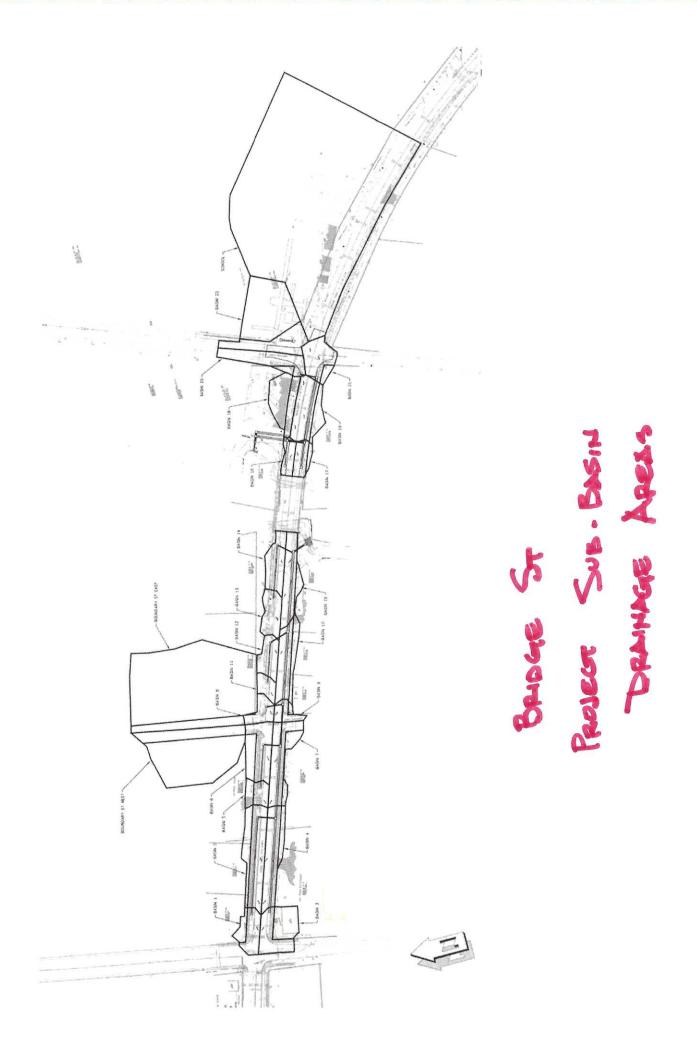
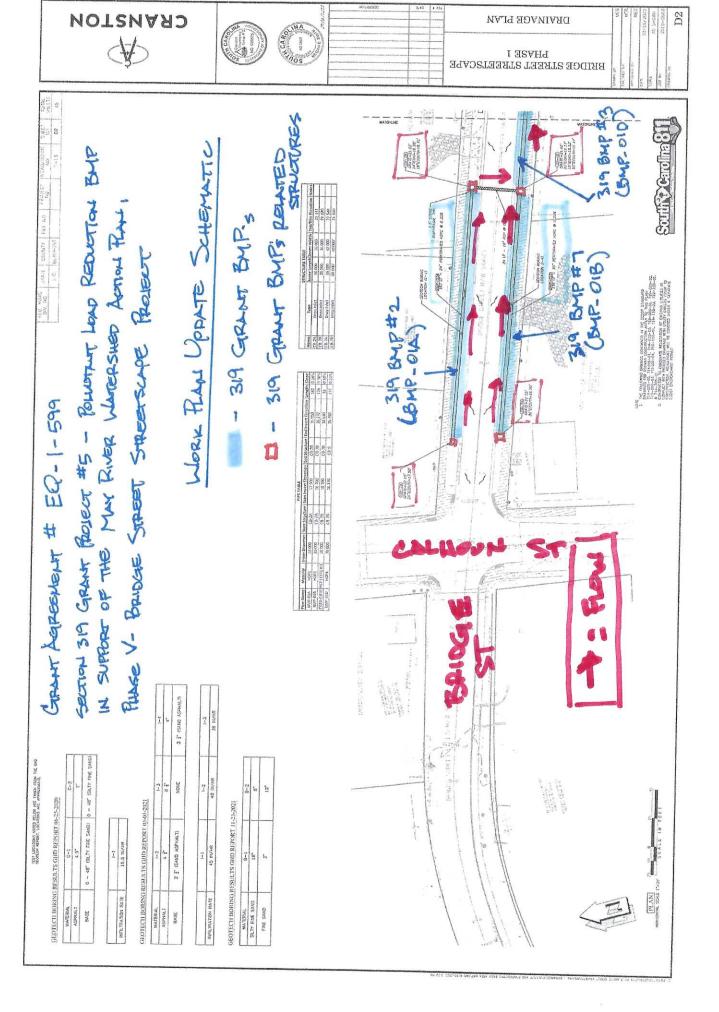
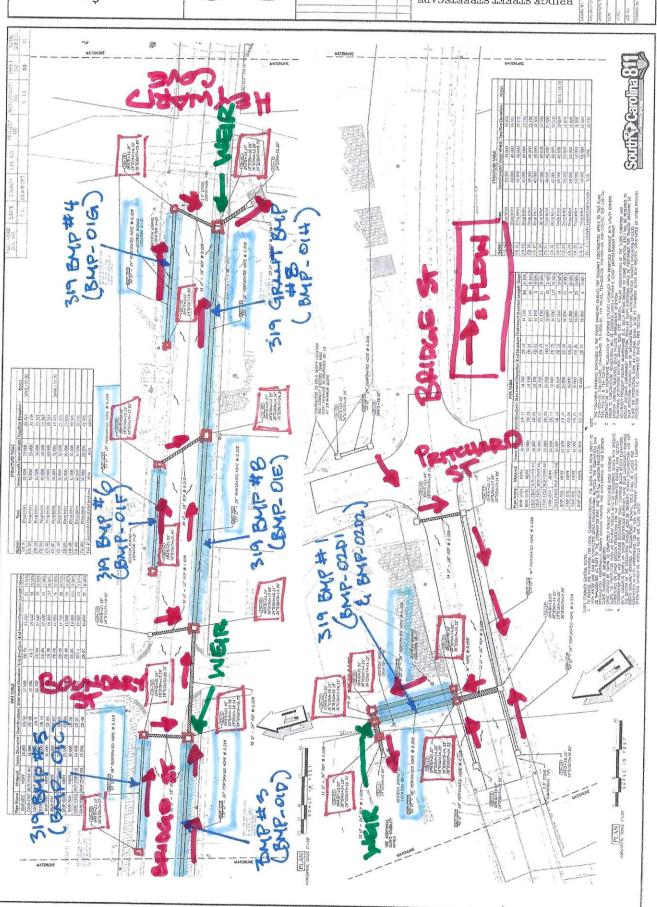
BMP SUMMARY TABLE

