# Attachment 1 Baylands Specific Plan Summary

The Baylands Specific Plan proposes development of 2,200 residential units; 6.5 million square feet of retail, office, service commercial, R&D, light industrial, and campus uses. An additional 500,000 square feet of hotel use is also proposed within the 684-acre Specific Plan area, along with open space, parks, and trails.

Per the requirements of the Brisbane General Plan and Measure JJ, residential uses are clustered in the northwestern portion of the site in proximity to the Bayshore Caltrain station west of the Caltrain right-of-way and north of the intersection of Bayshore Boulevard and Main Street. The majority of commercial development (4.5 million square feet) is located within the 201-acre western portion of the Baylands between Bayshore Boulevard and the Caltrain right-of-way, with 2.5 million square feet of commercial development proposed in a campus-like setting along the US 101 freeway in the 319-acre eastern portion of the site.

Buildings within the western portion of the site are proposed to be primarily low- to mid-rise (2-8 stories)<sup>1</sup>. However, 20+ story residential and commercial buildings are proposed along the west side of the Caltrain right-of-way from the Caltrain station south to Main Street. Buildings within the eastern portion of the site are proposed with a maximum of 4 stories.

Following introductory material, the Specific Plan describes BDI's plan for development of the Baylands in the following chapters:

- Site Assessment and Phasing
- Land Use & Community Design
- Conservation and Open Space
- Circulation
- Sustainability Framework
- Site Engineering
- Public Facilities Finances
- Implementation
- Hazardous Materials

The key provisions of each Specific Plan chapter are summarized below.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Specific Plan addresses building heights in terms of the maximum number of stories rather than in feet.

#### SITE ASSESSMENT AND PHASING

This Specific Plan chapter provides background information for the Baylands, including the project's location, existing conditions, land ownership, and history. This chapter also describes proposed phasing of development. In general, development is proposed to begin in the western portion of the Baylands, progressing from north to south once site remediation is completed. Development in the eastern, landfill portion of the Baylands will generally follow development of the western, railyard portion. Title 27 landfill closure will progress in phases as soil materials needed for remediation and development of the former railyard are exported from the landfill footprint to the western portion of the site.

## LAND USE & COMMUNITY DESIGN

The attached Specific Plan Figure 3.1 illustrates the proposed land use plan for the Baylands. Specific Plan Table 3.2 (also attached) quantifies the Specific Plan's land use and development program.

The Specific Plan does not include maximum residential densities or maximum floor area ratios for individual land use designations. Instead, it identifies the maximum number of dwelling units and commercial building square footages for the various districts illustrated in the attached Figures 3.2 through 3-10. As shown on the proposed land use plan and district land use "key maps," eleven land use designations are proposed. The Specific Plan distinguishes the various residential and non-residential land use designations indicated in Figure 3.1 from each other by the product types that are permitted. Each of the eleven land use designations and permitted product types addressed in the Specific Plan are described below.

## Residential Land Use Designations

- o Low-Density Residential consists of a mix of the following product types:
  - <u>Duplex/Single Family</u> units include larger 3-story freestanding or paired units with an allowable 4<sup>th</sup> story deck and penthouse space. These units may be alley-loaded with individual garages and are only permitted within Low Density Residential land use designations.
  - <u>Townhome</u> units include 3-story townhomes of varying lot widths and depths, with an allowable 4<sup>th</sup> story roof deck and penthouse space. This style of housing provides parking below grade or in garages. Townhomes are proposed to be located facing streets or interior block courtyards. This style of housing is permitted within the Low- and Mid-Density Residential land use designations.
  - <u>Multi-Family Low</u> includes 2-3 story buildings with no more than 22 units per building. These may be designed as townhome units over single story flats or stacked townhomes, with an allowable 4th story roof deck and penthouse space. Parking is planned to be provided below grade.



FIGURE 3.1 LAND USE

	Land Use Category	Acres	Dwelling Units	Commercial BUA
				_
West	Residential	55.0	2,200	
	Commercial	46.4		4,500,000
	Open Space	50.5		
	Other Uses *	11.4		
	Rights-of-Way	37.7		
	Sub - Total	201.0	2,200	4,500,000
		•	•	
East	Commercial	141.0		2,500,000
	Open Space	80.3		
	Industrial	24.1		
	Other Uses *	46.5		
	Rights-of-Way	27.1		
	Sub - Total	319.0		2,500,000
		,		
Total Developable		266.5		
Total Open Space		130.8		
Total Other Uses		57.9		
Total Right-of-Ways		64.8		
TOTAL PROGRAMABLE		520.0		
Brisbane Lagoon		92.2		
California Land State Commission		29.6		
Recology		3.6		
Golden State Lumber		5.5		
Caltrain ROW		33.1		
TOTAL OUT-PARCELS		164.0		
TOTAL DAVIANDS		004.0	0.000	7 000 000
TOTAL BAYLANDS		684.0	2,200	7,000,000

