

To the Town Board Town of Clayton Winnebago County, Wisconsin

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Clayton, Winnebago County, Wisconsin (Town) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated information in our engagement letter to you as well as verbally during our planning meetings. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to the audit.

### Our Responsibility Under Auditing Standards Generally Accepted in the United States of America

As stated in our engagement letter dated February 1, 2023, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express opinions about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

Generally accepted accounting principles provide for certain required supplementary information (RSI) to supplement the basic financial statements. Our responsibility with respect to the schedules of proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) and employer contributions — Wisconsin Retirement System, schedule of budgetary comparison — budget and actual — general fund, and schedule of budgetary comparison — budget and actual — solid waste/recycling fund as indicated in the financial statement's table of contents, which supplement the basic financial statements, was to apply certain limited procedures in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. However, the RSI was not audited and, because the limited procedures did not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance, we did not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We have been engaged to report on the combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements as indicated on the financial statements table of contents, which accompany the financial statements. Our responsibility for the supplementary information, as described by professional standards, was to evaluate the presentation of the supplementary information in relation to the financial statements as a whole and to report on whether the supplementary information was fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

We have not been engaged to report on the schedule of detailed budgetary comparison revenues and other financing source – general fund, schedule of detailed budgetary comparison expenditures and other financing use – general fund, schedule of budgetary comparison – debt service fund, schedule of budgetary comparison – tax incremental district No. 1, and schedule of budgetary comparison – capital projects fund indicated in the financial statement's table of contents, which accompanies the financial statements. The other information is the responsibility of management. The other information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or, provide any assurance on it.

Our responsibility in connection with the other information was to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.



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### **Audit Scope, Significant Risks and Other**

Our audit included examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; therefore, our audit involved judgment about the number of transactions to be examined and the areas to be tested.

Our audit included obtaining an understanding of the entity and its environment, including internal control, sufficient to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements and to design the nature, timing, and extent of further audit procedures.

Material misstatements may result from (1) errors, (2) fraudulent financial reporting, (3) misappropriation of assets, or (4) violations of laws or governmental regulations that are attributable to the entity or to acts by management or employees acting on behalf of the entity. Any internal control related matters that are required to be communicated under professional standards are included later in this letter.

We identified management override of controls, lack of segregation of duties, improper revenue recognition, and fraudulent disbursements as significant risks of material misstatement as part of our audit planning. We designed audit procedures in response to these risks.

### Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the Town of Clayton are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. The Town adopted GASB Statement No 87, Leases as described in note 1 to the financial statements during the year. We noted no transactions entered into by the Town during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the Town's financial statements were:

Management's estimate of the useful lives of the capital assets is based on industry standards. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimated useful lives in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimate of the net pension asset and related deferred outflows/inflows is based on an actuarial valuation. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the net pension asset and related deferred outflows/inflows in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statement were:

The disclosure of deposits and the related risks with them in Note 2 to the financial statements. The footnote was prepared based on the requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and is intended to inform readers as to the risks associated with the Town's cash.

The disclosure of net pension asset and related deferred outflows/inflows and the related risk associated with it in Note 8 to the financial statements. The footnote was prepared based on the requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and is intended to inform readers as to the risk associated with the Town's net pension asset and related deferred outflows/inflows.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

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Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. We proposed adjustments to the Town's general ledger. Management has corrected all such material misstatements. A list of corrected misstatements is attached to this management letter. In addition, the uncorrected misstatement is not material to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole. The uncorrected misstatement is attached to this letter.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter, dated August 11, 2023.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the Town of Clayton's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Town's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Clayton as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be material weakness and other deficiencies that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

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A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the following deficiency in internal control to be a material weakness:

<u>Material Account Adjustments</u> – During our audit, we proposed, and management accepted material adjustments to the Town's general ledger. The Town has a new administrator and treasurer, and we anticipate there will be a reduction in the number of material adjustments in 2023.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the following deficiencies in internal control to be significant deficiencies.

<u>Financial Reporting</u> — One of the components of internal control over financial reporting is that staff of the Town be sufficiently knowledgeable to record the entity's financial transactions in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and to prepare the entity's financial statements including the footnotes in accordance with those principles. The Town's staff does not have the training in GAAP to prepare financial statements including the related notes in accordance with GAAP. The Town's management does review the financial statements and footnotes and accepts responsibility for them. This matter is common in most small organizations since they do not have the resources to devote to this area of internal control.

<u>Segregation of Duties</u> – The Town has a limited number of people who are responsible for and perform substantially all of the bookkeeping and accounting functions. Good internal control requires a complete separation of duties with respect to the handling and recording of transactions. In order to provide for an adequate segregation of duties, additional personnel may have to be involved in the performance of the accounting and bookkeeping functions. We recognize that this may not be practical based on the size of the Town and limited resources. It is recommended that the Town have one of the board members review the bank statements and bank reconciliations on a monthly basis. Because some procedural controls do not exist, the board has compensating controls such as approval of invoices and review of receipts and revenues which allow it to rely on its knowledge of the Town's operations in order to safeguard assets.

#### **Other Matters**

In addition, we felt that other matters described in the following paragraphs were important to the operation of the Town. These matters may involve internal controls, general operations, recommendations for the adoption of policies and other such items that we feel will enhance the Town of Clayton.

### Other Items

### **Governmental Fund Balances**

Presented below is a summary of the Town's governmental fund balances on December 31, 2022 and 2021. This information is provided for assessing financial results for 2022 and indicating financial resources available at the start of the 2023 budget year.

General Fund Nonspendable	12	2/31/2022	1	2/31/2021
Advances to Other Funds	\$	66,799	\$	66,799
Prepaid Items	•	6,545	*	3,419
Restricted				·
Park Improvements		-		30,063
Fire Department Improvements Committed for	٠	-		65,296
Committed for Cemetery Expenditures		10 151		44 007
Capital Equipment Replacement		42,451		41,267 153,423
Sick Leave and Vacation Payout		27,922		27,922
Assigned for Subsequent Year's Budget				21,022
Unassigned		710,761		665,152
Total General Fund Balance		854,478		1,053,341
Debt Service Fund				
Restricted for Debt Service	promote de la companya de la company	224,221	1	206,961
Unassigned (Deficit) Nonmajor Governmental Funds	***************************************	(1,914)	<b></b>	
Special Revenue Funds Nonspendable				
Advances to Other Funds Restricted for		63,944		63,944
Park Improvements		37,637		_
Fire Department Improvements		90,264		_
Committed for				
Solid Waste and Recycling Expenditures		74,323		75,794
Total Special Revenue Funds	Ti-Vinnessa.	266,168		139,738
Capital Projects Funds				
Restricted for				
Tax Incremental District Activities		-		936,294
Committed for				
Capital Projects Fund Unassigned (Deficit)		701,995		162,136
Total Capital Projects Funds		(285,934) 416,061	bannan ayayı	1,098,430
Total Governmental Fund Balances	<del></del>		_	
Total Governmental rund balances	ф	1,759,014	<u>\$</u>	2,498,470

The unassigned general fund balance increased \$45,609 from \$665,152 in 2021 to \$710,761 in 2022. The Town has a minimum fund balance policy of 16% of actual current year general fund expenditures, not including debt service. The Town's minimum fund balance calculated to \$264,479. The Town's unassigned fund balance at December 31, 2022 is above the minimum fund balance policy.

### Update on Tax Incremental District No. 1

Presented below is the annual report for the Town's Tax Incremental District No. 1. This report is required to be sent to Winnebago County, School Districts of Neenah and Winneconne, Fox Valley Technical College and Larson Winchester Sanitary District.

	Cum	ulative through	
Expenditures		2022	2021
TID Organizational Costs	\$	904,211	\$ 904,211
Project costs		17,769,536	16,667,918
Planning, administration and engineering		17,975	6,518
Interest and fiscal costs on debt		1,495,605	771,936
		20,187,327	18,350,583
Revenues	<del></del>		
Tax increments		470,637	116,042
Computer aid		4,681	4,681
Interest income		18,744	11,119
Premium on Debt Issued		565,993	328,549
		1,060,055	 460,391
Net Unreimbursed Project Costs 12/31	\$	19,127,272	\$ 17,890,192

### Closina

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestion with various governmental unit personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

We thank you for allowing us to be of service to the Town of Clayton. We received complete cooperation and appreciated your consideration of our comments and your implementation of suggestions.

This information in intended solely for the use by the Town Board, management, and others within the Town and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KerberRose SC

KerberRose SC Certified Public Accountants

Green Bay, Wisconsin August 11, 2023

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1,203.00 3,096.00 716.00	5,015.00	95,000.00 23,750.00	118,750.00	1,704,657.00	1,704,657.00 -1,704,657.00	60,775.00 42,616.00	103,391.00 -103,391.00 2,117,049.00 -2,117,049.00
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ALG-CX-12.2: Audit Difference Evaluation Form

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Governmental Unit:	Town of Clayton					Financial Sta	Financial Statement Date:		12/31/2022	
Completed by:	EJH					Date:	12/31/22			
Opinion Unit:	All				٩	Listing of Kr	A Listing of Known Audit Differences Over. PM for GW \$37,000	rences Over:	PM for GW \$	37,000
Instructions: This form may be used to accumulate audit differences (AD) that are not considered trivial in amount, nature, or circumstances (documented at Step 5 of ALG-CX-2.1). This form should not include normal closing entries. At the end of the audit, evaluate all uncorrected audit differences, individually and in the aggregate, in the context of individual opinion units and conclude on whether they materially misstate the financial statements of an opinion unit taken as a whole. This form also provides a space to document any misstatements of disclosures (including quantitative and qualitative misstatements) that are considered when evaluating misstatements in the aggregate. Before evaluating the effect of uncorrected misstatements, reassess whether materiality. The form allows for quantifying the effect of misstatements, using both the rollover and	may be used to accu of include normal clo nd conclude on whe nents of disclosures ncorrected misstatei a listing of qualitativ	umulate audit differences ssing entries. At the end they they materially miss (including quantitative arments, reassess whethey econsiderations in eva	s (AD) that are of the audit, e state the finan dualitative in materiality is luating material.	e not conside valuate all un cial statemer misstatemen still appropriation.	red trivial in a ncorrected au its of an opini ts) that are oc iate based or mallows for of	mount, natur dit difference on unit taken onsidered wh i the entity's a	e, or circumstar s, individually ar as a whole. Thi en evaluating m actual financial is	nces (docume nd in the aggr is form also pr ilsstatements results. The no atements, usir	nted at Step E egate, in the c rovides a spac in the aggregs otes following	of ALG-CX- context of ce to ate. Before the table llover and
If on curtain memous, as appropriate, for need to be ramilial with the guidance in section for o before completing this form.  Financial Statement Effect—	appropriate, rourie		gandance	E CIOIL IO	nancial State	eurig uns ion	o perore completing this form. Financial Statement Effect—Amount of Over- (Under-) statement of:	ver- (Under-)	statement o	<u> </u>
Description (Nature) of	Factual (F), Judgmental (J), or Projected (P)	Calise	W/P Ref	Total	Total	Working Cap.	Fund Balance/Net Position	Revenues	Expen.	Change in Fund Balance/ Net
Lease liability	- L	Immaterial	<u>-</u>	27,900	-27,900		0			0
Total				27,900	-27,900	0	0	0	0	0
Less audit adjustments subsequently booked Net unadjusted AD—current year (iron curtain method)	ubsequently booked urrent year (iron curt	(ain method		27,900	-27,900	0	0	0	0	O
Effect of unadjusted AD—prior years  Combined current year and prior year AD (rollover method)	-prior years and prior year AD (	rollover method)		27,900	-27,900	0	0	0	0	0
Financial statement caption totals  Current vear AD as % of F/S captions (iron curtain method)	on totals of F/S captions (iron	curtain method)		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Current and prior year AD as % of F/S captions (rollover method)	AD as % of F/S capt	tions (rollover method)		%00'0	%00.0	%00.0	%00.0	%00.0	%00.0	%00'0

Qualitative Factors: Describe qualitative factors that entered into your evaluation of whether uncorrected accumulated misstatements are material, individually or in the aggregate, in relation to specific accounts and disclosures and to the opinion unit financial statements as a whole, and the reasons why.