BMP Number	Drainage Basin No. (Plan Set Sheet D1)	Contributing Drainage Area (sf)	CDA Turf Cover (sf)	CDA Impervious Cover (sf)	Target/ Req'd SWrv* (cf)	Available SWrv (cf)	Excess SWrv Available (cf)
BMP-01A	1 & 2	10,545	3,545	7,000	1,137.5	2,196.4	1,058.9
BMP-01B	3 & 4	11,729	3,416	8,313	1,350.9	1,378.0	27.1
BMP-01C	5 & 6	7,440	3,426	4,014	652.3	733.2	80.9
BMP-01D	7	5,892	2,532	3,360	546.0	1,073.0	527.0
BMP-01E	8, 9, 10 & Boundary E & W	61,565	35,792	25,773	4,188.1	1,456.0	(2,732.1)
BMP-01F	11 & 12	4,041	1,892	2,149	349.2	693.2	344.0
BMP-01G	13 & 14	6,509	3,136	3,373	548.1	1,127.8	579.7
BMP-01H	15	4,696	1,521	3,175	515.9	1,602.0	1,086.1
System 01 Sub-total		112,417	55,260	57,157	9,288.0	10,259.6	971.6
BMP-02A	18, 19, 20 & 21	19,552	9,892	9,660	1,569.8	1,353.0	(216.8)
BMP-02B	17	2,037	808	1,229	199.7	202.0	2.3
BMP-02C	16	1,526	638	888	144.3	207.0	62.7
BMP-02D	-	-	-	20		1,274.0	1,274.0
System 02 Sub-total	-	23,115	11,338	11,777	1,913.8	3,036.0	1,122.2
BMP-03	22	14,559	4,862	9,697	1,575.8	110.0	(1,465.8)
System 03 Sub-total	-	14,559	4,862	9,697	1,575.8	110.0	(1,465.8)
Project Total	•()	150,091	71,460	78,631	12,777.5	13,405.6	628.1













