

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



	Page(s)
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1-4
GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	MD&A 1-9
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	5
Statement of Activities	6-7
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet	8
Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	9
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	10
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities	11
Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Net Position	12
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	13
Statement of Cash Flows	14-15
Fiduciary Fund	
Statement of Net Position	16
Statement of Changes in Net Position	17
Notes to Financial Statements	18-40

Page(s)

GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)	
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	
Budget and Actual - General Fund	41
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	42
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	
Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the	
Net Pension Liability	43
Schedule of Employer Contributions	44
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND	
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES	
Major Governmental Funds	
General Fund	
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual	45
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual	46-49
Capital Improvements Fund	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	
Budget and Actual	50
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	51
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances	52
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	
Motor Fuel Tax Fund	53
Tax Increment Financing Fund	54
Major Enterprise Funds	
Water Fund	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	
Net Position - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis	55
Schedule of Operating Expenses - Budget and Actual -	
Budgetary Basis	56

TOWN OF CORTLAND, ILLINOIS TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

Page(s)

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES (Continued)	
Major Enterprise Funds (Continued)	
Sewer Fund	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	57
Net Position - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis Schedule of Operating Expenses - Budget and Actual -	57
Budgetary Basis	58
Fiduciary Funds	
Custodial Funds	
Combining Statement of Net Position	59
Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position	60
SUPPLEMENTAL DATA (UNAUDITED)	
Long-Term Debt Requirements	
Building Note Payable	61
IEPA Loan Payable	62
Schedule of Assessed Valuations, Tax Rates, Tax Extensions	
and Tax Collections	63
Schedule of Legal Debt Margin	64
COMPLIANCE SECTION	
INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE	
WITH STATE OF ILLINOIS PUBLIC ACT 85-1142	65



1415 West Diehl Road, Suite 400 Naperville, IL 60563 630.566.8400

SIKICH.COM

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Trustees Town of Cortland, Illinois

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Cortland, Illinois (the Town) as of and for the year ended April 30, 2022 and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Cortland, Illinois, as of April 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under these standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises supplemental data but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 12, 2022, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sikich LLP

Naperville, Illinois September 12, 2022

GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2022

Our discussion and analysis of the Town of Cortland's financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements, which begin on page 5.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Town's net position increased from \$34,158,772 to \$35,111,649 an increase of \$952,877 or 2.79%.
- During the year, government-wide revenues totaled \$5,105,002, while government-wide expenses totaled \$4,152,125 resulting in an increase of net position of \$952,877.
- Total fund balances for the governmental funds were \$2,133,139 at April 30, 2022 compared to \$1,193,032 in the prior year, an increase of \$940,107.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 5-7) provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances. Fund financial statements begin on page 8. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operation in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Town acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The government wide financial statements can be found on pages 5 - 7 of this report.

The Statement of Net Position reports information on all of the Town's assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating. Consideration of other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's roads, is needed to assess the overall health of the Town.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

MD&A 1

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2022

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT - Continued

Government-Wide Financial Statements - Continued

Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Both of the government-wide financial statements report functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and charges for services revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety and highways and streets. The business-type activities of the Town include water and sewer.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Town's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains eight individual governmental funds, General Fund, Motor Fuel Tax Fund, Tax Increment Financing Fund, Capital Improvement Fund, Special Service Areas #9-10 Fund, Special Service Area #1 Fund, and Special Service Ares #4-8 Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and Capital Improvements Fund, both of which are considered major funds. Data from the other remaining governmental funds is presented in aggregate on the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.

MD&A 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2022

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT - Continued

Governmental Funds - Continued

The Town adopts an annual budget for the General Fund, Capital Improvements Fund, Motor Fuel Tax Fund, and Tax Increment Financing Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule for these funds has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 8 - 11 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The Town maintains one type of proprietary fund, enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government–wide financial statements. The Town utilizes enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer operations.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Fund and Sewer Fund, which are major funds of the Town.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 15 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The accounting use for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The Town has three fiduciary funds: Special Service Area #1 Fund, Special Service Area #4-8 Fund, and Special Service Area #9-10. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 16 and 17 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 38 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability and employer contributions for the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) and budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 41 - 44 of this report. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found immediately after the required supplementary information, on pages 45 - 60 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2022

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT - Continued

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following tables show that in the case of the Town, assets/deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities/deferred inflows of resources by \$35.1 million.

_		nmental	l	Busin	ess-type				
	Acti	vities		Act	ivities	Total			
	2022	#	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 3,968,240	3	,095,877	3,035,122	2,450,895	7,003,362	5,546,772		
Capital Assets	12,210,562	12	,351,087	18,877,153	19,611,825	31,087,715	31,962,912		
Total Assets	16,178,802	15	,446,964	21,912,275	22,062,720	38,091,077	37,509,684		
Deferred Outflow of Resources	222,351		92,635	75,315	49,437	297,666	142,072		
Total Assets & Deferred Outflows	16,401,153	15	,539,599	21,987,590	22,112,157	38,388,743	37,651,756		
Long-Term Debt	445,476		565,214	706,433	737,931	1,151,909	1,303,145		
Other Liabilities	1,015,700	1	,164,621	26,424	73,388	1,042,124	1,238,009		
Total Liabilities	1,461,176	1	,729,835	732,857	811,319	2,194,033	2,541,154		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,023,043		909,075	60,018	42,755	1,083,061	951,830		
Total Liab. & Deferred Inflows	2,484,219	2	,638,910	792,875	854,074	3,277,094	3,492,984		
Net Position Net Investment in									
Capital Assets	11,829,818	11	,931,596	18,203,347	18,890,764	30,033,165	30,822,360		
Restricted	1,473,093		,201,877	135,600	135,600	1,608,693	1,337,477		
Unrestricted (Deficit)	614,023		(232,784)	2,855,768	2,231,719	3,469,791	1,998,935		
Total Net Position	13,916,934	12	,900,689	21,194,715	21,258,083	35,111,649	34,158,772		

By far the largest portion of the Town's net position or 85.5% reflects its investment in capital assets (for example, land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion or 4.5% of the Town's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining 10% represents unrestricted net position and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

MD&A 4

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2022

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - Continued

	Changes in Net Position							
		nmental		ss-Type				
		Activities		vities	Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Revenues								
Program Revenues								
Charges for Services	\$ 131,185	185,578	1,221,531	1,171,082	1,352,716	1,356,660		
Operating Grants/Contrib.	170,222	473,988	5,028	4,737	175,250	478,725		
Capital Grants/Contrib.	105,770	54,987	-	-	105,770	54,987		
General Revenues								
Property Taxes	716,892	697,568	-	-	716,892	697,568		
Utility Taxes	169,603	142,434	-	-	169,603	142,434		
Replacement Taxes	3,329	1,875	-	-	3,329	1,875		
Sales and Use Taxes	989,134	810,550	-	-	989,134	810,550		
Income Taxes	622,498	489,502	-	-	622,498	489,502		
Other Taxes	67,906	207,975	-	-	67,906	207,975		
Interest Income	2,871	3,544	2,469	3,444	5,340	6,988		
Miscellaneous / Other	687,472	127,838	209,092	26,691	896,564	154,529		
Gain on Sale of Capital	-	-	-	21,000	-	21,000		
Total Revenues	3,666,882	3,195,839	1,438,120	1,226,954	5,105,002	4,422,793		
Expenses								
General Government	578,607	611,692	-	-	578,607	611,692		
Public Safety	904,828	1,013,566	-	-	904,828	1,013,566		
Highways and Streets	951,654	730,751	-	-	951,654	730,751		
Building	206,096	245,845	-	-	206,096	245,845		
Interest on Long-Term Debt	9,452	18,383	-	-	9,452	18,383		
Water	-		768,705	787,035	768,705	787,035		
Sewer	-	-	732,783	771,996	732,783	771,996		
Total Expenses	2,650,637	2,620,237	1,501,488	1,559,031	4,152,125	4,179,268		
Change in Net Position	1,016,245	575,602	(63,368)	(332,077)	952,877	243,525		
Net Position - Beginning	12,900,689	12,325,087	21,258,083	21,590,160	34,158,772	33,915,247		
Net Position - Ending	13,916,934	12,900,689	21,194,715	21,258,083	35,111,649	34,158,772		

The Town's net position increased by \$952,877. Government-wide revenues totaled \$5,105,002, while government-wide expenses totaled \$4,152,125.

MD&A 5

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2022

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - Continued

Governmental Activities - Continued

The following table graphically depicts the major revenue sources of the Town. It depicts very clearly the reliance of property taxes and sales and use taxes to fund governmental activities.



Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

The following Expenses and Program Revenues Table identifies those governmental functions where program expenses greatly exceed revenues. The general government, public safety and highways and streets functions charge user fees for services provided. The user fees charged do not cover the expenses, which furthermore signifies the Town's reliance on general revenues such as property and sales tax.





Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2022

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued

Business-Type Activities

Revenues for business-type activities totaled \$1,438,120, while expenses totaled \$1,501,488 resulting in a decrease to business-type net position of \$63,368. Water and sewer expenses decreased from \$1,559,031 in the prior year to \$1,501,488 in the current year. The decrease in expenses is related to decreases in personnel services for both the Water and Sewer Funds.



