

Goals for the Discussion

Understanding of Current State and Future State of the City's General Fund Status

Confirmation of the Fund Balance Policy and Goal

ARPA Policy Guidance

ERP Funding Preference

City Policy

The General Fund will strive to maintain a fund balance of 17% of budgeted General Fund expenditures.

To mitigate current and future revenue shortfalls, unanticipated expenditures, and cash flow needs due to the General Fund dependence on property taxes, an adequate fund balance in the General Fund will be maintained. The projected fund balance at year end is expected to remain 17% of annual budgeted General Fund expenditures.

Background

Fund Balance = Reserves

How many months of reserves are needed to help the City with unforeseen events or economic downturns?

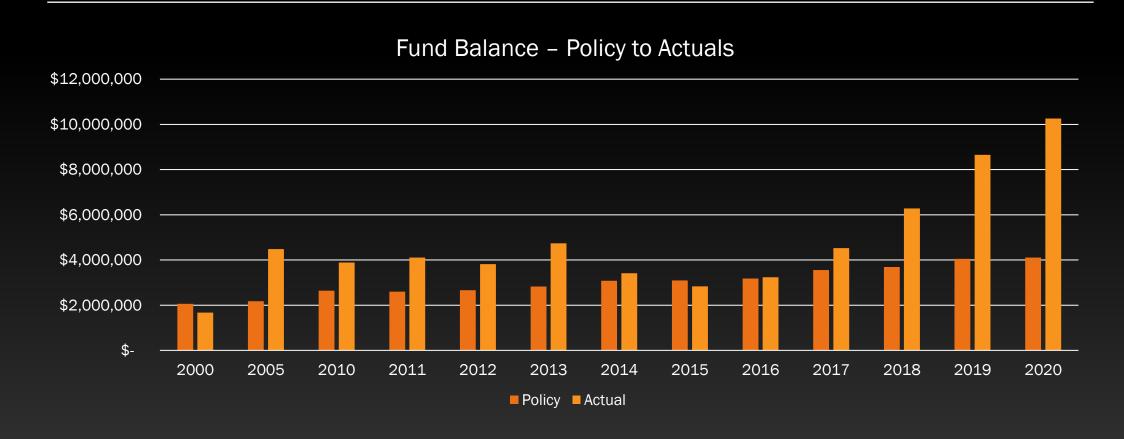
In 2000, Council's fund balance goal was 20% or just under 3 months

The adopted policy of 17% represents approximately 2 months of expenditures

Government Finance Officer's Association's best practices is at least 17%

Moody's Analytics encourages the City to maintain 20% - 30%

History since 2000





Decision to increase Fund Balance Goal

Fund Balance builds when revenues exceed expenditures

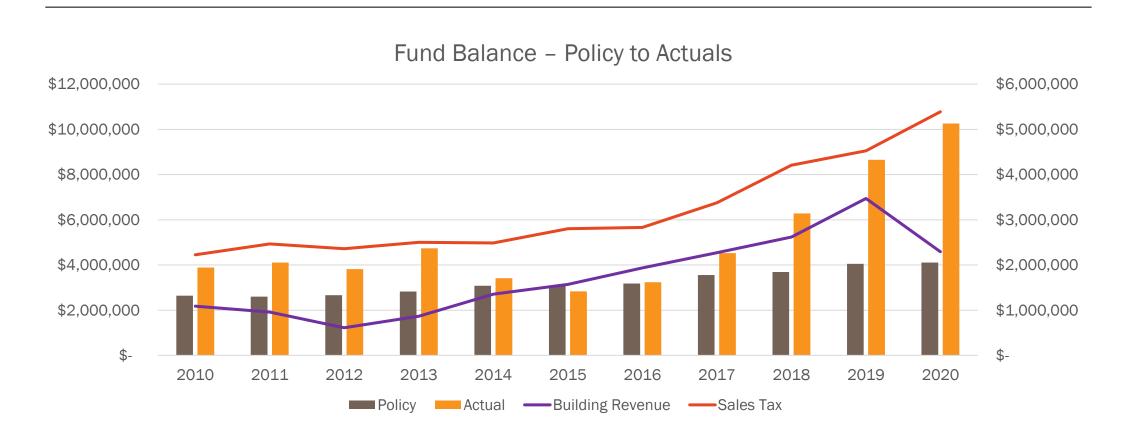
Community Development revenue or Building fees can only be spent on Community Development