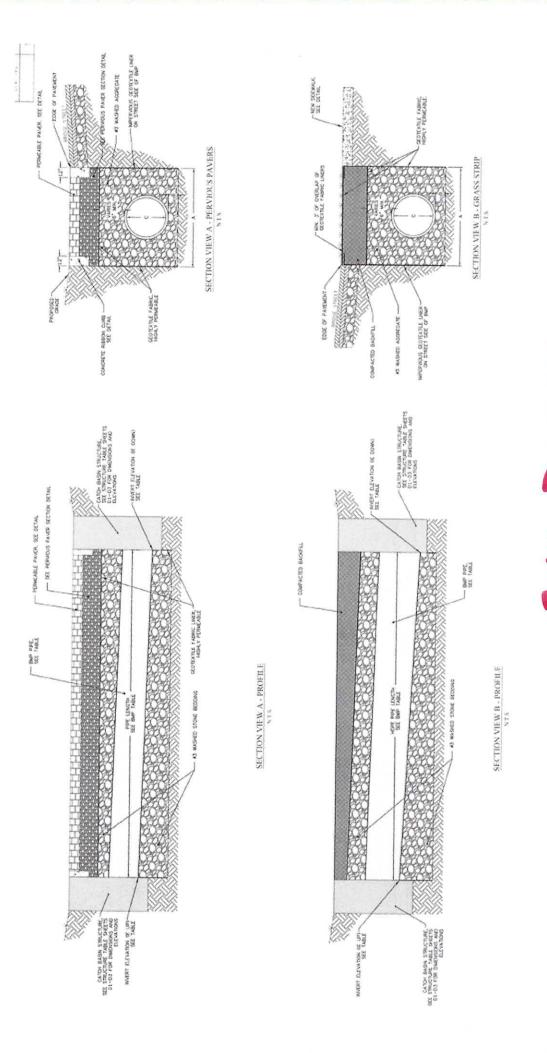
BKIDGE STREET STREETSCAPE

D3

DRAINAGE PLAN

BMP SUMMARY TABLE

BMP Number	Drainage Basin No. (Plan Set Sheet D1)	Contributing Drainage Area (sf)	CDA Turf Cover (sf)	CDA Impervious Cover (sf)	Target/ Req'd SWrv* (cf)	Available SWrv (cf)	Excess SWrv Available (cf)
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Bridge Street Streetscape SoLoCo Plan Compliance Design Compliance/MEP Narrative

The following is a presentation of the Stormwater objectives for Bridge Street Streetscape project in Bluffton, SC. The project has incorporated SoLoCo Stormwater Design Manual and Ordinance (adopted by The Town of Bluffton on September 14, 2021) plan presentation requirements to serve as a model for future Development Plan Applications required to meet the newly adopted Stormwater requirements.

Bridge Street Streetscape Stormwater Design Objectives

The project was not obligated to meet the requirements of the new SoLoCo Stormwater Design Manual and Ordinance due to the time of application submittal and the fact that this is a Town of Bluffton municipal, public project that is reviewed for approval under a separate administrative procedure. However, as part of the Town's Impervious Area Restoration/Stormwater Retrofit Program and acquisition of 319 Grant, the Town implemented Water Quality BMPs within the scope of work for the Bridge Street Streetscape Project.

Most of the work being performed within the project's limits of disturbance includes road surface milling and repaving operations as well as road/impervious surface removal. Pavement restoration is considered maintenance and runoff reduction is not required for the maintenance portion of projects. The impervious area within the limits of disturbance is reduced by approximately 5,775 square feet (0.13 acres). This equates to an overall impervious area reduction of 8% for the contributing drainage area to the three BMP systems discussed below.

The Town's design objective, or Required Stormwater Runoff Volume (SWrv), for the project to be compliant with the 319 Grant was to capture and treat 1.95" of rainfall from the impervious areas within the Contributing Drainage Area (CDA) to each BMP system. The Target/Required SWrv is the volume of stormwater from a site for which the site is required to achieve retention, per the SoLoCo Design Manual.