The above graph compares program revenues to expenses for water and sewer operations. The graph shows that revenues for the water and sewer operations are not able to cover expenses.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,133,139. The prior years combined ending fund balances totaled \$1,193,032.

In the current year, governmental fund balances increased by \$940,107. The General Fund reported an increase of \$533,881. The Capital Improvements Fund reported a decrease of \$191,406. The Nonmajor governmental funds reported an increase of \$214,820.

MD&A 7

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2022

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund actual revenues were higher than budgeted revenues. Actual revenues for the current year were \$2,493,835 compared to budgeted revenues of \$2,038,515.

The General Fund actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures. Actual expenditures totaled \$2,288,509, while budgeted expenditures totaled \$2,440,273.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of April 30, 2022, was \$31,087,715 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, vehicles and equipment, and infrastructure.

The total decrease in the Town's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$875,197. The depreciation expense charged for the year was \$962,191. The town had vehicle and equipment capital additions for the year of \$86,994.

		Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation								
		Govern	mental	Busines	ss-type					
	_	Activ	vities	Activ	vities	To	tal			
		2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021			
Land	\$	6,370,884	6,370,884	1,156,775	1,156,775	7,527,659	7,527,659			
Building and Improvements		926,836	956,418	-	-	926,836	956,418			
Vehicles and Equipment		258,551	243,536	129,207	159,126	387,758	402,662			
Infrastructure		4,654,291	4,780,249	17,591,171	18,295,924	22,245,462	23,076,173			
Total	_	12,210,562	12,351,087	18,877,153	19,611,825	31,087,715	31,962,912			

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on page 27 of this report.

Debt Administration

At year-end, the Town had total governmental debt outstanding of \$1,054,550 compared to \$1,397,048 the previous year. The following is a comparative statement of outstanding debt:

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2022

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION - Continued

Debt Administration - Continued

	Long-Term Debt Outstanding								
	Govern	mental	Busines	ss-type					
	Activ	ities	Activ	ities	Тс	otal			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021			
Loans Payable	\$ -	-	-	-	-	-			
Notes Payable	380,744	419,491	-	-	380,744	419,491			
Compensated Absences	52,099	39,504	-	-	52,099	39,504			
Net Pension Liability	12,633	152,867	2,627	34,125	15,260	186,992			
Asset Retirement Obligation	-	-	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000			
IEPA Loans Payable	-	-	673,806	721,061	673,806	721,061			
Total	445,476	611,862	706,433	785,186	1,151,909	1,397,048			

Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The Town's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year budget, including tax rates, and fees that will be charged for its various activities. One of those factors is the economy. The Town is faced with a similar economic environment as many of the other local municipalities are faced with, including inflation and unemployment rates.

As of the date of this report it has been determined that of the impact of COVID-19 on the Town's operations and financial position has been negligible.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Town of Cortland, 59 South Somonauk Road, PO Box 519, Cortland, Illinois 60112-0519.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

April 30, 2022

	Р	Primary Government					
	Governmental	Business-Type					
	Activities	Activities	Total				
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,972,646	\$ 2,762,964 \$	5,735,610				
Receivables (net, where applicable,	\$ 2,972,040	φ 2,702,904 φ	5,755,010				
of allowances for uncollectible)							
Property taxes	734,385	-	734,385				
Accounts	4,026	267,469	271,495				
Due from other governments	233,307	-	233,307				
Prepaid items	23,903	4,689	28,592				
Capital assets							
Not depreciated	6,370,884	1,156,775	7,527,659				
Depreciated (net of accumulated depreciation)	5,839,678	17,720,378	23,560,056				
Total assets	16,178,829	21,912,275	38,091,104				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pension related items	222,351	46,215	268,566				
Asset retirement obligation	,001	29,100	29,100				
-		27,100	29,100				
Total deferred outflows of resources	222,351	75,315	297,666				
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	16,401,180	21,987,590	38,388,770				
LIABILITIES							
Customer deposits	928,769	800	929,569				
Accounts payable	22,699	21,600	44,299				
Accrued payroll	24,742	2,763	27,505				
Accrued interest	1,261	1,261	2,522				
Unearned revenue	38,229	1,201	38,229				
Long-term liabilities	50,227		50,227				
Due within one year	50,347	48,172	98,519				
-	395,129						
Due in more than one year		658,261	1,053,390				
Total liabilities	1,461,176	732,857	2,194,033				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pension related items	288,658	60,018	348,676				
Property taxes	734,385	-	734,385				
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,023,043	60,018	1,083,061				
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	2,484,219	792,875	3,277,094				
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	11,829,818	18,203,347	30,033,165				
Restricted							
Parks	14,306	-	14,306				
Capital improvements	531,452	_	531,452				
Special service areas	28,647	-	28,647				
Debt service	51,623	-	51,623				
		-					
Highways and streets	449,698	-	449,698				
Economic development	397,394	-	397,394				
Radium removal	-	135,600	135,600				
Unrestricted	614,023	2,855,768	3,469,791				
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 13,916,961	\$ 21,194,715 \$	35,111,676				

See accompanying notes to financial statements. - 5 -

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

			Program Revenues							
			Charges			perating rants and		Capital rants and		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS]	Expenses	fo	or Services	Cor	ntributions	Contributions			
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT										
Governmental Activities										
General government	\$	578,607	\$	118,027	\$	-	\$	2,509		
Public safety		904,828		9,158		-		829		
Highways and streets		951,654		4,000		170,222		102,432		
Building		206,096		-		-		-		
Interest		9,452		-		-		-		
Total governmental activities		2,650,637		131,185		170,222		105,770		
Business-Type Activities										
Water		768,705		604,143		-		-		
Sewer		732,783		617,388		5,028		-		
Total business-type activities		1,501,488		1,221,531		5,028		-		
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	4,152,125	\$	1,352,716	\$	175,250	\$	105,770		

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Positio Primary Government							
		nmental		ness-Typ	e			
	Acti	vities	Ac	tivities		Total		
	\$	(458,071)	\$	-	\$	(458,071)		
		894,841)		-		(894,841)		
		(675,000)		-		(675,000)		
		206,096)		-		(206,096)		
		(9,452)		-		(9,452)		
	(2	,243,460)		-		(2,243,460)		
			_		_			
		-		(164,56	2)	(164,562)		
		-		(110,36	· ·	(110,367)		
		-		(274,92	9)	(274,929)		
	(2	,243,460)		(274,92	9)	(2,518,389)		
		716,892		-		716,892		
		169,603		-		169,603		
		3,329		-		3,329		
S		67,906		-		67,906		
s		989,134		-		989,134		
		622,498		-		622,498		
		574,141		-		574,141		
		2,898		2,46	9	5,367		
		113,331		209,09	2	322,423		
asset		-		-		-		
	3	,259,732		211,56	1	3,471,293		
ON	1	,016,272		(63,36	8)	952,904		
	12	,900,689	2	21,258,08	3	34,158,772		
L 30	\$ 13	,916,961	\$ 2	21,194,71	5\$	35,111,676		

See accompanying notes to financial statements. - 7 -

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

April 30, 2022

		General		Capital provements		Nonmajor wernmental Funds		Total
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net, where applicable, of allowances for uncollectibles)	\$	1,908,126	\$	203,109	\$	861,411	\$	2,972,646
Property taxes Accounts		734,385 4,026		-		-		734,385 4,026
Due from other funds Due from other governments		515 133,031		- 85,948		- 14,328		515 233,307
Advances to other funds Prepaid items		77,238 23,903		-		-		77,238 23,903
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,881,224	\$	289,057	\$	875,739	\$	4,046,020
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES	¢		.		<i>•</i>		<i>•</i>	
Customer deposits	\$	928,769	\$	-	\$	-	\$	928,769
Accounts payable		22,699		-		-		22,699
Accrued payroll		24,742		-		-		24,742
Unearned revenue Due to other funds		38,229		- 515		-		38,229 515
Advances from other funds		-		77,238		-		
		-		,				77,238
Total liabilities		1,014,439		77,753		-		1,092,192
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		721 205						724 295
Property taxes Unavailable state taxes		734,385 55,322		- 30,955		-		734,385
								86,277
Total deferred inflows of resources		789,707		30,955		-		820,662
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable - prepaid items Prepaid items		23,903						23,903
Advances		77,238		_		_		77,238
Restricted		11,230						11,250
Parks		14,306		-		-		14,306
Capital improvements		531,452		-		-		531,452
Special service areas		-		-		28,647		28,647
Debt service		51,623		-		-		51,623
Highways and streets		-		-		449,698		449,698
Economic development		-		-		397,394		397,394
Unrestricted								
Assigned for capital improvements		-		180,349		-		180,349
Unassigned		378,556		-		-		378,556
Total fund balances		1,077,078		180,349		875,739		2,133,166
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	2,881,224	\$	289,057	\$	875,739	\$	4,046,020