2017-2020 most of the growth in revenues is tied to construction

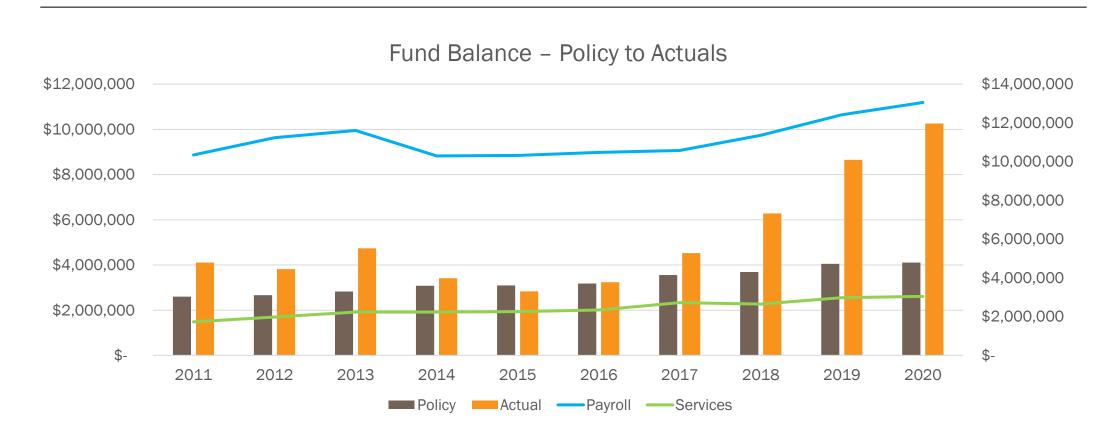
In 2018, Council decided to keep 17% as a policy and made a goal of 22% with the 5% reserve for Community Development and Engineering tied to Development



Why the growth? Revenue is one half of the equation



Tightening spending during a pandemic is the other half of the equation



What is today's fund balance and what does it consist of?