N/A

Misstatements of Disclosures: Accumulate and describe any misstatements of disclosures, including qualitative and quantitative disclosures, that entered into your evaluation of whether uncorrected accumulated misstatements are material, individually or in the aggregate, in relation to specific accounts and disclosures and to the opinion unit financial statements as a whole.

ALG-CX-12.2

# TOWN OF CLAYTON WINNEBAGO COUNTY, WISCONSIN

**Annual Financial Report** 

December 31, 2022

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### WINNEBAGO COUNTY, WISCONSIN

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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### Independent Auditors' Report

To the Town Board Town of Clayton Winnebago County, Wisconsin

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Clayton (Town), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Clayton, Wisconsin as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



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To the Town Board Town of Clayton, Winnebago County, Wisconsin

Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
  are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period
  of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the schedules of employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) and employer contributions — Wisconsin Retirement System, the schedule of budgetary comparison — budget and actual — general fund, and the schedule of budgetary comparison — budget and actual — solid waste/recycling fund be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by the missing information.

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To the Town Board Town of Clayton, Winnebago County, Wisconsin

### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Clayton, Winnebago County, Wisconsin's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the schedule of detailed budgetary comparison revenues and other financing source - general fund, schedule of detailed budgetary comparison expenditures and other financing use - general fund, schedule of budgetary comparison - debt service fund, schedule of budgetary comparison - tax incremental district No. 1, and schedule of budgetary comparison - capital projects fund but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

KerberRose SC

KerberRose SC Certified Public Accountants Green Bay, Wisconsin August 11, 2023

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### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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# TOWN OF CLAYTON WINNEBAGO COUNTY, WISCONSIN

Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2022

ASSETS	Governmen Activities	tal	Business - Type Activities		Total	
Current Assets						
Cash and Investments	\$ 3,505,	382	\$ 203,922	\$	3,709,604	
Taxes Receivable	1,402,		55,007	•	1,457,812	
Accounts Receivable	. 23,		-		23,545	
Accounts Receivable - Special Charges	144,		184,521		328,961	
Special Assessments	79,		-		79,695	
Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable		217	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		217	
Grant Receivable	7.5	000	-		7,000	
Internal Balances	130,		(130,743)		1,000	
Inventories		545			6,545	
Total Current Assets	5,300,		312,707		5,613,379	
Noncurrent Assets					0,010,070	
Net Pension Asset						
Capital Assets - Nondepreciable	283,		50,399		333,885	
Capital Assets - Nondepreciable Capital Assets - Depreciable, Net	4,367,		981		4,368,623	
Total Noncurrent Assets	9,414,		3,608,222		13,022,322	
Total Noncurrent Assets	14,065,	228	3,659,602	,	17,724,830	
TOTAL ASSETS	19,365,	900	3,972,309		23,338,209	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension	550,	329	97,840		648,169	
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	101,	435	12,094		113,529	
Capital and Retainage Payable	361,	512	-		361,512	
Accrued and Other Current Liabilities	49,	121	2,047		51,168	
Accrued Interest Payable	122,	631	-		122,631	
Deposits from Others	3,	250	-		3,250	
Current Portion Compensated Absences	19,	175	-		19,175	
Current Portion of Lease Liability	52,	416	82,173		134,589	
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations	1,118,		-		1,118,555	
Total Current Liabilities	1,828,	095	96,314		1,924,409	
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Compensated Absences	76,	701	_		76,701	
Lease Liability	54,		1,581,571		1,636,126	
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Obligations	25,141,		1,001,011		25,141,221	
Total NonCurrent Liabilities	25,272,		1,581,571		26,854,048	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	27,100,	572	1,677,885		28,778,457	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Taxes Levied for Subsequent Period	0.040	0.45				
Special Charges	2,946,	045	400.007		2,946,645	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension	674	-	430,067		430,067	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	671, 3,617,		119,308 549,375		790,392 4,167,104	
NET POSITION (DEELCIT)					.,.07,104	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	سمم و	400	4			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,367,		1,945,459		7,312,647	
Restricted	392,		28,931		421,153	
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(16,561,		(131,501)		(16,692,983)	
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	_ <b>\$</b> _(10,802,	072)	\$ 1,842,889	\$	(8,959,183)	

### TOWN OF CLAYTON WINNEBAGO COUNTY, WISCONSIN

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

					Prog	ram Revenue	es	
	Expenses		Charges for s Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contribution	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	,							
General Government	\$	711,957	\$	210,846	\$	2,539	\$	-
Public Safety		483,409		35,024		25,418		14,000
Public Works		2,069,443		55,437		600,653		221,958
Health and Human Services		15,899		14,580		-		-
Culture, Recreation and Education		30,248		9,774		-		-
Conservation and Development		287,447		-		-		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		597,890						-
Total Governmental Activities		4,196,293		325,661		628,610		235,958
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Stormwater Management Utility		236,646		319,282		-		-
Sanitary District #1		236,389		100,000		-		
Total Business-Type Activities		473,035		419,282		-		-
TOTAL TOWN OF CLAYTON	\$	4,669,328	\$	744,943	\$	628,610	\$	235,958

### **GENERAL REVENUES**

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes

Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service

Tax Increment

Other Taxes

State and Federal Aids not Restricted to

Specific Functions

Interest and Investment Earnings

Insurance Recoveries

Gain on Property Sales

Miscellaneous

**Total General Revenues** 

**CHANGE IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT)** 

**NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING OF YEAR** 

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**NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR** 

### Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

G	overnmental	В	usiness-Type				
	Activities		Activities	Total			
\$	(498,572)	\$	-	\$	(498,572)		
	(408,967)		-		(408,967)		
	(1,191,395)		-		(1,191,395)		
	(1,319)		-		(1,319)		
	(20,474)		-		(20,474)		
	(287,447)		-		(287,447)		
	(597,890)		<b>*</b>		(597,890)		
	(3,006,064)		-		(3,006,064)		
	-		82,636		82,636		
	_		(136,389)		(136,389)		
			(53,753)	_	(53,753)		
	(3,006,064)		(53,753)		(3,059,817)		
	833,598		•		833,598		
	1,233,416		-		1,233,416		
	354,595		-		354,595		
	13,783		-		13,783		
	57,639		_		57,639		
	23,856		_		23,856		
	45,973		_		45,973		
	177,688		<b></b>		177,688		
	693,429		10,930		704,359		
	3,433,977		10,930		3,444,907		
	427,913		(42,823)		385,090		
	(11,229,985)		1,885,712		(9,344,273)		
\$	(10,802,072)	\$	1,842,889	\$	(8,959,183)		

## TOWN OF CLAYTON WINNEBAGO COUNTY, WISCONSIN

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds As of December 31, 2022

	 General	Solid Waste/ Recycling		Debt Service Fund	
ASSETS		_	007.407		202.000
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,284,477	\$	335,167	\$	898,928
Delinquent Property Taxes	217		-		-
Accounts Receivable	23,545		-		-
Property Taxes Receivable	500,692		-		824,891
Accounts Receivable - Special Charges	-		144,440		
Special Assessments	19,967		-		59,728
Grant Receivable	-		-		-
Advances to Other Funds	66,799		63,944		-
Due from Other Funds	8,914		-		-
Inventories	 6,545		-		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,911,156	\$	543,551	\$	1,783,547
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$ 41,175	\$	41,786	\$	-
Accrued Liabilities	48,563		558		-
Due to Other Funds	-		-		-
Deposits from Others	 3,250		-		-
Total Liabilities	 92,988		42,344		**
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Taxes Levied for Subsequent Period	943,723		362,940		1,499,598
Special Assessments and Charges	19,967		-		59,728
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	963,690		362,940		1,559,326
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)					
Nonspendable	73,344		63,944		_
Restricted	70,0-1-1		-		224,221
Committed	70,373		74,323		
Unassigned (Deficit)	710,761		,020		_
Total Fund Balances (DEFICIT)	854,478		138,267		224,221
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)	\$ 1,911,156	\$	543,551	\$	1,783,547

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Tax Incremental District No. 1		Capital Projects Fund			lonmajor vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$	157,214	\$	701,995	\$	127,901	\$	3,505,682	
	-		_		-		217	
	-		-		-		23,545	
	77,222		-		-		1,402,805	
	-		-		-		144,440	
	-		-		-		79,695	
	-		-		7,000		7,000	
	-		-		-		130,743	
	-		-		-		8,914	
	_				-		6,545	
\$	234,436	\$	701,995	\$	134,901	\$	5,309,586	
\$	379,986	\$	-	\$	-	\$	462,947	
	<b>,</b>				-		49,121	
	-		м		8,914		8,914	
	_			,	-	***	3,250	
	379,986				8,914		524,232	
	\$							
	140,384		-		-		2,946,645	
							79,695	
	140,384				,	•	3,026,340	
	-		-		-		137,288	
	-		-		127,901		352,122	
	-		701,995		<b>w</b>		846,691	
	(285,934)				(1,914)		422,913	
	(285,934)		701,995		125,987		1,759,014	
\$	234,436	\$	701,995	\$	134,901	\$	5,309,586	

# TOWN OF CLAYTON WINNEBAGO COUNTY, WISCONSIN

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2022

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 1,759,014
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different from the amount reported above as total governmental funds fund balance because:		
Capital assets used in government activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position:  Governmental Capital Assets Governmental Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 18,665,841 (4,884,099)	13,781,742
Some receivables that are not currently available are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide statements.  Special Assessments		79,695
Net pension asset is not a current resource therefore not reported in the fund financial statements.		283,486
The Town's proportionate share of the Wisconsin Retirement System pension plan is not a current financial resource; therefore, it is not reported in the fund financial statements.		
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension Deferred Inflows Related to Pension	550,329 (671,084)	(120,755)
Noncurrent liabilities, including bonds, notes, and leases payable, are not due in the current period and therefore not reported in the fund statements.  Noncurrent liabilities reported in the statement of net position that are not reported in the funds balance sheet		
General Debt Lease Liability Premium on Debt Issued Accrued Interest on General Obligation Debt Vested Employee Benefits		(25,927,827) (106,971) (331,949) (122,631) (95,876)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ (10,802,072)

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit)

## Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		General		lid Waste/ ecycling	De	ebt Service Fund
REVENUES	•	0.40.000	Φ.		Φ.	4 000 440
Taxes	\$	848,383	\$	-	\$	1,233,416
Special Assessments		6,656		7 470		17,421
Intergovernmental		289,020		7,179		-
Licenses and Permits		131,287		200 646		-
Public Charges for Services		34,586		388,618		-
Intergovernmental Charges for Services		89,912		-		2 240
Investment Income		11,988		-		3,240
Miscellaneous		77,752		218	-	
Total Revenues		1,489,584		396,015		1,254,077
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government		650,829		-		-
Public Safety		434,708				-
Public Works		445,807		396,045		-
Health and Human Services		15,899		-		-
Culture, Recreation and Education		22,144				-
Conservation and Development		83,608		-		-
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		-		-		968,881
Interest and Fiscal Charges				Ler .		267,936
Capital Outlay		M		22,361		-
Total Expenditures	<b>1</b> -74	1,652,995		418,406		1,236,817
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	*******	(163,411)		(22,391)		17,260
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE)						
Sale of Capital Assets		637,092		~		
Transfers In		-		20,920		-
Transfers Out		(577,185)		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Use)		59,907		20,920		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(103,504)		(1,471)		17,260
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		957,982		139,738		206,961
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - ENDING	\$	854,478	\$	138,267	\$	224,221

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Tax Incremental District No. 1		Capital Projects Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total evernmental Funds
\$	354,595	\$ -	\$	Na.	\$	2,436,394
	-			_		24,077
	•	220,851		14,000		531,050
	-			-		131,287
	-	-		32,542		455,746
	<b>-</b>	-		-		89,912
	7,626	-		-		22,854
	36,908	-		7,521		122,399
<del></del>	399,129	220,851	·-	54,063		3,813,719
	38,943					000 770
	30,843	-		- 4 4 <del>7</del> 4		689,772
	_	-		1,471		436,179
		-				841,852
	_	<u>-</u>		-		15,899
	202,740	_		_		22,144 286,348
	202,710			_		200,346
	-	-		<b></b>		968,881
	523,133	-		_		791,069
	856,541	250,082	_	26,339		1,155,323
	1,621,357	250,082		27,810		5,207,467
	(1,222,228)	(29,231	<u> </u>	26,253		(1,393,748)
				•		
		17,200		_		654,292
	-	556,265		-		577,185
	-	-				(577,185)
	-	573,465				654,292
	(1,222,228)	544,234		26,253		(739,456)
	936,294	157,761		99,734	···	2,498,470
\$	(285,934)	\$ 701,995	\$	125,987	\$	1,759,014

