

***CITY OF BEL AIRE, KANSAS***

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

AND

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# City of Bel Aire, Kansas

## Financial Statements with Supplementary Information

Year Ended December 31, 2024

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## FINANCIAL SECTION

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council Members  
**City of Bel Aire, Kansas**

### ***Opinions***

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Bel Aire, Kansas (City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### ***Basis for Opinions***

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### ***Emphasis of Matter***

As discussed in Note I.D.13 to the financial statements, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

### ***Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### ***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### ***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### ***Supplementary Information***

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules as listed in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

*Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C*

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Wichita, KS  
August 8, 2025

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the City of Bel Aire's (City) financial statements provides a narrative overview and analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024. This discussion follows guidelines prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34, which enhances comparability between governments. The information presented here should be read in conjunction with the accompanying basic financial statements and the notes to those basic financial statements.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets plus deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$49,089,628 (net position).
- The City's total net position increased during this fiscal year by \$4,921,406.
- At the close of 2024, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$26,892,754, an increase of \$5,269,074 over the prior year.
- At the close of 2024, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$3,842,044 or 43% of revenues for the fund.

### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which include three components: 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) Fund financial statements and 3) Notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements use the *accrual* basis of accounting, which means that the current year's revenues and expenses are recorded as they are earned or incurred, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. These statements include infrastructure assets as well as all known liabilities, including long-term debt. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. The *Statement of Activities* provides information detailing *how* the City's net position changed.

The government-wide financial statements report functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (governmental activities) separately from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). Governmental activities of the City include general government, law enforcement, public works, capital improvement, community development, and parks and recreation. The City has four business-type activities which are used to account for the assets, deferred outflows of resources liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses associated with water, sewer, and solid waste and storm water functions.



## **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a fiscal entity with a set of self-balancing accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to demonstrate compliance with legal requirements, such as state statutes or bond covenants. There are three types of funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

### ***Governmental Funds***

Governmental fund accounting focuses on 1) cash flow and how financial assets can readily be converted to available resources, and 2) the balances left at the end of the fiscal year for future spending. The focus is on the budgetary, short-term financial picture of the reported operations rather than on the longer-term economic picture of the City as a whole.

Governmental funds are reported using the *modified accrual* basis of accounting, which measures cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available, and expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Such information may be useful in determining what financial resources are available in the near future to finance the City's programs.

Therefore, both the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and the government fund financial statements present different useful aspects of the City's financial picture. They are designed to be compared and interpreted together. The reconciliations at the end of the fund financial statements detail the relationship and differences between the two types of financial statements.

### ***Proprietary Funds***

The City maintains proprietary funds that are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sewer and water funds, which are considered major funds of the City.

## **Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of the basic financial statements. They provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

## **Other Supplementary Information**

Required budgetary data related to the General Fund, Land Bank Fund, combining statements for nonmajor governmental and nonmajor enterprise funds and fund budgetary schedules are presented immediately following the notes to the basic financial statements.

## GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Government-Wide Financial Statements						
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Current and other assets	\$ 55,031,544	\$ 45,879,648	\$ 7,974,142	\$ 7,057,974	\$ 63,005,686	\$ 52,937,622
Capital assets	54,229,676	50,549,956	25,155,042	24,602,141	79,384,718	75,152,097
Total assets	109,261,220	96,429,604	33,129,184	31,660,115	142,390,404	128,089,719
Deferred outflows	3,115,574	2,733,314	94,824	160,582	3,210,398	2,893,896
Long-term liabilities	86,574,863	79,175,209	1,111,879	1,249,397	87,686,742	80,424,606
Other liabilities	3,408,217	1,599,719	251,838	210,536	3,660,055	1,810,255
Total liabilities	89,983,080	80,774,928	1,363,717	1,459,933	91,346,797	82,234,861
Deferred inflows	5,130,510	4,573,215	33,867	7,317	5,164,377	4,580,532
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets	(5,669,493)	(5,594,823)	24,441,654	23,821,729	18,772,161	18,226,906
Restricted	6,983,233	6,693,542	-	-	6,983,233	6,693,542
Unrestricted	15,949,464	12,716,056	7,384,770	6,531,718	23,334,234	19,247,774
Total net position	\$ 17,263,204	\$ 13,814,775	\$ 31,826,424	\$ 30,353,447	\$ 49,089,628	\$ 44,168,222

### Analysis of Net Position

As previously mentioned, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets plus deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$49,089,628 at the close of 2024.

