

Reappraisal Plan Focus on Section 3.1 - Frequency

PRESENTED TO THE FINANCE COMMITTEE ON NOVEMBER 6, 2024

TAD & JCAD Reappraisal Plan



Roadmap

- CADs Purpose and Function
- Legislative Background
- CADs Core Responsibilities
- Purpose of a Reappraisal Plan
- Appraisal Frequency: Key Changes
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CADs Purpose and Function

- Central Appraisal Districts (CADs) are responsible for the local property tax appraisal and exemption administration for all taxing units within their jurisdiction.
- Their mission is to ensure fair and equitable property
 valuations that form the basis for local tax collections used for
 public services.

Legislative Background

- CADs were created as a result of the Texas Property Tax Code, enacted in 1980, to provide uniform appraisals for taxation.
- Before CADs, taxing units appraised properties independently, leading to inequalities and inconsistencies in property values.
- CADs help ensure transparent and standardized appraisals across different areas and taxing units.

CADs Core Responsibilities

- Appraise all real and personal property within the district.
- Determine eligibility for tax exemptions (e.g., homestead, agricultural, and veteran exemptions).
- Produce property valuations that are used by school districts, cities, and counties to levy taxes.

Purpose of a Reappraisal Plan

- The reappraisal plan outlines the timing and processes used by the district to conduct property reappraisals in compliance with the Texas Property Tax Code.
- It ensures that property values are kept accurate, current, and equitable.

Appraisal Frequency: Key Changes

- JCAD Board of Directors has made key changes:
 - Reappraisal cycle moved from annually to every three years.
 - Market values will not be raised unless supported by clear and convincing evidence per the Texas Property Tax Code 23.01(e).

Properties Requiring Annual Review

- Certain properties must still be appraised annually, including:
 - Business Personal Properties (through renditions)
 - Mineral Properties
 - Utility Properties
 - Industrial Properties

Sustaining 2024 Values

- Property values set in 2024 will be sustained for both the 2025 and 2026 tax years, with the following exceptions:
 - Changes to homestead property values (Texas Property Tax Code 23.23).
 - Properties qualifying under the Circuit Breaker provision (Texas Property Tax Code 23.231).

Board Approval Requirements

- Reappraisal can only occur if:
 - There are significant market changes.
 - In response to the state study results.
 - Property values decrease substantially.

Annual Review Process

- Even with the change to a three-year cycle, the district will continue to:
 - Conduct field inspections and analyze data.
 - Make adjustments for new properties and those that escaped prior reappraisal.
 - Comply with the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP) guidelines.

Summary of Changes

- The move to a three-year cycle will streamline operations while maintaining compliance with legal requirements.
- •Exceptions ensure high-value and complex properties are appraised annually.
- •JCAD's board must approve any further changes or reappraisals due to market fluctuations.

General Fund Forecast

	FY 22-23	FY 23-24	FY 23-24	FY 23-24	FY 24-25	FY 25-26	FY 26-27	FY 27-28	FY 28-29
	Actual	Adopted	Revised	Year-End	Proposed	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected
Beginning Fund Balance*	\$21,924,165	\$ 18,495,600	\$ 18,495,600	\$ 19,606,713	\$ 17,421,851	\$ 18,226,759	\$ 18,376,568	\$ 17,398,179	\$ 16,506,818
Property Tax	\$23,636,639	\$ 26,745,080	\$ 26,745,080	\$ 27,160,500	\$ 28,465,390	\$ 30,030,986	\$ 31,682,691	\$ 33,425,239	\$ 35,263,627
Sales Tax	\$14,902,992	\$ 15,394,411	\$ 15,394,411	\$ 15,052,022	\$ 15,503,578	\$ 15,968,685	\$ 16,447,746	\$ 16,941,178	\$ 17,449,413
Other Revenue	\$13,963,477	\$ 15,861,607	\$ 15,861,607	\$ 15,972,259	\$ 18,428,035	\$ 17,241,814	\$ 16,315,652	\$ 16,415,379	\$ 16,525,633
Total Revenue	\$52,503,108	\$ 58,001,098	\$ 58,001,098	\$ 58,184,781	\$ 62,397,003	\$ 63,241,486	\$ 64,446,088	\$ 66,781,796	\$ 69,238,673
Base Expenses	\$54,042,859	\$ 58,572,604	\$ 59,221,693	\$ 58,820,723	\$ 60,635,025	\$ 61,932,599	\$ 64,564,681	\$ 66,937,283	\$ 69,250,912
Incentives (ED)	\$ 1,888,814	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 948,920	\$ 948,920	\$ 957,070	\$ 1,159,077	\$ 851,297	\$ 727,374	\$ 704,418
Cash Funding Projects	\$ -	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 600,000	\$ 600,000					
Total Expenditures	\$55,931,673	\$ 62,347,861	\$ 60,770,613	\$ 60,369,643	\$ 61,592,095	\$ 63,091,676	\$ 65,415,978	\$ 67,664,657	\$ 69,955,330
Change in Fund Balance	\$ (3,428,565)	\$ (4,346,763)	\$ (2,769,515)	\$ (2,184,862)	\$ 804,908	\$ 149,810	\$ (969,890)	\$ (882,861)	\$ (716,657)
Ending Fund Balance	\$18,495,600	\$ 14,148,837	\$ 15,726,085	\$ 17,421,851	\$ 18,226,759	\$ 18,376,568	\$ 17,406,679	\$ 16,515,318	\$ 15,790,161
FB % of Expenditure	33.07%	22.69%	25.88%	28.86%	29.59%	29.13%	26.61%	24.41%	22.57%

Reappraisal Fiscal Impact (O&M Property Tax Revenue)

O&M Property Tax Revenue	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029
Five Year Forecast Property Tax Revenue (@ 5.5% Growth Rate)	-	\$30,030,986	\$31,682,691	\$33,425,239	\$35,263,627
Revised Five Year Forecast Property Tax Revenue (@ 4.0% Growth Rate)	-	\$29,603,848	\$30,788,002	\$32,019,522	\$33,300,303
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Difference	-	\$(427,138)	\$(894,689)	\$(1,405,717)	\$(1,963,324)

Questions from Committee members

Open Discussion