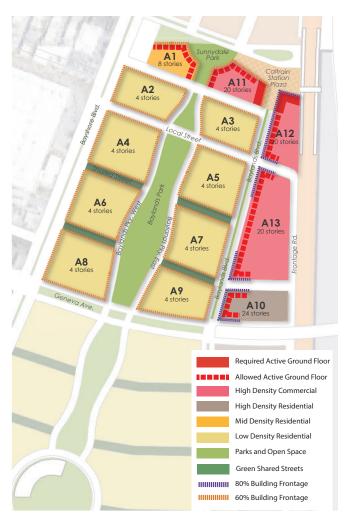
<sup>\*</sup> Other Uses include buffer zones, water treatment/detention amd sea level rise

# **TABLE 3.2 LAND USE & DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM**



FIGURE 3.2 DISTRICT CONCEPT

Districts	Land Uses
Bayshore - Geneva north,	High Density Comm.
Mixed-Use Area	High Density Residential
	Mid Denity Residential
	Low-Density Residential
Roundhouse - Geneva south	High-Density Residential
Residential	Low-Density Residential
Icehouse Hill - South of Main	Mid-Density Commercial
St.	Project Amenities
Campus East - East Side	Low Density Commercial Industrial



**A8** Allowable parking ----> Vehicular Entrance Required Liner

FIGURE 3.3 BAYSHORE LAND USE KEY MAP

**DUs** per Building **Block Number Land Use Block** Types **Permitted** (max.) **A1** Mid Density Res. 170 R-2,3,4 **A2** 55 R-3,4,5 Low Density Res. **A3** Low Density Res. 45 R-3,4,5 **A4** Low Density Res. 70 R-3,4,5 Α5 Low Density Res. 65 R-3,4,5 **A6** Low Density Res. 65 R-3,4,5 **A7** Low Density Res. 65 R-3,4,5 80 R-3,4,5 **A8** Low Density Res. **A9** Low Density Res. 70 R-3,4,5 **A10** High Density Res. 200 R-1,4 700 **District Max** (not to be exceeded)

**TABLE 3.6 BAYSHORE DISTRICT** 

FIGURE 3.4 BAYSHORE VEHICULAR ACCESS MAP

Block Number	Land Use	Commercial BUA (ft²) (max.)	Building Types Permitted
A11	High Density Comm.	200,000	C-1,4
A12	High Density Comm.	450,000	C-1,4
A13	High Density Comm.	550,000	C-1,4
District Max (not to be exceeded)		1,100,000	

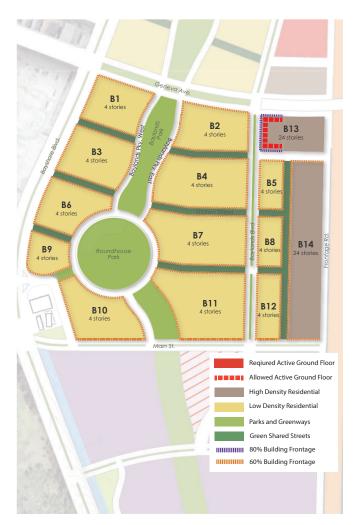


FIGURE 3.5 ROUNDHOUSE LAND USE KEY MAP

Block Number	Land Use	DUs per Block (max.)	Building Types Permitted
B1	Low Density Res.	75	R-3,4,5
B2	Low Density Res.	75	R-3,4,5
В3	Low Density Res.	80	R-3,4,5
B4	Low Density Res.	110	R-3,4,5
В5	Low Density Res.	35	R-3,4,5
В6	Low Density Res.	65	R-3,4,5
В7	Low Density Res.	115	R-3,4,5