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit) Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	•	\$	(739,456)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		·	, , ,
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.  Capital outlay reported in governmental fund statements  Depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities  Amount by which capital outlays are greater than depreciation in the current period.	\$ 1,055,326 (560,873)		494,453
The Town disposed of assets resulting in a reduction of capital assets and recapture of prior year depreciation expense reported on the statement of activities as a net gain and has no affect on the governmental funds balance sheet.  The value of capital assets disposed of during the year  The amount of depreciation recapture for the year  Amount by which capital disposals are more than depreciation recapture in the current period	(504,501) 54,602		(449,899)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.  Special Assessments			(94,176)
Amounts related to the pension that affect the statement of activities but not the fund financial statements.			60,713
Vested employee benefits are reported in the government funds when amounts are paid. The statement of activities reports the value of benefits earned during the year. This year the accrual of these benefits was more than the amount paid.			(5,782)
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure, but is reported as a reduction in long-term debt in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities. The amount of long-term debt principal payments in the current year is:			918,520
Payment of a lease obligation is reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure, but is reported as a reduction in lease obligation in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities.			50,361
Interest payments on outstanding debt are reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure when paid, in the statement of activities interest is reported as it accrues.			46,633
Debt premium, discount and amortization are allocated over the period the debt is outstanding and is reported as amortization revenue/expense in the statement of activities. The activity for the current year is as follows:  Amortization			146,546_
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$	427,913

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds As of December 31, 2022

	Stormwater Management Utility	Sanitary District No. 1	Totals
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Investments	\$ 202,459	\$ 1,463	\$ 203,922
Accounts Receivable - Special Charges	184,521	-	184,521
Taxes Receivable		- 55,007	55,007
Total Current Assets	386,980	56,470	443,450
Noncurrent Assets:			
Net Pension Asset	50,399	1	E0 200
Land	30,398 981		50,399
Right To Use Asset			981
Infrastructure	95,000		1,799,657
Machinery and Equipment	1,934,653	•	2,109,309
Accumulated Depreciation	242,706		242,706
Total Noncurrent Assets	(467,183		(543,450)
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,856,556	1,803,046	3,659,602
TOTAL ASSETS	2,243,536	1,859,516	4,103,052
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension	97,840		97,840
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	6,116	5,978	12,094
Accrued and Other Current Liabilities	1,489	• • • •	1,489
Advance from Other Funds	130,743		130,743
Accured Wages		- 558	558
Current Portion of Lease Liability	18,97°		82,173
Total Current Liabilities	157,319		227,057
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES			
Lease Liability	40,232	2 1,541,339	1,581,571
TOTAL LIABILITIES	197,55	1,611,077	1,808,628
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			*.
Special Charges on Subsequent Year Tax Roll	330,067	7 100,000	430,067
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension	119,308		119,308
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	449,37		549,375
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	4 740 05	400.505	4.045.450
Restricted	1,746,954	•	1,945,459
Unrestricted (Deficit)	28,93		28,931
TOTAL NET POSITION	(81,43		(131,501)
TOTAL RET POSITION	\$ 1,694,450	148,439	\$ 1,842,889

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Stormwater Management Utility	Sanitary District No. 1	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for Services			
Culvert and Access Permits	\$ 5,300	\$ -	\$ 5,300
Stormwater Drainage Fees	313,982	-	313,982
Charges for Services		100,000	100,000
Total Operating Revenues	319,282	100,000	419,282
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Operation and Maintenance	164,908	125,553	290,461
Depreciation	68,663	46,109	114,772
Total Operating Expenses	233,571	171,662	405,233
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	85,711	(71,662)	14,049
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(3,075)	(64,727)	(67,802)
Other Nonoperating Revenue	pa.	10,930	10,930
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	(3,075)	(53,797)	(56,872)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	82,636	(125,459)	(42,823)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	1,611,814	273,898	1,885,712
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 1,694,450	\$ 148,439	\$ 1,842,889

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Mai	ormwater nagement Utility	Sani	tary District No. 1		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	-					
Cash Received from User Charges	\$	341,1 <b>1</b> 9	\$	144,993	\$	486,112
Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(48,192)		(124,349)		(172,541)
Paid to Employees for Operating Payroll		(131,948)		-		(131,948)
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities		160,979		20,644	<u></u>	181,623
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(10,157)		-		(10,157)
Principal Payments on Lease Liability		(18,247)		(60,775)		(79,022)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		(3,075)		(64,727)		(67,802)
Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities		(31,479)		(125,502)		(156,981)
CHANGE IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS		129,500		(104,858)		24,642
CASH AND INVESTMENTS - BEGINNING		72,959		106,321		179,280
CASH AND INVESTMENTS - ENDING	\$	202,459	\$	1,463	\$	203,922
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	85,711	\$	(71,662)	\$	14,049
to Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities:						
Depreciation		68,663		46,109		114,772
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:						
Special Charges Receivable		14,484		-		14,484
Taxes Receivable		-		44,993		44,993
Net Pension Asset		(29,379)		-		(29,379)
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension		(62,113)		-		(62,113)
Accounts Payable		4,057		1,204		5,261
Deferred Special Charges Receivable		7,353		<del>-</del>		7,353
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension  Net Cash Flows From	<del></del>	72,203		н		72,203
Operating Activities	\$	160,979	\$	20,644	\$	181,623

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund As of December 31, 2022

	Custodial Fund Tax Collection Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 3,583,320
Taxes Receivable	4,352,562
Total Assets	7,935,882
LIABILITIES	
Due to Other Taxing Entities	7,935,882
NET POSITION	<u>\$</u>

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# **TOWN OF CLAYTON**

WINNEBAGO COUNTY, WISCONSIN
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Fiduciary Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		 todial Fund Collection Fund
ADDITIONS Taxes Collected on Behalf of Other Taxing Entities	.*	\$ 5,907,043
DEDUCTIONS Taxes Remitted to Other Taxing Entities		 5,907,043
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		<u></u>
NET POSITION - BEGINNING		 kas
NET POSITION - ENDING		\$ 

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

This summary of significant accounting policies of the Town of Clayton, Winnebago County, Wisconsin (Town) is presented to assist in understanding the Town's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of the Town's management who is responsible for the integrity and objectivity of the financial statements. These accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Town are discussed below.

### **Reporting Entity**

The Town is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five member board. In accordance with GAAP, the basic financial statements are required to include the Town and any separate component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the Town. The Town has identified a component unit, Sanitary District No. 1 that is required to be included in the basic financial statements as a blended component unit in accordance with standards established.

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In 1972, the Town Board formed the Town of Clayton Sanitary District No. 1 to provide water and sewer services to a portion of the Town. Subsequently in 2014, the Town Board amended the boundaries of the sanitary district and appointed the Town Board as the governing body of the sanitary district. All legal, planning and engineering costs of the sanitary district and future water and sewer infrastructure incurred to-date have been financed directly by the Town's General Fund, Capital Projects Fund and Tax Incremental District No.1.

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Taxes and other items not properly included as program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments for charges which would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and the fiduciary fund, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's proprietary funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into individual funds each of which are considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenses/expenditures.

Funds are organized as major funds or nonmajor funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Town or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets plus deferred outflows of resources, liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or proprietary fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type and
- b. The same element that met the 10 percent criterion in (a) is at least 5 percent of the corresponding element total for all governmental and proprietary funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental fund that the Town believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are identified as either general, special revenue, debt service or capital projects funds based upon the following guidelines.

#### **General Fund**

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the Town and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

### Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

### **Debt Service Fund**

This fund accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

#### Capital Project Funds

Capital project funds are used to account for property tax, bond proceeds, and other financial resources available to implement the Town's capital improvement plans.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

## **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary Funds may be used to account for activities where a fee is charged to external users for goods and services. Enterprise activities must include operations (a) that are financed with debt that is secured solely by the pledge of the net revenues of the fund, or (b) where laws or regulations require that the costs of the activity be recovered with fees and charges, or (c) where the fees and charges are priced in a way designed to recover the costs of the activity. The Town presents two major proprietary funds – the stormwater management utility fund and sanitary district no. 1.

## **Fiduciary Fund**

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or custodial capacity for others and therefore are not available to support Town programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and are reported using the full accrual method of accounting. Because by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

The Town follows the presentation requirements of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement revised the criteria of whether the government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exits. An activity meeting the criteria should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. Four types of fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable, include pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. The Town reports the Tax Collection Fund as a custodial fund.

#### Major Funds

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund, which accounts for the Town's primary operating activities.

The Solid Waste/Recycling Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for collection and disposal of refuse and recyclable items. Significant revenues are charges for services.

The Debt Service Fund, which accounts for the Town's governmental principal and interest payments.

The Tax Increment District No. 1 Fund, which accounts for the Town's capital projects for economic development activities.

The Capital Projects Fund, which accounts for the Town's capital project included in the capital improvement plan.

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The Village reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Stormwater Management Utility, which operates the stormwater collection system.

The Sanitary District No. 1, accounts for the activities of operating the Town's sewer activities.

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources) or economic resources (all assets, deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

## Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund statements and fiduciary fund statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

#### Cash and Investments

Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions and are carried at cost. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all cash deposits and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition are considered to be cash equivalents.

#### **Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivables are recorded at gross amounts with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct writeoff method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that the amount of such allowance would not be material to the financial statements.

#### **Special Assessments**

Assessments against property owners for public improvements are generally not subject to full settlement in the year levied. Special assessments are placed on tax rolls on an installment basis. Revenue from special assessments recorded in governmental funds is recognized as collections are made or as current installments are placed on tax rolls. (Installments placed on the 2021 tax roll are recognized as revenue in 2022.)

#### **Capital Assets**

The accounting treatment over property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements and used in governmental fund operations.

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or higher and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Capital assets are reported at actual or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are reported at estimated acquisition cost at the time received. The cost of infrastructure assets constructed prior to 2004 have not been determined and are, therefore, not included in the financial statements.

Depreciation is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of all capital assets over their estimated useful lives.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### **Capital Assets (Continued)**

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years						
Assets	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities					
Right to Use Assets	5 - 10	5 - 10					
Buildings	40	40					
Land Improvements	25	25					
Vehicles	4 - 15	4 - 15					
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 15	5 - 10					
Infrastructure	25 - 75	40					

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of net position report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The Town has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, deferred outflows related to pension are reported in the statements of net position.

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In addition to liabilities, the statements of net position and balance sheet report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government-wide financial statement has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, taxes levied for subsequent year, deferred inflows related to pension, and special charges are reported in the statement of net position. The Town has an additional type of deferred inflow that arises under the modified accrual basis of accounting — special assessments are reported on the government fund financial balance sheet.

### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Long-term debt for the governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements. The debt proceeds and premium are reported as another financing source, and payments of principal and interest as expenditures. In governmental funds and government-wide statements, debt issuance costs are reported as expenditures/expenses.

#### **Compensated Absences**

It is the Town's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits in accordance with employee handbook policies and/or bargaining unit agreements. All vacation and sick leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds in the fund financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

## Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" and "due to other funds" in the fund financial statements. Noncurrent portions of the interfund receivables for the governmental funds are reported as "advances to other funds" and are offset by nonspendable fund balance since they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and therefore are not available for appropriation.

#### Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the Town has various transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets and service debt. The governmental funds generally record such transactions as operating transfers if within governmental funds. Transactions between governmental and proprietary funds are usually recorded as revenues and either expenditures or expenses of the respective funds.

#### Leases

The Village adopted GASB Statement No. 87 for the year ended December 31, 2022, which requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources.

#### Claims and Judgments

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncement are met. Claims and judgments that would normally be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are recorded during the year as expenditures in the governmental fund types. If they are not to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources, no liability is recognized in the governmental fund statements. The related expenditure is recognized when the liability is liquidated. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide and proprietary funds statements as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred. There were no significant claims or judgments at year end.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Equity Classifications**

#### Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components.

- Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of
  accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other
  borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted component of net position Consists of resources with constraints placed on the use either by
   1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or,
   2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted component of net position Net amount that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

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When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund balance is classified as either 1) nonspendable, 2) restricted, 3) committed, 4) assigned, or 5) unassigned.

Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts), or amounts that must be maintained intact legally or contractually (such as the principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority. It would require action by the same group to remove or change the constraints placed on the resources. The action to constrain resources must occur prior to year-end; however, the amount can be determined in the subsequent period. The Town Board is the decision-making authority that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance.

Assigned fund balance, in the general fund, represents amounts constrained by the Town Board for a specific intended purpose. The Town has not delegated that authority to others. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance.

Unassigned fund balance, in the general fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The general fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in the unassigned fund balance.

The Town, unless otherwise required by law or agreements, spends funds in the following order: restricted first, then committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned.

The Town has adopted a minimum fund balance policy as stated in Note 7.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results may differ from those estimates and such differences may be material.

#### Note 2 - Cash and Investments

The Town is authorized to invest its funds in accordance with Wisconsin Statutes. Allowable investments are as follows:

- Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company maturing in three years or less.
- Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school
  district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, local professional baseball park district,
  or the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority.
- Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- The Local Government Investment Fund and the Wisconsin Investment Trust.
- Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust subject to various conditions and investment options.
- Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

Additional restrictions could arise from local charters, ordinances, resolutions and grant regulations of the Town.

At December 31, 2022, the Town's bank balance of cash was \$5,355,433. The Town maintains its cash accounts at four financial institutions. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

Deposits in each bank are insured by the FDIC up to \$250,000 for the combined amounts of all time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and up to \$250,000 for the combined amount of all interest and noninterest bearing demand deposit accounts.

The following represents a summary of deposits as of December 31, 2022:

Fully Insured Deposits	\$	283,809
Uninsured and Uncollateralized	#4:15	5,071,624
Total	\$	5,355,433

The difference between the bank balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and advance tax collection deposits in transit at December 31, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

### Note 3 - Property Taxes

The Town bills and collects its own property taxes and also levies for the School Districts of Neenah and Winneconne, Fox Valley Technical College, Larson Winchester Sanitary District and Winnebago County.

Property taxes consist of taxes on real estate and personal property. They are levied during December and become an enforceable lien on property the following January 1. Property taxes are payable in various options depending on the type and amount. Personal property taxes are payable on or before January 31 in full. Real estate taxes are payable in full by January 31, or in two equal installments on or before January 31 and July 31. Real estate taxes not paid by July 31 are assumed by the County as part of the August tax settlement. Delinquent personal property taxes remain the collection responsibility of the Town.

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Under 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, in 2011 and all future years, a municipality is allowed to increase its levy over the amount it levied in the prior year by the percentage increase in equalized value from net new construction or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit.

#### Note 4 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, Advances, and Transfers

Interfund receivables, payables and advances at December 31, 2022 are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 \mount_	Purpose
General Fund	Fire Donations	\$ 8,914	Year End Cash Flow Timing Long-Term Advance to Finance
General Fund	Stormwater Management Utility	66,799	Operating Deficits  Long-Term Advance to Finance
Solid Waste/Recycling	Stormwater Management Utility	 63,944	Operating Deficits
		\$ 139,657	

The Town Board currently has no plan for repayment of the advances from the general fund and solid waste/recycling fund to the stormwater management utility fund.

The interfund transfers between funds for the year ended December 31, 2022 are as follows:

Fund	Transfer In		Tra	nsfer Out
General Fund	\$		\$	577,185
Solid Waste/Recyling		20,920		-
Capital Projects Fund		556,265		_
	\$	577,185	\$	577,185

Transfers are used to: 1) move unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; 2) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; 3) move receipts restricted to or allowed for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service funds as debt service payments become due; and 4) move payment in lieu of taxes from the regulated utilities to the general fund.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 were as follows:

O		Beginning Balances	-	Increases		Decreases		Ending Balances
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated Land and Improvements	<b>ው</b>	4.005.040			_			
Construction in Progress	\$	4,205,612	\$	-	\$	447,999	\$	3,757,613
Total Capital Assets Not	••••	82,186		527,843		-	Piron.	610,029
		4 007 700		500.040				
Being Depreciated		4,287,798	-	527,843		447,999	No.	4,367,642
Capital Assets Being Depreciated								
Right to Use Asset		230,944		_		-		230,944
Land Improvements		266,928		_		_		266,928
Buildings and Improvements		1,429,033		_		_		1,429,033
Machinery and Equipment		1,878,852		197,639		56,502		2,019,989
Infrastructure		10,021,461		329,844		-		10,351,305
Total Capital Assets Being					•			,,
Depreciated		13,827,218		527,483		56,502		14,298,199
Accumulated Depreciation								
Right to Use Asset		(76,981)		(25,661)		_		(102,642)
Land Improvements		(76,497)		(10,677)		_		(87,174)
Buildings and Improvements		(416,840)		(34,813)		-		(451,653)
Machinery and Equipment		(839,552)		(133,837)		(54,602)		(918,787)
Infrastructure		(2,967,958)		(355,885)				(3,323,843)
<b>Total Accumulated Depreciation</b>	1	(4,377,828)	-	(560,873)		(54,602)		(4,884,099)
Total Capital Assets Being								
Depreciated, Net of Depreciation		9,449,390		(33,390)		1,900		9,414,100
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated								
Depreciation	\$	13,737,188	\$	494,453	\$	449,899	\$	13,781,742

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## Note 5 - Capital Assets (Continued)

ear of the second		Beginning Balances		Increases	Ε	ecreases		Ending Balances
Business-Type Activities								
Stormwater								
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated								
Land	\$	981	\$	-	\$		\$	981
Construction in Progress		124,258		10,157		134,415		
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	_	125,239		10,157		134,415		981
Capital Assets Being Depreciated								
Right To Use Assets		95,000		-		-		95,000
Machinery and Equipment		242,706		-		-		242,706
Infrastructure		1,800,238		134,415		_		1,934,653
Total Capital Assets Being								
Depreciated		2,137,944		134,415			,	2,272,359
Accumulated Depreciation								
Right to Use Assets		(14,250)		(9,500)		-		(23,750)
Machinery and Equipment		(117,231)		(16,171)		-		(133,402)
Infrastructure		(267,039)		(42,992)		-		(310,031)
<b>Total Accumulated Depreciation</b>		(398,520)	_	(68,663)		-		(467,183)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net of Depreciation	<del></del>	1,739,424		65,752				1,805,176
Stormwater Capital Assets								
Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$	1,864,663	\$	75,909	\$	134,415	\$	1,806,157
		Beginning Balances		Increases		)ecreases		Ending Balances
Business-Type Activities Sanitary District No. 1								
Capital Assets Being Depreciated								
Right to Use Asset	\$	1,704,657	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,704,657
Infrastructure		174,656			<del></del>		<b></b>	174,656
Total Capital Assets Not Being		4 070 040						1,879,313
Depreciated		1,879,313		**				1,079,013
Accumulated Depreciation		(00.444)		(40.040)				(74.007)
Right to Use Asset		(28,411)		(42,616)		-		(71,027) (5 <u>,240)</u>
Infrastructure		(1,747)	_	(3,493)	•••	-	******	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	•	(30,158)	•	(46, 109)		-		(76,267)
Sanitary District No. 1 Capital Assets								
Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$_	1,849,155	\$	(46,109)	\$		\$	1,803,046

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## Note 5 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General Government	\$	37,261
Public Safety		57,700
Public Works		456,709
Culture and Recreation		8,104
Culture, Recreation and Education	<del>,</del>	1,099
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$	560,873
Business-Type Activities:		
Stormwater Management Utility	\$	68,663
Sanitary District No. 1	W. 61	46,109
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	<u>\$</u>	114,772

## Note 6 - Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the Town for the year ended December 31, 2022:

565,000 253,520 818,520 100,000	\$ 9,320,000 1,242,827 10,562,827 15,365,000 331,948	346,797 1,118,555
253,520 818,520 100,000	1,242,827 10,562,827 15,365,000	346,797 7 1,118,555
253,520 818,520 100,000	1,242,827 10,562,827 15,365,000	346,797 7 1,118,555
818,520 100,000	10,562,827 15,365,000	1,118,555
100,000	15,365,000	) -
ŕ	.,	
146,546	331,949	-
	·	
50,361	106,97	52,416
43,810	95,876	3 19,175
1,159,237	\$ 26,462,623	3 \$ 1,190,146
Decrease	Ending Balance	Due WithIn One Year
	f 1 000 74	4 \$ 82,173
	-	*

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## Note 6 - Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

The Town's outstanding general obligation notes from direct borrowings of \$9,320,000 contain a provision that in an event of default, outstanding amounts shall at the option of the lender, without notice, mature and become immediately payable.

The Town's outstanding state trust fund loans from direct borrowings of \$1,242,827 are subject to a statutory provision that in an event of late or non-payment, a one percent per month penalty will be charged and the payment will be collected through a reduction in payments form the State of Wisconsin.

Interest paid during the year on long-term debt totaled \$858,871.

	Dates of	Final	Interest		Original	Balances
_	Issuance	Maturities	Rates	ln	debtedness	12/31/22
Governmental Activities						
Long-Term Obligations						
General Obligation Notes	09/08/14	03/01/24	2.00% - 2.60%	\$	2,300,000	\$ 505,000
State Trust Fund Loan	06/26/17	03/15/27	3.50%		1,100,000	652,865
State Trust Fund Loan	10/23/17	03/15/27	3.50%		600,000	360,825
General Obligation Taxable Notes	12/06/17	03/01/27	3.00% - 3.25%		2,000,000	2,000,000
Note Anticipation Note	05/24/20	05/01/25	2,50%		8,565,000	8,565,000
State Trust Fund Loan	12/14/20	03/15/25	3.00%		300,000	229,137
General Obligation Taxable Notes	06/03/21	09/01/36	2.81%		3,600,000	3,415,000
Note Anticipation Note	06/03/21	06/01/26	2.00%		6,900,000	6,800,000
General Obligation Taxable Notes	06/03/21	09/01/36	2.81%		3,400,000	 3,400,000
Total Governmental Activities Long	g-Term Obligations					\$ 25,927,827

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Governmental Activities					
		Principal	<del>(*/ **/</del>	Interest	<b>1444</b>	Total
2023	\$	1,118,555	\$	638,609	\$	1,757,164
2024		1,201,945		612,143		1,814,088
2025		9,790,789		453,293		10,244,082
2026		10,509,601		198,878		10,708,479
2027		941,937		76,595		1,018,532
2028-2032		1,225,000		236,005		1,461,005
2033-2036	1 *** *1	1,140,000	\ <del></del>	78,554		1,218,554
	\$	25,927,827	\$	2,294,077	\$	28,221,904

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Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## Note 6 - Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

## Legal Margin for Debt

The 2022 equalized valuation of the Town as certified by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue is \$669,946,700. The legal debt limit and margin of indebtedness as of December 31, 2022, in accordance with Section 67.03 of the Wisconsin Statutes is as follows:

Equalized valuation of the Town	\$ 669,946,700
Statutory limitation percentage	5%
General obligation debt limitation, per Section 67.03 of the	
Wisconsin Statutes	33,497,335
Total outstanding general obligation debt applicable to debt limitation \$ 10,562,82	, ,
Less: Amounts available for financing general obligation debt	
Debt service fund net of accrued interest 101,590	).
Net outstanding general obligation debt applicable to debt limitation	10,461,237
Legal margin for new debt	\$ 23,036,098

#### Note 7 - Net Position and Fund Balances

Net position reported on the government-wide statement of net position at December 31, 2022 includes the following:

