ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023



Annual Financial Report For the year ended September 30, 2023

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FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the City Commission City of Breckenridge, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Breckenridge, Texas (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material aspects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Breckenridge, Texas and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not

a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considering the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-15, budgetary comparison – general fund, schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of contributions, and schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios on pages 52 - 58 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or

provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. This information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprised the other supplementary information listed in the table of contents but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 1, 2024 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

George, Morgan . Sneed, P.C.

George, Morgan & Sneed, P.C. Weatherford, Texas February 1, 2024

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of The City of Breckenridge, Texas, we offer readers of The City of Breckenridge's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of The City of Breckenridge for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Breckenridge exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$26,056,787 (*net position*) compared to net position of \$24,154,901 for the prior year. Unrestricted net position which may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors was \$4,908,375 at year end.
- The City's total net position increased by \$1,901,886. The City's operations decreased the governmental activities net position by \$331,270 and increased the business-type activities net position by \$2,233,156.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Breckenridge's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,129,231. This compares to an ending fund balance of \$4,118,055 in the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$1,546,443, or 37% of total general fund expenditures. This compares to an unassigned fund balance of \$1,077,816 in the prior year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City's annual financial report consists of three components 1) management's discussion and analysis, 2) the basic financial statements (government–wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements) and 3) supplementary information.

Government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources – is one way to measure the City's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the City, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the City's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). All of the City's services are included here, such as general government, public works and safety, and community services in the governmental activities.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate component unit: Breckenridge Economic Development Corporation ("BEDC") for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits A-1 and B-1 of this report.

Fund financial statements.

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds-not the City as a whole. Funds are used by the City to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The City Commission establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide a reconciliation that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund and general capital projects fund, which are considered major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated

presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits C-1 through C-4 of this report.

Proprietary funds. Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information. The City maintains one type of proprietary funds. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, wastewater, sanitation services, and trade day events. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits D-1 through D-3 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is necessary for a complete understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Supplementary information further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$26,056,787 as of September 30, 2023.

The largest portion of the City's net position (78%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings and improvements, vehicles and equipment, infrastructure and water and wastewater systems); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position (3%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Unrestricted net position that may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors was \$4,908,375 at the end of the year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position for its governmental and business-type activities and its component unit

Below is a summary of the City's Statement of Net Position.

		Governmen	tal	Activities	Business-	уре	e Activities	Total			
	-	2023		2022	2023		2022	2023		2022	
Current and other assets	\$	11,613,328	\$	4,829,468	\$ 11,289,464	\$	10,997,397	\$ 22,902,792	\$	15,826,865	
Capital assets		8,061,912		7,305,025	20,035,691		19,611,194	28,097,603		26,916,219	
Total Assets	-	19,675,240		12,134,493	31,325,155		30,608,591	51,000,395		42,743,084	
Deferred outflows of											
resources	_	636,656		171,366	191,076		48,587	827,732		219,953	
Current liabilities		243,555		189,384	2,894,109		3,407,030	3,137,664		3,596,414	
Long-term liabilities		13,152,282		4,436,451	9,386,591		10,120,507	22,538,873		14,556,958	
Total liabilities	-	13,395,837		4,625,835	12,280,700		13,527,537	25,676,537		18,153,372	
Deferred inflows of											
resources	_	72,979		505,674	21,824		149,090	94,803		654,764	
Net Position:											
Net investment in											
capital assets		4,172,445		3,071,790	16,093,195		14,578,165	20,265,640		17,649,955	
Restricted		882,772		2,918,471	-		-	882,772		2,918,471	
Unrestricted		1,787,863		1,184,089	3,120,512		2,402,386	4,908,375		3,586,475	
Total Net Position	\$	6,843,080	\$	7,174,350	\$ 19,213,707	\$	16,980,551	\$ 26,056,787	\$	24,154,901	

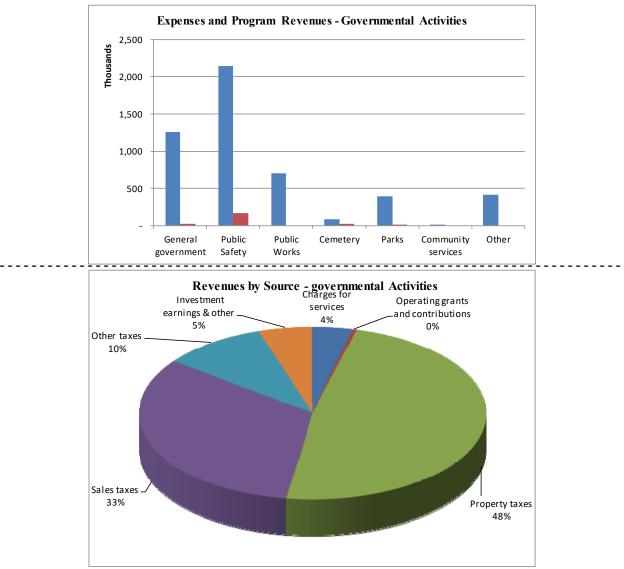
Condensed Statement of Net Position

Below is a summary of the City's Statement of Activities.

Statement of Activities

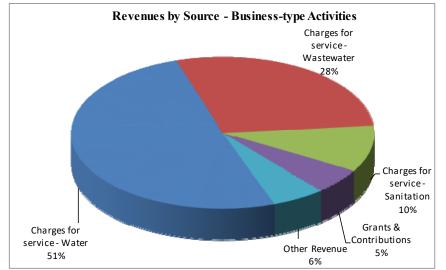
		Governme	ental	Activities		Business-type Activities				Total		
	-	2023		2022	-	2023		2022		2023		2022
Revenues:	_		-		_				_		_	
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	199,094	\$	219,177	\$	4,718,800	\$	4,469,098	\$	4,917,894	\$	4,688,275
Operating grants and contributions		19,760		22,986		-		-		19,760		22,986
Capital grants and contributions		-		-		290,457		1,173,392		290,457		1,173,392
General revenues:										-		
Property taxes		2,552,845		2,161,734		-		-		2,552,845		2,161,734
Sales and use taxes		1,731,027		1,715,876		-		-		1,731,027		1,715,876
Franchise taxes		463,958		458,884		-		-		463,958		458,884
Hotel motel taxes		51,221		72,339		-		-		51,221		72,339
Investment earnings		85,551		(84,020)		299,594		19,462		385,145		(64,558)
Other Revenue	_	181,835	_	82,900	_	-		-	_	181,835		82,900
Total revenues		5,285,291	-	4,649,876	-	5,308,851		5,661,952	-	10,594,142		10,311,828
Expenses												
General government		1,261,456		1,104,012		-		-		1,261,456		1,104,012
Public Safety		2,146,909		1,734,148		-		-		2,146,909		1,734,148
Public Works		702,407		832,734		-		-		702,407		832,734
Health and sanitation		-		-		556,316		828,944		556,316		828,944
Cemetery		82,830		84,947		-		-		82,830		84,947
Parks		396,897		261,541		-		-		396,897		261,541
Community services		16,560		15,569		-		-		16,560		15,569
Tourism		84,684		43,962		-		-		84,684		43,962
Interest on long-term		136,128		118,242		-		-		136,128		118,242
Bond issuance costs		190,024		-		-		-		190,024		-
Water and wastewater		-		-		3,113,019		2,935,739		3,113,019		2,935,739
Trade Days		-		-		5,026		8,126		5,026		8,126
Total expenses	_	5,017,895	-	4,195,155	-	3,674,361		3,772,809	-	8,692,256		7,967,964
Increase (decrease) in net position	_		-		-				-			
before transfers		267,396		454,721		1,634,490		1,889,143		1,901,886		2,343,864
Transfers		(598,666)	_	247,168		598,666	_	(247,168)				
Increase (decrease) in net position	-	(331,270)	-	701,889	-	2,233,156		1,641,975	•	1,901,886		2,343,864
Net Position October 1 - Restated		7,174,350	_	6,472,461		16,980,551	_	15,338,576		24,154,901		21,811,037
Net Position September 30	\$	6,843,080	\$	7,174,350	\$	19,213,707	\$	16,980,551	\$	26,056,787	\$	24,154,901

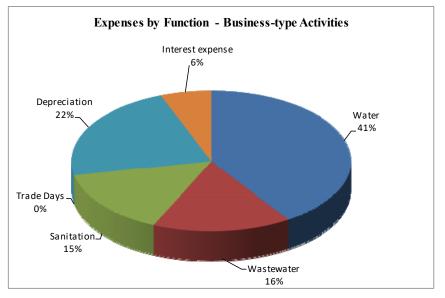
Governmental Activities. Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$331,270 in the current year. Total governmental activities revenues increased by \$635,415. Property and sales taxes increased \$391,111 and \$15,151 respectively due to a \$57 million increase in property values and more local taxable sales. Total governmental activities expenses increased \$822,740 (20%). The largest increase was salaries and benefits in public safety due to being closer to full staff. Below are two graphs summarizing governmental revenue and expense:



Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$2,233,156. The business-type activities total revenues decreased \$353,101 and total expenses decreased \$98,448. Charges for service increased \$249,702 primarily because more gallons of water were sold and rate changes. Capital grants and contributions decreased \$882,935. The largest decrease in expenses was \$272,628 in health and sanitation expense due to the City no longer billing for any commercial trash service.

Below are two graphs summarizing business-type activities revenue and expense:





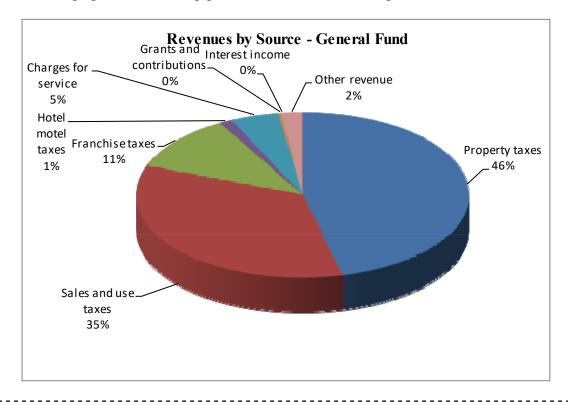
Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

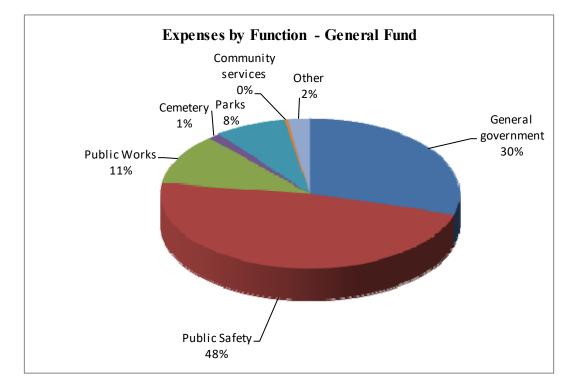
Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At year end, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,129,231. \$1,546,443 (14%) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is either restricted, committed or assigned. The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$1,546,443. Below is a comparison of the general fund's net change in fund balance for 2023 and 2022.