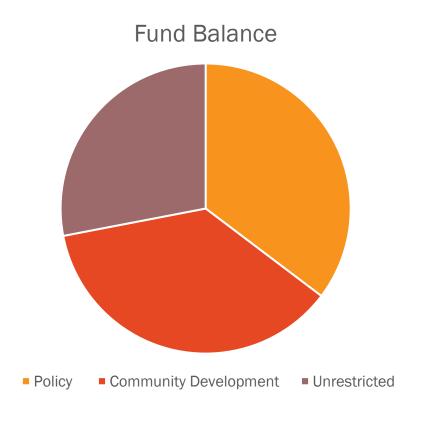
As of July 31, 2021

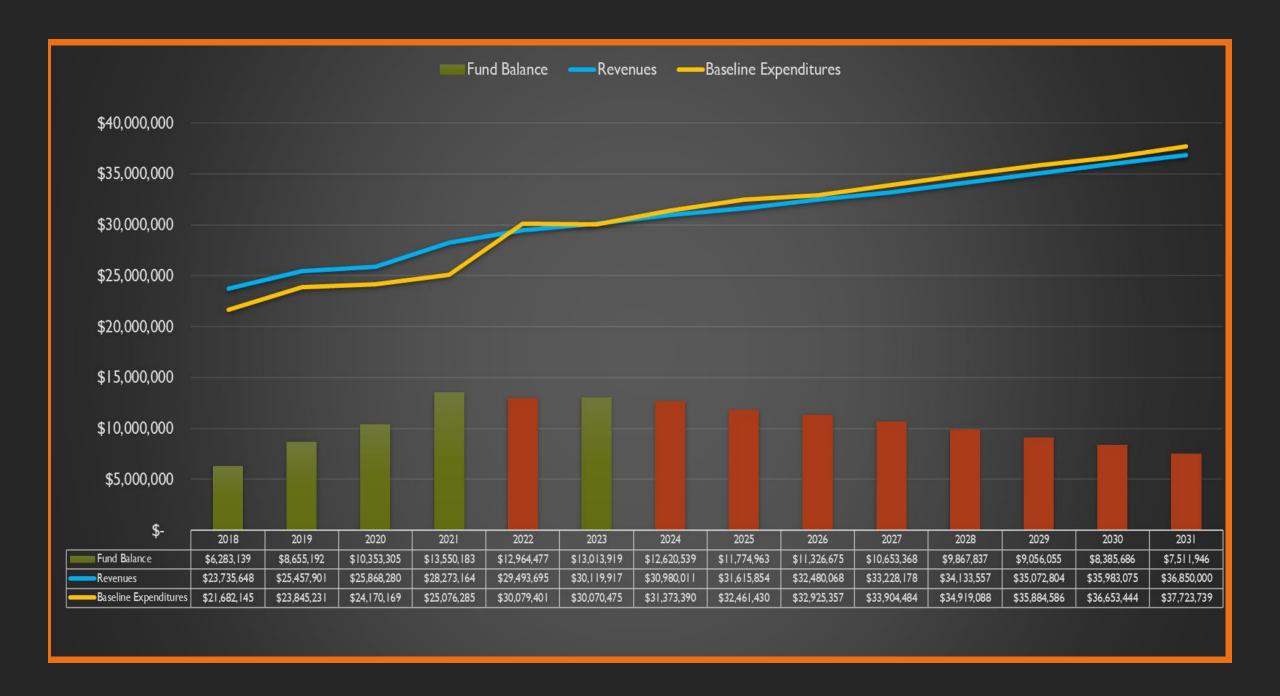
General Fund Balance: \$12,044,236

17% Policy Balance: (\$4,251,540)

Com. Dev. Reserve (est): (\$4,417,576)