See accompanying notes to financial statements. - 8 -

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

April 30, 2022

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 2,133,166
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	12,210,562
Certain revenues that are deferred in governmental funds are recognized as revenue in the governmental activities	86,277
Deferred outflows of resources related to the Town's participation in IMRF are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	222,351
Deferred inflows of resources related to the Town's participation in IMRF are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	(288,658)
Some liabilities reported in the governmental activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds	
Net pension liability	(12,633)
Compensated absences	(52,099)
Notes payable	(380,744)
Accrued interest payable	 (1,261)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 13.916.961

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	 General	Im	Capital provements	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 726,525	\$	541,035	\$ 274,211 \$	1,541,771
Intergovernmental	1,586,964		-	264,026	1,850,990
Charges for services	32,486		-	-	32,486
Licenses and permits	64,020		-	-	64,020
Fines and forfeitures	9,158		-	-	9,158
Investment income	1,372		713	813	2,898
Miscellaneous	 73,337		1,853	75,627	150,817
Total revenues	 2,493,862		543,601	614,677	3,652,140
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	531,910		-	72,144	604,054
Public safety	773,178		-	-	773,178
Highways and streets	609,722		-	327,713	937,435
Building	206,096		-	-	206,096
Capital outlay	116,475		23,640	-	140,115
Debt service					
Principal	38,747		-	-	38,747
Interest and fiscal charges	 12,381		-	-	12,381
Total expenditures	 2,288,509		23,640	399,857	2,712,006
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF	205.252		5 10.051	214.020	0.40.404
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	 205,353		519,961	214,820	940,134
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	328,555		-	-	328,555
Transfers (out)	 -		(328,555)	-	(328,555)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 328,555		(328,555)	-	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	533,908		191,406	214,820	940,134
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), MAY 1	 543,170		(11,057)	660,919	1,193,032
FUND BALANCES, APRIL 30	\$ 1,077,078	\$	180,349	\$ 875,739 \$	2,133,166

See accompanying notes to financial statements. - 10 -

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 940,134
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures; however, they are capitalized and depreciated in the statement of activities	86,994
Depreciation on capital assets is reported as an expense in the statement of activities	(227,519)
Certain revenue recognition is different on the full accrual basis than on the modified accrual basis	14,769
The change in deferred outflows is reported as an expense on the statement of activities	129,716
The change in deferred inflows is reported as an expense on the statement of activities	(97,137)
The change in the net pension liability is reported as an expense on the statement of activities	140,234
The repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure when due in governmental funds but as a reduction of principal outstanding in the statement of activities	38,747
The change in accrued interest payable is reported as interest expense on the statement of activities	2,929
The change in compensated absences payable is shown as an expense on the statement of activities	 (12,595)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 1,016,272

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

April 30, 2022

	Water	Sewer	Total
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 937,326	\$ 1,825,638	\$ 2,762,964
Receivables (net, where applicable,		. ,,	, ,,.
of allowances for uncollectibles)			
Accounts	120,887	146,582	267,469
Prepaid items	1,062	3,627	4,689
Total current assets	1,059,275	1,975,847	3,035,122
NONCURRENT ASSETS			
Capital assets			
Nondepreciable	20,000	1,136,775	1,156,775
Depreciable	13,176,111	17,663,787	30,839,898
Accumulated depreciation	(5,672,665)	(7,446,855)	(13,119,520)
Total noncurrent assets	7,523,446	11,353,707	18,877,153
Total assets	8,582,721	13,329,554	21,912,275
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related items	27,729	18,486	46,215
Asset retirement obligation	29,100	-	29,100
Total deferred outflows of resources	56,829	18,486	75,315
Total assets and deferred outflows			
of resources	8,639,550	13,348,040	21,987,590
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	9,895	11,705	21,600
Accrued payroll	1,658	1,105	2,763
Accrued interest	-	1,261	1,261
Customer deposits	800	-	800
IEPA loan payable		48,172	48,172
Total current liabilities	12,353	62,243	74,596
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES			
IEPA loan payable, net of current portion	-	625,634	625,634
Net pension liability	1,576	1,051	2,627
Asset retirement obligation	30,000	-	30,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	31,576	626,685	658,261
Total liabilities	43,929	688,928	732,857
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related items	36,011	24,007	60,018
Total liabilities and deferred inflows			
of resources	79,940	712,935	792,875
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	7,523,446	10,679,901	18,203,347
Restricted for radium removal	135,600	-	135,600
Unrestricted	900,564	1,955,204	2,855,768
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 8,559,610	\$ 12,635,105	\$ 21,194,715

See accompanying notes to financial statements. - 12 -

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	 Water	Sewer	Total
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services			
Customer charges	\$ 526,543 \$	547,388 \$	1,073,931
Permits and hook up fees	77,600	70,000	147,600
Miscellaneous	 6,273	25,819	32,092
Total operating revenues	 610,416	643,207	1,253,623
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Operations	448,849	304,064	752,913
Depreciation and amortization	 319,856	415,116	734,972
Total operating expenses	 768,705	719,180	1,487,885
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	 (158,289)	(75,973)	(234,262)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Grant revenue	-	5,028	5,028
Connection fees	87,500	89,500	177,000
Investment income	874	1,595	2,469
Interest expense	 -	(13,603)	(13,603)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 88,374	82,520	170,894
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(69,915)	6,547	(63,368)
NET POSITION, MAY 1	 8,629,525	12,628,558	21,258,083
NET POSITION, APRIL 30	\$ 8,559,610 \$	12,635,105 \$	21,194,715

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	 Water	Sewer	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 614,607 \$	643,747 \$	1,258,354
Payments to employees	(152,680)	(101,347)	(254,027)
Payments to suppliers	 (319,101)	(222,777)	(541,878)
Net cash from operating activities	 142,826	319,623	462,449
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Intergovernmental	-	5,028	5,028
Connection fees	87,500	89,500	177,000
Net cash from noncapital financing activities	 87,500	94,528	182,028
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received	 874	1,595	2,469
Net cash from investing activities	 874	1,595	2,469
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Principal paid on long-term debt	-	(47,255)	(47,255)
Interest paid on long-term debt	 -	(13,793)	(13,793)
Net cash from capital and related			
financing activities	 -	(61,048)	(61,048)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND	221 200	254 600	505 000
CASH EQUIVALENTS	231,200	354,698	585,898
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, MAY 1	 706,126	1,470,940	2,177,066
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, APRIL 30	\$ 937,326 \$	1,825,638 \$	2,762,964

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	 Water	Sewer	Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME			
(LOSS) TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Operating income (loss)	\$ (158,289) \$	(75,973) \$	(234,262)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to			
net cash from operating activities			
Depreciation and amortization	319,856	415,116	734,972
Changes in assets and liabilities			
Receivables	4,191	540	4,731
Prepaid items	317	(3,377)	(3,060)
Deferred outflows	(15,707)	(10,471)	(26,178)
Accounts payable	1,253	(115)	1,138
Accrued payroll	(254)	(403)	(657)
Net pension liability	(18,899)	(12,599)	(31,498)
Deferred inflows	10,358	6,905	17,263
Total adjustments	 301,115	395,596	696,711
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 142,826 \$	319,623 \$	462,449

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

April 30, 2	2022
-------------	------

	Custodial	
ASSETS		
Cash	\$	917,074
Total assets		917,074
LIABILITIES		
None		-
Total liabilities		_
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES None		
Total deferred inflows of resources		-
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		-
NET POSITION		
Restricted for debt service		917,074
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	917,074

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

	(Custodial
ADDITIONS		
Contributions		
Property owner	\$	613,510
Proceeds from sale of parcel		12,886
Investment income		
Interest		245
Total additions		626,641
DEDUCTIONS		
Contractual services		
Accounting and financial services		167,218
Debt service		
Principal retirement		337,000
Interest		3,986,910
Total deductions		4,491,128
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(3,864,487)
NET POSITION		
May 1		4,781,561
April 30	\$	917,074

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

April 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Cortland, Illinois (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

a. Reporting Entity

The Town is a municipal corporation governed by an elected President and Board of Trustees. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town (the primary government).

Based on the criteria of GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*, there are no component units for which the Town is considered to be financially accountable for.

b. Fund Accounting

The Town uses funds to report on its financial position and the changes in its financial position. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The minimum number of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. Funds are classified into the following categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of the Town's general activities including the collection and disbursement of restricted or committed monies (special revenue funds), the funds committed, restricted or assigned for the acquisition or construction of capital assets (capital projects funds) and the funds committed, restricted or assigned for the servicing of long-term debt (debt service funds). The General Fund is used to account for all activities of the general government not accounted for in some other fund.

b. Fund Accounting (Continued)

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful for sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the government (internal service funds).

Fiduciary funds are used to account for fiduciary activities (e.g., assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments). The Town utilizes custodial funds to account for funds received and reserved for debt service on the noncommitment debt.

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. The effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and shared revenues that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Town, except those accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Improvements Fund, a capital projects fund, is used to fund capital improvements of the Town. It is primarily funded by utility and simplified telecommunications taxes and non-home rule sales tax.

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Fund accounts for the water billings and expenses incurred for providing those services to residents.

The Sewer Fund accounts for the sewer billings and expenses incurred for providing those services to residents.