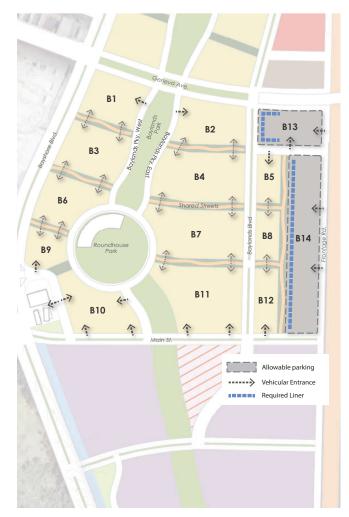


FIGURE 3.6 ROUNDHOUSE VEHICULAR ACCESS MAP

Block Number	Land Use	DUs per Block (max.)	Building Types Permitted
B8	Low Density Res.	40	R-3,4,5
В9	Low Density Res.	40	R-3,4,5
B10	Low Density Res.	70	R-3,4,5
B11	Low Density Res.	130	R-3,4,5
B12	Low Density Res.	50	R-3,4,5
B13	High Density Res.	185	R-1,4
B14	High Density Res.	700	R-1,4
District Max (not to be exceeded)		1,500	

**TABLE 3.7 ROUNDHOUSE DISTRICT** 

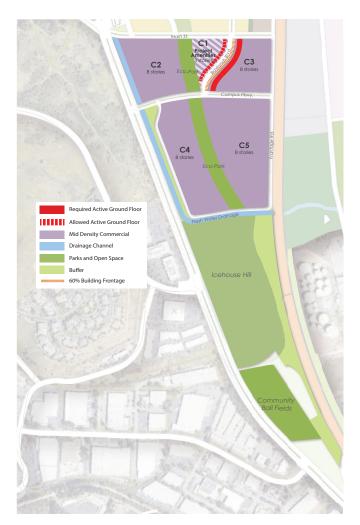


FIGURE 3.7 ICEHOUSE HILL LAND USE KEY MAP

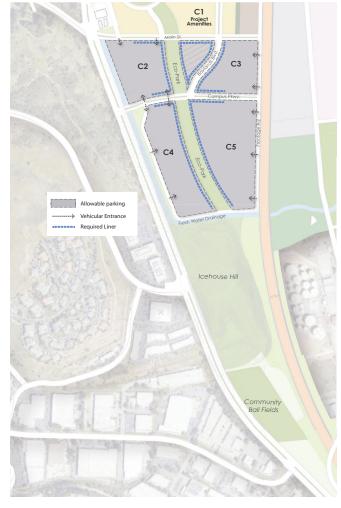


FIGURE 3.8 ICE HOUSE HILL VEHICULAR ACCESS MAP

Block Number	Land Use	Commercial BUA (ft²)(max.)	Building Types Permitted
C1	Mid Density Comm.		C-6
C2	Mid Density Comm.	800,000	C-2
<b>C</b> 3	Mid Density Comm.	750,000	C-2
C4	Mid Density Comm.	1,000,000	C-2
C5	Mid Density Comm.	1,150,000	C-2
District Max (not to be exceeded)		3,400,000	

**TABLE 3.8 ICEHOUSE HILL DISTRICT** 





FIGURE 3.9 EAST CAMPUS LAND USE KEY MAP

FIGURE 3.10 EAST CAMPUS VEHICULAR ACCESS MAP

Block Number	Land Use	Commercial BUA (ft²)(max.)	Building Types Permitted
D1	Industrial	40,000	C-5
D2	Industrial	170,000	C-5
D3	Low Density Comm	40,000	C-3
D4	Low Density Comm	75,000	C-3
D5	Low Density Comm	650,000	C-3
D6	Low Density Comm	1,000,000	C-3
D7	Low Density Comm	1,000,000	C-3
District Max (not to be exceeded)		2,500,000	

**TABLE 3.9 EAST CAMPUS DISTRICT** 

This building type is only permitted within Low-Density Residential areas.

- o <u>Mid-Density Residential</u> consists of a mix of the following product types:
  - Multi-Family Mid includes mid-rise buildings up to a maximum of 8 stories. This building type is generally located along major roads, such as Geneva Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard. Multi-Family Mid buildings are allowed in Mid- and High-Density Residential land use designations. Parking is proposed to be provided below grade or in single level podium above street level below residential dwelling units. This product type is proposed to have active ground floor retail and active pedestrian environments at specified locations.
  - Townhome units as described above.
- High-Density Residential consists of a mix of the following product types:
  - <u>Multi-Family Mid</u> includes mid-rise buildings up to a maximum of 8 stories generally located along major roads, such as Geneva Avenue and Bayshore Boulevard.
  - <u>Multi-Family High</u> provides for buildings with a maximum of 24 stories along a frontage road west of the Caltrain rail line. Structured parking within these residential towers is planned with access from the proposed frontage road Multi- Family High buildings may have ground floor retail and active pedestrian environments at specified locations. This type of building is limited to the High-Density Residential land use designation.