					Percent
				Increase	Increase
	2023		2022	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
Revenues:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$ 1,921,841	\$	1,553,628	\$ 368,213	23.70%
Sales and use tax	1,443,302		1,430,749	12,553	0.88%
Franchise	457,358		459,682	(2,324)	-0.51%
Hotel motel taxes	51,221		72,339	(21,118)	-29.19%
Charges for service	196,765		215,040	(18,275)	-8.50%
Grants and contributions	12,300		8,113	4,187	51.61%
Interest income	3,901		2,365	1,536	64.95%
Other revenue	81,049		28,763	52,286	181.78%
Total revenues	4,167,737		3,770,679	397,058	10.53%
Expenditures:					
Current					
General government	1,231,872		1,093,393	138,479	12.67%
Public Safety	2,003,372		1,833,842	169,530	9.24%
Public Works	457,340		508,466	(51,126)	-10.05%
Cemetery	55,427		61,339	(5,912)	-9.64%
Parks	322,780		231,698	91,082	39.31%
Community services	15,668		14,677	991	6.75%
Tourism	84,684		43,962	40,722	92.63%
Debt service:	84,084		45,902	40,722	92.0370
Principal	13,253		12,850	403	3.14%
Interest and fiscal charges	1,384		12,830	(403)	-22.55%
Total expenditures	4,185,780		3,802,014	383,766	10.09%
Total experiencies	4,105,700	•	5,002,014	565,700	10.0770
Other financing sources (uses):					
Insurance recoveries	56,714		47,539	9,175	19.30%
Transfers in	505,000		479,500	25,500	5.32%
Transfers out	(75,000)			(75,000)	-100.00%
Net change in fund balances	\$ 468,671	\$	495,704	\$ (27,033) \$	-5.45%



Below are two graphs summarizing general fund revenue and expenditures.



Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water Fund, Wastewater Fund, Sanitation Fund, and Trade Days Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$3,120,512. The total change in net position was \$2,233,156. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year the City amended its budget. General fund budgeted revenues increased \$49,166. Actual revenues were \$134,129 less than budgeted. Budget amendments increased expenditures \$99,562. Actual expenditures of the general fund were \$555,094 less than budgeted.

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of September 30, 2023, amounts to \$28,097,603 (net of accumulated depreciation). Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Governmental Activities:

- \$1,034,150 for street improvements
- \$89,667 for two public safety intangible right-to-use leased vehicles
- \$45,581 for a park generator

Business-type activities:

- \$901,752 for the meter replacement project and utility line relocation projects
- \$33,415 for a water treatment intangible right-to-use leased vehicle
- \$311,174 for WWTP improvements and the prison lift station

		Governmental Activities			Business-	Activities	Total				
	-	2023		2022	2023		2022		2023		2022
Land	\$	194,785	\$	194,785	\$ 193,297	\$	193,297	\$	388,082	\$	388,082
Construction in progress		1,049,400		15,250	636,386		1,160,127		1,685,786		1,175,377
Land Improvements		-		-	29,658		30,581		29,658		30,581
Buildings and improvements		494,839		532,585	318,761		345,845		813,600		878,430
Water and sewer systems		-		-	18,616,976		17,624,579		18,616,976		17,624,579
Infrastructure		5,779,070		5,938,710	-		-		5,779,070		5,938,710
Vehicles and equipment		420,650		573,789	205,342		251,152		625,992		824,941
Intangible right-to-use equipment		123,168		49,906	35,271		5,614		158,439		55,520
Total	\$	8,061,912	\$	7,305,025	\$ 20,035,691	\$	19,611,195	\$	28,097,603	\$	26,916,220

The City of Breckenridge's Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

City of Breckenridge's Outstanding Debt

	Governme	ntal	Activities	Business-	type	Activities	1	Fotal			
	2023		2022	2023		2022	2023		2022		
Financed Purchases	\$ 120,953	\$	178,568	\$ 20,257	\$	29,896	\$ 141,210	\$	208,464		
Lease Financing Payable	124,771		50,667	35,752		5,698	160,523		56,365		
Certificates of Obligation	11,645,000		4,004,000	9,087,000		10,025,000	20,732,000		14,029,000		
Total	\$ 11,890,724	\$	4,233,235	\$ 9,143,009	\$	10,060,594	\$ 21,033,733	\$	14,293,829		

During 2023 the City issued \$8,385,000 in Combination Tax and Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation.

No direct funded debt limitation is imposed on the City under current state law or the City's Home Rule Charter. More detailed information about the City's debt is presented in the notes to the Financial Statements.

Economic factors and the Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2024 budget, tax rate, and fees that will be charged for the governmental and business-type activities. The major factor affecting all decisions is the changing economy within the framework of the national economic recovery. Along with the rest of the nation, Breckenridge only saw a minimal increase in sales and hotel occupancy taxes. In addition, the local oil and gas industry continues to struggle and remains very volatile. Based on these two factors, sales tax projections remained flat for the fiscal year 2024 budget.

The City prides itself on a quality school district and "hometown" atmosphere. The Breckenridge Economic Development Corporation (BEDC) works to attract businesses with relocation incentives as well as business retention incentives such as workforce training opportunities in coordination with the school district and Texas State Technical College. The BEDC receives one-fourth of the sales tax collected and remitted to the City to support these growth and development initiatives. The City of Breckenridge considered these factors when adopting the General Fund budget for fiscal year 2024. The budgeted revenues for fiscal year 2024 total \$4,917,969 for the General Fund, which is a \$160,269 or 3.37% increase from the previous fiscal year budget. Ad valorem tax revenue is determined by two factors – the total assessed value established by the Stephens County Appraisal District and the tax rate established by the Breckenridge City Commission. The property tax rate for the budgeted year increased by 0.03471 cents to \$1.05471 per hundred dollars of assessed value for 2023. Certified taxable property value is \$282,363,231. This is a 9.61% increase over the last year's values, or \$24.7 million.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and all investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, you may contact the City Offices at 105 North Rose Avenue or by telephone at 254-559-8287.

Readers can find separately issued financial statements for the Breckenridge Economic Development Corporation at the Chamber of Commerce, 100 East Elm Street, Breckenridge, Texas 76424.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

EXHIBIT A-1

CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE, TEXAS Statement of Net Position September 30, 2023

	September 3	0, 20	023			
		T				Component Unit
		ŀ	Primary Governmer	nt		Breckenridge Economic
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	Development
ASSETS:		-	Teavities		Totur	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,008,648	\$	2,490,472	\$	4,499,120 \$	1,425,069
Investments	8,990,868		-		8,990,868	
Receivables (Net of allowances for uncollectibles)						
Property taxes	173,329		-		173,329	-
Other taxes	408,277		-		408,277	99,229
Accounts	11,195		563,321		574,516	-
Miscellaneous	21,011		-		21,011	634,942
Supplies inventory	-		179,978		179,978	-
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	-		8,055,693		8,055,693	-
Notes receivable	-		-		-	174,666
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):						
Non-depreciable assets	1,244,185		829,683		2,073,868	56,546
Depreciable assets	6,817,727		19,206,008		26,023,735	185,380
Land held for economic development, at cost						2,302,223
	10 (75 240	-	21 225 155		51 000 205	4.979.055
Total Assets	19,675,240	-	31,325,155		51,000,395	4,878,055
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Deferred outflow related to TMRS pension	611,290		183,952		795,242	-
Deferred outflow related to TMRS OPEB	25,366	_	7,124		32,490	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	636,656	_	191,076		827,732	
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts Payable	184,586		184,961		369,547	92,150
Accrued Payroll	27,219		10,105		37,324	894
Due to other governments	9,022				9,022	-
Unearned Revenue			2,422,779		2,422,779	
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets:			_,,,		_,,.,,	
Interest payable	22,728		8,445		31,173	-
Customer deposits	,		267,819		267,819	-
Noncurrent liabilities:			,		,	
Due within one year	444,339		311,393		755,732	-
Due in more than one year	12,707,943		9,075,198		21,783,141	-
		-				
Total Liabilities	13,395,837	-	12,280,700		25,676,537	93,044
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Deferred inflow related to TMRS pension	5,932		1,774		7,706	
Deferred inflow related to TMRS OPEB	67,047		20,050		87,097	
Deferred inflows - leases	-		-		-	634,942
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	72,979	-	21,824		94,803	634,942
		-				
NET POSITION:			16000 105		20.245.440	241.026
Net Investments in Capital Assets	4,172,445		16,093,195		20,265,640	241,926
Restricted Net Position (Expendable)						404 570
Restricted for USDA loan program	-		-		-	484,572
Debt service	176,537		-		176,537	-
Property tax reduction	17,632		-		17,632	-
Public safety	23,006		-		23,006	-
Public works	100,062		-		100,062	-
Cemetery	555,923				555,923	
Parks	9,612		-		9,612	-
Unrestricted Net Position	1,787,863		3,120,512		4,908,375	3,423,571
Total Net Position	\$ 6,843,080	\$	19,213,707	\$	26,056,787 \$	4,150,069

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

			_		P	Program Revenue	es	
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary Government								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	1,261,456	\$	25,209	\$	-	\$	-
Public Safety		2,146,909		158,644		8,898		-
Public Works		702,407		-		-		-
Cemetery		82,830		14,141		10,497		-
Parks		396,897		1,100		365		-
Community services		16,560		-		-		-
Tourism		84,684		-		-		-
Interest on long-term debt		136,128		-		-		-
Bond Issuance Cost		190,024		-		-		-
Total governmental activities		5,017,895		199,094		19,760		-
Business-type activities:								
Water and wastewater		3,113,019		4,191,115		-		290,457
Sanitation		556,316		527,685		-		-
Trade Days		5,026		-		-		-
Total business-type activities		3,674,361		4,718,800		-		290,457
Total primary government	\$	8,692,256	_\$_	4,917,894	\$	19,760	\$	290,457
Component Unit								
Governmental activities:								
General administration	\$	142,904	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Economic development	-	299,152	~	-		-	-	-
Community development		63,698		-		-		-
Interest on long-term debt		2,251		-		-		-
Total component unit	\$	508,005	\$	-	\$	-	- \$	-
	4		=		= ~ =		= * =	

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes, levied for general purposes Property Taxes, levied for debt service Sales and Use Taxes Franchise Taxes Hotel Motel Taxes Investment Earnings

