

Town of Bristol, RI

Tax Assessor / Collectors Office

10 Court Street, Bristol, RI 02809 (401)253-7000

DATE: October 14, 2025

TO: Steven Contente, Town Administrator

FROM: Kristopher Leadem, Tax Assessor/Collector

RE: General Homestead Law and Mixed-use properties

Financial Impact

This memo outlines the potential financial impact on the town's tax structure if mixed-use properties become eligible for the residential homestead tax rate.

Analysis

- **Residential Homestead Rate:** Bristol has a total of 7,220 residential properties. 61% or 4,404 residential properties in Bristol currently receive the lower homestead rate of \$9.61
- **Current Situation:** Bristol has 90 mixed-use properties, with a total assessed value of approximately \$54 million. These properties represent about 1% of the town's total tax base. Tax rate currently \$10.61
- **Projected Change:** Based on eligibility patterns for multi-family properties, I estimate that one-third, or about 30, of the mixed-use properties may apply for and qualify for the homestead rate. This would shift approximately \$18 million in assessed value to the lower tax rate.

• Estimated Tax Rate Impact:

o **Potential Impact:** At the current homestead rate of \$9.60 per thousand, this shift in assessed value would cause the non-homestead rate of \$10.61 to increase by less than one cent per thousand.

Illustrative Scenarios:

Scenario 1 (One-Third Qualify): If \$18 million in assessed value is shifted, a \$500,000 non-homestead property would see an estimated annual tax increase of \$3 to \$4. A \$1 million property would see an annual increase of \$6 to \$8.

- Scenario 2 (Half Qualify): If half (\$27 million) of the mixed-use properties qualify, the non-homestead rate would increase by about one cent (\$0.01) per thousand. This would mean a \$5 annual increase for a \$500,000 property and a \$10 annual increase for a \$1 million property.
- Scenario 3 (All Qualify): If all mixed-use properties (\$54 million) qualify, the non-homestead rate would increase by about two-and-a-half cents (\$0.025) per thousand. A \$500,000 non-homestead property would see an annual increase of \$12.50, while a \$1 million property would see an increase of about \$25.

Findings

Extending the homestead rate to mixed-use properties would have a relatively minor financial impact on the overall tax structure. The non-homestead rate would increase slightly to offset the shift in assessed value, but the effect on individual non-homestead properties would be minimal.