# • Commercial and Industrial Land Use Designations

- o Low-Density Commercial
  - <u>Campus Low-Rise</u> buildings have a maximum of 6 stories. Designed primarily for office use, these buildings may also provide ground floor retail and public services uses.
  - Hospitality buildings have a maximum of 22 stories, providing floor plates appropriate for a diversity of commercial uses. This building type is intended for use in the transit plaza area adjacent to the Bayshore Caltrain station.

# o Mid-Density Commercial

- Campus Low-Rise buildings as described above.
- Campus Mid-Rise buildings have a maximum of 8 stories, providing for a range of commercial and office uses. Designed primarily for office use, these buildings may also provide have ground floor retail and public services uses. Campus Mid-Rise buildings are proposed to orient toward open space areas in a campus like setting.
- Hospitality buildings as described above.

# o High-Density Commercial

- TOD Commercial buildings are proposed near the Caltrain Station to have a variety of commercial uses with a maximum height of 20 stories. Designed primarily for office use, these buildings may also provide have ground floor retail and public services uses.
- Hospitality buildings as described above.

# o <u>Project Amenities</u>

• Amenity buildings up to a maximum of 3 stories are proposed to contain floorplates appropriate for amenities such as meeting rooms, recreation, restaurants, and clubhouse use.

#### Industrial

 <u>Industrial</u> buildings are proposed as 1-2 story buildings with large floor plates appropriate for a variety of utility, infrastructure, and industrial uses along the east side of the Caltrain right-of-way.

## Other Land Use Designations

## Open Space

 Open Space lands provide for a variety of habitat conservation and recreational functions. A total of 130.8 acres are designated open space, representing the required 25% of the Baylands 520-acre upland area.

#### Water Detention

 Water detention areas are proposed to provide for appropriate drainage of the site. They are designed as landscaped basins that detain peak stormwater runoff flows. Detention basins are also designed to provide habitat conservation functions.

#### Buffer

 <u>Buffer</u> areas are designated to provide for physical separation from the Kinder Morgan Tank Farm.

#### CONSERVATION AND OPEN SPACE

The Conservation and Open Space chapter provides an open space plan consisting of active and passive recreational uses, habitat conservation and ecosystem improvements that would occur following site remediation and landfill closure, and "improvements to the quality of hydrologic systems." A total of 130.8 of upland open space are proposed, representing 25.1 percent of the Baylands' approximately 520-acre upland area. The existing Brisbane Lagoon will be preserved and expand over time as the result of sea level rise. The proposed open space plan is illustrated in the attached Specific Plan Figures 4.1.1, 4.1.2, and 4.3.3. Conceptual plans are provided in the Specific Plan for the various proposed urban plazas, active recreation areas, community greens, and ecological greenspaces. Included in the ecological greenspaces are plans for restoration of 37.8 acres of Visitacion Creek and wetland habitat creation within the proposed 29.3-acre Lagoon Park along the north side of the Brisbane Lagoon. The Specific Plan notes that an Open Space Phasing plan is forthcoming.

## **CIRCULATION**

The Circulation chapter provides a mobility plan for roadway and streetscapes, an "active transportation network" consisting of bicycle and pedestrian facilities, and a transit network. The Specific Plan provides for construction of the Geneva Avenue extension, including a bridge over the Caltrain rail line, but does not address future improvements to the Candlestick interchange on the US 101 freeway.

The Specific Plan states that a main goal of Baylands development is to "shape public space in a way that enables people to be less dependent on cars." This goal is expressed through walking and bicycling networks that include shared-use paths, bike lanes, sidewalks, and "green streets," which are curbless local streets within residential areas that prioritize pedestrians and bicyclists, while accommodating vehicular movements within a shared roadway (see illustration from the Specific Plan, below).

The Baylands mobility plan is illustrated in the following Specific Plan figures.

- Figure 5.4, Baylands Street Network by Functional Classification
- Figure 5.5, Baylands Pedestrian Network
- Figure 5.6, Baylands Bicycle and Micro-Mobility Network
- Figure 5.7, Baylands Transit and Shuttle Connections
- Illustration of a shared green street.

