Violence the Health Epidemic

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Cure Violence Columbus



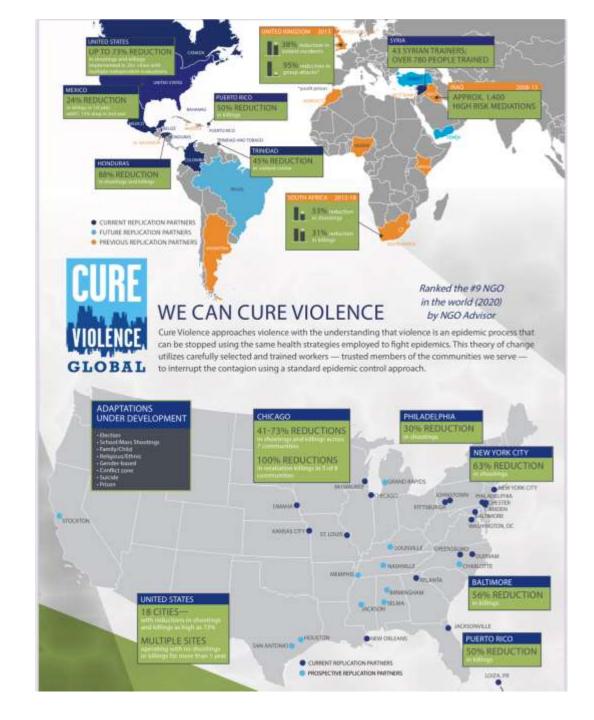
Who We Are

Cure Violence Columbus is a group of citizens representing the health, law enforcement, and faithbased sectors, with the sole purpose of reducing violence and creating healthy equitable communities using health solutions to fight the violence epidemic.



The Cure Violence Epidemic Control (Health) Model is a data-driven, research-based, community-centric approach to violence prevention created by epidemilogist Dr. Gary Slutkin. Cure Violence approaches violence with the understanding that violence is an epidemic process that can be stopped using the same health strategies employed to fight all other epidemics.

This theory of change utilizes carefully selected and trained workers — trusted members of the community — to stop the contagion using a four-prong approach. The program has been implemented in 10 countries and over 100 cities around the world.



Violence clusters, spreads and is transmitted like a contagious disease. The core of the CV Model is to interrupt the transmission to reduce retaliatory events, identify the high-risk to change habits and change the social norms to discourage the use of violence.