Additionally, the Town reports three custodial funds (Special Service Area #1, Special Service Area #4-8 and Special Service Area #9-10). Custodial funds are used to account for special service area collection of taxes from benefited property owners for payment to bondholders where the Town is acting in only an agent capacity.

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues and additions are recorded when earned and expenses and deductions are recorded when a liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied (i.e., intended to finance). Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Operating revenues and expenses are directly attributable to the operation of the proprietary funds. Non-operating revenue/expenses are incidental to the operations of these funds.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, generally 60 days. The Town recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable in the year for which they are levied (i.e., intended to finance). Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as expenditures when due.

Property taxes, sales taxes owed from the state at year end, franchise taxes, licenses, charges for services and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and are recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Fines and permits revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues (e.g., federal and state grants), the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidelines. There are, however, essentially two types of revenues. In one, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the Town; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are generally revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed eligibility requirements, such as equal employment opportunity. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if they meet the availability criterion.

The Town reports unearned revenue and deferred/unavailable revenue on its financial statements. Deferred/unavailable revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period, under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Unearned revenue arises when a revenue is measurable but not earned under the accrual basis of accounting. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the Town before it has a legal claim to them or prior to the provision of services, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the Town has a legal claim to the resources, the liability or deferred inflows of resource for unearned and deferred/unavailable revenue are removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

e. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents on the statement of net position are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and cash with fiscal agent. For the purpose of the proprietary funds' statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash with fiscal agent and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

f. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. Investments that do not have any established market, if any, are reported at estimated fair value.

g. Prepaid Items/Expenses

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report are recorded as prepaid items/expenses and are accounted for using the consumption method.

h. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$10,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the Town as a whole. Infrastructure such as streets and signs are capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement costs.

Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation basis for proprietary fund capital assets are the same as those used for the general capital assets. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated acquisition value on the date donated.

Depreciation on all assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

_ _

	Years
Buildings and improvements	7-50
Vehicles and equipment	5
Software	5
Infrastructure	50
Water distribution system	35-40
Water and sewer equipment	5-10
Sewerage system	30-60
1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

i. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as any gains (losses) on refundings, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the year of issuance. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

j. Net Position/Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that are either not spendable in form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restrictions of fund balance are reported for amounts constrained by legal restrictions from outside parties for use for a specific purpose, or externally imposed by outside entities. None of the restricted fund balance result from enabling legislation adopted by the Town. Committed fund balance is constrained by formal actions of the Town's Board of Trustees, which is considered the Town's highest level of decision-making authority. Formal actions include resolutions and ordinances approved by the Board of Trustees. Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained by the Town's intent to use them for a specific purpose. The authority to assign fund balance has been delegated to the Town Administrator by the Board of Trustees. Any residual fund balance of the General Fund is reported as unassigned. Any deficit fund balances in other governmental funds are also reported as unassigned.

The Town's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending the Town considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned and then unassigned funds.

In the government-wide financial statements, restricted net position is legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Net investment in capital assets represents the Town's investment in the book value of capital assets, less any outstanding debt that was issued to construct or acquire the capital asset. Net position of the Town has not been restricted as a result of enabling legislation enacted by the Town.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

k. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

l. Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivables balances for governmental activities include property taxes, sales and use taxes, income taxes, franchise taxes and grants. Business-type activities report water and sewer charges as their major receivables.

m. Compensated Absences

The Town accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulation rights to receive sick pay benefits.

All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

n. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

o. Postponement of Implementation of Certain Authoritative Guidance

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effect Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*, the Town has delayed the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, to April 30, 2023.

2. PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

Property taxes for 2021 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1 and September 1. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically. Since the 2021 levy is intended to finance the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023, the levy is recorded as a receivable and deferred inflow of resources. The 2022 tax levy has not been recorded as a receivable at April 30, 2022. Although the tax attached as a lien on property as of January 1, 2022, the tax will not be levied until December 2022 and, accordingly, is not measurable at April 30, 2022.

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Town maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and cash equivalents." In addition, investments are separately held by several of the Town's funds.

Permitted Deposits and Investments

Statutes authorize the Town to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, obligations of states and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services and The Illinois Funds.

The Illinois Public Treasurers' Investment Pool, known as The Illinois Funds, operates as a qualified external investment pool in accordance with the criteria established in GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*, and thus, reports all investments at amortized cost rather than fair value. The investment in The Illinois Funds by participants is also reported at amortized cost. The Illinois Funds does not have any limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals. The Illinois Treasurer's Office issues a separate financial report for The Illinois Funds which may be obtained by contacting the Administrative Office at Illinois Business Center, 400 West Monroe Street, Suite 401, Springfield, Illinois 62704.

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Permitted Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Town does not have any recurring investments requiring fair value measurement disclosure as of April 30, 2022.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Town's investment policy limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to match cash flow demands. The investment policy limits the maximum maturity length of investments to two years from date of purchase, unless matched to a specific cash flow. Investments of reserved funds may be purchased with maturities exceeding two years if they are made to coincide with cash flow needs.

Custodial Credit Risk

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. The Town's investment policy requires pledging of collateral of all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance with the collateral evidenced by a written agreement and held at an independent third party in the name of the Town. At year end, the entire bank balance of deposits was covered by collateral, federal depository insurance. For an investment, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. To limit its exposure, the Town's investment policy requires all security transactions that are exposed to be delivered versus payment (DVP) basis with the underlying investments held by an independent third party custodian designated by the treasurer and evidenced by safekeeping receipts. The Town's investment in The Illinois Fund is not subject to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Town's investment policy does not address credit risk. The Town's investment in The Illinois Funds was rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Concentration Credit Risk

This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Town's investment in a single issuer. The Town's investment policy states that diversification can be by type of investment, institution and length of maturity. At year end, the Town's investment in The Illinois Funds represents over 5% of the total cash and investment portfolio.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 6,370,884	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,370,884
Total capital assets not being depreciated	6,370,884	-	-	6,370,884
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	1,293,872	-	-	1,293,872
Vehicles and equipment	1,253,253	86,994	-	1,340,247
Infrastructure	6,297,889	-	_	6,297,889
Total capital assets being depreciated	8,845,014	86,994	-	8,932,008
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings and improvements	337,454	29,582	-	367,036
Vehicles and equipment	1,009,717	71,979	-	1,081,696
Infrastructure	1,517,640	125,958	_	1,643,598
Total accumulated depreciation	2,864,811	227,519	_	3,092,330
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	5,980,203	(140,525)	-	5,839,678
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 12,351,087	\$ (140,525)	\$ -	\$ 12,210,562

TOWN OF CORTLAND, ILLINOIS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,156,775	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,156,775
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,156,775	-	-	1,156,775
Capital assets being depreciated				
Vehicles and equipment	863,382	-	-	863,382
Infrastructure	29,976,516	-	-	29,976,516
Total capital assets being depreciated	30,839,898	-	-	30,839,898
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Vehicles and equipment	704,256	29,919	-	734,175
Infrastructure	11,680,592	704,753	-	12,385,345
Total accumulated depreciation	12,384,848	734,672	-	13,119,520
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	18,455,050	(734,672)		17,720,378
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES				
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 19,611,825	\$ (734,672)	\$ -	\$ 18,877,153

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Public safety Highways and streets	\$ 188,668 38,851
TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 227,519
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Water Sewer	\$ 319,556 415,116
TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE - BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	\$ 734,672

5. LONG-TERM DEBT

a. Notes Payable (Direct Placement)

The Town enters into notes payable to provide funds typically for acquisition of capital assets. Notes payable have been issued for the governmental activities. Notes payable currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	-	Beginning Balance Issuances Retirements		Ending Balance		Current Portion	
Building Note Payable - due in semi-annual installments of \$25,564 including interest at 2.98% through June 30, 2030.	\$ 419,	491 \$		\$ 38,747	\$ 380,744	\$	39,927
TOTAL NOTES PAYABLE (DIRECT PLACEMENT)	\$ 419,	491 \$	-	\$ 38,747	\$ 380,744	\$	39,927

b. IEPA Loans Payable

The Town has entered into a loan agreement with the IEPA to provide low interest financing for waterworks and sewerage improvements. The IEPA loan currently outstanding is as follows:

Issue	Beginning Balance Issuances Retirements		Ending Balance		Current Portion			
IEPA #L175003 Loan Payable of 2013 - due in semiannual installments including interest at 1.93% through September 25, 2034.	\$	721,061	\$ _	\$ 47,255	\$	673,806	\$	48,172
TOTAL IEPA LOANS PAYABLE	\$	721,061	\$ -	\$ 47,255	\$	673,806	\$	48,172

5. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

c. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

During the fiscal year, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the governmental long-term liabilities:

]	Balances May 1			Balances April 30		Current Portion		
Notes payable (direct placement) Compensated absences Net pension liability	\$	419,491 39,504 152,867	\$	20,496	\$ 38,747 7,901 140,234	\$	380,744 52,099 12,633	\$	39,927 10,420
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	\$	611,862	\$	20,496	\$ 186,882	\$	445,476	\$	50,347

The General Fund has typically been used in prior years to liquidate the liability for the net pension liability and compensated absences.