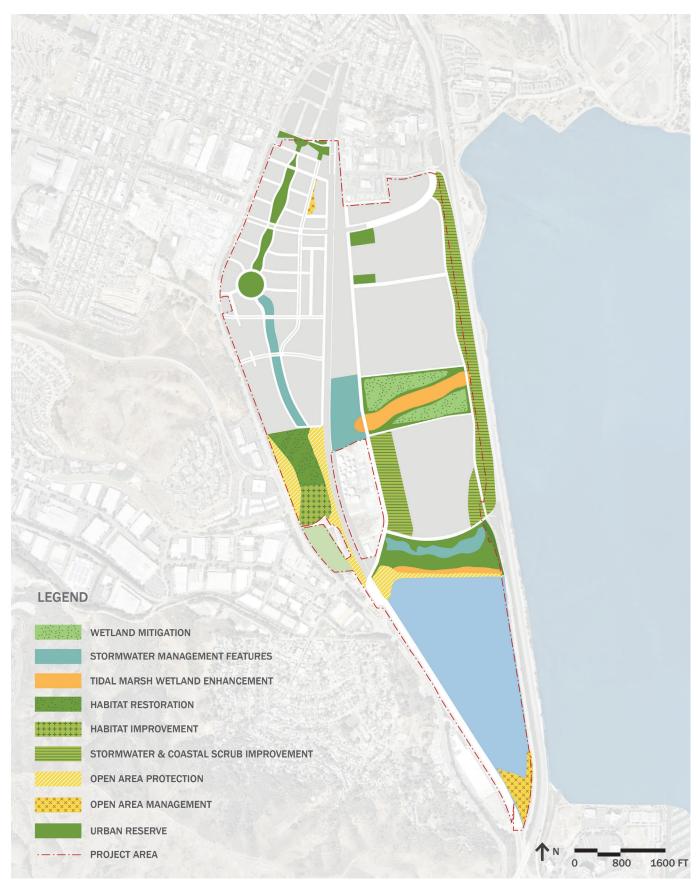
In addition, the Specific Plan proposes maximum parking ratios for residential product types ranging from 1.0 to 1.5 spaces per dwelling unit for multi-family products and 2.0 spaces per unit for duplex/single family dwelling units. Commercial parking is capped at a maximum of 2.0 to 3.0 spaces per 1,000 square feet of building area.



FIGURE 4.1.1 SITE OPEN SPACE & OPEN AREA



FIGURE 4.1.2 KEY HABITAT AREAS AND ADJACENT HABITAT



**FIGURE 4.3.3 LANDSCAPE TYPOLOGIES** 

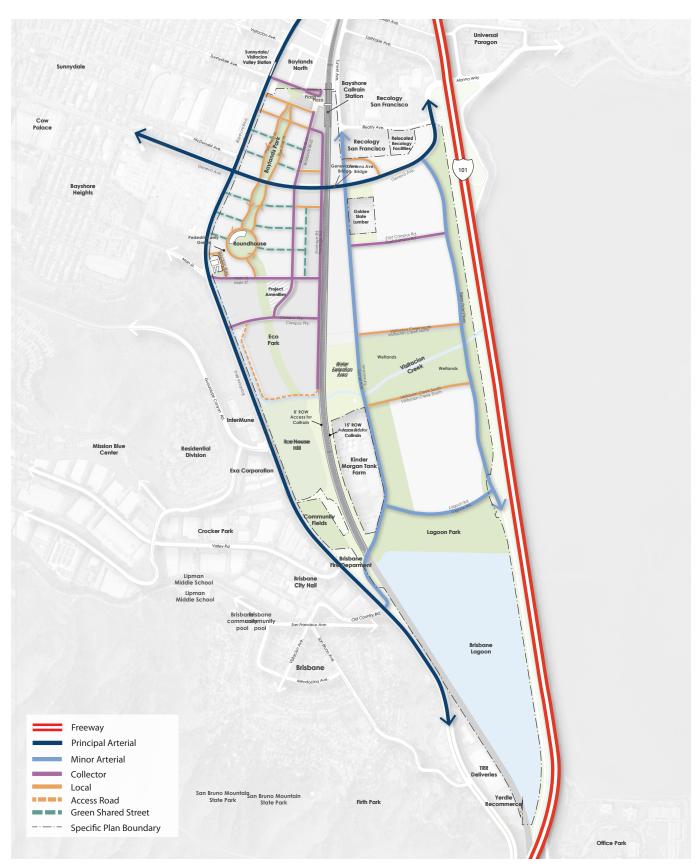


FIGURE 5.4: BAYLANDS STREET NETWORK BY FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION



**FIGURE 5.5: BAYLANDS PEDESTRIAN NETWORK** 

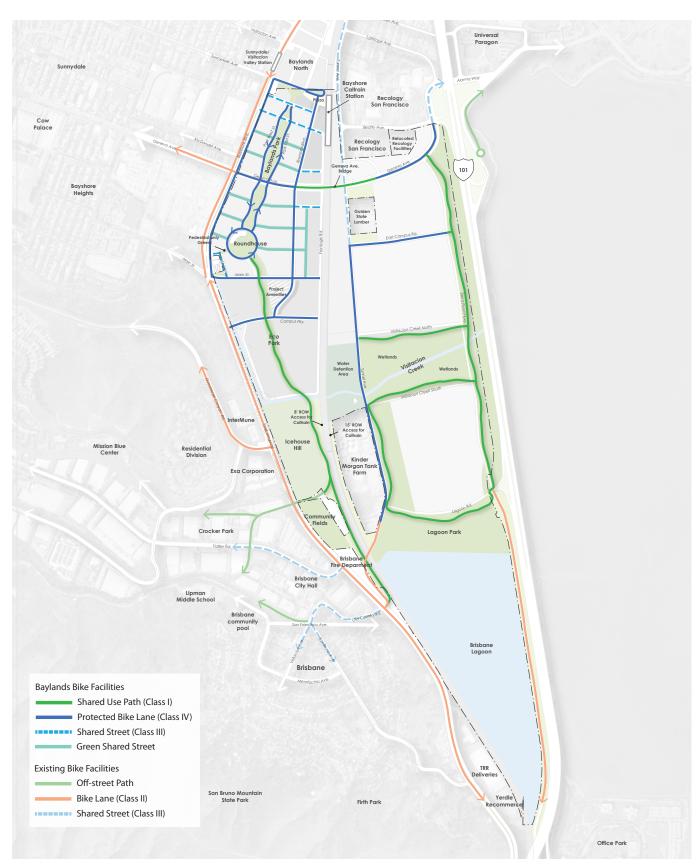


FIGURE 5.6: BAYLANDS BICYCLE AND MICRO-MOBILITY NETWORK

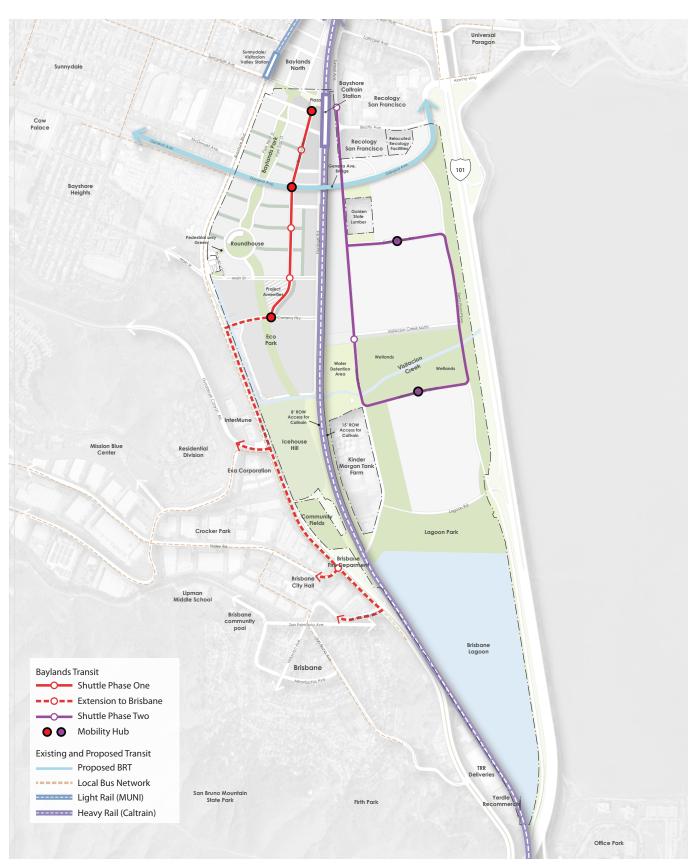


FIGURE 5.7: BAYLANDS TRANSIT AND SHUTTLE CONNECTIONS

# **Shared Street Strategies**



SITE PLAN A - GREEN SHARED STREET, NEIGHBORHOOD POCKETS WITH URBAN GATHERING (ILLUSTRATIVE ONLY)



SITE PLAN B - GREEN SHARED STREET, SUPERSTOOP (ILLUSTRATIVE ONLY)



SITE PLAN C - GREEN SHARED STREET, URBAN GATHERING (ILLUSTRATIVE ONLY)



**KEY MAP** 

## SUSTAINABILITY FRAMEWORK

The Specific Plan recognizes the requirements set forth in the Brisbane General Plan and Measure JJ that Baylands development be consistent with the principles of the Sustainability Framework for the Brisbane Baylands.