Unrestricted Fund Balance: \$3,375,120





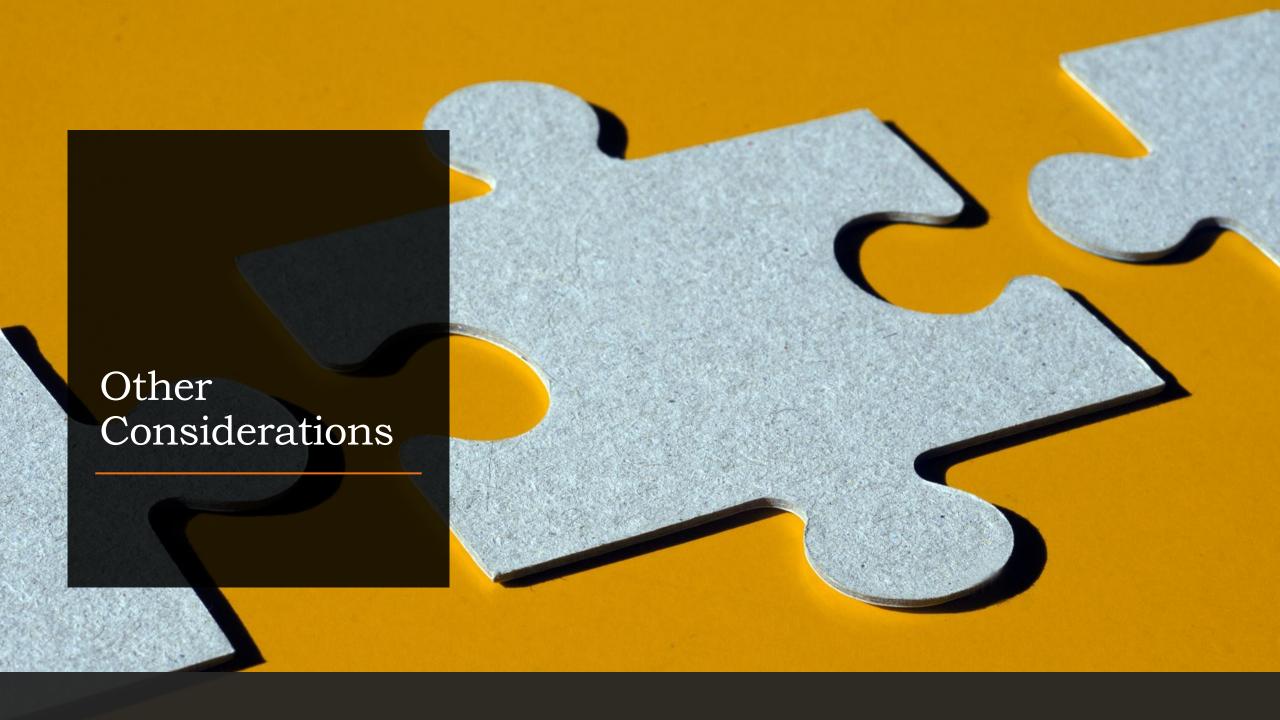
Future State

What does the forecast tell us?

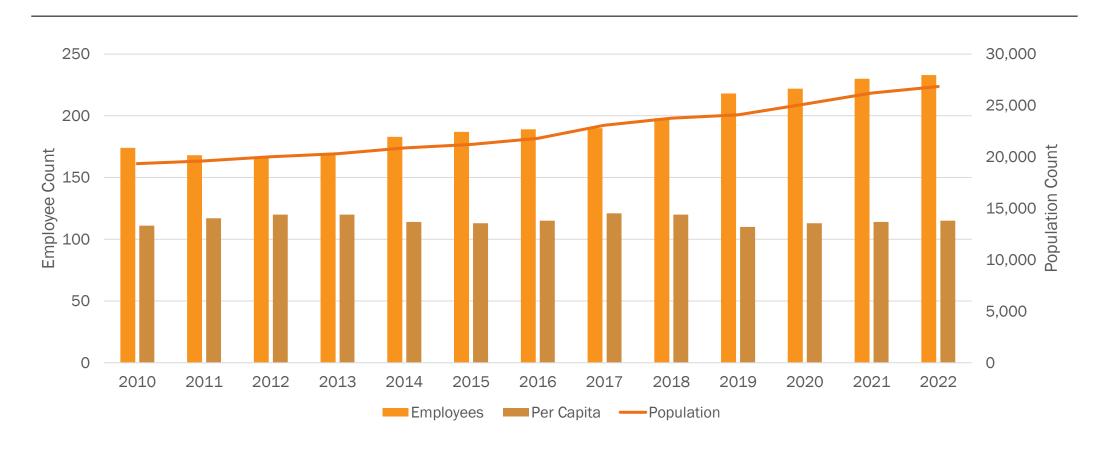
 We have a Structural Deficit – the City's current expenditures will exceed the revenues. The \$3 million in unrestricted fund balance erodes over the 9-year period.

Why will that happen?