1. Detect and interrupt the transmission of violence Detect and intervene before violence erupts



2. Change the behavior of the highest potential transmitters

Identify and change the behavior of highest risk



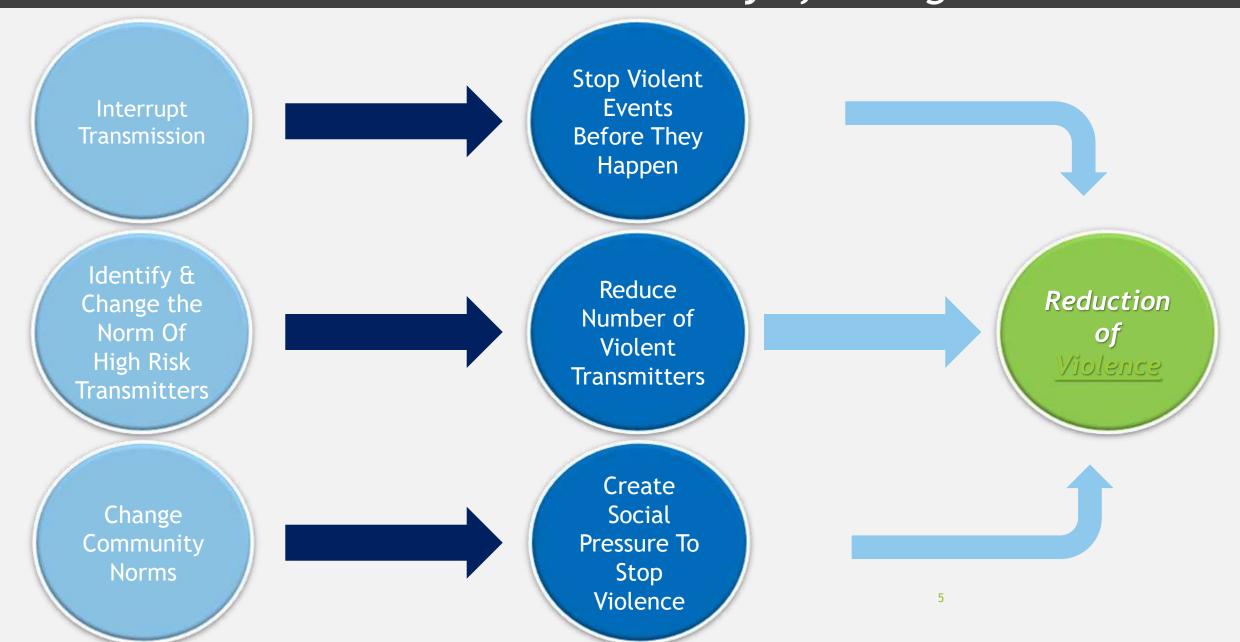
3. Change community norms

Change social norms to discourage the use of violence



4. Hospital response and follow up
Respond to every shooting to prevent retaliation
and treat trauma

The Cure Violence Theory of Change





Focus Group

- Gang Members
- ► Age Group 14 25
- ► Weapons Carrier
- ► Victim of Shooting
- ► Released Recently
- ► Prior Criminal History
- ► High-Risk Street Activity
- ► Key Role in Gang/Group, etc.

CRITICAL ELEMENTS OF THE CURE VIOLENCE MODEL THE RIGHT...

Community

- Southside/Benning Hills
- Cusseta Road / Elizabeth Canty
- North Highland / City Village
- East Wynnton / Carver Heights

Partners

- Mayor's Office / Law Enforcement / City Leaders
- Hospitals
- Faith Community
- Service Providers
 - Education, Job Readiness, Substance Abuse, Mental Health, Employment

Lead Agency or Implementing Organization

- Public Health Depts
- Roles & Responsibilities
- Mission & Model Consistent
- Strong Ties to Target Community
- History of Working with High Risk Individuals

Approach

- Credible Workers with Support
- Messages & Messengers
- Continuous Data Analysis
 - Hot Spots, Hours, Groups, Incident Review
- Participants- Highest Risks

Next Steps

- 1. Cure Violence Global Assessment (2Q21)
 - Cure Violence 101 Workshop (1-3)
 - > Target Area Visit
 - Official Review Meeting
 - Community Partner Meetings (1-5)
 - Potential Workers Meetings (1-3)
 - Hospital/Trauma Center Meeting
 - Virtual Assessment Visit Report
 - Debrief Meeting (1-2)
 - > Implementation Site and Cost
- 2. Identify CBO/Partners
- 3. Implementation Estimation (4Q21)

HEALTH SYSTEM to PREVENT VIOLENCE

www.violenceepidemic.org

Violence is among the most significant health problems in the United States not only because of death and injury, but also because of the harm, fear, and trauma caused to lamilies and communities. It leads to a broad range of mental and physical health problems that disproportionately impact children, youth, and communities of color. This visual representation of a health system to prevent violence is derived from the Framework created by the Violence as a Health Issue Collaborative, which is led by David Satcher, MD, MPH; Al Sommer, MD, MHS; and Gary Slutkin, MD and includes representatives from over 40 cities, 40 national organizations, and over 400 health and community practitioners. It depicts a city-wide strategy for addressing violence of all forms as the health issue that it is with contributions from every sector. This framework is designed to guide local community organizations and agencies that can be supported by federal and state partners. Coordinated implementation of these strategies with an equity lens will work to address detrimental inequities to improve outcomes for all communities.



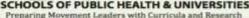
Outreach workers, violence interrupters, hospital responders, and community health workers

ENSURING AN EQUITY LENS

Ensuring greater benefit and less burden for marginalized communities by:

- . Changing perceptions
- · Increasing accountability
- · Aligning resources in partnership with communities





PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENTS IN PARTNERSHIP WITH ELECTED OFFICIALS

Ensuring Quality Care, Outreach and Follow Up Coordinating and Developing Interventions





Creating Safe and Healthy Learning Environments



MENTAL HEALTH

Promote Accessibility for Greater Well-Being





COMMUNITY RESIDENTS



EARLY CHILDHOOD DEVELOPMENT CENTERS & THE CHILD WELFARE SYSTEM

EMERGENCY **DEPARTMENTS AND ACUTE CARE FACILITIES** Identifying and Supporting

Individuals and Families at Risk









ACADEMIC MEDICAL CENTERS

Advancing Research on Violence Prevention



FAITH-BASED INSTITUTIONS

Educating and Healing Communities

SOCIAL SERVICE PROVIDERS

Utilizing Community-Centered Practices to Address Violence



INFORMATION SYSTEMS Monitoring Trends of

Violence Nationwide

LAW ENFORCEMENT AND THE JUSTICE SYSTEM

Supporting Public Health Contributions and Ensuring Accountability Towards a Healthy/Equitable System



Establishing a Safe Environment and Making Connections

Changing to a Health Narrative

Ellen Lovelidge (elovelidge.com) 2017

vention in Economics

and Policy

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