Table 1, below, identifies each of the One Planet Principles addressed in the Sustainability Framework, the goal described by BDI in the Baylands Specific Plan related to each principle, and the various strategies proposed in the Specific Plan to achieve each goal.

Table 1: Responsibilities for Developing Performance Standards Addressing One Planet's Ten Principles

One Planet Principle <sup>2</sup>	Goal <sup>3</sup>	Proposed Sustainability Strategies
Zero Carbon Buildings	Making buildings and manufacturing energy efficient and supplying all energy with renewables.	<ul> <li>All-electric high-performance buildings to minimize energy consumption.</li> <li>Annual energy use and carbon emissions to be offset with large-scale onsite renewable energy generation and potential use of battery storage.</li> </ul>
Zero Waste	Reducing consumption, re-using and recycling to achieve zero waste and zero pollution.	Zero waste programs, including construction waste reduction, building operational waste and user product waste reduction, and sustainably managed food sources.
Sustainable Transportation	Reducing the need to travel, encouraging walking, cycling, and low carbon transport.	<ul> <li>Mixed-use high intensity development to vehicle travel, including residential and commercial development within walking distance of the Bayshore Caltrain station.</li> <li>Improved access to the Bayshore Caltrain station.</li> <li>Comprehensive network of pedestrian and bicycle facilities providing connectivity within the site and to the surrounding community.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Use of maximum allowable parking ratios to encourage use of transit and non-motorized travel, as well as to reduce the presence of automobiles within the site.</li> <li>Electric vehicle charging infrastructure in key locations throughout the development to encourage use of electric rather than fossil fuel vehicles.</li> </ul>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> From Sustainability Framework for the Baylands.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> From *The Baylands Specific Plan*, April 2021.

One Planet Principle <sup>2</sup>	Goal <sup>3</sup>	Proposed Sustainability Strategies
Local and Sustainable Materials	Using materials from sustainable sources and promoting products which help people reduce consumption.	<ul> <li>Track materials used in construction against sustainability metrics for health and embodied carbon.</li> <li>Components will largely be manufactured off-site, improving quality/durability and reducing waste.</li> </ul>
Local and Sustainable Food	Promoting sustainable humane farming and healthy diets high in local, seasonal organic food and vegetable protein.	<ul> <li>Weekly farmers market.</li> <li>Provide for food truck operators at key central nodes within the Baylands.</li> <li>Provide for community gardens as permitted per approved remediation plans.</li> </ul>
Sustainable Water	Using water efficiently, protecting local water resources and reducing flooding and drought.	<ul> <li>Building water efficiency, including use of reclaimed water for building plumbing systems and outdoor landscape irrigation.</li> <li>Use of efficient drip and "smart" irrigation systems.</li> <li>Manage stormwater and protect structures from the 100-year flood event with consideration to projected sea level rise through 2100.</li> </ul>
Open Space and Habitat	Protecting and restoring land for the benefit of people and wildlife.	<ul> <li>Site restoration and Title 27 landfill closure.</li> <li>25% of the total site area reserved for open space.</li> <li>Preservation of the 92.2-acre lagoon.</li> <li>Habitat conservation and enhancement as illustrated in Specific Plan Figures 4.1.2, and 4.3.3.</li> <li>Adaptation to sea level rise as projected through 2100.</li> </ul>
Culture and Heritage	Nurturing local identity and heritage, empowering communities, and promoting a culture of sustainable living.	<ul> <li>Restore the historic Roundhouse for community uses.</li> <li>Provide interpretive signage in appropriate locations throughout the Baylands.</li> <li>Provide a community clubhouse for use by residents for recreation and community gatherings.</li> <li>Art in public places program.</li> </ul>
Economic Vitality with Equity and Ecology	Creating safe, equitable places to live and work which support local prosperity and international fair trade.	<ul> <li>Development of an under-utilized, contaminated site into a "vibrant, diverse/mixed-use and sustainable new community."</li> <li>Commercial land use designations provide for tech and biotech uses and</li> </ul>

One Planet Principle <sup>2</sup>	Goal <sup>3</sup>	Proposed Sustainability Strategies
		allow for incubator space for start-up companies.
		Provide an "appropriate mix of housing types."
Recreation, Health, and Happiness	ppiness lives to promote good health and	Outdoor recreation areas as illustrated in Specific Plan Figure 4.1.1.
	wellbeing.	Recreation areas within residential site- specific residential developments.
		Project-wide system of shared-use paths, bicycle facilities, and sidewalks, and "green streets."