During the fiscal year, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities reported in the business-type activities:

]	Balances May 1	I	ssuances	Re	tirements	_	Balances April 30	Current Portion
IEPA loans payable Net pension liability Asset retirement obligation	\$	721,061 34,125 30,000	\$	- -	\$	47,255 31,498	\$	673,806 2,627 30,000	\$ 48,172
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	\$	785,186	\$	_	\$	78,753	\$	706,433	\$ 48,172

d. Debt Service to Maturity Requirements

The annual debt service to maturity, including principal and interest, are as follows:

Year Ending		Notes I (Direct P	•			
April 30,	F	Principal		Interest		
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028-2031	\$	39,927 41,142 42,369 43,684 45,014 168,608	\$	11,202 9,985 8,759 7,443 6,114 10,339		
TOTAL	\$	380,744	\$	53,842		

5. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

d. Debt Service to Maturity Requirements (Continued)

Year Ending		IEPA Loans Payable						
April 30,	P	rincipal	Interest					
2023	\$	48,172	\$	12,775				
2024	Ψ	49,106	Ψ	11,841				
2025		50,058		10,889				
2026		51,029		9,918				
2027		52,018		8,928				
2028-2032		275,622		29,112				
2033-2035		147,801		4,306				
TOTAL	\$	673,806	\$	87,769				

e. Special Service Area Bonds

On February 23, 2017, the Town issued \$4,890,000 Special Service Area #1 Refunding Bonds, Series 2017, which were used to refund through an in-substance defeasance the \$4,686,000 Special Service Area #1 Bonds. The bonds are payable solely from the special service area tax levied upon the properties located in the special service area and do not constitute an indebtedness of the Town. The Town, through its trustee, is acting solely as agent in receiving the taxes from the County and remitting principal and interest payments to the bond holders. Accordingly, these bonds are not reported as a liability in the Town's financial statements. As of April 30, 2022, \$3,610,000 of the bonds are outstanding.

On May 5, 2006, the Town issued \$23,845,000 Special Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2006 (Sheaffer System Project). The bonds are payable solely from the special service area tax levied upon the properties located in the special service area or payments made at the time of building permit and do not constitute an indebtedness of the Town. The Town, through its trustee, is acting solely as agent in receiving the taxes from the County and payments made at the time of building permit and September 1 of the year commencing on September 1, 2006. Principal payments are due on March 1 commencing on March 1, 2014 and maturing March 1, 2017. As of April 30, 2022, \$23,365,000 of the bonds are outstanding.

5. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

e. Special Service Area Bonds (Continued)

On June 15, 2007, the Town issued \$5,335,000 and \$5,000,000 Special Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2007-1 and 2007-2, respectively, known as the Richland Trails Project. The bonds are payable solely from the special service area tax levied upon the properties located in the special service area or payments made at the time of building permit and do not constitute an indebtedness of the Town. The Town, through its trustee, is acting solely as agent in receiving the taxes from the County and payments made at the time of building permit and remitting them to the bond holders. Interest is due on March 1 and September 1 of the year commencing on September 1, 2007. Principal payments are due on March 1 commencing on March 1, 2011. As of April 30, 2022, \$1,955,000 of the 2007-1 bonds are outstanding.

f. Conduit Debt

The Town has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds (IRBs) to provide financial assistance to private organizations for the construction and acquisition of industrial and commercial improvements deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured solely by the property financed and are payable solely from the payments received on the underlying mortgage loans on the property. The Town is not obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds outstanding are not reported as liability in these financial statements. The original principal issued on the IRBs was \$9,250,000.

g. Asset Retirement Obligation

The Town has recognized an asset retirement obligation (ARO) and related deferred outflow of resources in connection with its obligation to seal and abandon its water wells at the end of its estimated useful life in accordance with federal, state and/or local requirements. The ARO was measured using actual historical costs for similar abandonments, adjusted for inflation through the end of the year. The estimated useful life of the water wells is 100 years.

6. INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

a. Due From/To Other Funds

Due from/to other funds at April 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Due From			
General Fund Capital Improvements Fund	\$	515	\$	515
TOTAL	\$	515	\$	515

The due from/to balances relate to loan interest due on interfund loan.

b. Advances To/From

Advances to/from other funds at April 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	А	dvance To	1	Advance From	
General Fund Capital Improvements Fund	\$	77,238	\$	77,238	
TOTAL	\$	77,238	\$	77,238	

\$77,238 was advanced from the General Fund to the Capital Improvements Fund to fund certain capital improvements projects that will be repaid over a period of six years.

c. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers during the year ended April 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Г	Transfers In]	Fransfers Out
General Capital Improvements	\$	\$ 328,555		328,555
TOTAL	\$	328,555	\$	328,555

The purpose of significant transfers are as follows:

• The transfer of \$328,555 during the year from Capital Improvements Fund to the General Fund was for capital outlay and debt service payments. It will not be repaid.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town participates in the Illinois Public Risk Fund for workers' compensation insurance and purchases third party insurance for liability insurance. The Town's policy is to record any related expenditures in the year in which they are notified and pay the assessment. The Town is not aware of any additional assessments that may be owed as of April 30, 2022. The Town purchases third party indemnity insurance for employee health. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage for the current or prior two fiscal years.

8. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

a. Grants

Amounts received from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the Federal Government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

b. Litigation

The Town is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Town's attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Town.

9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

The Town contributes to one defined benefit pension plan, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions for the plan is governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. IMRF issues a publicly available report that includes financial statements and supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not for individual employers. That report can be obtained from IMRF, 2211 York Road, Suite 500, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523 or at https://www.imrf.org/. As noted above, IMRF is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Town and Cortland Community Library (the Library) both participate in the plan and, therefore, the plan is treated as a cost-sharing plan.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Administration

All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members.

The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

Plan Membership

At December 31, 2021 (actuarial valuation date), IMRF membership consisted of:

Inactive employees or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	13
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	9
Active employees	20
TOTAL	42

The IMRF data included in the table above includes membership of both the Town and the Library.

Benefits Provided

IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011 are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. For Tier 1 employees, pension benefits vest after eight years of service. Participating members who retire at age 55 (reduced benefits) or after age 60 (full benefits) with eight years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years and 2% for each year thereafter. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011 are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating members who retire at age 62 (reduced benefits) or after age 67 (full benefits) with ten years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years and 2% for each year thereafter. IMRF also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

Contributions

Participating members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual salary to IMRF. The Town is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund IMRF as specified by statute. The employer contribution rate for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2022 was 9.40% of covered payroll.

Actuarial Assumptions

The Town's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of the same date using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial valuation date	December 31, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Assumptions Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	2.85% to 13.75%
Interest rate	7.25%
Asset valuation method	Market value

For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability at December 31, 2021 was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the IMRF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

		(a) Total Pension Liability	(b) Plan Fiduciary let Position	(a) - (b) Net Pension Liability
BALANCES AT				
JANUARY 1, 2021	\$	3,346,745	\$ 3,144,219	\$ 202,526
Changes for the period				
Service cost		110,065	-	110,065
Interest		241,235	-	241,235
Difference between expected		,		7
and actual experience		276,750	-	276,750
Changes in assumptions		-	-	-
Employer contributions		-	115,986	(115,986)
Employee contributions		-	52,615	(52,615)
Net investment income		-	502,527	(502,527)
Benefit payments and refunds		(148,804)	(148,804)	-
Other (net transfer)		-	142,718	(142,718)
Net changes	. <u> </u>	479,246	665,042	(185,796)
BALANCES AT				
DECEMBER 31, 2021	\$	3,825,991	\$ 3,809,261	\$ 16,730

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Continued)

The table presented above includes amounts for both the Town and the Library. The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability at January 1, 2021, the employer contributions and the net pension liability at December 31, 2021 was \$186,992, \$105,791 and \$15,260, respectively. The Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability at January 1, 2021, the employer contributions and the net pension liability at January 1, 2021 was \$15,534, \$10,195 and \$1,470, respectively.

For the year ended April 30, 2022, the Town recognized pension expense of \$104,590.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At April 30, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to IMRF from the following sources:

	Oı	Deferred utflows of esources	Ir	Deferred nflows of esources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumption	\$	246,936 7,792	\$	23,855
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Contributions subsequent to measurement date		- 39,634		358,423
TOTAL	\$	294,362	\$	382,278

The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources presented in the table above include amounts for both the Town and the Library. The Town's proportionate share of the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at April 30, 2022 was \$268,566 and \$348,676, respectively. The Library's proportionate share of the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at April 30, 2022 was \$25,796 and \$33,602, respectively.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

\$39,634 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Town and Library contributions subsequent to measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ending April 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to IMRF will be recognized in pension expense by the Town as follows:

Year Ending April 30,	
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 Thereafter	\$ (8,107) (76,703) (28,670) (14,070)
TOTAL	\$ (127,550)

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net pension liability of the Town calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1 / 0	Decrease (6.25%)	Di	Current scount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)		
Net pension liability (asset) - town Net pension liability (asset) - library	\$	483,907 46,635	\$	15,260 1,470	\$	(362,770) (34,961)	
NET PENSION LIABILITY - TOTAL	\$	530,542	\$	16,730	\$	(397,731)	

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

a. Plan Description

In addition to providing the pension benefits described, the Town provides postemployment health care benefits (OPEB) for retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan (the Plan). The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the Town and can be amended by the Town through its personnel manual. The Plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the Plan. The Plan does not issue a separate report. The Town's total OPEB liability as of April 30, 2022 is immaterial; and therefore, not recorded by the Town.