Other Revenue

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position October 1, 2022

Net Position September 30, 2023

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

							Component Unit
-		Prir	nary Governmen	t			Breckenridge
	Governmental		Business-type				Economic
_	Activities		Activities		Total		Development
	(1.02(.0.47)	¢		¢	(1.02(.047)	¢	
	(1,236,247)	\$	-	\$	(1,236,247)	\$	-
	(1,979,367)		-		(1,979,367)		-
	(702,407)		-		(702,407)		-
	(58,192)		-		(58,192)		-
	(395,432)		-		(395,432)		-
	(16,560)		-		(16,560)		-
	(84,684)		-		(84,684)		-
	(136,128)		-		(136,128)		-
-	(190,024)		-		(190,024)		
-	(4,799,041)		-		(4,799,041)		-
	-		1,368,553		1,368,553		-
	-		(28,631)		(28,631)		-
			(5,026)		(5,026)		
	-		1,334,896		1,334,896		-
	(4,799,041)	\$	1,334,896	\$	(3,464,145)	\$	-
	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(142,904)
							(200, 152)
	-		-		-		
	-		-		-		(63,698)
	-	¢	-	¢		¢	(299,152) (63,698) (2,251)
	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	(63,698)
		\$	- - 	\$		\$	(63,698) (2,251)
	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- - - - - -				(63,698) (2,251)
-	623,880 1,731,027		- - - - - - - - -		1,928,965 623,880 1,731,027		(63,698) (2,251)
	623,880		- - - - - - - - - - -		623,880		(63,698) (2,251) (508,005)
	623,880 1,731,027		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		623,880 1,731,027		(63,698) (2,251) (508,005)
	623,880 1,731,027 463,958		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		623,880 1,731,027 463,958		(63,698) (2,251) (508,005)
	623,880 1,731,027 463,958 51,221		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		623,880 1,731,027 463,958 51,221 385,145		(63,698) (2,251) (508,005) - - 575,451
	623,880 1,731,027 463,958 51,221 85,551		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		623,880 1,731,027 463,958 51,221		(63,698) (2,251) (508,005) - - 575,451 - - 46,216
	623,880 1,731,027 463,958 51,221 85,551 181,835		-		623,880 1,731,027 463,958 51,221 385,145		(63,698) (2,251) (508,005) - - 575,451 - - 46,216
	623,880 1,731,027 463,958 51,221 85,551 181,835 (598,666)		598,666		623,880 1,731,027 463,958 51,221 385,145 181,835		(63,698) (2,251) (508,005) - - 575,451 - - 46,216 164,427
	623,880 1,731,027 463,958 51,221 85,551 181,835 (598,666) 4,467,771		598,666 898,260		623,880 1,731,027 463,958 51,221 385,145 181,835 		(63,698) (2,251) (508,005) - - 575,451 - 46,216 164,427 - 786,094

EXHIBIT B-1

CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE, TEXAS Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2023

		General Fund	General Debt Service Fund		General Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS:	-			-			
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,349,166	\$ 151,300	\$		379,348	\$ 2,008,648
Investments		-	-		8,434,944	555,924	8,990,868
Receivables (Net of allowances) Property taxes		125,364	47,965		_	_	173,329
Other taxes		358,662			-	49,615	408,277
Accounts		11,195	-		-		11,195
Miscellaneous	-	21,011		_			21,011
Total assets	\$	1,865,398	\$ 199,265	\$	8,563,778	984,887	\$ 11,613,328
		,,		-	-))		, - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , -
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	49,777	\$ -	\$	115,516	19,293	\$ 184,586
Accrued payroll		27,219	-		-	-	27,219
Due to other governments	-	9,022	-	-			9,022
Total liabilities	-	86,018		_	115,516	19,293	220,827
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Deferred property tax		125,364	47,965		-	-	173,329
Other deferred revenue		89,941		-			89,941
Total deferred inflows of resources		215,305	47,965	-			263,270
Fund Balances:							
Restricted fund balance		17,632	151,300		8,448,262	688,604	9,305,798
Committed fund balance		-	-			276,990	276,990
Unassigned Fund Balance	-	1,546,443	-	-			1,546,443
Total fund balances	-	1,564,075	151,300	-	8,448,262	965,594	11,129,231
Total liabilities, deferred inflows							
of resources, and fund balances	\$	1,865,398	\$ 199,265	\$	8,563,778	984,887	\$ 11,613,328

CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE, TEXAS Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet To the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2023 Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds 11,129,231 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and 8,061,912 therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. The cost of these assets was \$13,229,568 and the accumulated depreciation was \$5,167,656. Long-term liabilities, including \$120,952 financed purchases, \$124,771 lease financing payable and \$12,092,007 certificates of obligation bonds are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. (12, 337, 731)Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statements, but are included in the governmental activities of the statement of net position. Including interest payable results in a decrease to net position. (22,728)Property taxes, franchise taxes, and municipal court fines and fees are not 263,270 available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements. Included in the items related to noncurrent liabilities is the recognition of the City's net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$673,392, a Deferred Resource Inflow related to pensions in the amount of \$5,932, and a Deferred Resource Outflow related to pensions in the amount of \$611,290. This results in a decrease in Net Position. (68,034)Included in the items related to noncurrent liabilities is the recognition of the City's total OPEB liability required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$141,160, Deferred Resource Inflow related to OPEB in the amount of \$67,047, and a Deferred Resource Outflow related to OPEB in the amount of \$25,367. This results in a decrease in Net Position. (182, 840)6,843,080 Net Position of Governmental Activities

EXHIBIT C-2

CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE, TEXAS Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the year ended September 30, 2023

	General Fund	General Debt Service Fund	General Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$ 1,921,841	\$ 623,026	\$ -	- \$	2,544,867
Sales and use tax	1,443,302	-	-	287,725	1,731,027
Franchise	457,358	-	-	-	457,358
Hotel motel taxes	51,221	-	-	-	51,221
Charges for service	196,765	-	-	-	196,765
Grants and contributions	12,300	-	-	7,460	19,760
Investment earnings	3,901	4,189	42,959	34,502	85,551
Other revenue	81,049	-		3,152	84,201
Total revenues	4,167,737	627,215	42,959	332,839	5,170,750
Expenditures: Current					
General government	1,231,872	-	-	-	1,231,872
Public Safety	2,003,372	-	-	11,753	2,015,125
Public Works	457,340	-	-	55,195	512,535
Cemetery	55,427	-	-	21,924	77,351
Parks	322,780	-	-	-	322,780
Community services	15,668	-	-	-	15,668
Tourism	84,684	-	-	-	84,684
Capital Outlay		-	1,106,681	117,408	1,224,089
Debt service:			-,,	,	-,,,
Principal	13,253	744,000	-	59,899	817,152
Interest and fiscal charges	1,384	112,890	-	6,969	121,243
Bond issuance costs	-,= -		190,023	-	190,023
Total expenditures	4,185,780	856,890	1,296,704	273,148	6,612,522
Excess (deficiency) of revenue					
over (under) expenditures)	\$ (18,043)	\$ (229,675)	\$ (1,253,745)	59,691 \$	(1,441,772)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from Bonds	-	-	8,385,000	-	8,385,000
Bond Premium	-	-	447,007	-	447,007
Lease Financing	-	-	-	89,667	89,667
Insurance recoveries	56,714	-	-	-	56,714
Gain On Sale of Assets				73,226	73,226
Transfers in	505,000	-	870,000	147,338	1,522,338
Transfers out	(75,000)	(1,165,364)		(880,640)	(2,121,004)
Net change in fund balances	468,671	(1,395,039)	8,448,262	(510,718)	7,011,176
Fund balance, October 1, 2022	1,095,404	1,546,339		1,476,312	4,118,055
Fund balance, September 30, 2023	\$ 1,564,075	\$ 151,300	\$ 8,448,262	965,594 \$	11,129,231

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT C-4

CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE, TEXAS	
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures and Changes is Fund Balances of	
The Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	
For the Year Ended September 30, 2023	
Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	7,011,176
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are	1,986,549
expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as	
increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-	
wide financial statements. The net effect of including \$1,169,398 of capital	
outlays and \$817,151 of debt principal payments is to increase net position.	
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets	(32,306)
(i.e., sales, trade-ins, disposals and transfers between activities) is to decrease	(32,300)
net position.	
Depreciation and amortization is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it	(380,205)
does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's	
depreciation and amortization is to decrease net position.	
Current year financed purchases are other financing sources in the fund financial statements.	
The increase in long-term debt is a decrease in net position.	(8,921,674)
Comment weep interest neuroble of the governmental founds is not due and neuroble	
Current year interest payable of the governmental funds is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore is not reported as a liability in the funds.	
The increase in interest payable decreases net position.	(14,885)
The increase in increase payable decreases net position.	(14,005)
Revenues in the government-wide statement of activities that do not provide	16,935
current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
CASD 68 manying the City to many spins their not manying lightlity deferred manying inflow related	
GASB 68 required the City to recognize their net pension liability, deferred resource inflow related to pension, and deferred resource outflow related to pension. The changes in these balances decrease	
net pension.	(885)
	(005)
GASB 75 requires the City to recognize their OPEB liability and deferred resource outflow related t	4 005
OPEB. The changes in these balances decreased net pension.	4,025
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	(331,270)

CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE, TEXAS Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2023

	Water	Wastewater	Sanitation	Trade Days	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Totals
ASSETS:					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,211,548	\$ 1,218,444	\$ 21,055	\$ 39,425	\$ 2,490,472
Receivables (Net of allowances):	+ -,,+	• -,•,	,	• • • • • • • • • •	+ _,,.
Accounts	340,011	180,637	42,673	-	563,321
Supplies inventory	179,978	-	-	-	179,978
Restricted Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	3,912,591	4,143,102	-	-	8,055,693
Total current assets	5,644,128	5,542,183	63,728	39,425	11,289,464
Noncurrent Assets:				. <u> </u>	
Capital assets, at cost:					
Land and land improvements	165,068	22,289	39,000	18,382	244,739
Construction in progress	569,436	66,950	-	-	636,386
Buildings and improvements	993,146	108,363	-	209,321	1,310,830
Water system	20,354,460	-	-	-	20,354,460
Wastewater system	-	10,079,274		-	10,079,274
Vehicles and equipment	458,809	441,426	-	-	900,235
Intangible Right-to-Use - Leased Equipment	36,987	3,572	-	-	40,559
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(9,247,892)	(4,240,739)	-	(42,161)	(13,530,792)
Capital assets, net	13,330,014	6,481,135	39,000	185,542	20,035,691
Total noncurrent assets	13,330,014	6,481,135	39,000	185,542	20,035,691
			i	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total assets	18,974,142	12,023,318	102,728	224,967	31,325,155
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:					
Deferred outflow related to TMRS pension	132,916	51,036	-	-	183,952
Deferred outflow related to TMRS OPEB	5,510	1,614	-		7,124
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	138,426	52,650	-	-	191,076
LIABILITIES:					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	106,324	32,424	46,213	-	184,961
Accrued payroll	7,451	2,243	411	-	10,105
Unearned revenues	1,262,309	1,160,470	-		2,422,779
Current portion of long-term debt	198,764	112,629	-	-	311,393
Interest payable	5,722	2,723	-	-	8,445
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets:					
Customer deposits payable	267,819	-	-	-	267,819
Total current liabilities	1,848,389	1,310,489	46,624	-	3,205,502
Noncurrent Liabilities:			-		
Long-term portion of bonds payable	5,005,980	3,787,020	-	-	8,793,000
Long-term portion of financed purchases payable	10,295	-	-	-	10,295
Long-term portion of lease financing payable	26,985	1,335	-	-	28,320
Net pension liability	148,359	53,010	-	-	201,369
Total OPEB liability	31,101	11,113		-	42,214
Total noncurrent liabilities	5,222,720	3,852,478			9,075,198
Total liabilities	7,071,109	5,162,967	46,624		12,280,700
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:					
Deferred inflow related to TMRS	1,307	467	-	_	1,774
Deferred inflow related to TWRS	14,772	5,278	-	-	20,050
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	16,079	5,745	-	-	21,824
NET POSITION:					
NET POSITION: Net Investment in Capital Assets	10 354 781	5 513 872	39 000	185 542	16 093 195
NET POSITION: Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted	10,354,781 1,670,599	5,513,872 1,393,384	39,000 17,104	185,542 39,425	16,093,195 3,120,512

CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE, TEXAS Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Enterprise Funds								
		Water		Wastewater		Sanitation	Trade Days		
		Fund		Fund		Fund	Fund	_	Totals
Operating revenues:									
Charges for sales and services	\$	2,616,545	\$	1,489,657	\$	525,184 \$	-	\$	4,631,386
Miscellaneous		68,676		16,237		2,501	-	-	87,414
Total operating revenue		2,685,221		1,505,894		527,685	-	-	4,718,800
Operating expenses:									
Water and sewer commercial		157,287		2,149		-	-		159,436
Water meters and readers		60,944		-		-	-		60,944
Lake Daniel		15,026		-		-	-		15,026
Water production		878,741		-		-	-		878,741
Water distribution		382,052		-		-	-		382,052
Sewer collection		-		260,394		-	-		260,394
Sewer treatment		-		327,620		-	-		327,620
Solid waste		-		-		552,116	-		552,116
Depreciation and amortization		577,299		235,318		4,200	5,026		821,843
Total operating expenses		2,071,349		825,481		556,316	5,026	-	3,458,172
Operating income (loss)		613,872		680,413		(28,631)	(5,026)	-	1,260,628
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):									
Interest revenue		141,089		158,174		106	225		299,594
Interest expense and fiscal charges		(149,563)		(66,626)				-	(216,189)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(8,474)		91,548		106	225	-	83,405
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		605,398		771,961		(28,525)	(4,801)	-	1,344,033
Transfers (to) from other funds and contributions:									
Capital Grants & Contributions		244,317		46,140		-	-		290,457
Transfers in		1,036,375		139,629		_	-		1,176,004
Transfers out		(402,338)		(175,000)				_	(577,338)
Change in Net Position		1,483,752		782,730		(28,525)	(4,801)		2,233,156
Net Position, October 1, 2022		10,541,628		6,124,526		84,629	229,768	-	16,980,551
Net Position, September 30, 2023	\$	12,025,380	\$	6,907,256	\$	56,104 \$	224,967	\$ _	19,213,707

CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE, TEXAS Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Enterprise Funds									
		Water		Wastewater		Sanitation		Trade Days		
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:										
Cash received from customers	\$	2,625,013	\$	1,476,726	\$	523,773	\$	_	\$	4,625,512
Cash paid to suppliers	Ψ	(1,249,974)	Ψ	(442,819)	Ψ	(524,243)	Ψ	_	Ψ	(2,217,036)
Cash paid to employees		(408,990)		(185,116)		(23,510)		_		(617,616)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	•	966,049		848,791		(23,980)		-	_	1,790,860
Cash flow from noncapital financing activities:										
Transfers in		1,036,375		139,629		_		_		1,176,004
Transfers out		(402,338)		(175,000)						(577,338)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	-	634,037		(35,371)					_	598,666
Net eash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	-	054,057		(55,571)					_	578,000
Cash flow from capital and related financing activities:										
Capital expenditures		(901,752)		(311,174)		-				(1,212,926)
Principal payments on long-term debt		(884,586)		(66,415)		-		-		(951,001)
Interest paid on bonds		(155,273)		(74,037)		-			_	(229,310)
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities		(1,941,611)		(451,626)		-		-	_	(2,393,237)
Cash flow from investing activities:										
Interest received		141,089		158,174		106		225		299,594
Net cash provided by investing activities		141,089		158,174		106		225		299,594
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(200,436)		519,968		(23,874)		225		295,883
Cash and cash equivalents, October 1, 2022		5,324,575		4,841,578		44,929		39,200	_	10,250,282
Cash and cash equivalents, September 30, 2023	\$	5,124,139	\$	5,361,546	\$	21,055	\$	39,425	\$ _	10,546,165
Reconciliation of Operating Income to										
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities										
Operating income	\$	613,872	\$	680,413	\$	(28,631)	\$	(5,026)	\$	1,260,628
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	•	/				(-) /			• —	,,.
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:										
Depreciation expense		577,299		235,318		4,200		5,026		821,843
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(70,064)		(29,168)		(3,912)		-		(103,144)
(Increase) decrease in supplies inventory		23,370		-		-		-		23,370
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(194,924)		(31,938)		4,261		-		(222,601)
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll		2,922		379		102		-		3,403
Increase (decrease) in customer meter deposits		9,856		-		-		-		9,856
Increase (decrease) in net pension balances		2,406		(4,949)		-		-		(2,543)
Increase (decrease) in total OPEB balances		1,312		(1,264)		-		-		48
Total adjustments		352,177		168,378		4,651		5,026	_	530,232
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	966,049	\$	848,791	\$	(23,980)	\$	-	\$	1,790,860
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financial Activities										
Vehicle acquired with lease financing	\$	33,415	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	33,415
	\$	33,415	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	33,415

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

A. Reporting Entity

The City operates under a Home Rule/Commission/Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), highway and streets, sanitation, social services, public improvements, planning and zoning, parks and recreation, and general administration services. Other services include water production and distribution and sewer disposal.

The reporting entity consists of the City of Breckenridge, Texas ("City") and its component unit. Component unit are legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable or other organizations whose nature and significant relationship with the City are such that the exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either the City's ability to impose its will on the organization or there is potential for the organization to provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City.

The financial statements include one discretely presented component unit which has a September 30 year-end. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Breckenridge Economic Development Corporation (the "BEDC") was incorporated under the Development Corporation Act of 1979 (the "Act"), with the approval of the City. The purpose of the BEDC is to promote the economic development of the City of Breckenridge through the use of a ½% 4B sales tax approved by the voters of the City. The BEDC receives its authority from the City of Breckenridge. While legally separate from the City, it is reported as part of the reporting entity under the discretely presented method because the City's elected officials are financially accountable for the BEDC. The City has the authority to appoint board members and approve budgets and contracts. The City is the sole beneficiary of the BEDC and will receive the remaining assets and assume the remaining liabilities upon termination. Readers can find separately issued financial statements for the Breckenridge Economic Development Corporation at the Chamber of Commerce, 100 East Elm Street, Breckenridge, Texas 76424.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual funds and individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, however, debt service expenditures and expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recognized when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, charges for service, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives payment.

The accounts of the City are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *general debt service fund* was established to account for payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt and other long-term debts for which a tax has been dedicated.

The general capital projects fund is used to account for bonds proceeds issued for capital projects.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The water fund is used to account for the operation of the water utility.

The wastewater fund is used to account for the operation of the wastewater utility.

The sanitation fund is used to account for the operation of residential trash.

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges and transfers between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which cannot be eliminated.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges for customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. *Internally* dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds, distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water fund and wastewater fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Financial Statement Amounts

1. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short term investments that are highly liquid with maturity within three months or less when purchased.

2. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The property tax receivable allowance for the general fund of \$125,364 and the general debt service fund of \$47,965 is equal to 50% of outstanding delinquent property taxes at September 30, 2023. The court fines and fees receivable is reported net of an allowance of \$20,596 which is 50% of the outstanding receivable. Trade accounts receivable in the enterprise funds are reported net of an allowance of \$93,934 which is the accounts aged over 60 days. The Breckenridge Economic Development Corporation notes receivable are reported net of an allowance of \$32,854 which is based on historical experience and collectability.

3. Property Tax

Ad valorem property taxes are levied each October 1 from valuations assessed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before the following February 1. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties and interest.

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

4. Inventory

The City's water fund inventory is recorded under the purchase method. Under the purchase method the inventory is first recorded as an expense when purchased and then adjusted at the end of the year to reflect the value of inventory at that date. Inventories held by the water fund are priced at the lower of cost or market on the first-in, first-out method.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary funds financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government and proprietary funds are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Infrastructure	30 - 50 years
Building	50 years
Building improvements	20 years
Vehicles	2 - 15 years
Office equipment	3 - 15 years
Computer equipment	3 - 5 years

The City has reported infrastructure capital assets acquired prior to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34 at estimated historical cost.

6. Compensated Absences

Regular full-time employees earn vacation and sick leave in accordance with City guidelines. Vacation time may be accumulated up to 240 hours. The City does allow for the accumulation of sick leave, however, the sick leave is not paid upon an employee's separation from services therefore a long-term liability has not been accrued.

7. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, longterm debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statements of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are expensed when they are incurred and are no longer amortized over the term of the related debt. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and report amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

9. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

In accordance with GASB No. 54, the City classified fund balances in the governmental funds as follows:

Nonspendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – includes amounts restricted by external sources (creditors, laws of other governments, etc.) or by constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed – includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes. Committed fund balance is reported pursuant to formal action by City Commission, the City's highest level of decision making authority. Commitments may be modified or rescinded only through formal action of City Commission.

Assigned – includes amounts that the City intends to use for a specific purpose, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. Under the City's adopted policy, amounts may be assigned by the City Manager and the City Secretary.

Unassigned - All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

When expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been first spent out of committed funds, then assigned, and finally unassigned as needed.

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

	General Fund	General Debt Service Fund		Caj	General pital Projects Fund	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Restricted:									
Debt service	\$ -	\$	151,300	\$	-	\$	-	\$	151,300
Property tax reduction	17,632		-		-		-		17,632
Public Safety	-		-		-		23,006		23,006
Public Works	-		-		-		100,062		100,062
Cemetery	-		-		-		555,924		555,924
Parks	-		-		-		9,612		9,612
Capital projects	-		-		8,448,262		-		8,448,262
Committed:					-		-		-
Equipment replacement	-		-		-		276,990		276,990
Unassigned	1,546,443		-		-		-		1,546,443
	\$ 1,564,075	\$	151,300	\$	8,448,262	\$	965,594	\$	11,129,231

The following table is a summary of the fund balance of the governmental funds.

10. Use of Restricted/Unrestricted Net Position

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

11. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2: <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u>

The City of Breckenridge investment policies and types of investments are governed by the State Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"). The Act authorizes the City to invest, with certain restrictions, in obligations of the U.S. Treasury or the State of Texas, certain U.S. agencies, certificates of deposit, money market savings accounts, certain municipal securities, repurchase agreements, banker's acceptances, mutual funds and investment pools. The City's management believes that it complied with the requirements of the Act and the City's investment policies.

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The City's deposits are required to be collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent in the City's name. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") Insurance. The BEDC's deposits are secured by a pledge of securities and FDIC Insurance in BEDC's name. At September 30, 2023, the City's deposits were fully collateralized and insured however \$5,996 of BEDC's deposits were uninsured or collateralized. BEDC believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on its cash and cash equivalents.