#### SITE ENGINEERING

This chapter of the Specific Plan describes proposed grading, as well as proposed storm drainage, sanitary sewer, potable water, non-potable (recycled) water, and energy infrastructure needed for the Baylands.

## Grading

Site grading is anticipated to involve the movement of approximately 4,250,000 cubic yards of soil, including movement of approximately 2,400,000 cubic yards of soil from the existing landfill footprint to the former railyard area. Finished grades within the existing landfill footprint following completion of grading activities is planned to vary between 17 to 47 feet above mean sea level prior to settlement<sup>4</sup>. Finished grades within the existing landfill footprint will primarily vary from 8-15 feet in elevation adjacent to Bayshore Boulevard and portion of the Caltrain right-of-way to 25 feet above mean sea level for proposed development areas.

# **Stormwater Drainage**

The storm drainage concept for the Baylands emphasizes natural stormwater management using an improved Visitacion Creek, mitigation wetlands, stormwater detention, and stormwater treatment. A combination of underground storm drains and naturalized open channels will be used to accommodate stormwater and support wetland restoration along Visitacion Creek.

## Potable Water

The Specific Plan provides for construction of a potable water system to City of Brisbane design criteria. The Specific Plan does not at this time identify a firm water source for Baylands

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The Specific Plan and its Infrastructure Plan appendix note that the geotechnical study for the landfill site, which will determine planned settlement within the landfill is forthcoming.

development. The applicant has been working with the City and other agencies to secure an adequate water supply to support the proposed development. A water supply plan and water supply assessment will be required.

The system to be constructed as part of Baylands development will provide for meeting daily, peak day, and peak hour water demands and will meet Title 22 California Waterworks Standards that require water distribution systems to have sufficient capacity to deliver domestic demand coincident with required fire flow. In addition to an onsite water distribution system, Baylands development will construct an offsite 2.6-million gallon storage reservoir to be located either off Guadalupe Canyon Parkway or in the southern part of Brisbane located near Thomas Avenue.

## **Reclaimed Water**

A water recycling facility is proposed to provide non-potable water for landscape irrigation within open space areas and rights-of-way, restroom flushing in commercial and residential buildings, cooling, and landscape water features in the Plan area. The proposed water recycling facility will be constructed in phases and designed to discharge sewage in excess of non-potable water demand to be treated by the SPFUC.

## Wastewater System

A new system of sanitary sewers will be constructed for Baylands development. The system will be designed to flow to the water recycling facility and discharge sewage in excess of non-potable water demand to be treated by the SPFUC.

## **Energy Utilities**

A new on-site electrical distribution system will be installed in joint trenches with communications infrastructure within roadway rights-of-way. To achieve Baylands development's net zero energy goals based on currently available technology, proposed on-site electrical generation is proposed to include a microgrid, solar photovoltaic and battery energy storage systems.

To achieve carbon neutrality, the Specific Plan does not include natural gas services to proposed buildings. The existing natural gas main in Tunnel Avenue would continue to provide service to the existing Kinder Morgan Tank Farm, and the existing Golden State Lumber property.

#### PUBLIC FACILITIES FINANCING

The Public Facilities Financing chapter identifies potential methods for financing the infrastructure, parks, open space, and other amenities proposed in the Specific Plan. This chapter does not, however, identify the specific methods the applicant proposes to finance these improvements, nor does the chapter demonstrate that Baylands development would be revenue positive to the City on an ongoing basis. This information is forthcoming from the applicant.

#### **IMPLEMENTATION**

This chapter of the Specific Plan identifies key implementing actions, including City actions (e.g., development agreement to be negotiated with the City) and subsequent approvals required from other agencies (e.g., BCDC, California Department of Fish and Wildlife, Corps of Engineers, State Lands Commission, and others). The Specific Plan also provides for approval of site-specific development projects within the Specific Plan area through the City's Design Plan Review, Conditional Use Permit, and Minor Administrative Permit processes.

## **HAZARDOUS MATERIALS**

The Hazardous Materials chapter summarizes the remedial action objectives, cleanup levels, and future remedial actions to be taken to implement the Remedial Action Plans for operating units OU-SM and OU-2 that have been submitted to the Regional Water Quality Control Board and the California Department of Toxic Substances Control for regulatory approvals. This Specific Plan chapter also provides background on the history of the landfill and remedial action taken to date. A description of the planned phasing of site remediation and landfill closure is also provided. However, the applicant has not yet completed a Landfill Closure Plan or Post Closure Maintenance and Monitoring Plan for City staff and regulatory agency review.