The following are the summary results from the Town's actuarial valuation performed as of April 30, 2022

Liabilities	\$ 113,473
Deferred inflows of resources	-
Deferred outflows of resources	-
Total OPEB expense	(23,921)

b. Benefits Provided

The Town provides postemployment health care and life insurance benefits to its retirees. To be eligible for benefits, the employee must qualify for retirement under the Town's retirement plan. The retirees pay 100% of the average employer group cost.

c. Membership

At April 30, 2022, membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	-
Terminated employees to benefits but not yet receiving them Active employees	16
TOTAL	16
Participating employers	1

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	Original and Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 751,000) \$	726,525
Intergovernmental	1,068,000)	1,586,964
Charges for services	111,750)	32,486
Licenses and permits	46,250)	64,020
Fines and forfeitures	12,000)	9,158
Investment income	3,015	5	1,372
Miscellaneous	46,500)	73,337
Total revenues	2,038,515	5	2,493,862
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General government	561,400)	531,910
Public safety	782,355	5	773,178
Highways and streets	660,600)	609,722
Building	218,500)	206,096
Capital outlay	166,100)	116,475
Debt service			
Principal	39,216	5	38,747
Interest and fiscal charges	12,102	2	12,381
Total expenditures	2,440,273	;	2,288,509
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES	(401,758	3)	205,353
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	325,000)	328,555
Sale of capital assets	30,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	355,000)	328,555
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (46,758	<u>3)</u>	533,908
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1			543,170
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30		\$	1,077,078

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

April 30, 2022

BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. The budgets are adopted on a basis of accounting consistent with GAAP.
- 2. The Town, each year prior to April 30 of the fiscal year, must file and pass the budget for the fiscal year ended April 30. This budget can be subsequently amended by a two-thirds vote of the Board of Trustees.
- 3. The budget basis shown in the applicable budget versus actual statements for proprietary funds differs from the financial statements basis by principal reductions in debt and amounts capitalized as capital assets and depreciation expenses.
- 4. Budgets are adopted and formal budgetary integration is employed as a control device during the year at the line item level for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Funds (except for the Special Service Area #1, Special Service Areas #4-8 and Special Service Areas #9-10) and Enterprise Funds.
- 5. All budgets lapse at the end of the year for which the budgets were adopted. During the year, budget amendments were necessary.

SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Last Seven Calendar Years

MEASUREMENT DATE DECEMBER 31,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Employer's proportion of net pension liability	90.78%	90.78%	90.78%	92.10%	92.10%	92.33%	91.21%
Employer's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 499,435	\$ 468,152	\$ 312,724	\$ 588,963	\$ 375,117	\$ 186,992	\$ 15,259
Employer's covered payroll	681,426	740,424	808,412	869,916	965,558	1,050,082	1,066,451
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	73.29%	63.23%	38.68%	67.70%	38.85%	17.81%	1.43%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	76.01%	78.88%	88.46%	77.79%	86.88%	93.95%	99.56%

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information will be presented for as many years as is available.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Last Seven Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30,	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 79,250	\$ 89,334	\$ 88,529	\$ 90,052	\$ 96,849	\$ 110,950	\$ 105,791
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 79,250	89,334	88,529	90,052	96,849	110,950	105,791
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 681,426	\$ 740,424	\$ 808,412	\$ 892,332	\$ 989,369	\$ 1,068,937	\$ 1,125,450
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.63%	12.07%	10.95%	10.09%	9.79%	10.38%	9.40%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The information presented was determined as part of the actuarial valuations as of January 1 of the prior calendar year. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation presented is as follows: the actuarial cost method was entry-age normal; the amortization method was level percent of pay, closed and the amortization period was 22 years; the asset valuation method was at five-year smoothed market; and the significant actuarial assumptions were an investment rate of return at 7.25% annually, projected salary increases assumption of 3.35% to 14.25% compounded annually and price inflation of 2.50%.

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information will be presented for as many years as is available.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	Original Final Budget Budget				Actual
TAXES					
Property taxes	\$ 704,000	\$	704,000	\$	699,671
Replacement tax	15,000		15,000	Ψ	3,329
Road and bridge tax	20,000		20,000		17,220
Utility taxes	12,000		12,000		6,305
Total taxes	751,000		751,000		726,525
INTERGOVERNMENTAL					
Sales and use tax	473,000		473,000		646,869
State income tax	435,000		435,000		622,498
Video gaming tax	10,000		10,000		17,666
Local CURE reimbursement	150,000		150,000		299,931
Total intergovernmental	1,068,000		1,068,000		1,586,964
CHARGES FOR SERVICES					
Franchise fees	26,500		26,500		28,840
Fundraisers	20,300		20,500		28,840
Airport road rent	85,000		85,000		3,646
Total charges for services	111,750		111,750		32,486
LICENSES AND PERMITS					
Building permits	37,500		37,500		50,595
Other	8,750		8,750		13,425
Total licenses and permits	46,250		46,250		64,020
Four needes and permits	10,250		10,200		01,020
FINES AND FORFEITURES					
Police fines	12,000		12,000		9,158
Total fines and forfeitures	12,000		12,000		9,158
INVESTMENT INCOME	3,015		3,015		1,372
MISCELLANEOUS					
Park development fees	1,000		1,000		2,100
Contributions	4,000		4,000		16,851
Other	41,500		41,500		54,386
Total miscellaneous	46,500		46,500		73,337
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 2,038,515	\$	2,038,515	\$	2,493,862

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	Budget	Budget	Actual
CURRENT			
General government			
Personnel services			
Salaries - elected officials	\$ 119,300		\$ 114,902
Salaries - clerical workers	87,000	87,000	73,263
Payroll taxes	16,000	16,000	14,176
IMRF contribution	16,500	16,500	14,400
Unemployment benefits	-	-	39
Employee health insurance	44,000	44,000	46,007
Total personnel services	282,800	282,800	262,787
Contractual services			
Legal	60,000	60,000	33,148
Audit and accounting	114,000	114,000	122,498
Insurance	15,000	15,000	16,245
Postage	2,100	2,100	945
Telephone	18,500	18,500	17,095
Technology upgrades			850
Dues and subscriptions	5,000	5,000	3,468
Travel and training	5,000	5,000	7,772
Contracted groups, events and labor	19,000	19,000	17,682
Less reimbursements		-	3,615
Total contractual services	238,600	238,600	223,318
Commodities			
Office supplies	9,000	9,000	8,378
Office equipment and maintenance	18,000	18,000	21,074
Copies and printing	2,500	2,500	314
Total commodities	29,500	29,500	29,766
Other expenditures	10,500	10,500	16,039
Total general government	561,400	561,400	531,910
Public safety			
Personnel services			
Salaries - police officers	390,000	390,000	424,746
Salaries - special assignment	44,000	44,000	15,680
Salaries - overtime	5,000		6,122
Salaries - clerical	2,500		1,524
Payroll taxes	34,500	34,500	32,231
IMRF contribution	40,000	40,000	41,049
Employee health insurance	72,000	72,000	61,122
Uniforms	10,000	10,000	10,329

(This schedule is continued on the following pages.) -46 -

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

	iginal udget	Final Budget	Actual
CURRENT (Continued)			
Public safety (Continued)			
Contractual services			
Legal services	\$ 500	\$ 500	\$ 919
Maintenance and operations - vehicles and equipment	10,000	10,000	17,260
Maintenance and operations - police office	500	500	33
Insurance	33,500	33,500	33,742
Telephone	16,000	16,000	15,098
Equipment purchase and maintenance	10,000	10,000	8,473
Telecommunications services	62,730	62,730	62,730
Travel and training	7,000	7,000	8,012
Dues and subscriptions	10,000	10,000	6,033
Postage	 125	125	129
Total contractual services	 150,355	150,355	152,429
Commodities			
Gas and petroleum	16,000	16,000	15,820
Office supplies	1,000	1,000	568
Office equipment and maintenance	5,000	5,000	2,576
Copies and printing	1,000	1,000	1,130
Technology upgrades	5,000	5,000	3,149
DUI prevention	 2,000	2,000	1,884
Total commodities	 30,000	30,000	25,127
Other expenditures	 4,000	4,000	2,819
Total public safety	 782,355	782,355	773,178
Highways and streets			
Personnel services			
Salaries - maintenance and operations	294,000	294,000	272,268
Payroll taxes	23,000	23,000	20,915
IMRF contribution	30,000	30,000	26,207
Employee health insurance	40,500	40,500	36,926
Uniforms	1,800	1,800	1,442
Drug and alcohol program	 600	600	450
Total personnel services	 389,900	389,900	358,208
Contractual services			
Maintenance and operation - street lights	1,000	1,000	2,004
Maintenance and operation - garage	550	550	5,947
Maintenance and operation - town hall	6,000	6,000	7,120
Maintenance and operation - streets	23,500	23,500	5,630
Maintenance and operation - maintenance vehicles	15,000	15,000	22,284