		Sovernmental Activities	siness-Type Activities		Total
Net Investment in Capital Assets	<u></u>		 	-	
Net Capital Assets	\$	13,781,742	\$ 3,609,203	\$	17,390,945
Less: Related Long-Term Debt		(25,927,827)	-		(25,927,827)
Less: Issuance Premium		(331,949)	-		(331;949)
Less: Lease Liability		(106,971)	(1,663,744)		(1,770,715)
Add: Noncapital related debt		17,952,193	-		17,952,193
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets		5,367,188	1,945,459		7,312,647
Restricted					
Pension		162,731	28,931		191,662
Park Improvements		37,637	,		37,637
Fire Department Improvements		90,264	_		90.264
Debt Service		101,590	_		101,590
Total Restricted	-	392,222	 28,931		421,153
Unrestricted (Deficit)	trans-	(16,561,482)	(131,501)	1000000	(16,692,983)
Total Government-Wide Activities Net Position (Deficit)	\$	(10,802,072)	\$ 1,842,889	\$	(8,959,183)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## Note 7 - Net Position and Fund Balances (Continued)

Fund balances reported on the governmental funds balance sheet at December 31, 2022 are classified as follows:

Nonspendable	
General Fund	
Inventories	\$ 6,545
Advances to Other Funds	 66,799
Total General Fund Nonspendable	 73,344
Special Revenue Funds: Solid Waste/Recycling Fund Advances to Other Funds	63,944
Advances to Other Funds	 
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$ 137,288
Restricted	
Park Improvements	\$ 37,637
Fire Department Improvements	 90,264
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ 127,901
Committed	
General Fund:	
Cemetery Activities	\$ 42,451
Sick Leave and Vacation Payout	27,922
Total General Fund Committed	 70,373
Special Revenue Funds:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Solid Waste/Recycling Fund	74,323
Capital Projects Fund	 701,995
Total Committed Fund Balance	\$ 846,691

## Minimum General Fund Balance Policy

The Town Board has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy of 16% of actual current year general fund expenditures, not including debt service. The minimum fund balance is maintained for cash flow and working capital purposes. The minimum fund balance is calculated as follows:

Actual 2022 General Fund Expenditures	\$ 1,652,995
Minimum Fund Balance %	(x) 16%
Minimum Fund Balance Amount	\$ 264,479

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The Town's unassigned general fund balance of \$710,761 is above the minimum fund balance amount.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government, and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at <a href="https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements">https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements</a>.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

**Vesting.** For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

**Benefits Provided**. Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupations and 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before December 31, 2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Post-Retirement Adjustments. The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

#### Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
2012	(7.0)%	(7)%
2013	(9.6)	9
2014	4.7	25
2015	2.9	2
2016	0.5	(5)
2017	2.0	4
2018	2.4	17
2019	0.0	(10)
2020	1.7	21
2021	5.1	13

Contributions. Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees, including Teachers, Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee Category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$41,177 in contributions from the Town.

Contribution rates used for the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation are as follows:

Employee Category	<u>Employee</u>	Employer
General (including executives and elected officials)	6.50%	6.50%

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## Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Revenues), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2022, the Town reported an asset of \$333,885 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020 rolled forward to December 31, 2021. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The Town's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the Town's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2021, the Town's proportion was 0.00414240%, which was an increase of 0.00024320% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Town recognized a reduction in pension expense of \$28,938.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

At December 31, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

·	Ou	eferred tflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between projected and actual experiences	\$	539,374	\$	38,894	
Changes in assumptions		62,291		-	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		746,929	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		5,327		4,569	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date  Total	\$	41,177 648,169	\$	790,392	

The \$41,177 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an adjustment of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ending December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	O (In	Deferred outflows flows) of esources
2023	\$	(14,881)
2024		(89,598)
2025		(40,017)
2026		(38,904)
	\$	(183,400)

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

#### Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	December 31, 2020
Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	December 31, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method:	Fair Value
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	6.8%
Discount Rate:	6.8%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation	3.0%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality:	2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table
Post-retirement Adjustments*	1.7%

<sup>\*</sup> No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability changed from prior year, including the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return, post-retirement adjustment, price inflation, mortality and separation rates. The total pension liability for December 31, 2021 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation.

Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

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### Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns<sup>1</sup> as of December 31, 2021

	A 4	Long-Term Expected	Long-Term Expected
O	Asset	Nominal Rate	Real Rate of
Core Fund Asset Class	Allocation %	of Return %	Return % <sup>2</sup>
Global Equities	52%	6.8%	4.2%
Fixed Income	25	4.3	1.8
Inflation Sensitive Assets	19	2.7	0.2
Real Estate	7	5,6	3.0
Private Equity/Debt	12	9.7	7.0
Total Core Fund <sup>3</sup>	115%*	6.6%	4.0%
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. Equities	70%	6.3%	3.7%
International Equities	30	7.2	4.6
Total Variable Fund	100.0%	6.8%	4.2%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.5%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower-volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. This results in an asset allocation beyond 100%. Currently, an asset allocation target of 15% policy leverage is used, subject to an allowable range of up to 20%.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

### Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 6.8% was used to measure the total pension liability, as opposed to a discount rate of 7.0% for the prior year. This single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% and a municipal bond rate of 1.84% (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2021. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax exempt securities.). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.8% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.80 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.80 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80 percent) than the current rate:

	Dis	Decrease to count Rate (5.80%)	Current count Rate (6.80%)	Dis	Increase to count Rate (7.80%)
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	236,915	\$ (333,885)	\$	(744,754)

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position.** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at <a href="https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements">https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements</a>.

**Payables to the Pension Plan.** The Town is required to remit the monthly required contribution for both the employee and Town portions by the last day of the following month. The amount due to WRS as of December 31, 2022 is \$10,122 for December payroll.

#### Note 9 - Leases

The Town is obligated under three leases accounted for as a lease obligation that was used to finance the acquisition of a dump truck, which is recorded in the general fund. The Town also has leases for the acquisition of a John Deere tractor and a sewer collection system, which are recorded in the stormwater management utility fund and the Sanitary District No. 1 fund, respectively.

At December 31, 2022, the Town has recognized a right to use asset related to the dump truck of \$230,944 and a lease liability of \$106,971 related to this lease. During the current fiscal year, the Town recorded \$25,661 as depreciation expense and \$102,642 as total accumulated depreciation related to this right to use asset.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### Note 9 - Leases (Continued)

		ginning Balance	Add	itions	Re	ductions_		Ending Balance		ount Due hin One Year
Governmental Activities	ф.	467 222	•		œ	50.361	e	106.971	æ	52.416
Lease Liability	Φ	157,332	Ψ	-	Ψ	30,301	Ψ	100,371	Ψ	JZ,-710

The interest paid on this lease liability during the year ended December 31, 2022, was \$6,419.

The remaining obligation associated with this lease at December 31, 2022, is as follows:

Year Ending December 31,		Prinipal	lr	nterest	Total
2023	- <del></del>	52,416	\$	4,364	\$ 56,780
2024		54,555		2,226	56,781
	\$	106,971	\$	6,590	\$ 113,561

At December 31, 2022, the Town has recognized a right to use asset related to the John Deere Tractor of \$95,000 and a lease liability of \$59,203 related to this lease. During the current fiscal year, the Town recorded \$9,500 as depreciation expense and \$23,750 as total accumulated depreciation related to this right to use asset.

	 ginning alance	Addit	tions	Red	ductions	inding alance	 ount Due hin One Year
Stormwater Management Utility Lease Liability	\$ 77,450	\$	-	\$	18,247	\$ 59,203	\$ 18,971

The interest paid on this lease liability during the year ended December 31, 2022, was \$3,075.

The remaining obligation associated with this lease at December 31, 2022, is as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	F	Prinipal	<u>lr</u>	nterest	 Total
2023	\$	18,971	\$	2,351	\$ 21,322
2024		19,724		1,597	21,321
2025		20,508		814	21,322
	\$	59,203	\$	4,762	\$ 63,965

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At December 31, 2022, the Town has recognized a right to use asset related to the sewer collection system of \$1,704,657 and a lease liability of \$1,604,541 related to this lease. During the current fiscal year, the Town recorded \$42,616 as depreciation expense and \$71,027 as total accumulated depreciation related to this right to use asset.

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amount Due Within One Year
Santitary District No. 1 Lease Liability	\$ 1,665,316	\$ -	\$ 60,775	\$ 1,604,541	\$ 63,202

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

### Note 9 - Leases (Continued)

The interest paid on this lease liability during the year ended December 31, 2022, was \$64,727.

The remaining obligation associated with this lease at December 31, 2022, is as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	 Prinipal	Interest	Ministra	Total
2023	\$ 63,202	\$ 62,300	\$	125,502
2024	65,570	59,932		125,502
2025	1,475,769	47,762		1,523,531
	\$ 1,604,541	\$ 169,994	\$	1,774,535

## Note 10 - Tax Incremental Districts (TID)

The Town established a capital projects fund for Tax Incremental District No. 1 during 2019, which was created by the Town in accordance with Wisconsin Statutes. At the time the District were created, the property tax base within the District was "frozen" and increment taxes resulting from increases to the property tax base are used to finance such improvements, including principal and interest on long-term debt issued by the Town to finance such improvements. The Statutes allow eligible project costs to be incurred up to five years prior to the maximum termination date.

Since creation of the above District, the Town has provided various financing sources to the TID. The foregoing amounts are not recorded as liabilities in the TID capital project fund but can be recovered by the Town from any future excess tax increment revenues. As of December 31, 2022, the Town has net unreimbursed costs from future excess tax increment revenues of the following:

	Unreimbursed			
		Costs		
TID No. 1	\$	19,127,272		

The intent of the Town is to recover the above amounts from future TID surplus funds, if any, prior to termination of the District. Unless terminated by the Town prior thereto, TID No. 1 has a statutory termination year of 2039,

#### Note 11 - Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health claims; unemployment compensation claims; and environmental damage for which the Town purchases commercial insurance. There has been no reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year. Insurance settlements for claims resulting from the risks covered by commercial insurance have not exceeded the insurance coverage in the past year.

#### Note 12 - Contingencies

From time to time the Town is involved in legal actions and claims, most of which normally occur in governmental operations. In the opinion of Town management, these issues, and any other proceedings known to exist at December 31, 2022, are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the Town's financial position.

Funds for the operating budget of the Town comes from many sources, including property taxes, grants and aids from other units of government, user fees, fines and permits, and other miscellaneous revenues. The State of Wisconsin provides a variety of aid and grant programs which benefit the Town. Those aid and grant programs are dependent on continued approval and funding by the Wisconsin governor and legislature, through their budget processes. Any changes made by the State to funding or eligibility of local aid programs could have a significant impact on the future operating results of the Town.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

#### Note 13 - Commitments

The Town has the following commitments as of December 31, 2022:

The Town entered into an agreement for construction of a 3-phase power to the Booster Pump Facility in 2022 for approximately \$150,000.

The Town entered into an agreement for the construction of American Drive Phase I gravel Street Reconstruction to a contractor for approximately \$448,700.

The Town entered into a lease agreement to purchase a 2023 pump truck for approximately \$800,000.

### Note 14 - Subsequent Events

The Town has the following subsequent events as of the audit report issue date:

The Town awarded the Eagle Heights Drive and Wing Lane water, sewer, street, and stormwater pond to a contractor for approximately \$867,000.