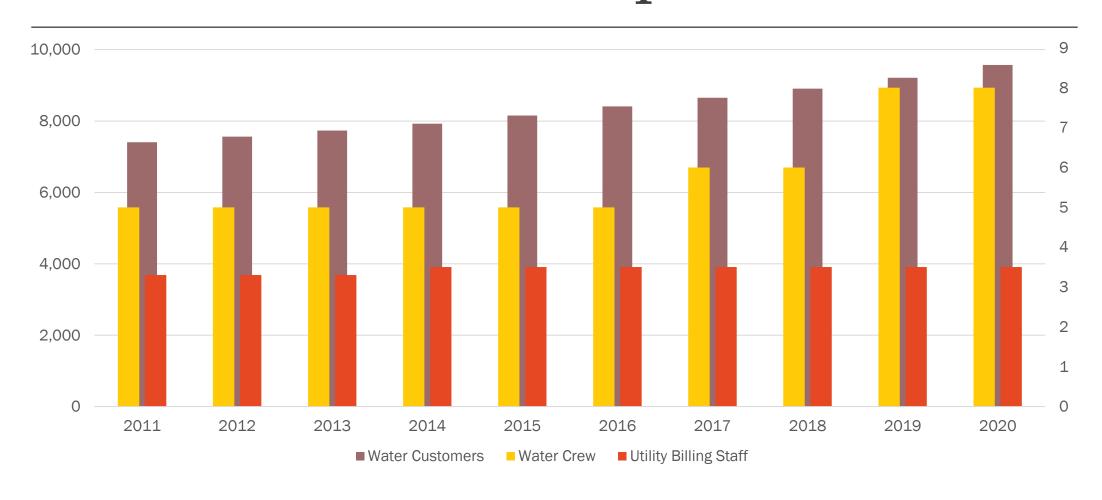
 Current labor costs will exceed revenue growth – construction boom will wane



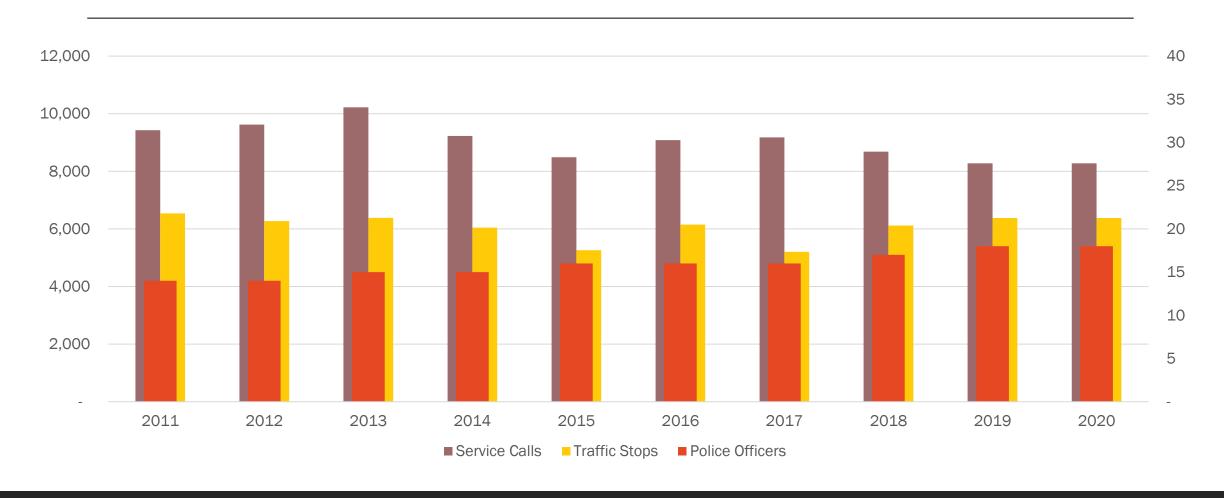
Number of Citizens for Each Employee to Serve