Credit Risk- Investments

The City controls credit risk by limiting its investments to those instruments allowed by the State Public Funds Investment Act described above.

Interest Rate Risk - Investments

As a means of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, the City diversifies its investments by security type and institution, and limits holdings in any one type of investment with any one issuer. The City coordinates its investment maturities to closely match cash flow needs and restricts the maximum investment term to less than five years from the purchase date.

The City's fiduciary funds (Cemetery Perpetual Care Trust Fund) are invested in accordance with the provision of a trust agreement. These funds are invested by the trustee according to Section 113.056 of the Texas Trust Code. The City has the following types of investments:

				Percentage	Investment Maturities (in Years)			
	Credit		Fair	of Total	Less than			Over 10
Investment	Rating	Cost	Value	Investments	1 year	1-5 Years	6-10 Years	Years
Cash	N/A	4,583	4,583	0.05%	4,583	-	-	-
Equity Mutual Funds	N/A	126,797	137,613	1.53%	137,613	-	-	-
Bond Mutual Funds	N/A	198,818	168,657	1.88%	168,657	-	-	-
Corporate Bonds	Aaa - Baa2	121,413	108,390	1.21%	4,882	72,815	16,862	13,831
U.S. Treasuries	N/A	73,844	60,294	0.67%	5,841	25,885	2,847	25,721
U.S. Government Agencies	N/A	86,833	76,387	0.85%	-	2,566	9,162	64,659
Logic Investment Pool	AAAm	8,434,944	8,434,944	93.82%	8,434,944	-	-	-
		\$ 9,047,232	\$ 8,990,868	-	\$ 8,756,520	\$ 101,266	\$ 28,871	\$ 104,211

Investment Valuation

All securities are stated at fair value as reported by the City's portfolio manager. For securities traded on a major exchange, market values are priced as of the statement date, September 30, 2023, as provided by various pricing services (Level 1 inputs). The method and frequency of pricing assets not traded on major exchanges varies depending on the type of assets (Level 2 inputs); therefore, the market value may not be a current value as of the statement date.

NOTE 3: <u>RESTRICTED ASSETS</u>

The following cash and investments in the government-wide statement of net position are restricted for the following purposes:

	Cash
Business-type Activities	
Customer water deposits	\$ 267,819
Construction - water fund	3,644,772
Construction - wastewater fund	4,143,102
	\$ 8,055,693

\$7,787,866 of the City's restricted cash balances are held in escrow accounts that investment in government securities money market funds. These funds were deposited in these escrow accounts pursuant to an agreement with the Texas Water Development Board. The escrowed funds are kept in separate accounts and can only be disbursed or withdrawn to pay the costs of approved projects and solely upon written authorization from the Texas Water Development Board.

Part of the Texas Water Development Board escrowed funds are loan forgiveness grants. At year-end the City reported \$2,422,779 unearned revenues in the business-type activities for the unspent portion of these grants. The grant revenue will be recognized as the funds are spent on the capital projects.

NOTE 4: DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify in this category. They are deferred outflow related to TMRS pension and deferred outflows related to TMRS OPEB reported in the government-wide statement of net position and proprietary funds statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resource (revenue) until that time. The City has three types of items in this category. Unavailable revenues for governmental funds and deferred inflows related to pensions and deferred inflows related to OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position and propriety funds statements are reported as deferred inflows of resources. The BEDC has deferred inflows related to leases. At the end of the fiscal year the components of deferred inflows in the governmental funds were as follows:

NOTE 4: DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (continued)

Deferred inflows of resources - governmental funds

Deferred property taxes receivable (general fund)	\$	125,364
Deferred property taxes receivable (general debt service fund)		47,965
Deferred franchise taxes receivable (general fund)		69,345
Deferred court fines (general fund)	_	20,596
Total deferred inflows for governmental funds	\$	263,270

NOTE 5: INTERFUND RECEIVABLE, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund transfers for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor funds at September 30, 2023, is as follows:

Transfer In Transfer Out			Amount
General Fund	Water Fund	\$	355,000
General Fund	Wastewater Fund		150,000
General Capital Projects Fund	Other governmental funds		870,000
Other governmental funds	General		75,000
Other governmental funds	Water Fund		47,338
Other governmental funds	Wastewater Fund		25,000
Total Governmental Funds Transfers In		\$	1,522,338
Water Fund	General Debt Service Fund	\$	1,025,735
Water Fund	General Capital Projects Fu	nd	10,640
Wastewater Fund	General Debt Service Fund		139,629
Total Enterprise Funds Transfers In		\$	1,176,004

Each year the water fund and wastewater fund transfer unrestricted revenues to finance various programs accounted for in the general fund in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Amounts transferred to the general capital projects fund and other governmental funds were for construction projects and equipment replacement. The general debt service fund was created to pay part of the water and wastewater debt and the amounts paid were treated as transfers.

NOTE 6: <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Governmental activities:		Prir	nary Governm	ent	
	Beginning				Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Balance
Non - Depreciable Assets:					
Land	\$ 194,785	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 194,785
Construction in Progress	15,250	1,034,150	-	-	1,049,400
Total non-depreciable assets	210,035	1,034,150	-	-	1,244,185
Depreciable Assets:					
Buildings and improvements	1,561,651	-	-	-	1,561,651
Infrastructure	7,881,190	-	-	-	7,881,190
Vehicles and Equipment	2,718,891	45,581	(375,114)	-	2,389,358
Intangible Right-to-Use Lease		-	× · · /		
vehicles and equipment	63,517	89,667	-	-	153,184
Total capital assets being					
depreciated	12,225,249	135,248	(375,114)	-	11,985,383
Accumulated Depreciation and Amorti	zation:				
Buildings and improvements	(1,029,066)	(37,746)	-	-	(1,066,812)
Infrastructure	(1,942,480)	(159,640)	-	-	(2,102,120)
Vehicles and Equipment	(2,145,102)	(166,414)	342,808	-	(1,968,708)
Intangible Right-to-Use Lease -		× · · /			
vehicles and equipment	(13,611)	(16,405)	-	-	(30,016)
Total accumulated depreciation	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				· · · · ·
and amortization	(5,130,259)	(380,205)	342,808	-	(5,167,656)
Governmental activities capital					
assets, net	\$7,305,025	\$ 789,193	\$ (32,306)	\$ -	\$8,061,912

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2023 was as follows:

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	30,032
Public Safety	106,099
Public Works	190,334
Cemetery	5,529
Parks	47,319
Community services	892
Total - governmental activities	\$ 380,205

NOTE 6: <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> - (Continued)

Business-type activities:	Primary Government						
	Beginning				Ending		
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Balance		
Non - Depreciable Assets:							
Land	\$ 193,297	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ 193,297		
Construction in Progress	1,160,127	1,212,926	-	(1,736,667)	636,386		
Total non-depreciable assets	1,353,424	1,212,926	-	(1,736,667)	829,683		
Depreciable Assets:							
Land improvements	51,442	-	-	-	51,442		
Buildings and improvements	1,310,830	-	-	-	1,310,830		
Water and sewer systems	28,697,067	-	-	1,736,667	30,433,734		
Vehicles and equipment	1,072,342	-	(172,107)	_	900,235		
Intangible Right-to-Use Lease	, ,				,		
Vehicles and equipment	7,144	33,415	-	-	40,559		
Total capital assets being							
depreciated	31,138,825	33,415	(172,107)	1,736,667	32,736,800		
Accumulated Depreciation and Amorti	ization.						
Land improvements	(20,861)	(923)	-	_	(21,784)		
Buildings and improvements	(964,985)	(27,084)	-	-	(992,069)		
Water and sewer systems	(11,072,488)	(753,157)	-	8,887	(11,816,758)		
Vehicles and equipment	(821,190)	(36,923)	172,107	(8,887)	(694,893)		
Intangible Right-to-Use Lease -	(0=1,1)0)	(00,920)	1,2,10,	(0,007)	(0) (,0) ()		
Vehicles and eqipment	(1,530)	(3,758)	-	-	(5,288)		
Total accumulated depreciation		()					
and amortization	(12,881,054)	(821,845)	172,107	-	(13,530,792)		
Business-type activities capital							
assets, net	\$19,611,195	\$ 424,496	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,035,691		

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the business-type activities as follows:

Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 577,299
Wastewater	235,318
Sanitation	4,200
Trade Days	5,026
Total - business-type activities	\$ 821,843

NOTE 6: <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> - (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Activity for the Breckenridge Economic Development Corporation for the year ended September 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending		
	Balance		Increases		Decreases		Balance
Non - Depreciable Assets:							
Land	\$	56,546	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 56,546
Total non-depreciable assets		56,546		-		-	56,546
Depreciable Assets:							
Buildings and improvements		280,030		-		-	280,030
Office furniture and equipment		9,508		-		(5,008)	4,500
Total capital assets being							
depreciated		289,538		-		(5,008)	284,530
Accumulated Depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements		(86,772)		(9,527)		-	(96,299)
Office furniture and Equipment		(6,058)		(1,800)		5,008	(2,850)
Total accumulated depreciation		(92,830)		(11,327)		5,008	(99,149)
Governmental activities capital							
assets, net	\$	253,254	\$	(11,327)	\$	-	\$241,927

Properties Held for Economic Development

BEDC's goal is to promote and develop the industrial and manufacturing enterprises in order to encourage employment in the City of Breckenridge. Property and equipment are acquired with the intent of making these properties available to prospective companies at a reasonable price as an incentive to relocate their business in Breckenridge. These properties are not considered investments and are reported at cost. At September 30, 2023, properties held for economic development at cost was \$2,302,223.

NOTE 7: <u>FINANCED PURCHASES</u>

The City has entered into agreements to finance the acquisition of equipment for the general fund and water fund. These leases qualify as financed purchases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception.

\$199,876 agreement dated April 1, 2015, for a fire truck due in annual payments of \$23,719 including interest at 3.24% maturing April 1, 2025.

\$151,241 agreement dated April 15, 2022, for four trucks due in annual payments of \$50,414 including interest at 3.35% maturing April 15, 2025. This was split between the governmental activities and business-type activities.

NOTE 7: <u>FINANCED PURCHASES</u>- (Continued)

Future minimum commitments are as follows:

	Go	vernmental	Business-typ		
	A	Activities	A	ctivities	
2024	\$ 63,493		\$	10,640	
2025		63,493		10,640	
Total debt service					
requirements		126,986		21,280	
Less: Interest Portion		6,034		1,023	
Debt Principal	\$	120,952	\$	20,257	

Assets and related accumulated depreciation are as follows:

	Activities	A	ctivities
Vehicles and equipment	\$ 330,838	\$	36,111
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(155,175)		(9,028)
Net	\$ 175,663	\$	27,083
ivet	\$ 175,005	<u> </u>	27,005

NOTE 8: <u>LEASE FINANCING</u>

The City, as a lessee, has entered into lease agreements involving copiers and printers and vehicles. The total of the City's leased assets are recorded at a cost of \$193,743, less accumulated amortization of \$35,304. With the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, Leases, a lease meeting the criteria of this statement requires the lessee to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use asset. This lease and assets are split between governmental and business-type activities.