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2022

	Original	Final	
	Budget	Budget	Actual
CURRENT (Continued)			
Highways and streets (Continued)			
Contractual services (Continued)	¢ 0.00	¢ 2 .000	¢ 1.022
Maintenance and operation - railroad crossings	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 1,932
Parks	29,500	29,500	24,123
Street lights	35,000	35,000	34,613
Road salt	27,000	27,000	25,571
Road signs	1,500	1,500	2,275
Tools and hardware	3,000	3,000	3,158
Small equipment purchase	14,250	14,250	9,345
Equipment rental	13,000	13,000	12,570
Scavenger services	3,000	3,000	1,440
Office equipment and maintenance	2,000	2,000	1,914
Copies and printing	250	250	1,998
Insurance	38,000	38,000	36,305
Repairs	6,400	6,400	4,870
Forestry	12,000	12,000	4,396
Nuisance mowing	1,000	1,000	3,490
Telephone	6,000	6,000	5,443
Utilities	9,500	9,500	11,808
Travel and training	500	500	375
Miscellaneous	500	500	4,292
Total contractual services	250,450	250,450	232,903
Commodities			
Gas and petroleum	20,000	20,000	18,406
Office supplies	250	250	205
Total commodities	20,250	20,250	18,611
Total highways and streets	660,600	660,600	609,722
Building Department			
Personnel services			
Salaries - code official	35,000	35,000	32,124
Salaries - engineer		-	88,423
Payroll taxes	3,000	3,000	9,042
IMRF contribution	5,000	5,000	8,189
Employee health insurance	-	_	344
Employee nearth instrance		-	544
Total personnel services	38,000	38,000	138,122
Contractual services			
Engineering	-	-	19,865
Engineering: nonreimbursable	75,000	75,000	-
Planning/zoning/building	100,000	100,000	38,015

(This schedule is continued on the following page.) -48 -

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
CURRENT (Continued)			
Building Department (Continued)			
Contractual services (Continued)			
Zoning administration fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,403
Vehicle and equipment maintenance	-	-	8
Office supplies	500	500	5
Telephone	1,500	1,500	1,677
Copies and printing	500	500	426
Total contractual services	177,500	177,500	64,399
Commodities			
Office	3,000	3,000	3,575
Total commodities	3,000	3,000	3,575
Total building department	218,500	218,500	206,096
CAPITAL OUTLAY			
Equipment and furniture	61,300	61,300	42,598
Vehicle	40,600	40,600	49,321
Building improvements	-	-	1,257
Cemetery improvements	8,000	8,000	-
Airport road property maintenance	1,200	1,200	206
Airport road property taxes	30,000	30,000	20,693
Street repairs	25,000	25,000	-
Road improvements		-	2,400
Total capital outlay	166,100	166,100	116,475
DEBT SERVICE			
Principal	39,216	39,216	38,747
Interest and fiscal charges	12,102	12,102	12,381
Total debt service	51,318	51,318	51,128
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 2,440,273	\$ 2,440,273	\$ 2,288,509

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND

	Original Final Budget Budget			Actual	
REVENUES					
Taxes					
Utility taxes	\$ 133,000	\$	133,000	\$	169,603
Telecommunications	45,000		45,000		22,221
Non-home rule sales tax	235,000		235,000		349,211
Investment income	400		400		713
Miscellaneous	 -		-		1,853
Total revenues	 413,400		413,400		543,601
EXPENDITURES					
Capital outlay					
Community programs	15,000		15,000		6,270
NPDES permit fee	1,000		1,000		1,000
Donations - community agencies	5,000		5,000		4,500
Emergency preparedness	1,500		1,500		-
Holiday decorations	3,000		3,000		4,489
Sidewalk construction	12,000		12,000		5,811
Town garage finishing items	 10,500		10,500		1,570
Total expenditures	 48,000		48,000		23,640
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	365,400		365,400		519,961
	 ,				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)	 (478,218)		(478,218)		(328,555)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (478,218)		(478,218)		(328,555)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (112,818)	\$	(112,818)	:	191,406
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), MAY 1					(11,057)
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30				\$	180,349

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

April 30, 2022

						Capital Projects						Total
		Special	Reve	nue		Special Special		Special		Nonmajor		
	Μ	otor Fuel	Tax	Tax Increment		Service		Service		Service	Go	vernmental
		Tax	F	inancing		Area #1	A	reas #4-8	A	reas #9-10		Funds
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	435,370	\$	397,394	\$	9,394	\$	-	\$	19,253	\$	861,411
Due from other governments		14,328		-		-		-		-		14,328
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	449,698	\$	397,394	\$	9,394	\$	-	\$	19,253	\$	875,739
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
LIABILITIES												
None	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
FUND BALANCES Restricted												
Special service areas		-		-		9,394		-		19,253		28,647
Highways and streets		449,698		-		-		-		-		449,698
Economic development		-		397,394		-		-		-		397,394
Total fund balances		449,698		397,394		9,394		-		19,253		875,739
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	449,698	\$	397,394	\$	9,394	\$	_	\$	19,253	\$	875,739

(See independent auditor's report.) - 51 -

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

				Capital Projects					Total		
		Revenue	e	Special Special		Special		Nonmajor			
	Motor Fuel		crement	Service		Service		Service	Go	vernmental	
	Tax	Fina	ncing	Area #1	A	reas #4-8	Ar	eas #9-10		Funds	
REVENUES											
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 2	274,211	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	274,211	
Intergovernmental	264,026		-	-		-		-		264,026	
Investment income	385		424	-		-		4		813	
Miscellaneous			-	19,725		48,402		7,500		75,627	
Total revenues	264,411		274,635	19,725		48,402		7,504		614,677	
EXPENDITURES Current											
General government	-		-	15,742		48,402		8,000		72,144	
Highways and streets	205,331	1	122,382	-		-		-		327,713	
Total expenditures	205,331]	122,382	15,742		48,402		8,000		399,857	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	59,080]	152,253	3,983		-		(496)		214,820	
FUND BALANCES, MAY 1	390,618		245,141	5,411		-		19,749		660,919	
FUND BALANCES, APRIL 30	\$ 449,698	\$ 3	397,394	\$ 9,394	\$	-	\$	19,253	\$	875,739	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental						
Motor fuel tax allotments	\$	244,000	\$	244,000	\$	264,026
Investment income		500		500		385
Total revenues		244,500		244,500		264,411
EXPENDITURES						
Highways and streets						
Contractual services		25,000		25,000		13,045
Commodities		250,000		250,000		192,286
Total expenditures		275,000		275,000		205,331
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(30,500)	\$	(30,500)	:	59,080
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1						390,618
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30					\$	449,698

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUND

	Original Budget			Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$	197,000	\$	197,000	\$ 274,211
Investment income		400		400	424
Total revenues		197,400		197,400	274,635
EXPENDITURES Highways and streets					
Contractual services		150,000		150,000	122,382
Total expenditures		150,000		150,000	122,382
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	47,400	\$	47,400	152,253
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1					 245,141
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30					\$ 397,394
MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS WATER FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services				
Customer charges	\$	520,000 \$	520,000	\$ 518,443
Permits and hook up fees		15,000	15,000	77,600
Meter sales		5,000	5,000	8,100
Miscellaneous		6,270	6,270	6,273
Total operating revenues		546,270	546,270	610,416
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Operations		571,971	571,971	448,849
Total operating expenses		571,971	571,971	448,849
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(25,701)	(25,701)	161,567
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Investment income		2,000	2,000	874
Connection fees		-	-	87,500
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		2,000	2,000	88,374
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (BUDGETARY BASIS)	\$	(23,701) \$	(23,701)	249,941
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP BASIS Depreciation and amortization				(319,856)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (GAAP BASIS)				(69,915)
NET POSITION, MAY 1				8,629,525
NET POSITION, APRIL 30				\$ 8,559,610

SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -BUDGETARY BASIS WATER FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personnel services	\$ 152,321	\$ 152,321	\$ 128,178
Contractual services	254,650	254,650	263,725
Commodities	59,000	59,000	46,825
Other	-	-	258
Capital outlay	 106,000	106,000	9,863
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	\$ 571,971	\$ 571,971	\$ 448,849

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS SEWER FUND

	(Driginal		Final		
		Budget]	Budget		Actual
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$	520 590	¢	520 590	¢	E 17 200
Customer charges Permits and hook up fees	Ф	539,580 10,000	\$	539,580 10,000	\$	547,388 70,000
Miscellaneous		23,050		23,050		25,819
Wiscenaleous		23,030		23,030		23,017
Total operating revenues		572,630		572,630		643,207
OPERATING EXPENSES EXCLUDING DEPRECIATION						
Operations		430,150		430,150		304,064
Total operating expenses excluding depreciation		430,150		430,150		304,064
OPERATING INCOME		142,480		142,480		339,143
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Grant revenue		2,500		2,500		5,028
Lease income		21,450		21,450		-
Investment income		3,000		3,000		1,595
Connection fees		-		-		89,500
Gain on sale of asset		-		-		-
Interest expense		(12,948)		(12,948)		(13,603)
Debt service - principal		(48,000)		(48,000)		(47,255)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		(33,998)		(33,998)		35,265
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (BUDGETARY BASIS)	\$	108,482	\$	108,482		374,408
ADJUSTMENTS TO BUDGETARY BASIS						
Depreciation						(415,116)
Debt service - principal				-		47,255
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (GAAP BASIS)						6,547
NET POSITION, MAY 1				-	1	2,628,558
NET POSITION, APRIL 30				=	\$ 1	2,635,105

SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -BUDGETARY BASIS SEWER FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personnel services	\$ 101,300	\$ 101,300	\$ 84,779
Contractual services	173,350	173,350	156,155
Commodities	57,500	57,500	50,392
Other	4,000	4,000	3,436
Capital outlay	 94,000	94,000	9,302
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	\$ 430,150	\$ 430,150	\$ 304,064

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUND - SPECIAL SERVICE AREA FUNDS

April 30, 2022

		Special Service Area #1		Special Service Area #4-8	5	Special Service rea #9-10		Total ustodial Funds
ASSETS	¢	402.012	¢	240.064	¢	165 100	¢	017.074
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	403,812	\$	348,064	\$	165,198	\$	917,074
Total assets		403,812		348,064		165,198		917,074
LIABILITIES None		-		-		_		
Total liabilities		-		-		-		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES None		_		-		_		
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		
NET POSITION Restricted for debt service	\$	403,812	\$	348,064	\$	165,198	\$	917,074

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUND - SPECIAL SERVICE AREA FUNDS

		Special Service Area #1		Special Service Area #4-8		Special Service Area #9-10		Total Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS								
Contributions Property owner	\$	415,058	\$		\$	198,452	\$	613,510
Proceeds from sale of parcel	φ	415,058	φ	12,886	φ	-	φ	12,886
Investment earnings				12,000				12,000
Interest		78		92		75		245
Total additions		415,136		12,978		198,527		626,641
DEDUCTIONS								
Contractual services								
Accounting and financial services		19,770		82,526		64,922		167,218
Debt service								
Principal retirement		275,000		-		62,000		337,000
Interest		129,490		3,800,000		57,420		3,986,910
Total deductions		424,260		3,882,526		184,342		4,491,128
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(9,124)		(3,869,548)		14,185		(3,864,487)
NET POSITION, MAY 1		412,936		4,217,612		151,013		4,781,561
NET POSITION, APRIL 30	\$	403,812	\$	348,064	\$	165,198	\$	917,074

SUPPLEMENTAL DATA (UNAUDITED)

LONG-TERM DEBT REQUIREMENTS BUILDING NOTE PAYABLE OF 2011

April 30, 2022

Date of Issue	September 25, 2020
Date of Maturity	June 30, 2030
Authorized Issue	\$441,509
Interest Rate	2.98%
Interest Date	June 30 and December 30
Principal Maturity Date	June 30 and December 30
Payable at	Resource Bank N.A., Cortland IL

CURRENT AND FUTURE PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

Fiscal		Requirements								
Year	Principal	Interest	Total							
	* • • • • •		.							
2023	\$ 39,92	7 \$ 11,202	\$ 51,129							
2024	41,14	2 9,985	51,127							
2025	42,36	9 8,759	51,128							
2026	43,68	4 7,443	51,127							
2027	45,01	4 6,114	51,128							
2028	46,38	5 4,743	51,128							
2029	47,78	7 3,341	51,128							
2030	49,25	2 1,878	51,130							
2031	25,18	4 377	25,561							
	\$ 380,74	4 \$ 53,842	\$ 434,586							

LONG-TERM DEBT REQUIREMENTS IEPA LOAN PAYABLE

April 30, 2022

Date of Issue	November 28, 2013
Date of Maturity	September 25, 2034
Disbursements plus capitalized interest	\$986,512
Interest Rate	1.93%
Interest Date	March 25 and September 25
Principal Maturity Date	March 25 and September 25
Payable at	IEPA

CURRENT AND FUTURE PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

Fiscal		Requirements								
Year	Principal	Interest	Total							
2023	\$ 48,17	12,775	\$ 60,947							
2024	49,10	11,841	60,947							
2025	50,05	58 10,889	60,947							
2026	51,02	9,918	60,947							
2027	52,01	8 8,928	60,946							
2028	53,02	7,919	60,946							
2029	54,05	6,891	60,947							
2030	55,10	5,843	60,947							
2031	56,17	4,774	60,947							
2032	57,26	3,685	60,947							
2033	58,37	2,574	60,946							
2034	59,50	1,442	60,946							
2035	29,92	25 290	30,215							
	\$ 673,80	06 \$ 87,769	\$ 761,575							

SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATIONS, TAX RATES, TAX EXTENSIONS AND TAX COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Levy Years

		2021		2020		2018		2018		2017*		2016	2015	2014			2013		2012
ASSESSED VALUATIONS																			
DeKalb County	\$ 7	78,262,644	\$	74,530,933	\$	72,062,180	\$	67,936,779	\$ 6	53,554,345	\$	58,341,017	\$ 55,621,683	\$	52,454,195	\$	55,340,519	\$ 6	51,888,203
TAX RATES																			
Town																			
Corporate		0.6184		0.6451		0.6800		0.7065		0.7410		0.7970	0.8288	3	0.8627		0.7888		0.6908
IMRF		0.0716		0.0764		0.0805		0.0839		0.0905		0.0968	0.1025	5	0.1083		0.0990		0.0867
Social Security		0.0664		0.0698		0.0735		0.0765		0.0826		0.0891	0.0935	5	0.0981		0.0897		0.0785
Police protection		0.1584		0.1656		0.1311		0.1222		0.1215		0.1286	0.1313	3	0.1363		0.1246		0.1092
Total tax rates		0.9148		0.9569		0.9651		0.9891		1.0356		1.1115	1.1561		1.2054		1.1021		0.9652
TAX EXTENSIONS																			
Town																			
Corporate	\$	484,008	\$	472,705	\$	480,763	\$	475,388	\$	464,684	\$	455,964	\$ 451,492	\$	442,860	\$	436,526	\$	427,524
IMRF		56,005		55,973	·	56,915	·	56,462		56,735		55,412	55,827		55,617		54,787		53,657
Social Security		52,006		51,143		52,007		51,510		51,803		51,002	50,933		50,356		49,640		48,582
Police protection		124,007		121,381		92,730		82,210		76,176		73,551	71,502		69,984		68,954		67,582
Total tax extensions	\$	716,026	\$	701,202	\$	682,415	\$	665,570	\$	649,398	\$	635,929	\$ 629,754	\$	618,817	\$	609,907	\$	597,345
TAX COLLECTIONS																			
Town																			
Corporate	\$	-	\$	471,568	\$	479,486	\$	472,462	\$	483,333	\$	450,976	\$ 444,481	\$	438,090	\$	429,828	\$	424,062
IMRF	+	-	Ŧ	55,838	Ŧ	56,764	Ŧ	56,115	-	59,012	+	54,806	54,961	-	55,018	+	53,966	Ŧ	53,237
Social Security		-		51,020		51,870		51,193		53,882		50,443	50,142		49,814		48,866		48,203
Police protection		-		121,089		92,483		81,705		79,234		72,745	70,391		69,231		67,921		67,004
Total tax collections	\$	-	\$	699,515	\$	680,603	\$	661,475	\$	675,461	\$	628,970	\$ 619,975	\$	612,153	\$	600,581	\$	592,506
PERCENTAGE OF EXTENSIONS COLLECTED AS OF APRIL 30		0.00%		99.76%		99.73%		99.38%		104.01%		98.91%	98.45%	1	98.92%		98.47%		99.19%

*Collections exceeded extension in tax year 2017 due to the collection of back taxes.

SCHEDULE OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

April 30, 2022

ASSESSED VALUATION - 2021	\$ 78,262,644
STATUTORY DEBT LIMITATION	
(8.625% of assessed valuation)	\$ 6,750,153
AMOUNT OF DEBT APPLICABLE TO LIMIT	
Building Note Payable of 2020	 380,744
Total debt	380,744
	 380,744
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN	\$ 6,369,409

COMPLIANCE SECTION



1415 West Diehl Road, Suite 400 Naperville, IL 60563 630.566.8400

SIKICH.COM

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE OF ILLINOIS PUBLIC ACT 85-1142

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Trustees Town of Cortland, Illinois

We have examined management's assertion that the Town of Cortland, Illinois (the Town) complied with the provisions of subsection (q) of Section 11-74.4-3 of the Illinois Tax Increment Redevelopment Allocation Act (Illinois Public Act 85-1142) during the year ended April 30, 2022. The Town's management is responsible for its assertion. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on management's assertion about the Town's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether management's assertion about compliance with the specified requirements is fairly stated, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether management's assertion is fairly stated, in all material respects. The nature, timing and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgement, including an assessment of the risks of material misstatement of management's assertion, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Town's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, management's assertion that the Town of Cortland, Illinois, complied with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended April 30, 2022, is fairly stated in all material respects.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Trustees, management, the joint review board and the Illinois State Comptroller and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sikich LLP

Naperville, Illinois September 12, 2022