DESIGN REVIEW CHECKLIST

SPRV24-1001 LDS Temple Development

The purpose of this sheet is to provide a simplified and expedited review of the design review principles and guidelines using objective review standards. The standards are intended as tool for the decision-maker in making findings that the proposal either achieves compliance with the intent of the principles or reasonably mitigates any conflict. When reviewing the check sheet, the proposal should as a whole "comply" with the standards and thus be generally consistent with the overriding principles. [Yes = In Compliance; No = Not In Compliance; NA = Not Applicable]

Standard Principles and Guidelines

ARCH	ARCHITECTURE			
Yes	No	NA	Principles and Guidelines	Comments
			Corrugated materials, standing seam, T-1 11, or similar siding	
			materials are avoided unless it produces a high visual (or	
			aesthetic) quality.	
			Buildings walls or fences visible from roadways are articulated	
			in order to avoid a blank look.	
			The use of bold colors has been avoided unless used as minor	
			accents.	
			Higher density/larger structures abutting lower density	
			residential structures have been designed to mitigate size and	
			scale differences.	
LAND				
Yes	No	NA	Principles and Guidelines	Comments
			Vegetation for landscaping includes native, low maintenance	
			plantings. Significant trees are retained if feasible.	
			Trees planted along streetscapes with overhead power lines	
			include only those trees identified on the City's Tree list.	
			Landscaping, including trees, shrubs, and vegetative	
			groundcover, is provided to visually screen and buffer the use	
			from adjoining less intense uses including parking.	
			Proposed fencing is incorporated into the landscaping so as to	
			have little or no visual impact.	
			Signs located on buildings or incorporated into the landscaping	Pore 1 of 6

			are unobtrusive and vandal resistant. If illuminated they are		
			front lit.		
			Landscape lighting - low voltage, non-glare, indirect lighting is		
			directed, hooded or shielded away from neighboring		
			properties.		
			Street lighting (poles, lamps) is substantially similar or		
			architecturally more significant than other street lighting		
			existing on the same street and do not conflict with any City		
			approved street lighting plans for the street.		
			Parking and building lighting is directed away from		
			surrounding properties through the use of hooding, shielding,		
			siting and/or landscaping.		
			Outdoor furniture samples are consistent with the overall		
			project design.		
			Existing trees over 6" dbh that are not required to be removed		
			to accommodate the proposed development are retained and		
			incorporated into the landscape plan.		
			Rock outcropping's, forested areas and water bodies are		
			retained.		
HISTO	HISTORIC AND HERITAGE PRESERVATION				
Yes	No	NA	Principles and Guidelines	Comments	
			The use of Historic Markers, information kiosks, project		
			names, architectural features, or other elements of the project		
			promote the historic heritage of the site or surrounding area.		

Specific Principles and Guidelines

	GATEWAYS AND CORRIDORS				
SIGN	SIGNAGE				
Yes	No	NA	Principles and Guidelines	Comments	
			Gateways are devoid of free-standing signs. Preexisting freestanding signs are proposed for removal at the time of development, redevelopment, or major rehabilitation on the site.		
			Permanent signage within a gateway are standardized to create a consistent look in terms of size, color, and materials.		

STREE	STREETSCAPE				
Yes	No	NA	Principles and Guidelines	Comments	
			The main public entrance is oriented toward the public right-of-		
			way.		
			Pedestrian walkways connect each building's front entry with		
			the sidewalk.		
			Bike lanes are provided and link public areas with		
			neighborhoods and other local and regional bicycle corridors.		
	_		Alternative transportation, such as attractive bus stop shelters,		
			bicycle parking, etc. are provided.		
			Trees, planting strips or bioswales are used for separating		
			vehicles and pedestrian movements.		
			Street trees no less than two inches in diameter are planted		
			within planter strips or tree wells at a spacing that creates the		
			appearance of a continuous canopy at tree maturation.		
			The surface of pedestrian walkways within intersections are		
			accentuated with a unique character (i.e. pattern stone,		
			exposed aggregate, stamped concrete, etc.)		
			Buildings are placed as close to streets and roads as the zoning		
			code allows.		
			On-site parking is located to the rear or the side of the building.		
ļ			A consistent iconic streetscape lighting scheme is used that		
1			portrays the primary development period, architecture		
			characteristics, or predetermined theme as identified in a		
			concept plan, sub-area plan, or master plan recognized by the		
			City.		
LANDSCAPING					
Yes	No	NA	Principles and Guidelines	Comments	
			Landscaping adjacent to the public right of way provides		
1			multiple layers of plantings, including canopy trees, understory		
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	trees, shrubs and groundcover.		
1			Hanging baskets provided along building frontages add visual		
1			interest and the bottom of the basket is a minimum of 80 inches		
			above the finished grade of the sidewalk.		
			Median planting design/plant selection create a unique and		
			cohesive streetscape design.		
		<u></u>			

	COMMERCIAL				
ARCH	ARCHITECTURE				
Yes	No	NA	Principles and Guidelines	Comments	
			Office and retail buildings provide a minimum solid to void ratio of 60%/40%		
			The development is built with a residential feel (i.e. size, scale,		
			and materials compatible with neighboring buildings) if		
			surrounded by residential areas or adjacent to residentially		
			zone properties.		
			Buildings over two stories have the third story and above offset		
			from the first two stories, if surrounding developments are less		
			than three stories or land use designations on adjacent sites do		
			not allow more than three story development.		
LAND	1	NG &	SCREENING		
Yes	No	NA	Principles and Guidelines	Comments	
			Intersections are illuminated, but not dominated by lighting.		
			Lighting is incorporated into the landscape and illuminates the		
			quality of the natural environment. Street light poles and lamps		
			are compatible with other nearby lighting on the same street.		
			Parking spaces are clustered in small groupings and separated		
			by landscaping to create a pedestrian friendly, park like		
CTDEE	TCCA	DE	environment.		
	ETSCA		Drinning and Cuidelines	Commonts	
Yes	No	NA	Principles and Guidelines On-site parking areas are located to the interior of the	Comments	
			development unless site development proved prohibitive.		
			Otherwise, parking areas are screened with landscaping.		
			Buildings are placed close to streets and roads unless site		
			constraints made it impossible or characteristics of the		
			surrounding properties already developed made it		
			incompatible. Otherwise, retail frontage setbacks do not		
			exceed 25 feet from back of curb.		
			Window and door placement provides a high degree of		
			transparency at the lower levels of the building and maximize		
			visibility of pedestrian active uses.		
			Each use/activity in a development containing multiple		
			uses/activities is integrated in a manner that achieves a		

	seamless appearance or creates a cohesive development.	
	New streets intersecting commercial properties are designed to	
	create a safe environment. "Coving" techniques and "round-a-	
	bouts" were considered for traffic calming when appropriate.	