The lease agreement is summarized as follows:

-		Total					
		Payment	Interest		Lease]	Balance
Description	Date	Terms	Rate	Liability		9/	/30/2023
Copiers/Printers	5/28/2021	60 months	3.10%	\$	70,661	\$	41,622
Vehicles		60 months	7.25 - 8.01%		123,082		118,900
Total				\$	193,743	\$	160,522

NOTE 8: <u>LEASE FINANCING</u> – (Continued)

	Governmental Activities						Business-Type Activities						
		Principal	Ι	nterest		Total	Р	rincipal	I	nterest		Total	
2024	\$	29,111	\$	7,244	\$	36,355	\$	7,431	\$	2,202	\$	9,633	
2025		30,789		5,565		36,354		7,921		1,712		9,633	
2026		27,685		3,791		31,476		7,895		1,190		9,085	
2027		19,499		2,219		21,718		7,321		667		7,988	
2028		17,687		657		18,344		5,183		141		5,324	
Total	\$	124,771	\$	19,476	\$	144,247	\$	35,751	\$	5,912	\$	41,663	

The future lease payments under lease agreements are as follows:

NOTE 9: LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the City for the year ended September 30, 2023.

Primary Government	09/30/2022	Additions	Retirements		09/30/2023	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities.:	07/30/2022	Additions	Retirements	•	07/30/2023	
Direct Placement						
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2017B	\$ 4,004,000 \$	-	\$ 744,000	\$	3,260,000 \$	71,000
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2023	-	8,385,000	-		8,385,000	235,000
Series 2023 unamortized premium	-	447,007	-		447,007	49,736
Financed purchases	178,540	-	57,588		120,952	59,492
Lease Financing Payable	50,667	89,667	15,563		124,771	29,111
Net pension liability	-	673,392	-		673,392	-
Total OPEB liability	203,216	-	62,056		141,160	
Total Governmental Activities	4,436,423	9,595,066	879,207		13,152,282	444,339
Business-type Activities:						
Direct Placement						
Certificates of Obligation	10,025,000	-	938,000		9,087,000	294,000
Financed purchases	29,896	-	9,639		20,257	9,962
Lease Financing Payable	5,698	33,415	3,362		35,751	7,431
Net pension liability	-	201,369			201,369	-
Total OPEB liability	59,913	-	17,699		42,214	
Total Business-type Activities	10,120,507	234,784	968,700		9,386,591	311,393
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 14,556,930 \$	9,829,850	\$ 1,847,907	\$	22,538,873 \$	755,732

NOTE 9: LONG-TERM DEBT – (continued)

At September 30, 2023, governmental activities and business-type activities bonds payable consisted of the following issues:

	G	Primary Sovernment
Governmental Activities		
\$4,262,000 Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2017B, due in annual installments through September 15, 2057, bearing interest at 2.75%	\$	3,260,000
\$8,385,000 Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2023,		
due in annual installments through September 15, 2043, bearing interest at 4.00 - 5.00%		8,385,000
Total Governmental Activities	\$	11,645,000
Business-Type Activities \$1,680,000 Combination Tax and Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation Series 2012, due in annual installments through September 15, 2044, bearing interest at 0% - 2.27%.	\$	535,000
\$840,000 Combination Tax and Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation Series 2013, due in annual installments through September 15, 2044, bearing interest at 0% - 2.27%.		615,000
\$2,380,000 Combination Tax and Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation Series 2014, due in annual installments through September 15, 2045, bearing interest at 0% - 4.30%		1,965,000
\$846,000 Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation Series, 2017A, due in annual installments through September 15, 2057, bearing interest at 2.75%		712,000
\$2,935,000 Combination Tax and Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation Series 2022A, due in annual installments through March 15, 2053, bearing interest at 0.9%-2.02%		2,935,000
\$2,325,000 Combination Tax and Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation Series 2022B, due in annual installments through March 15, 2053, bearing interest at 0.74%-1.89%		2,325,000
Total business-type activities	\$	9,087,000

Certain Certificates of Obligation Bonds are direct placements and include provisions that in the event the City defaults in the payments or performance of covenants, conditions, or obligations, the bond holders shall be entitled to seek a writ of mandamus issued by a court of proper jurisdiction compelling and requiring the governing body of the City to observe and perform the covenant, condition and obligation prescribed by the bond ordinance.

NOTE 9: LONG-TERM DEBT – (continued)

Primary Government		Certificates of Obligation										
	_	Gov	vern	mental Activ	vitie	S		Business-type Activities				
	_	Principal		Interest	_	Total		Principal	Interest		Total	
2024	\$	306,000	\$	485,617	\$	791,617	\$	294,000	193,033	\$	487,033	
2025		338,000		453,761		791,761		299,000	188,301		487,301	
2026		355,000		438,100		793,100		305,000	183,392		488,392	
2027		372,000		421,635		793,635		310,000	178,206		488,206	
2028		389,000		404,588		793,588		316,000	172,793		488,793	
2029-2033		2,240,000		1,731,935		3,971,935		1,661,000	772,547		2,433,547	
2034-2038		2,813,000		1,156,826		3,969,826		1,544,000	603,553		2,147,553	
2039-2043		3,436,000		527,818		3,963,818		1,742,000	403,593		2,145,593	
2044-2048		650,000		148,351		798,351		1,383,000	190,680		1,573,680	
2049-2053		746,000		52,382		798,382		1,168,000	69,452		1,237,452	
2054-2058		-		-		-		65,000	1,794		66,794	
Total debt service	_											
requirements	\$_	11,645,000	\$	5,821,013	\$	17,466,013	\$	9,087,000 \$	2,957,344	\$	12,044,344	

The annual requirements to amortize governmental activities and business-type activities bonds outstanding as of September 30, 2023 are as follows:

Tax and revenue bonds are payable from property taxes pledges and surplus revenues of the water and wastewater system. The debt ordinances provide for tax pledges to be budgeted annually to the extent budgeted net operating water and wastewater system revenues fall short of annual retirements of principal and interest. A tax rate of \$.255160 per \$100 of assessed valuation was levied for this purpose during the current year. The debt ordinances also provide for the establishment of sinking funds for the retirement of debt principal and interest. The balances in the interest and sinking funds was \$151,300 for the general debt service at year-end. Management of the City believes that it is in compliance with all significant financial requirements required by debt covenants as of September 30, 2023.

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Breckenridge Economic Development Corporation for the year ended September 30, 2023.

Component Unit		09/30/2022	Additions		Retirements		09/30/2023	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities.:	_	(0.007	 	-	(0.007	-		
Tax leveraged fund note	_	68,997	 	-	68,997	-		
Total Component Unit	\$	68,997	\$ -	\$	68,997	\$	\$	-

NOTE 10: <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks. There have been no significant reductions in coverage and the amount of settlements during the past three years has not exceeded the insurance coverage.

NOTE 11: TAX ABATEMENTS

The City of Breckenridge is authorized to provide assistance for economic development under Chapter 380 of the Texas Local Government Code. The economic development must serve the purpose of promoting state or local economic development by stimulating business or commercial activity within the City. The assistance may be in the form of loans, grants, tax rebates and use of City personnel and services. The City has entered into Chapter 380 Economic Development Program Agreements with a developer and has agreed to provide sales tax grants and rebates. The City will pay to developer an amount equal to 60% of the project sales tax revenue for a period of ten years up to a maximum of \$325,000. The first payment was made in February 2018 and the final payment will be made in February 2027 if the maximum has not been paid at that date. The 380 Agreement was entered into in conjunction with a Performance Agreement between a developer and Breckenridge Economic Development Corporation, the two agreements being contingent upon execution of the other.

Below is a table of tax abatements for the year ended September 30, 2023.

Type of		Tax	Percent	Abat	ed
Business	Purpose	Abated	Abated	City	BEDC
Retail shopping	Purchase, remodel and				
center	redevelop property	Sales Tax	60% of 1 cent	\$ 16,287	

NOTE 12: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS</u>

Plan Description

The City participates as one of 919 plans in the defined benefit cash-balance plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is a statewide public retirement plan created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle G (TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the city are required to participate in TMRS.

NOTE 12: <u>**DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**</u> – (Continued)

Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the city, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the member's benefit is calculated as if the sum of the member's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest, and their age at retirement and other actuarial factors. The retiring ember may select one of seven monthly benefit payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a lump sum distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

	Plan Year 2022
Employee deposit rate	5%
Matching ratio (city to employee)	1.5 -1
Years required for vesting	5
Service retirement eligibility (expressed as age/years of service)	60/5, 0/20
Updated service credit	100% Repeating, Transfers
Annuity increase (to retirees)	70% of CPI Repeating

At the December 31, 2022 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active Employees	56
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	55
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	61
	172

Contributions

The contribution rates for members in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of the member's total compensation, and the city matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the city. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The City's contribution rate is based on the liabilities created from the benefit plan options selected by the City and any changes in benefits or actual experience over time.

Employees for the City were required to contribute 5% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 8.64% and 8.54% in calendar years 2022 and 2023, respectively. The city's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2023, were \$217,961, and were more than the required contributions.

NOTE 12: <u>**DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**</u> – (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.5% per year
Overall payroll growth	2.75% per year
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for active, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees is used with a 4-year set forward for males and a 3-year set forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who became disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS of the four-year period December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rate (APRs) are based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011, and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTE 12: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS</u> – (Continued)

		Long-Term Expected Rate
Asset Class	Target Allocation	of Return (Arithmetic)
Global Equity	35.00%	7.70%
Core Fixed Income	6.00%	4.90%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.00%	8.70%
Other Public and Private Markets	12.00%	8.10%
Real Estate	12.00%	5.80%
Hedge Funds	5.00%	6.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.80%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension			
	Liability	Net Position	Liability			
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)			
Balance at 12/31/21	\$ 8,703,773	\$ 9,070,872	\$ (367,099)			
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	236,527	-	236,527			
Interest	575,798	-	575,798			
Difference between expected and actual experience	102,048	-	102,048			
Changes of assumptions	-	-	-			
Contributions-employer	-	210,001	(210,001)			
Contributions-employee	-	121,911	(121,911)			
Net investment income	-	(660,505)	660,505			
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(583,396)	(583,396)	-			
Administrative expense	-	(5,730)	5,730			
Other changes		6,836	(6,836)			
Net changes	330,977	(910,883)	1,241,860			
Balance at 12/31/22	\$ 9,034,750	\$ 8,159,989	\$ 874,761			

NOTE 12: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS</u> – (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease in		1% Increase in			
	Discount Rate (5.75%)		Disco	ount Rate (6.75%)	Discount Rate (7.75%)		
City's Net Pension Liability	\$	1,999,308	\$	874,761	\$	(52,643)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at *www.tmrs.com*.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$212,231.