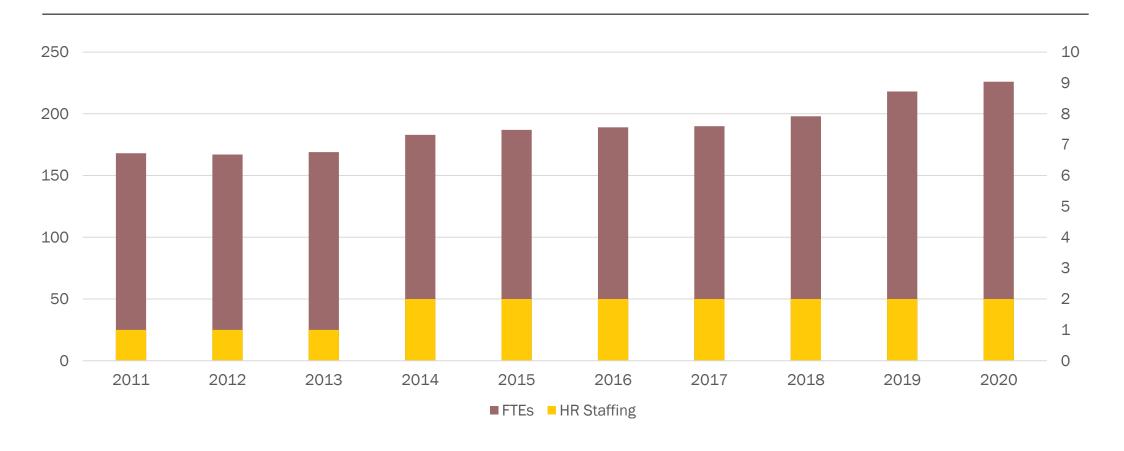
Water Service Example



Police Example



Human Resources Example



Staff with no more capacity

Higher volumes of service calls

Loss of experience with higher retirements

Demand for higher level of service

More governmental and technical requirements:

- New Legislation
- Changing technical requirements and regulations
- Lack of sufficient technology
- Need for higher precautions

Immediate Staffing Needs

HR Generalist

Financial Assistant

Senior Accountant

Procurement Specialist

Asset Management Coordinator

GIS Coordinator





More Capacity + Resources =

- Better Customer Service
- Monthly Utility Billing
- Centralized and Consistent procurement practices with bids, contracts, and terms
- More Accurate and Proactive Asset Management
- Expertise and Inhouse Financial Reporting and Analysis
- Leverage for the Long-Term with Technology

Discussion

Staffing needed for implementation

Fall Omnibus or 2022
Readoption



ARPA was signed into law on March 11, 2021

What is ARPA?

Provides direct relief to all municipalities with \$350 billion for the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds.

Camas was allocated per capita calculation of \$6,816,235

First Tranche \$3,408,118 received in June and Second will be June, 2022

US Treasury Guidance

Public Health Emergency/Negative Impacts

Premium Pay for essential workers in COVID-19

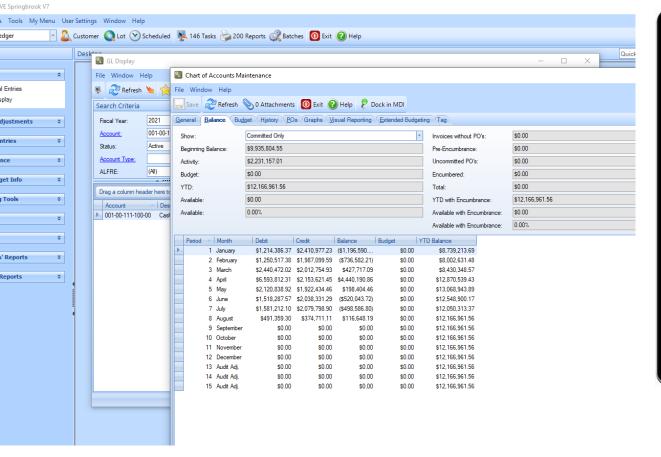
Revenue Loss

Water, Sewer or Broadband Infrastructure

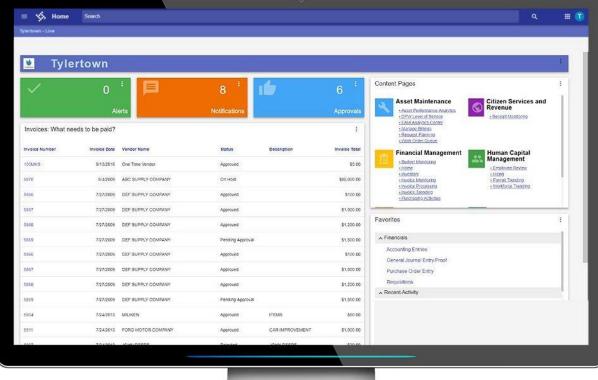
Possible Policy Guidance Principles

- Supporting Recovery
- Reconnecting Community
- Building Resiliency
- Maximizing Partnerships
- Enhancing Public Spaces for Health and Safety
- Providing electronic services
- Addressing Cybersecurity
- Protecting water, sewer and stormwater infrastructure
- Supporting economic efforts
- Providing community assistance

What would you choose?