On June 6, 2023 the Town issued a state trust fund loan of \$2,600,000 with an interest rate of 5.00% and maturity date of March 14, 2043. The note was issued to finance street and park projects.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)
Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS)

WRS Fiscal Year End Date (Measurement Date)	Town's Proportion of the Net Pension Asset/Liability	Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability		Town's Covered Payroll		Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	
12/31/2021	0.00414240%	\$	(333,885)	\$	646,429	51.65%	106.02%	
12/31/2020	0.00389920%		(243,432)		663,836	36.67%	105.26%	
12/31/2019	0.00341428%		(110,091)		558,825	19.70%	102.96%	
12/31/2018	0.00298010%		106,022		470,520	22.53%	96.45%	
12/31/2017	0.00255519%		(75,866)		420,575	18.04%	102.93%	
12/31/2016	0.00210694%		17,366		360,414	4.82%	99.12%	
12/31/2015	0.00181343%		29,468		288,315	10.22%	98.20%	
12/31/2014	0.00170112%		(41,784)		242,794	17.21%	102.74%	

Schedule of Employer Contributions Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS)

Town Year End Date	Contractually Required Contributions		Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Payroll		Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
12/31/2022	\$	41,177	\$	41,177	\$		\$	572,022	7.20%	
12/31/2021		48,224		48,224		-		646,429	7.46%	
12/31/2020	•	41,177		41,177		-		663,836	6.20%	
12/31/2019		40,902		40,902		-		558,825	7.32%	
12/31/2018		33,961		33,961		tes		470,520	7.22%	
12/31/2017		30,763		30,763		-		420,575	7.31%	
12/31/2016		24,498		24,498		-		360,414	6.80%	
12/31/2015		19,605		19,605		-		288,315	6.80%	

Schedule of Budgetary Comparison
Budget and Actual
General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

DEVENUE	Oriignal and Final Budget			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	<b>.</b>	040404	_	0.40.000		(400 700)
Taxes	\$	949,121	\$	848,383	\$	(100,738)
Special Assessments		- 		6,656		6,656
Intergovernmental Licenses and Permits		505,875		289,020		(216,855)
		113,870		131,287		17,417
Public Charges for Services		15,290		34,586		19,296
Intergovernmental Charges for Services Investment Income		56,000		89,912		33,912
Miscellaneous		1,000		11,988		10,988
	,	1,000		77,752		76,752
Total Revenues		1,642,156		1,489,584		(152,572)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government		604,825		650,829		(46,004)
Public Safety		442,009		434,708		7,301
Public Works		547,859		445,807		102,052
Health and Human Services		12,769		15,899		(3,130)
Culture, Recreation and Education		32,050		22,144		9,906
Conservation and Development		58,300		83,608		(25,308)
Total Expenditures		1,697,812		1,652,995		44,817
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES						
UNDER EXPENDITURES		(55,656)		(163,411)		(107,755)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE (USE)						
Sale of Capital Assets		825,200		637,092		(188,108)
Transfers Out		(769,544)		(577,185)		192,359
Total Other Financing Source (Use)		55,656		59,907		4,251
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		_		(103,504)		(103,504)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		957,982		957,982		-
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	957,982	\$	854,478	\$	(103,504)

Schedule of Budgetary Comparison
Budget and Actual
Solid Waste/Recycling Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

REVENUES	Original and Final Budget		
Intergovernmental	\$ 7,100	\$ 7,179	\$ 79
Public Charges for Services	375,410	388,618	13,208
Miscellaneous	250	218	(32)
Total Revenues	382,760	396,015	13,255
EXPENDITURES  District March			***************************************
Public Works	401,888	396,045	5,843
Capital Outlay	5,000	22,361	(17,361)
Total Expenditures	406,888	418,406	(11,518)
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(24,128)	(22,391)	1,737
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In	59,128	20,920	(38,208)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	35,000	(1,471)	1,737
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	139,738	139,738	63,944
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 174,738	\$ 138,267	\$ 65,681

Notes to Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2022

### **Defined Benefit Pension Plan**

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes of assumptions.

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021, including the following:

- · Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%
- · Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- · Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

### **Budgetary Process**

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data:

- During October, Town management submits to the Town Board a proposed operating budget for the
  calendar year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures
  and the means of financing them. After submission to the governing body, public hearings are held to obtain
  taxpayer comments. Following the public hearings, the proposed budget, including authorized additions
  and deletions, is legally enacted by Town Board action.
- Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the general fund and certain other funds. Budget is defined as the originally approved budget plus or minus approved amendments. Budget appropriations not expended during the year are closed to fund balance unless authorized by the governing body to be forwarded into the succeeding year's budget.
- During the year, formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the general fund and the solid waste/recycling fund.

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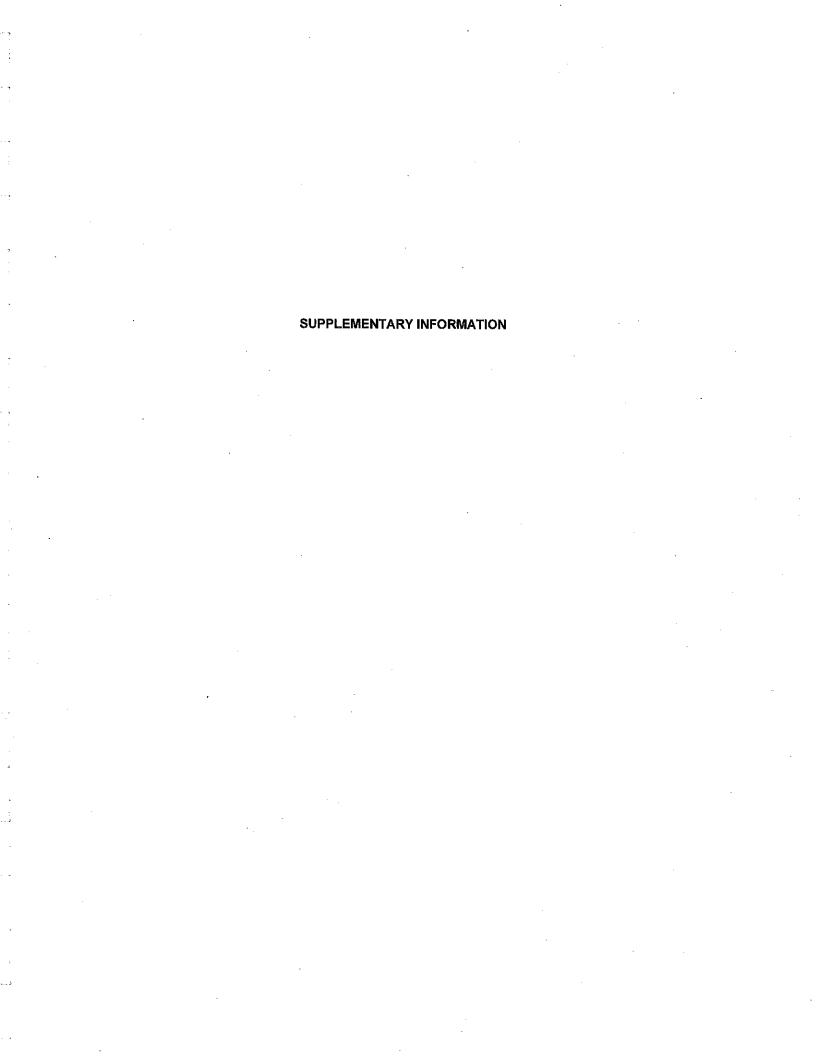
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Expenditures may not exceed appropriations provided in detailed budget accounts maintained for each
activity or department of the Town. Amendments to the budget during the year require initial approval by
management and are subsequently authorized by the Town Board.

### **Excess of Actual Expenditures Over Budget in Individual Funds**

The Town had the following functions with an excess of actual expenditures over budget for the year ended December 31, 2022.

General Fund	Ex	Excess penditures
General Government	\$	46,004
Health and Human Services		3,130
Conservation and Development		25,308
Solid Waste/Recycling	Ex	Excess penditures
Capital Outlay	\$	17,361



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds As of December 31, 2022

	Pa	rk Impact Fees	Fíi	re Impact Fees	Dc	Fire onations	l Nonmajor /ernmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and Investments	\$	37,637	\$	90,264	\$	-	\$ 127,901
Grant Receivable				-		7,000	7,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	37,637	\$	90,264	\$	7,000	\$ 134,901
LIABILITIES							
Due to Other Funds	\$		\$		\$	8,914	\$ 8,914
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)							
Restricted		37,637		90,264		_	127,901
Unassigned (Deficit)		-		_		(1,914)	(1,914)
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		37,637		90,264		(1,914)	125,987
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND							
BALANCES (DEFICIT)	\$	37,637	\$	90,264	\$	7,000	\$ 134,901

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Pa	rk Impact Fees	Fi	re Impact Fees	D	Fire onations	ıl Nonmajor vernmental Funds
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,000	\$ 14,000
Charges for Services		7,574		24,968		-	32,542
Donations		_				7,521	 7,521
Total Revenues		7,574	<b></b>	24,968		21,521	 54,063
EXPENDITURES							
Public Safety		-		-		1,471	1,471
Capital Outlay		_				26,339	26,339
Total Expenditures				-		27,810	 27,810
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		7,574		24,968		(6,289)	26,253
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		30,063		65,296		4,375	99,734
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - ENDING	\$	37,637	\$	90,264	\$	(1,914)	\$ 125,987