Three BMP systems are proposed to treat runoff from the contributing drainage area. The BMP systems feature in-series infiltration practices which provide a treatment train. Pervious parking areas receive runoff from the contributing areas, with excess runoff collecting in underground detention systems comprised of perforated pipe fully encompassed in a stone reservoir. As the underground detention system also serves as primary stormwater conveyance to the outfalls, weirs were strategically placed in structures to accommodate the required stormwater retention volume and allow excess flows to pass safely through the system.

Geotechnical explorations were performed to confirm soil type, infiltration rate and groundwater table elevation. This testing confirmed infiltration BMPs are suitable for meeting the Target/Required SWrv and water quality goals of the project.

BMP System 01 collects runoff from the Bridge Street right-of-way (ROW) and adjacent properties between Calhoun Street and the Heyward Cove Bridge, as well as portions of the Boundary Street ROW

and adjacent properties between Green Street & Bridge Street. System 01 outfalls into Heyward Cove. Contributing drainage to this system is comprised of 2.58 acres, approximately 51% impervious cover, with a Target/Required SWrv of 9,288 cubic feet (cf). BMP System 01 provides an available retention volume of 10,259.6 cf.

BMP System 02 collects runoff from the Bridge Street right-of-way (ROW) and adjacent properties between the Heyward Cove Bridge and Pritchard Street, as well as portions of the Pritchard Street ROW and adjacent properties. System 02 outfalls into Heyward Cove. Contributing drainage to this system is comprised of 0.53 acres, approximately 51% impervious cover, with a Target/Required SWrv of 1,913.8 cf. BMP System 02 provides an available retention volume of 3,036 cf. This system was sized to convey flows from a portion of MC Riley Elementary School to provide capacity for future stormwater improvements by others. The approximately 2.29 acres of additional runoff at 70% impervious was excluded from the SWrv calculations provided for the Bridge Street Streetscape project.

BMP System 03 collects runoff from a portion of the Pritchard Street right-of-way (ROW) and Bluffton Town Hall through a roof drain connection. The primary outfall mechanism for System 03 is infiltration, however excess runoff during larger storm events overflows to BMP System 02. Contributing drainage to this system is comprised of 0.33 acres, approximately 67% impervious cover, with a target SWrv of 1,575.8 cf. BMP System 03 provides an available retention volume of 110 cf.

The following table presents a summary of the contributing drainage area to each BMP; the Target/Required SWrv for each system based on the impervious cover in the contributing drainage area; the available SWrv in each system; and the excess or deficit volume available in each system. While not all individual BMPs provide adequate storage for the Target/Required SWrv, the use of treatment trains allows for the SWrv to be retained in the downstream practice. The three BMP systems currently provide an excess treatment volume of 2,461 cubic feet over the Target/Required SWrv. There is enough excess volume in the BMP treatment system to provide additional treatment of 628.1 cubic feet to accommodate future development within the right-of-way areas.

Definitions

- Best management practice (BMP) Structural or nonstructural practice that minimizes the impact of stormwater runoff on receiving waterbodies and other environmental resources, especially by reducing runoff volume and the pollutant loads carried in that runoff.
- Contributing drainage Area (CDA) Area contributing runoff to a BMP.
- Impervious cover A surface area that has been compacted or covered with a layer of material that impedes or prevents the infiltration of water into the ground, examples include conventional streets, parking lots, rooftops, sidewalks, pathways with compacted sub-base, and any concrete, asphalt, or compacted gravel surface and other similar surface.
- Infiltration The passage or movement of surface water through the soil profile.
- Retention Keeping a volume of stormwater runoff on site through infiltration, evapotranspiration, storage for non-potable use, or some combination of these.
- Retention capacity The volume of stormwater that can be retained by a stormwater BMP or land cover.
- Runoff The portion of precipitation (including snow-melt) that travels over the land surface, and also from rooftops, either as sheetflow or as channel flow, in small trickles and streams, into the main water courses.
- Stormwater retention volume (SWRv) Volume of stormwater from a site for which the site is required to achieve retention.

Source: Center for Watershed Protection (2020). Southern Lowcountry Stormwater Design Manual.