Why now?

Data Security

People expect online access 24/7

ERP Cost over 5 Years

Module Costs	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	Total
Financials	\$ 263,039	\$ 99,439	\$ 99,439	\$ 99,439	\$ 99,439	\$ 660,795
Human Capital	\$ 91,848	\$ 67,080	\$ 36,464	\$ 36,464	\$ 36,464	\$ 268,320
Utility Billing		\$ 155,288	\$ 45,998	\$ 36,062	\$ 36,062	\$ 273,410
Productivity	\$ 75,925	\$ 90,751	\$ 52,788	\$ 52,788	\$ 52,788	\$ 325,040
Energov/Reporting/EAM		\$ 467,251	\$ 246,325	\$ 151,642	\$ 151,642	\$ 1,016,860
Module Costs	\$ 430,812	\$ 879,809	\$ 481,013	\$ 376,395	\$ 376,395	\$ 2,544,425
Less Tyler Discount:	\$ (46,319)	\$ (46,319)	\$ (46,319)	\$ (46,319)	\$ (46,319)	\$ (231,595)
Net 5 Year Module Costs	\$ 384,493	\$ 833,490	\$ 434,694	\$ 330,076	\$ 330,076	\$ 2,312,830
Forms Library	\$ 54,500	\$ 5,100				\$ 59,600
Installation Fees	\$ 2,800					\$ 2,800
Setup Assistance	\$ 42,000	\$ 42,000				\$ 84,000
Executive Insights Implementation	\$ 8,400					\$ 8,400
VPN Device	\$ 4,000					\$ 4,000
Third Party Hardware Software	\$ 4,052					\$ 4,052
Project Management	\$ 213,300	\$ 55,200	\$ 57,400			\$ 325,900
Total Other Services/Third Party	\$ 329,052	\$ 102,300	\$ 57,400	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 488,752
Grand Total	\$ 713,545	\$ 935,790	\$ 492,094	\$ 330,076	\$ 330,076	\$ 2,801,582

Current 2021-2022 Budget included \$1.5 million of the original bid of \$2.66 million

Possible Funding Options

Replacement Costs

ARPA Funding

One-Time Reserves such as Community Development Reserves, CARES Act Reserves

Utility Rates (assumptions were built into models – no increase to rates)

General Fund Reserves

Reduction
due to
Ongoing
System
Replacement
Costs

Springbrook	\$(52,212)
Paymentus	\$(34,500)
CRM Accela	\$(4,917)
XC Backflow	\$(1,685)
Total	\$(93,315)