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### OTHER INFORMATION

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Schedule of Detailed Budgetary Comparison Revenues and Other Financing Source General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Mobile Home		Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Mobile Horne	TAXES			
Forest Crop	· ·	\$ 929,121	\$ 833,598	\$ (95,523)
Room Tax		14,000	1 <b>1</b> ,947	(2,053)
Dimer Taxes	,		1,264	264
Total Taxes         949,121         848,895         (100,780)           SPECIAL ASSESMENTS         -         6,856         6,656           INTERGOVERNMENTAL           Federal Acts           Federal Acts           American Rescue Plan Act Funds         220,851         5         (220,851)           State Aids         4         5         1,1957         (1,892)         1,1957         (1,892)         1,1957         (1,892)         1,1957         (1,892)         1,1957         (1,892)         1,1957         (1,892)         1,1977         1,1972         1,1972         2,1197		5,000	340	(4,660)
SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS         6,656         6,656           INTERGOVERNMENTAL           Federal Alds         20,851         -         (220,651)           American Rescue Plan Act Funds         220,851         -         (220,651)           Shared and Utility Taxes         59,849         51,757         (1,892)           Fior Insurance Dues         24,000         25,418         1,418           General Transportation Alds         25,425         204,868         (669)           Managed Forest Land         -         27         27           Ald In Lieu of Taxes         1,850         5,855         3,905           Other Intergovernmental Revenues         -         1,107         1,107           Total Intergovernmental Revenues         5,5875         2250         226           Chier Intergovernmental Revenues         5,000         5,225         225           Liquor and Mall Boverage         5,000         5,226         225           Operators, Cigarette and         1,000         1,618         (289)           Other Increase         2,200         2,920         720           Cable Franchise Fees         3,200         3,049         1,691		<del>-</del>		1,234
NTERGOVERNMENTAL   Federal Aids	Total Taxes	949,121	848,383	(100,738)
Potential Aira   Potential Potenti	SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS		6,656	6,656
American Rescue Plan Act Funds	•			
Shared and Utility Taxes		220.851		(220.854)
Shared and Utilliy Taxes         53,849         51,757         (1,892)           Fire Insurance Dues         24,000         25,418         1,418           General Transportation Aids         208,255         204,856         (669)           Managed Forest Land         -         27         27         27           Aid in Lieu of Taxes         1,850         5,855         3,905         0.00         0.00         1,107         1,105         225         225         200         20,500         20,502         225 </td <td></td> <td>225,551</td> <td></td> <td>(220,001)</td>		225,551		(220,001)
Fire Insurance Dues		53 649	51 757	(4.802)
Content   Transportation Aids	•	•	•	• • • • • •
Managed Forest Land			•	
Alia   Leu of Taxes	•	200,720		
Other Intergovernmental Revenues         1,107         1,107           Total Intergovernmental         505,875         289,020         (216,855)           LICIENSES AND PERMITS           Liquor and Malt Beverage         5,000         5,225         225           Operators, Cigarette and         2,200         2,920         7,20           Cable Franchise Fees         32,000         30,400         (1,891)           Dog Licenses         1,800         1,631         (2898)           Permits         48,000         75,880         29,880           Zoning Permits and Fees         3,750         4,265         515           Other Permits         1,850         10,957         9,107           Other Permits         21,170         10,957         9,107           Other Permits         21,170         1,650         1,850         1,850         1,850           Zoning Permits and Fees         21,170         1,625         515         1,677         1,617           Total Licenses and Permits         5,250         6,773         1,622         1,617           Busility Permits         5,250         6,773         1,623         1,623         1,623         1,623         1,623         1,625 <td></td> <td>1 950</td> <td></td> <td></td>		1 950		
Total Intergovernmental   SoS.875   Z89.020   (216.855)   LICENSES AND PERMITS   Licenses   Liquor and Malt Beverage   S.000   S.225   225   Coperators, Cigarette and Other Licenses   2.200   2.920   7.20   Cable Franchise Fees   32.000   30.409   (1.591)   Cable Franchise Fees   3.750   4.265   5.15   Cable Franchise Fees   3.750   4.265   5.15   Cable Franchise Fees   3.150   5.275   7.7417   Total Licenses and Permits   5.250   6.773   1.523   Cable Franchise Fees   9.000   22.1   (679)   File and First Responders   9.000   14.550   8.580   9.265   Parks   3.140   2.200   (9.40)		1,555		•
CECNSES AND PERMITS   Clauses   Cl		505.875		
Liquer and Malt Beverage   5,000   5,225   225     Liquer and Malt Beverage   7,000   7,200   7,200     Cher Licenses   32,000   30,409   (1,591)     Dog Licenses   1,900   1,631   (269)     Permits   46,000   75,880   29,880     Zoning Permits and Fees   3,750   4,265   515     Other Permits   1,650   10,957   9,107     Impact Fees   21,170   - (21,170)     Total Licenses and Permits   113,870   131,287   17,417     PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES   500   10,957   17,417     PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES   7,642   7,842     Centerly   6,000   14,580   8,580     Tire and First Responders   5,250   6,773   1,523     Law Enforcement   5,250   6,773   1,523     Law Enforcement   6,000   2,21   (679)     Fire and First Responders   900   221   (679)     Fire and First Responders   9,000   2,970     Centerly   6,000   14,580   8,580     Total Public Charges for Services   15,290   34,568   18,296     NTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES FOR SERVICES     Building Permit/Inspection Contract   45,000   73,559   28,559     Rolling Permit/Inspection Contract   45,000   73,559   28,559     Sanitation   2,500   73,559   3,551     Total Intergovernmental Charges for Services   1,000   11,988   10,988     Rent of Town Property   1,3457   13,457     Miscellaneous   1,000   11,988   10,988     Rent of Town Property   1,3457   13,457     Miscellaneous   1,000   14,967   13,967     Donations   1,000   14,967   13,967     Donations   1,000   14,967   13,967     Donations   1,000   14,967   13,967     Total Miscellaneous   2,000   89,740   87,740     Other Financia   2,000   89,740   87,740     Other Fina	<del>-</del>		200,020	(210,000)
Operators, Cigarette and Other Licenses         2,200         2,920         720           Cable Freanchise Fees         32,000         30,409         (1,591)           Dog Licenses         1,900         1,631         (269)           Permits         46,000         75,880         29,880           Zoning Permits and Fees         3,750         4,265         515           Other Permits         1,850         10,957         9,107           Impact Fees         21,170         -         (21,170)           Total Licenses and Permits         113,870         131,287         17,417           PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES           General Government         5,250         6,773         1,523           Law Enforcement Fees         900         221         (679)           Fire and First Responders         -         7,842         7,842           Public Works         -         2,970         2,970           Cernetery         6,000         14,580         5,580           Parks         3,140         2,200         19,09           Total Public Charges for Services         15,290         3,586         19,296           Senitation         2,500         7,555         <				
Other Licenses         2,200         2,920         720           Cable Franchiles Fees         32,000         30,409         (1,691)           Dog Licensees         1,900         1,631         (2689)           Permits         1,900         75,880         29,880           Suilding Permits and Fees         3,750         4,265         515           Other Permits         1,850         10,957         9,107           Impact Fees         21,170         -         (21,170)           Total Licenses and Permits         13,870         131,287         17,417           PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES           General Government         5,250         6,773         1,523           Law Enforcement Fees         900         22,1         (679)           Fire and First Responders         -         7,842         7,842           Fire and First Responders         -         2,970         2,970           Cemetery         6,000         14,580         3,585<	,	5,000	5,225	225
Cable Franchise Fees         32,000         30,409         (1,591)           Dog Licenses         1,900         1,631         (269)           Permits         1,900         1,631         (269)           Building Permits and Fees         3,750         4,265         515           Other Permits and Fees         3,750         4,265         515           Other Permits         1,850         10,957         9,107           Impact Fees         21,170         -         (21,170)           Impact Fees         21,170         -         (21,170)           Total Licenses and Permits         5,250         6,773         1,523           Law Enforcement Fees         900         221         (679)           Fire and First Responders         -         7,842         7,842           Public Works         -         2,970         2,970           Cemelery         6,000         14,580         8,580           Parks         3,140         2,200         (940)           Total Public Charges for Services         3,140         2,200         (940)           Total Public Charges for Services         45,000         73,559         26,559           Sanitation         2,500	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Dog Licenaes         1,900         1,631         (269)           Permits         Building Permits         46,000         75,860         29,880           Zoning Permits and Fees         3,750         4,265         515           Other Permits         1,850         10,957         9,107           Impact Fees         21,170         1-         (21,170)           Total Licenses and Permits         113,870         131,287         17,417           PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES         900         221         (679)           Law Enforcement Fees         900         221         (679)           Fire and First Responders         -         7,842         7,842           Public Works         -         2,970         2,970           Cemetery         6,000         14,580         8,580           Parks         3,140         2,200         (940)           Total Public Charges for Services         15,290         34,586         19,296           INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES FOR SERVICES           Building Permit/Inspection Contract         45,000         73,559         26,559           Building Permit/Inspection Contract         45,000         73,559         26,559           Inly Family Servic		2,200	2,920	720
Permits         46,000         75,880         29,880           Building Permits and Fees         3,750         4,265         515           Other Permits         1,850         10,957         9,107           Impact Fees         21,170         -         (21,170)           Total Licenses and Permits         113,870         131,287         17,417           PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES           General Government         5,250         6,773         1,523           Law Enforcement Fees         900         221         (679)           Pire and First Responders         -         7,842         7,842           Public Works         -         2,970         2,970           Cemetery         6,000         14,580         8,580           Parks         3,140         2,200         (940)           Total Public Charges for Services         3,140         2,200         (940)           Total Public Charges for Services         45,000         73,559         28,559           Sanitation         2,500         73,559         28,559           Sanitation         2,500         59,912         33,912           MISCELLANEOUS           Investment Income         1	Cable Franchise Fees	32,000	30,409	(1,591)
Building Permits         46,000         75,880         29,880           Zoning Permits and Fees         3,750         4,265         515           Other Permits         1,850         10,957         9,107           Impact Fees         21,170         -         (21,170)           Total Licenses and Permits         113,870         131,287         17,417           PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES           General Government         5,250         6,773         1,523           Law Enforcement Fees         900         22,1         (679)           Fire and First Responders         -         7,842         7,842           Public Works         -         2,970         2,970           Cemetery         6,000         14,580         8,580           Parks         3,140         2,200         (940)           Total Public Charges for Services         15,290         34,586         19,296           INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES FOR SERVICES           Building Permitif/Inspection Contract         45,000         73,559         26,559           Sanitation         2,500         -         (2,500)           Highway         3,500         16,353         7,853	•	1,900	1,631	(269)
Zoning Permits and Fees         3,750         4,265         515           Other Permits         1,850         10,957         9,107           Impact Fees         21,770         -         (21,770)           Total Licenses and Permits         113,870         131,287         17,417           PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES           General Government         5,250         6,773         1,523           Law Enforcement Fees         900         221         (679)           Fire and First Responders         -         7,842         7,842           Public Works         -         2,970         2,970           Cemetery         6,000         14,580         8,580           Parks         3,140         2,200         (940)           Total Public Charges for Services         15,290         34,586         19,296           Building Permit/Inspection Contract         45,000         73,559         26,559           Sanitation         2,500         -         (2,500)           Highway         3,500         16,353         7,853           Total Intergovernmental Charges for Services         56,000         89,912         33,912           Investment Income         1,000         11,988 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
Other Permitis         1,850         10,957         9,107           Impact Fees         21,170         -         (21,170)           Total Licenses and Permits         113,870         131,287         17,417           PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES           General Government         5,250         6,773         1,523           Law Enforcement Fees         900         221         (679)           Fire and First Responders         -         2,870         2,970           Public Works         -         2,000         14,580         8,580           Parks         3,140         2,200         (940)           Total Public Charges for Services         31,40         2,200         (940)           INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES FOR SERVICES         8         10,200         73,559         28,559           Sanitation         2,500         -         2,500         -         2,500           Building Permit/Inspection Contract         45,000         73,559         28,559         -         -         2,500         -         2,500         -         -         2,500         -         -         2,500         -         -         2,500         -         -         2,500         -	Building Permits	46,000	75,880	29,880
Impact Fees	Zoning Permits and Fees	3,750	4,265	515
Total Licenses and Permits         113,870         131,287         17,417           PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES General Government Law Enforcement Fees         900         221         (679)           Fire and First Responders         -         7,842         7,842           Fire and First Responders         -         2,970         2,970           Cemetery         6,000         14,580         8,580           Parks         3,140         2,200         (940)           Total Public Charges for Services         15,290         34,586         19,296           INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES FOR SERVICES         8         16,300         7,3559         28,559           Sanitation         2,500         -         (2,500)         -         (2,500)         -         (2,500)         -         (2,500)         -         (2,500)         -         (2,500)         -         (2,500)         -         (2,500)         -         (2,500)         -         (2,500)         -         (2,500)         -         (2,500)         -         (2,500)         -         (2,500)         -         (2,500)         -         (2,500)         -         (2,500)         -         (3,55         7,855         -         7,855         -         - <td>Other Permits</td> <td>1,850</td> <td>10,957</td> <td>9,107</td>	Other Permits	1,850	10,957	9,107
PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES   Seneral Government   5,250   6,773   1,523   1,623   1	Impact Fees	21,170		(21,170)
General Government         5,250         6,773         1,523           Law Enforcement Fees         900         221         (679)           Fire and First Responders         -         7,842         7,842           Public Works         -         2,970         2,970           Cemetery         6,000         14,580         8,580           Parks         3,140         2,200         (940)           Total Public Charges for Services           Building Permit/Inspection Contract         45,000         73,559         28,559           Sanitation         2,500         -         (2,500)           Highway         8,500         16,353         7,853           Total Intergovernmental Charges for Services         56,000         89,912         33,912           MISCELLANEOUS           Investment Income         1,000         11,988         10,988           Rent of Town Property         -         13,457         13,457           Miscellaneous         1,000         14,967         13,967           Donations         -         3,355         3,355           Insurance Recoveries and Dividends         -         45,973         45,973           Total Mis	Total Licenses and Permits	113,870	131,287	17,417
General Government         5,250         6,773         1,523           Law Enforcement Fees         900         221         (679)           Fire and First Responders         -         7,842         7,842           Public Works         -         2,970         2,970           Cemetery         6,000         14,580         8,580           Parks         3,140         2,200         (940)           Total Public Charges for Services           Building Permit/Inspection Contract         45,000         73,559         28,559           Sanitation         2,500         -         (2,500)           Highway         8,500         16,353         7,853           Total Intergovernmental Charges for Services         56,000         89,912         33,912           MISCELLANEOUS           Investment Income         1,000         11,988         10,988           Rent of Town Property         -         13,457         13,457           Miscellaneous         1,000         14,967         13,967           Donations         -         3,355         3,355           Insurance Recoveries and Dividends         -         45,973         45,973           Total Mis	PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES			
Law Enforcement Fees         900         221         (679)           Fire and First Responders         -         7,842         7,842           Public Works         -         2,970         2,970           Cemetery         6,000         14,580         8,580           Parks         3,140         2,200         (940)           Total Public Charges for Services         15,290         34,586         19,296           INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES FOR SERVICES           Building Permit/Inspection Confract         45,000         73,559         28,559           Sanitation         2,500         -         (2,500)           Highway         3,500         16,363         7,853           Total Intergovernmental Charges for Services         56,000         89,912         33,912           MISCELLANEOUS           Investment Income         1,000         11,988         10,988           Rent of Town Property         -         13,457         13,457           Miscellaneous         1,000         14,967         13,967           Donations         -         3,355         3,355           Insurance Recoveries and Dividends         -         45,973         45,973 <t< td=""><td></td><td>5 250</td><td>6 779</td><td>4 500</td></t<>		5 250	6 779	4 500
Fire and First Responders         -         7,842         7,842           Public Works         -         2,970         2,970           Cemetery         6,000         14,580         8,580           Parks         3,140         2,200         (940)           Total Public Charges for Services         15,290         34,586         19,296           INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES FOR SERVICES         8         15,290         73,559         28,559           Sanitation         2,500         -         (2,500)           Highway         8,500         16,353         7,853           Total Intergovernmental Charges for Services         56,000         89,912         33,912           MISCELLANEOUS         1,000         11,988         10,988           Rent of Town Property         -         13,457         13,457           Miscellaneous         1,000         14,967         13,967           Donations         -         3,355         3,355           Insurance Recoveries and Dividends         -         45,973         45,973           Total Miscellaneous         2,000         89,740         87,740           OTHER FINANCING SOURCE         2,000         637,092         (188,108)			-	•
Public Works         -         2,970         2,970           Cemetery         6,000         14,580         8,580           Parks         3,140         2,200         (940)           Total Public Charges for Services         15,290         34,586         19,296           INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES FOR SERVICES         8         8         8         8         8         9         28,559         28,		-		
Cemetery Parks         6,000         14,580         8,580           Parks         3,140         2,200         (940)           Total Public Charges for Services         15,290         34,586         19,296           INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES FOR SERVICES           Building Permit/Inspection Contract         45,000         73,559         28,559           Sanitation         2,500         -         (2,500)           Highway         8,500         16,353         7,853           Total Intergovernmental Charges for Services         56,000         89,912         33,912           MISCELLANEOUS           Investment Income         1,000         11,988         10,988           Rent of Town Property         -         13,457         13,457           Miscellaneous         1,000         14,967         13,967           Donations         -         3,355         3,355           Insurance Recoveries and Dividends         -         45,973         45,973           Total Miscellaneous         2,000         89,740         87,740           OTHER FINANCING SOURCE           Sale of Property and Equipment         825,200         637,092         (188,108)	·	_	-	-
Parks         3,140         2,200         (940)           Total Public Charges for Services         15,290         34,586         19,296           INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES FOR SERVICES           Building Permit/Inspection Contract         45,000         73,559         28,559           Sanitation         2,500         -         (2,500)           Highway         8,500         16,353         7,853           Total Intergovernmental Charges for Services         56,000         89,912         33,912           MISCELLANEOUS           Investment Income         1,000         11,988         10,988           Rent of Town Property         -         13,457         13,457           Miscellaneous         1,000         14,967         13,967           Donations         -         3,355         3,355           Insurance Recoveries and Dividends         -         45,973         45,973           Total Miscellaneous         2,000         89,740         87,740           OTHER FINANCING SOURCE           Sale of Property and Equipment         825,200         637,092         (188,108)		6.000		•
Total Public Charges for Services   15,290   34,586   19,296	•	•		
INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES FOR SERVICES   Building Permit/Inspection Contract   45,000   73,559   28,559     Sanitation   2,500   - (2,500)     Highway   8,500   16,353   7,853     Total Intergovernmental Charges for Services   56,000   89,912   33,912     Investment Income   1,000   11,988   10,988     Rent of Town Property   - 13,457   13,457     Miscellaneous   1,000   14,967   13,967     Donations   - 3,355   3,355     Insurance Recoveries and Dividends   - 45,973   45,973     Total Miscellaneous   2,000   89,740   87,740     OTHER FINANCING SOURCE     Sale of Property and Equipment   825,200   637,092   (188,108)				
Building Permit/Inspection Contract         45,000         73,559         28,559           Sanitation         2,500         -         (2,500)           Highway         8,500         16,353         7,853           Total Intergovernmental Charges for Services         56,000         89,912         33,912           MISCELLANEOUS         Investment Income         1,000         11,988         10,988           Rent of Town Property         -         13,457         13,457           Miscellaneous         1,000         14,967         13,967           Donations         -         3,355         3,355           Insurance Recoveries and Dividends         -         45,973         45,973           Total Miscellaneous         2,000         89,740         87,740           OTHER FINANCING SOURCE           Sale of Property and Equipment         825,200         637,092         (188,108)		10,290	34,000	19,290
Sanitation         2,500         - (2,500)           Highway         8,500         16,353         7,853           Total Intergovernmental Charges for Services         56,000         89,912         33,912           MISCELLANEOUS         Investment Income         1,000         11,988         10,988           Rent of Town Property         - 13,457         13,457           Miscellaneous         1,000         14,967         13,967           Donations         - 3,355         3,355           Insurance Recoveries and Dividends         - 45,973         45,973           Total Miscellaneous         2,000         89,740         87,740           OTHER FINANCING SOURCE           Sale of Property and Equipment         825,200         637,092         (188,108)		45.000	70 000	
Highway         8,500         16,353         7,853           Total Intergovernmental Charges for Services         56,000         89,912         33,912           MISCELLANEOUS         Investment Income         1,000         11,988         10,988           Rent of Town Property         -         13,457         13,457           Miscellaneous         1,000         14,967         13,967           Donations         -         3,355         3,355           Insurance Recoveries and Dividends         -         45,973         45,973           Total Miscellaneous         2,000         89,740         87,740           OTHER FINANCING SOURCE         Sale of Property and Equipment         825,200         637,092         (188,108)		·	73,559	·
Total Intergovernmental Charges for Services         56,000         89,912         33,912           MISCELLANEOUS           Investment Income         1,000         11,988         10,988           Rent of Town Property         - 13,457         13,457           Miscellaneous         1,000         14,967         13,967           Donations         - 3,355         3,355           Insurance Recoveries and Dividends         - 45,973         45,973           Total Miscellaneous         2,000         89,740         87,740           OTHER FINANCING SOURCE           Sale of Property and Equipment         825,200         637,092         (188,108)				
MISCELLANEOUS           Investment Income         1,000         11,988         10,988           Rent of Town Property         - 13,457         13,457           Miscellaneous         1,000         14,967         13,967           Donations         - 3,355         3,355           Insurance Recoveries and Dividends         - 45,973         45,973           Total Miscellaneous         2,000         89,740         87,740           OTHER FINANCING SOURCE           Sale of Property and Equipment         825,200         637,092         (188,108)	<del>- ,</del>			
Investment Income         1,000         11,988         10,988           Rent of Town Property         -         13,457         13,457           Miscellaneous         1,000         14,967         13,967           Donations         -         3,355         3,355           Insurance Recoveries and Dividends         -         45,973         45,973           Total Miscellaneous         2,000         89,740         87,740           OTHER FINANCING SOURCE           Sale of Property and Equipment         825,200         637,092         (188,108)		56,000	89,912	33,912
Rent of Town Property       -       13,457       13,457         Miscellaneous       1,000       14,967       13,967         Donations       -       3,355       3,355         Insurance Recoveries and Dividends       -       45,973       45,973         Total Miscellaneous       2,000       89,740       87,740         OTHER FINANCING SOURCE         Sale of Property and Equipment       825,200       637,092       (188,108)				
Miscellaneous         1,000         14,967         13,967           Donations         -         3,355         3,355           Insurance Recoveries and Dividends         -         45,973         45,973           Total Miscellaneous         2,000         89,740         87,740           OTHER FINANCING SOURCE           Sale of Property and Equipment         825,200         637,092         (188,108)		1,000		10,988
Donations         -         3,355         3,355           Insurance Recoveries and Dividends         -         45,973         45,973           Total Miscellaneous         2,000         89,740         87,740           OTHER FINANCING SOURCE         Sale of Property and Equipment         825,200         637,092         (188,108)	· ·	-	13,457	13,457
Insurance Recoveries and Dividends         45,973         45,973           Total Miscellaneous         2,000         89,740         87,740           OTHER FINANCING SOURCE         Sale of Property and Equipment         825,200         637,092         (188,108)		1,000	14,967	13,967
Total Miscellaneous         2,000         89,740         87,740           OTHER FINANCING SOURCE         Sale of Property and Equipment         825,200         637,092         (188,108)		-	3,355	3,355
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE Sale of Property and Equipment 825,200 637,092 (188,108)			45,973	45,973
Sale of Property and Equipment 825,200 637,092 (188,108)	Total Miscellaneous	2,000	89,740	87,740
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCE \$ 2,467,356 \$ 2,126,676 \$ (340,680)	Sale of Property and Equipment	825,200	637,092	(188,108)
	TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCE	\$ 2,467,356	\$ 2,126,676	\$ (340,680)