At September 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferr	ed Outflows	Defer	red Inflows	
	of I	Resources	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	70,184	\$	7,706	
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings		556,957		-	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		168,101			
Total	\$	795,242	\$	7,706	

\$168,101 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

NOTE 12: <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS</u> – (Continued)

	outflo	t Deferred ws (inflows) resources
Year ended December 31:		
2023	\$	41,892
2024		171,234
2025		151,752
2026		254,557
2027		-
Thereafter		-
	\$	619,435

NOTE 13: POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

A. Plan Description

TMRS administers a defined benefit group-term life insurance plan known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). This is a voluntary program in which participating member cities may elect, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage for their active members, including or not including retirees. The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered an other postemployment benefit (OPEB) and is a fixed amount of \$7,500. The SDBF covers both active and retiree participants, with no segregation of assets, the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (i.e. no assets are accumulated).

The member city contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. The intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

B. Benefits Provided

At the December 31, 2022 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	35
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	10
Active employees	56
	101

NOTE 13: <u>POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)</u> – (Continued)

C. Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total OPEB Liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.5% per year
Overall payroll growth	3.50% to 11.50% including infation
Retirees' share of benefit related costs	\$0

All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on the 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year set-forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018.

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the Total OPEB Liability was 4.05%. The discount rate was based on Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2022.

NOTE 13: <u>POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)</u> – (Continued)

Changes in the OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB			
	Liability			
		(a)		
Balances as of December 31, 2021	\$	263,129		
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		11,355		
Interest on total OPEB liability		4,884		
Effect of plan changes		-		
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		277		
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		(89,506)		
Benefit payments		(6,765)		
Net changes		(79,755)		
Balances as of December 31, 2022	\$	183,374		

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 2.00%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.00%) than the current rate:

	1%	1% decrease		Current		6 increase
	dis	discount rate Discount Rate 3.05% 4.05%		Discount Rate		scount rate
				5.05%		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	217,774	\$	183,374	\$	156,373

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$3,304

At September 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources relate to OPEB for the following sources:

NOTE 13: POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - (Continued)

		red Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	1 10	Resources	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	222	\$	14,494	
Changes in assumptions		26,418		72,603	
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date		5,850		_	
Total	\$	32,490	\$	87,097	

\$5,850 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability for the year ending September 30, 2024. Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Plan year ended December 31:	
2023	\$ (11,112)
2024	(12,219)
2025	(18,360)
2026	(17,707)
2027	(1,059)
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ (60,457)

NOTE 14: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

A. Federal and State Programs

Federal and state funding received related to various grant programs are based upon periodic reports detailing reimbursable expenditures made, in compliance with program guidelines, to the grantor agency. These programs are governed by various statutory rules and regulations of the grantors. Amounts received and receivable under these various funding programs are subject to periodic audit and adjustment by the funding agencies. To the extent, if any, the City has not complied with all the rules and regulations with respect to performance, financial or otherwise, adjustment to or return of fund monies may be required.

As it pertains to other matters of compliance, in the opinion of the City's administration, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to matters of compliance and accordingly, no provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

B. USDA Loan Program

The Breckenridge Economic Development Corporation (BEDC) has in the past received funds from the USDA for a loan program to allow BEDC to assist new businesses with low interest loans. There are no reporting requirements on the use of the funds; however, the funds are required to be maintained intact with interest earned for the loan program. To the extent, if any, the BEDC has not complied with all the rules and regulations return of fund money may be required.

NOTE 15: <u>SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS</u>

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements was effective for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. The City has entered into subscription-based information technology arrangements involving:

- A SCADA (Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition) watch service suite regarding the Agency's water system.
- Various desktop and server software subscriptions
- Accounting and payroll services software
- Work order and code enforcement software
- Police and dispatch
- Emergency notification system

The City has outflows of resources during the fiscal year totaling \$55,930 that are not included in the measurement of a subscription liability. The City's software subscriptions are not commitments longer than twelve months therefore a subscription liability is not calculated.

NOTE 16: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were evaluated through February 1, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE, TEXAS

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the year ended September 30, 2023

			1 .				Variance with Final Budget
		Budgete Original	ed A	Final		Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:		Oliginai		Tinai		Actual	(Negative)
Taxes:							
Property taxes	\$	1,855,000	\$	1,855,000	\$	1,921,841	66,841
Sales and use tax	•	1,628,500	•	1,628,500	•	1,443,302	(185,198)
Franchise		453,000		453,000		457,358	4,358
Hotel motel taxes		75,000		75,000		51,221	(23,779)
Charges for service		203,800		203,800		196,765	(7,035)
Grants and contributions		12,400		12,400		12,300	(100)
Interest income		1,500		1,500		3,901	2,401
Other revenue		23,500		72,666		81,049	8,383
Total revenues		4,252,700		4,301,866		4,167,737	(134,129)
Expenditures:							
Current							
General government		1,251,120		1,244,313		1,231,872	12,441
Public Safety		2,192,967		2,267,086		2,003,372	263,714
Public Works		665,973		641,973		457,340	184,633
Cemetery		75,054		75,054		55,427	19,627
Parks		397,698		420,398		322,780	97,618
Community services		16,500		17,050		15,668	1,382
Tourism		42,000		75,000		84,684	(9,684)
Debt service:							
Principal		-		-		13,253	(13,253)
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		1,384	(1,384)
Total expenditures		4,641,312		4,740,874		4,185,780	555,094
Excess (deficiency) of revenue							
over (under) expenditures)	\$	(388,612)	\$	(439,008)	\$	(18,043)	420,965
Other financing sources (uses):							
Insurance recoveries		-		56,714		56,714	-
Transfers in		505,000		505,000		505,000	-
Transfers out		(75,000)		(75,000)		(75,000)	
Net change in fund balances		41,388		47,706		468,671	420,965
Fund balance, October 1, 2022		1,095,404		1,095,404		1,095,404	
Fund balance, September 30, 2023	\$	1,136,792	\$	1,143,110	\$	1,564,075	420,965

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios September 30, 2023

Total pension liability							
Plan Year	2014		2015		2016		 2017
Service Cost	\$	180,948	\$	202,264	\$	210,034	\$ 208,582
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		523,394		529,436		528,297	542,655
Differences between expected and actual experience		(78,389)		9,535		7,317	(186,991)
Change of assumtions		-		20,408		-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of							
employee contributions		(609,804)		(490,767)		(513,801)	(550,633)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		16,149		270,876		231,847	13,613
Total Pension Liability-Beginning	\$	7,691,481	\$	7,707,630	\$	7,978,506	\$ 8,210,353
Total Pension Liability-Ending (a)	\$	7,707,630	\$	7,978,506	\$	8,210,353	\$ 8,223,966
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Contributions-Employer	\$	192,605		194,097		190,642	202,916
Contributions-Employee		110,082		111,625		108,714	120,197
Net Investment Income		383,868		10,008		446,397	946,773
Benefit payments, including refunds of							
employee contributions		(609,804)		(490,767)		(513,801)	(550,633)
Administrative Expense		(4,008)		(6,097)		(5,039)	(4,905)
Other		(330)		(302)		(272)	(248)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		72,413		(181,436)		226,641	714,100
Plan Fiduciary Net Position-Beginning		6,711,368		6,783,781		6,602,345	6,828,986
Plan Fiduciary Net Position-Ending (b)	\$	6,783,781	\$	6,602,345	\$	6,828,986	\$ 7,543,086
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) -Ending (a) - (b)	\$	923,849	\$	1,376,161	\$	1,381,367	\$ 680,880
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total							
Pension Liability		88.01%		82.75%		83.18%	91.72%
- -							
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	2,201,639	\$	2,232,491	\$	2,174,270	\$ 2,152,549
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered							
Employee Payroll		41.96%		61.64%		63.53%	31.63%

The accompanying notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

EXHIBIT F-2

2018		2019	2020		2021		2022
\$ 216,65	54 \$	221,658	\$ 207,065	\$	198,705	\$	236,527
544,30		547,074	563,096		561,614		575,798
-)-							,
(211,43	30)	(23,452)	(200,387)		5,208		102,048
	-	48,717	-		-		-
(535,18	32)	(488,813)	(609,861)		(565,226)		(583,396)
14,40)9	305,184	(40,087)		200,301		330,977
\$ 8,223,90	56 \$	8,238,375	8,543,559	\$	8,503,472	\$	8,703,773
\$ 8,238,37	75 \$	8,543,559	8,503,472	\$	8,703,773	\$	9,034,750
195,6	13	199,772	186,334		176,398		210,001
112,14	40	114,375	106,734		102,320		121,911
(225,80)9)	1,094,327	606,416		1,078,262		(660,505)
(535,18	32)	(488,813)	(609,861)		(565,226)		(583,396)
(4,30	57)	(6,189)	(3,929)		(4,997)		(5,730)
(22	28)	(187)	(152)		36		6,836
(457,83	33)	913,285	285,542		786,793		(910,883)
7,543,08	36	7,085,253	7,998,537		8,284,079		9,070,872
\$ 7,085,25	53 \$	7,998,538	8,284,079	\$	9,070,872	\$	8,159,989
\$ 1,153,12	22 \$	545,021	\$ 219,393	\$	(367,099)	\$	874,761
86.00)%	93.62%	97.42%		104.22%		90.32%
\$ 2,242,79	95 \$	2,287,492	\$ 2,134,687	\$	2,046,397	\$	2,416,006
51.4	1%	23.83%	10.28%		-17.94%		36.21%

The accompanying notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

EXHIBIT F-3

CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE Schedule of Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Actuarially	Actual	Contribution	Pensionable	Contribuiton
Ending	Determined	Employer	Deficiency	Covered	as a % of
September 30	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Covered Payroll
2014 2015 2016	178,086	\$ 189,895 193,572	\$ (15,192) (15,486) (15,722)	2,193,754	8.99% 8.82% 8.820/
2016	180,812	196,535	(15,723)	2,224,633	8.83%
2017	172,193	187,357	(15,164)	2,174,270	8.62%
2018	176,428	194,107	(17,679)	2,222,130	8.74%
2019	173,077	198,814	(25,737)	2,285,528	8.70%
2020	159,687	197,208	(37,521)	2,260,850	8.72%
2021	142,074	176,634	(34,560)	2,043,408	8.64%
2021 2022 2023	142,074 153,711 155,043	206,889 217,960	(34,560) (53,178) (62,917)	2,043,408 2,400,092 2,545,260	8.64% 8.62% 8.56%

CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios September 30, 2023

Total OPEB liability

Plan Year		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
Service Cost	\$	6,888	\$	8,298	\$	7,091	\$	10,033	\$	9,823	\$	11,355
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		6,417		6,520		6,933		6,120		5,230		4,884
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		(10,010)		(11,819)		(6,035)		(13,794)		277
Change of assumtions or other inputs		14,955		(12,381)		33,783		32,024		7,546		(89,506)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee												
contributions		(1,507)		(2,019)		(1,830)		(1,708)		(4,502)		(6,765)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		26,753		(9,592)		34,158		40,434		4,303		(79,755)
Total Pension Liability-Beginning		167,073		193,826		184,234		218,392		258,826		263,129
Total Pension Liability-Ending (a)	\$	193,826	\$	184,234	\$	218,392	\$	258,826	\$	263,129	\$	183,374
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 2	2,152,549	\$ 2	2,242,795	\$ 2	2,287,492	\$ 2	2,134,687	\$ 2	2,046,397	\$ 2	2,416,006
Employee Payroll		9.00%		8.21%		9.55%		12.12%		12.86%		7.59%

CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

<u>Budget</u>

Annual operating budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all general fund, special revenue, capital projects and proprietary funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The City Commission follows these procedures in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- a. The City Commission prior to October 1 formally adopts the City's budget at a duly advertised public meeting and before expenditure of funds for the budget year. The budget is legally enacted by the adoption of an ordinance.
- b. The budget may be amended with the approval of a voting majority of the members of the City Commission. The budget was amended once during the year.
- c. Budgetary control is maintained at the fund level, subject to adjustments permitted as described above.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

Tourism and debt service expenditures exceeded budget in the general fund, however total expenditures were \$555,094 less than budgeted.

CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

Schedule of Contributions

Valuation Date:

Notes

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January 13 months later.

Methods and Assumtions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	22 years (longest amortization ladder)
Asset Valuation Method	10 Year smoothed market; 12% soft corridor
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.50% to 11.50% including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2014 - 2018
Mortality	Post retirement:2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.
	Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee tables used for females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.
Other Information:	
Notes	There were no benefit chnges during the year.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE, TEXAS

Nonmajor Funds

Combining Balance Sheet

September 30, 2023

		Special Revenue Funds							
		Fire Department		Park	_	Police Department		Total Special Revenue Funds	
Assets:					-		-		
Cash	\$	9,392	\$	9,612	\$	13,614	\$	32,618	
Investments		-		-		-		-	
Receivables (Net of allowances)									
Other taxes		-		-		-		-	
Total assets	\$	9,392	\$	9,612	\$	13,614	\$	32,618	
Liabilities and fund balance: Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		
Total liabilities				_					
Fund Balances:									
Restricted fund balance	\$	9,392	\$	9,612	\$	13,614	\$	32,618	
Committed fund balance	•	-		-				-	
Total fund balance		9,392		9,612		13,614		32,618	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	9,392	\$	9,612	\$	13,614	\$	32,618	

EXHIBIT G-1

	Са	pital Project F	une	ds	Permanent Fund	
Equipment Replacement		Street Maintenance Fund		Total Capital Projects Funds	 Cemetery Fund	 Total Nonmajor Funds
\$ 296,283	\$	50,447	\$	346,730	\$ - 555,924	\$ 379,348 555,924
-		49,615		49,615	-	49,615
\$ 296,283	\$	100,062	\$	396,345	\$ 555,924	\$ 984,887
\$ \$ 19,293	\$		\$	19,293	\$ -	\$ 19,293
19,293				19,293	-	19,293
\$ - 276,990	\$	100,062	\$	100,062 276,990	\$ 555,924	\$ 688,604 276,990
276,990		100,062		377,052	555,924	965,594
\$ 296,283	\$	100,062	\$	396,345	\$ 555,924	\$ 984,887

CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE, TEXAS

Nonmajor Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

For the year ended September 30, 2023

		Special Revenue Funds						
]	Fire Department		Park		Police Department		Total Special Revenue Funds
Revenues:								
	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Grants and contributions		4,595		365		2,500		7,460
Investment earnings		30		23		34		87
Other revenue	_	-		-	•	-	ı.	-
Total revenue		4,625		388		2,534		7,547
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public Safety		11,753		-		-		11,753
Public Works		-		-		-		-
Cemetery		-		-		-		-
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-
Debt service:								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-	•	-	i.	
Total expenditures		11,753		-		-		11,753
Excess (deficiency) of revenue								
over (under) expenditures)		(7,128)		388		2,534		(4,206)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Gain on Sale of Assets		-		-		-		-
Lease Financing		-		-		-		-
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-		
Net change in fund balances		(7,128)		388		2,534		(4,206)
Fund Balance, October 1, 2022		16,520		9,224	•	11,080		36,824
Fund Balance, September 30, 2023	\$	9,392	\$	9,612	\$	13,614	\$	32,618

EXHIBIT G-2

		С	apital Project F	und	s		Permanent Fund		
	Equipment Replacement		Street Maintenance Fund	<u>.</u>	Total Capital Projects Funds	-	Cemetery Fund		Total Nonmajor Funds
\$	-	\$	287,725	\$	287,725	\$	-	\$	287,725
	639		2,041		2,680		31,735		7,460 34,502
	-	i.	-		-	-	3,152	-	3,152
	639		289,766		290,405	-	34,887	· -	332,839
	-		-		-		-		11,753
	-		55,195		55,195		-		55,195
	- 117,408		-		- 117,408		21,924		21,924 117,408
	117,408		-		117,408		-		-
	59,899		-		59,899		-		59,899
,	6,969		-		6,969	-	-	-	6,969
	184,276	,	55,195	•	239,471	-	21,924	· -	273,148
	(183,637)		234,571	. .	50,934	-	12,963		59,691
	== == (== == (7 2 22 (
	73,226		-		73,226		-		73,226
	89,667 147,338		-		89,667 147,338		-		89,667 147,338
	(10,640)		(870,000)	_	(880,640)	_	-		(880,640)
	115,954		(635,429)	- '	(519,475)	-	12,963	· •	(510,718)
	161,036		735,491		896,527	-	542,961		1,476,312
\$	276,990	\$	100,062	\$	377,052	\$	555,924	\$	965,594

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Unaudited)

CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE, TEXAS

Schedule of Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023

Last Ten Years	Тах	Rate	Assessed	Beginning Balance
Ended Sept 30	Maintenance	Debt Service	Value	October 1
2014 and prior	0.6282	0.2618	192,875,823	36,112
2015	0.5652	0.2966	201,105,727	7,137
2016	0.6148	0.3252	196,762,440	9,454
2017	0.6588	0.3812	184,686,029	13,171
2018	0.6846	0.3519	185,111,143	17,836
2019	0.7330	0.2870	186,178,825	27,183
2020	0.7850	0.2850	186,070,474	36,085
2021	0.8384	0.2839	180,018,850	51,065
2022	0.7605	0.2995	200,655,886	132,660
2023(Year under audit)	0.7648	0.2552	257,613,426	

TOTALS

\$ 330,703

Current Year's Total Levy	Maintenance Collections	Debt Service Collections	Entire Year's Adjustments	Ending Balance September 30
	(1,795)	(748)	-	33,569
	(607)	(318)	-	6,212
	(1,182)	(625)	-	7,647
	(2,527)	(1,462)	(93)	9,089
	(2,531)	(1,301)	(60)	13,944
	(5,046)	(1,976)	(59)	20,102
-	(9,307)	(3,379)	(61)	23,338
-	(14,930)	(5,056)	(89)	30,990
	(40,870)	(16,096)	(660)	75,034
2,503,005	(1,775,380)	(592,288)	(8,604)	126,733
\$ 2,503,005	\$ (1,854,175)	\$ (623,249)	\$ (9,626)	\$ 346,658

City of Breckenridge, Texas Statistics - Water and Wastewater Fund For the year ended September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

Number of water connections at end of year				2,318
Number of wastewater connections at end of year				2,008
Gallons of water billed through the system during the fiscal year			2	207,293,242
		2023		2022
Outstanding Bonds and Certificates:	•		•	
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2012	\$	535,000	\$	1,310,000
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2013		615,000		640,000
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2014		1,965,000		2,020,000
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2017A		712,000		795,000
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2022A		2,935,000		2,935,000
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2022B	¢	2,325,000	<u></u>	2,325,000
	\$	9,087,000	\$	10,025,000
Water and Wastewater Operating Income Available for Debt Retirement:				
Net Operating Income	\$	1,294,285	\$	1,076,524
Net Nonoperating Interest Income	Ψ	299,263	Ψ	19,226
Add Depreciation and Amortizaiton Expense		812,617		745,879
		012,017		110,010
Water and Sewer Operating Income Available for Debt Retirement	\$	2,406,165	\$	1,841,629
Annual Debt Service Requirements and Coverage:				
	•	75 544	•	70.400
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2012	\$	75,544	\$	76,169
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2013		37,288		37,569
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2014		135,707		137,337
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2017A		35,431		35,041
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2022A		51,170		-
Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2022B		36,225		-
Total Debt Service Requirements		371,365		286,116
Less Paid by Property Taxes		(371,365)		(286,116)
		(071,000)		(200,110)
Net System Fund Requirements	\$	-	\$	-
Coverage of Total System Fund Debt Service	no	applicable	not	applicable
Or ale Assailable in Dan d Circlin a Funda				
Cash Available in Bond Sinking Funds				
General Debt Service	\$	151,300	\$	1,546,338
Revenue Debt Service	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
	\$	151,300	\$	1,546,338
		,		. ,

EXHIBIT G-5

CITY OF BRECKENRIDGE, TEXAS

Insurance in Force September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

	Coverage	Premium		
Flood, Fire and Extended Coverage Buildings and Contents	\$ 17,872,187	\$	43,561	
Errors & Omission Liability Each Wrongful Act Aggregate	1,000,000 2,000,000		6,596	
Commercial General Liability Per Occurrence Aggregate	1,000,000 2,000,000		3,514	
Law Enforcement Personal Liability Each Wrongful Act Annual Aggregate	1,000,000 2,000,000		8,035	
Fidelity Bonds City Secretary Assistant City Secretary Other Public Employees not Excluded City Manager	10,000 10,000 10,000 15,000		740	
City Vehicles Liability/Uninsured Motorist Combined Single Limit	1,000,000 25,000		20,996	
Heavy Equipment Physical Damage	1,053,484		4,463	
Crime Public Employee Dishonesty Theft Disappearance & Destruction	5,000 5,000		235 100	
Cyber Insurance			53	

This statement is prepared from the insurance policies. It is intended as a descriptive summary only and no expression of opinion as to the adequacy of the coverage is given. As the actual coverage per policy varies depending on the nature of the event and other factors, these dollar limitations reflect the approximate upper limitation of losses recoverable under the policies.

List of Insurance Carriers

Company	Insurance Type	Expiration
Texas Municipal League	Fire - Buildings and Contents	10/1/2023
Texas Municipal League	Commercial Auto	10/1/2023
Texas Municipal League	Flood	10/1/2023
Texas Municipal League	Public Officials Liability	10/1/2023
Texas Municipal League	Law Enforcement Liability	10/1/2023
CNA Surety Corporation	Fidelity Bond - City Secretary	4/25/2024
CNA Surety Corporation	Fidelity Bond - Assistant City Secretary	1/20/2024
CNA Surety Corporation	City Manager & Other Public Employees	1/20/2024
Texas Municipal League	Heavy Equipment	10/1/2023

OVERALL COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the City Commission City of Breckenridge, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Breckenridge, Texas (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 1, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for determining audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not deigned to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

George, Morgan . Ineal P.C.

Weatherford, Texas February 1, 2024