Other savings would include server costs and ongoing maintenance

One Proposed Use of ARPA Funding

Cybersecurity and Direct Access to Citizens, Vendors and Employees

Direct Access funding is based on costs of front facing Tyler module costs

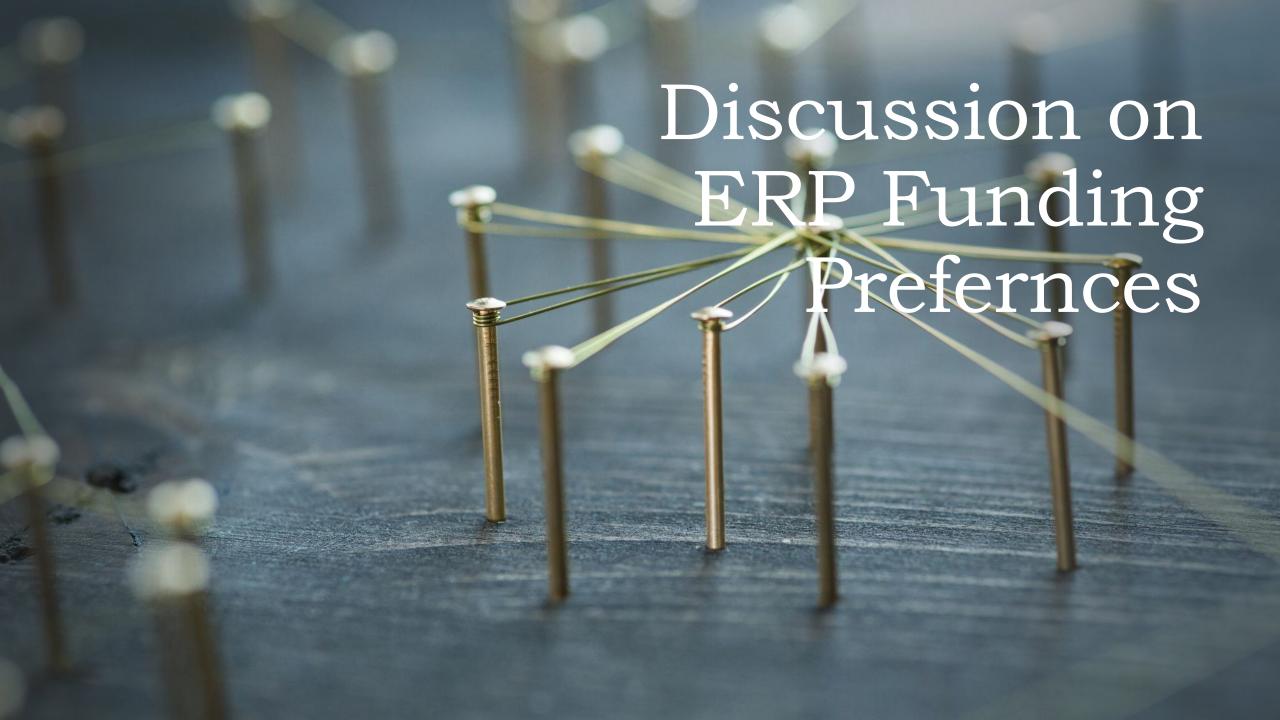
Cybersecurity funding is based on approximately half of the liability found in the Water System Risk and Resiliency Study.

	2022	2023	2024	2025 2026	Total			
ARPA - Direct Access	\$ (174,444)	\$ (140,488)	\$ (140,488)		\$ (455,420)			
ARPA - Cybersecurity	\$ (500,000)	\$ (250,000)	\$ (250,000)		\$ (1,000,000)			

Council could elect to use more or less of the ARPA funding

Grand Total Funding Allocation	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	Total
General Fund Fund Balance	\$ 35,927	\$ 57,921	\$ 0	\$ 74,705	\$ 74,705	\$ 243,259
Community Development Reserves	\$ (0)	\$ 155,844	\$ 98,823	\$ 74,467	\$ 74,467	\$ 403,600
Street Fund Balance	\$ 3,443	\$ 741	\$ 0	\$ 5,674	\$ 5,674	\$ 15,531
CWFD Fund Balance (CARES Act)	\$ 7,538	\$ 2,061	\$ 0	\$ 16,820	\$ 16,820	\$ 43,240
Stormwater Rates	\$ (0)	\$ 8,126	\$ 0	\$ 6,297	\$ 6,297	\$ 20,720
Solid Waste Rates	\$ (0)	\$ 25,693	\$ (0)	\$ 19,687	\$ 19,687	\$ 65,066
Water Rates	\$ 19,487	\$ 12,259	\$ (0)	\$ 21,678	\$ 21,678	\$ 75,102
Sewer Rates	\$ 0	\$ 985	\$ (0)	\$ 6,042	\$ 6,042	\$ 13,069
Grand Total Funding	\$ 66,394	\$ 263,631	\$ 98,823	\$ 225,369	\$ 225,369	\$ 879,586

Net Funding Proposed



Summary