TOWN OF CLAYTON
WINNEBAGO COUNTY, WISCONSIN
Schedule of Detailed Budgetary Comparison Expenditures and Other Financing Use
General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT			
Town Board	\$ 36,851	\$ 36,770	\$ 81
Committees	10,530	9,920	610
Elections	13,000	8,863	4,137
Legal	40,000	43,586	(3,586)
Administrator	111,713	130,471	(18,758)
Treasurer	79,351	84,988	(5,637)
Clerk	71,913	76,962	(5,049)
Assessor	22,100	20,037	2,063
Information Technology	52,350	61,382	(9,032)
General Office Operation	25,959	52,136	(26,177)
Accounting	12,425	28,000	(15,575)
Town Hall	42,336	45,227	(2,891)
Insurance	56,297	47,018	9,279
Contingency	30,000	5,469	24,531
Total General Government	604,825	650,829	(46,004)
PUBLIC SAFETY			
Police	82,019	6,424	75,595
Fire Protection	251,420	301,163	(49,743)
Building Inspection	108,570	127,121	(18,551)
Total Public Safety	442,009	434,708	7,301
PUBLIC WORKS			
Wages	196,709	188,643	8,066
Operations	10,150	9,039	1,111
Engineering	90,000	85	89,915
Contracted Services and Other	240,000	237,743	2,257
Street Lighting	11,000	10,297	703
Total Public Works	547,859	445,807	102,052
		G-William Communication Commun	
HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			(a. 80.0)
Cemetery	12,000	15,596	(3,596)
Animal Control	769	303	466
Total Health and Human Services	12,769	15,899	(3,130)
CULTURE, RECREATION AND EDUCATION			
Clayton Town Park	11,250	15,397	(4,147)
Trail Head Park	10,800	6,396	4,404
	10,000	351	9,649
Friendship Trail			
Total Culture, Recreation and Education	32,050	22,144	9,906
CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT			
Planning and Zoning	50,500	74,467	(23,967)
Economic Development	7,800	9,141	(1,341)
Total Conservation and Development	58,300	83,608	(25,308)
OTHER FINANCING USE			
Transfers Out	769,544	577,185	192,359
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USE	\$ 2,467,356	\$ 2,230,180	\$ 237,176

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Schedule of Budgetary Comparison
Budget and Actual
Debt Service Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		riginal and nal Budget	<b>жизилен</b>	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES			_		_		
Taxes	\$	1,233,416	\$	1,233,416	\$	-	
Special Assessments		17,421		17,421		-	
Miscellaneous		3,240		3,240		-	
Total Revenues		1,254,077		1,254,077		_	
EXPENDITURES							
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement		968,883		968,881		2	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		264,532		267,936		(3,404)	
Total Expenditures		1,233,415		1,236,817		(3,402)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		20,662		17,260		(3,402)	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		206,961		206,961		63,944	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	227,623	\$	224,221	\$	60,542	

Schedule of Budgetary Comparison
Budget and Actual
Tax Incremental District No. 1
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Original and Actual Final Budget Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	<del></del>					, , ,	
Taxes	\$	356,209	\$	354,595	\$	(1,614)	
Intergovernmental Revenues		4,681		-		(4,681)	
Miscellaneous		366,950		44,534		(322,416)	
Total Revenues	,	727,840		399,129		(328,711)	
EXPENDITURES							
General Government		9,500		38,943		(29,443)	
Conservation and Development		90,000		202,740		(112,740)	
Debt Service:							
Interest and Fiscal Charges		523,159		523,133		26	
Capital Outlay		110,000		856,541		(746,541)	
Total Expenditures		732,659		1,621,357		(888,698)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(4,819)		(1,222,228)		(1,217,409)	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	loone soon	936,294	,	936,294		63,944	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - ENDING	\$	931,475	\$	(285,934)	\$	(1,153,465)	

Schedule of Budgetary Comparison
Budget and Actual
Capital Projects Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

REVENUES	Original and Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance wit Final Budge Positive (Negative)		
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	220,851	\$	220,851	
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay	427,000	W0000000000000000000000000000000000000	250,082		176,918	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(427,000)	P*** ** ** ** **	(29,231)		397,769	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Sale of Capital Assets	-		17,200		17,200	
Transfers In	427,000		556,265		129,265	
Total Other Financing Sources	427,000		573,465		146,465	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-		544,234		544,234	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	157,761		157,761		63,944	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 157,761	\$	701,995	\$	608,178	

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