abuthe	Abutilon theophrasti	ABUTILON THEOPHRASTI	Velvetleaf	0	FACU	FACU	1	Forb	Annual	Adventive
amaret	Amaranthus retroflexus	AMARANTHUS RETROFLEXUS	Red-Root	0	FACU	FACU	1	Forb	Annual	Adventive
cypesc	Cyperus esculentus	Cyperus esculentus	Chufa	0	FACW	FACW	-1	Sedge	Perennial	Native
digisc	Digitaria ischaemum	DIGITARIA ISCHAEMUM	Smooth Crab Grass	0	FACU	FACU	1	Grass	Annual	Adventive
dipfus	Diplachne fusca	LEPTOCHLOA ACUMINATA; LEPTOCHLOA FASCULARIS	Bearded Sprangletop	0	OBL	OBL	-2	Grass	Annual	Adventive
echcru	Echinochloa crus-galli	Echinochloa crusgalli	Large Barnyard Grass	0	FACW	FAC	-1	Grass	Annual	Native
pacgla	Packera glabella	SENECIO GLABELLUS	Cress-Leaf Groundsel	0	FACW	FACW	-1	Forb	Annual	Adventive
pancap	Panicum capillare	Panicum capillare	Common Panic Grass	0	FAC	FAC	0	Grass	Annual	Native
pandic	Panicum dichotomiflorum	Panicum dichotomiflorum	Fall Panic Grass	0	FACW	FACW	-1	Grass	Annual	Native
		Polygonum lapathifolium;								
perlap	Persicaria lapathifolia	POLYGONUM SCABRUM;	Dock-Leaf Smartweed	0	FACW	FACW	-1	Forb	Annual	Native
		PERSICARIA SCABRA								
permac	Persicaria maculosa	POLYGONUM PERSICARIA	Lady's-Thumb	0	FACW	FAC	-1	Forb	Annual	Adventive
erehie	Senecio hieraciifolius	Erechtites hieracifolia	American Burnweed	0	FAC	FACU	0	Forb	Annual	Native
setfab	Setaria faberi	SETARIA FABERI	Japanese Bristle Grass	0	FACU	FACU	1	Grass	Annual	Adventive
setgla	Setaria pumila	SETARIA GLAUCA	Yellow Bristle Grass	0	FAC	FAC	0	Grass	Annual	Adventive
taroff	Taraxacum officinale	TARAXACUM OFFICINALE	Common Dandelion	0	FACU	FACU	1	Forb	Perennial	Adventive

APPENDIX E FARMED WETLAND AERIALS











1987 Swampbuster Map



City of
CREST HILL
Illinois

CITY OF CREST HILL Weber Road/Division Street TIF Exhibit 13: Low Areas

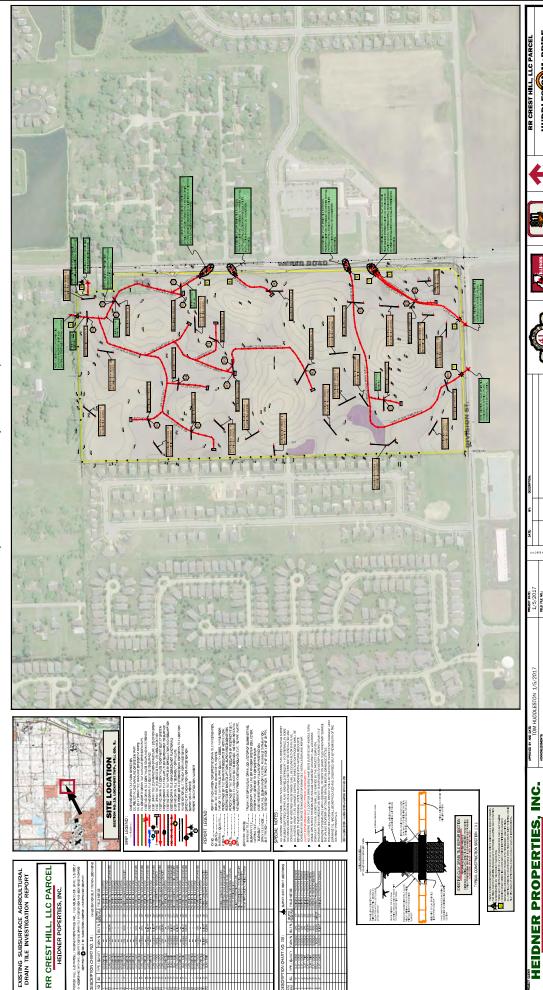


EXISTING AGRICULTURAL DRAIN TILE INVESTIGATION PLAN

RR CREST HILL, LLC PARCEL PREPARED FOR HELDNER POPERTIES, INC.

SECTION NO. 19, LOCKPORT TWP., WILL CO., IL.

Exhibit 14: Existing Agricultural Drain Tile Investigation



ERIC GRABOWSKI, PROJECT MANAGER 399 WALL STREET, UNIT H, GLENDALE HEIGHTS, IL, 60139

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