The City's net investment in capital assets of \$18,772,161 represents capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment and infrastructure) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. These assets are used on an ongoing basis to provide services to citizens and are thus not available for future spending. The City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt; however, the resources needed to repay this debt must come from other sources. The capital assets themselves cannot be liquidated to satisfy these liabilities.

The City's net position that represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used of \$6,983,233. Restricted net position includes:

- Debt service: \$419,966
- Capital projects: \$344,632
- Public Building Commission: \$9,389
- Land Bank: \$6,205,593 and
- Drug forfeiture: \$3,653

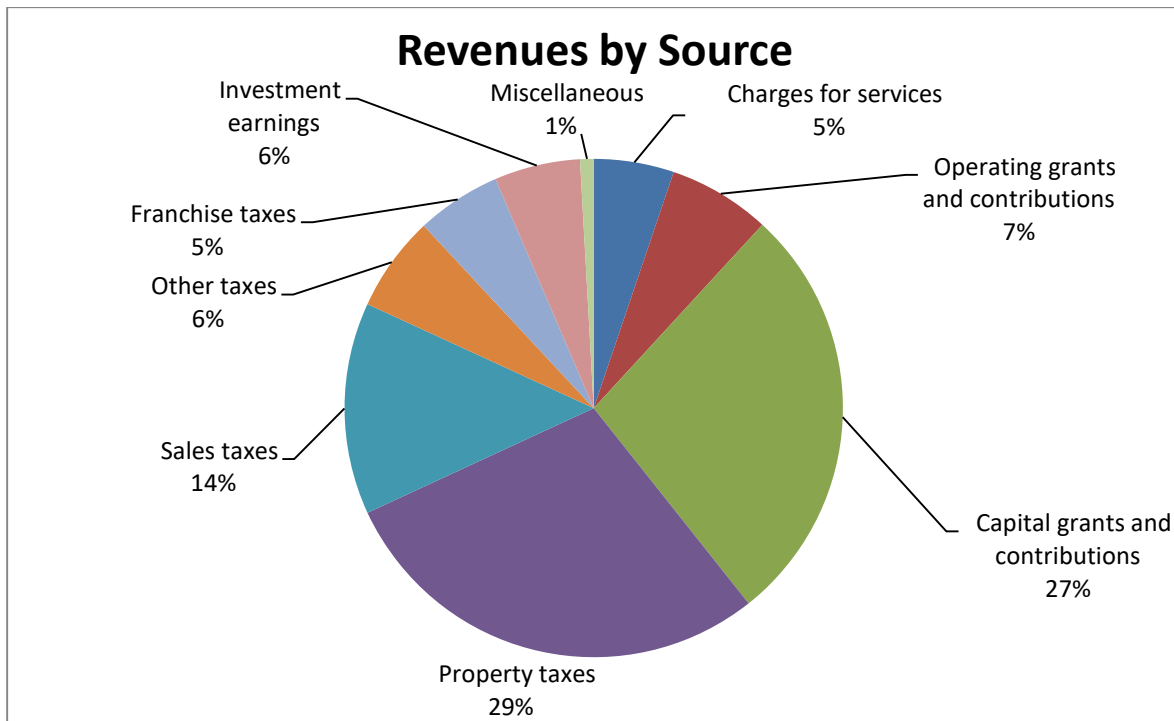
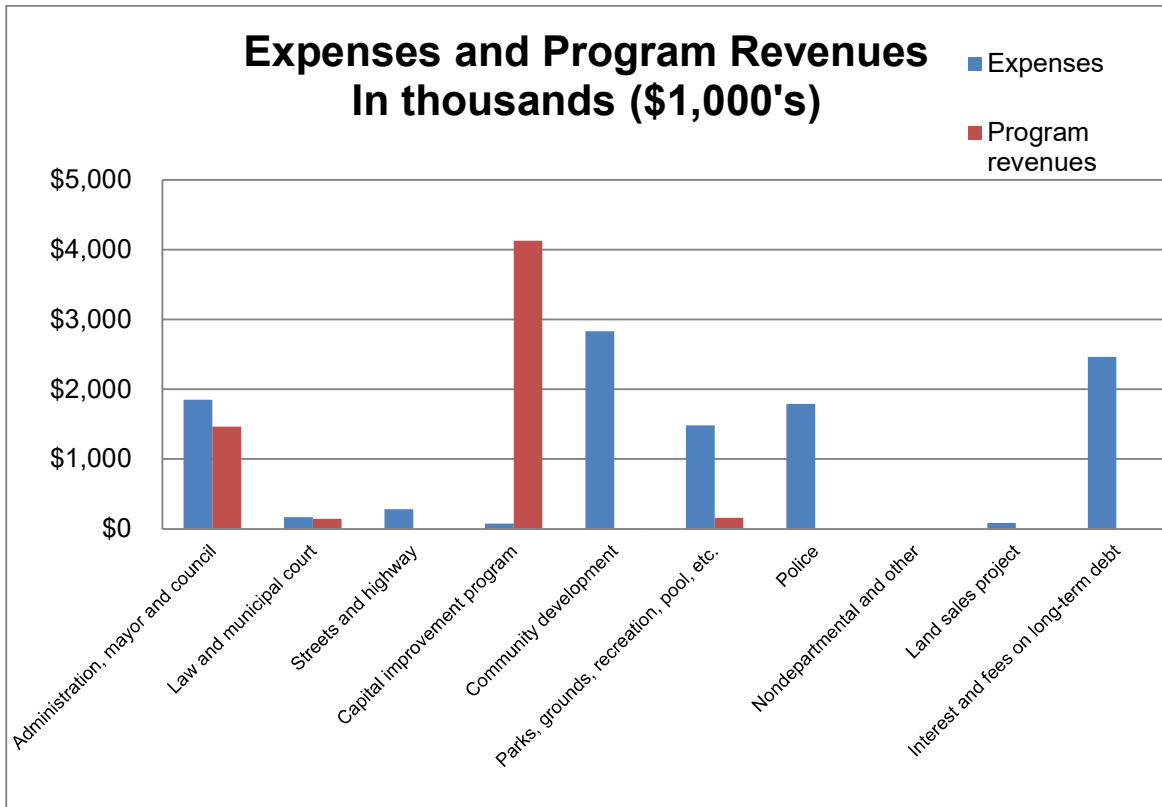
The City's total unrestricted net position is \$23,334,234.

<b>Condensed Statement of Changes in Net Position</b>						
	<b>Governmental Activities</b>		<b>Business-type Activities</b>		<b>Total Primary Government</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 779,587	\$ 747,895	\$ 7,949,404	\$ 7,882,876	\$ 8,728,991	\$ 8,630,771
Operating grants and contributions	994,712	728,070	-	-	994,712	728,070
Capital grants and contributions	4,125,815	657,160	-	-	4,125,815	657,160
General revenues:						
Property taxes	4,313,394	3,650,201	-	-	4,313,394	3,650,201
Sales taxes	2,063,585	1,899,149	-	-	2,063,585	1,899,149
Other taxes	929,571	854,389	-	-	929,571	854,389
Franchise taxes	823,323	819,101	-	-	823,323	819,101
Investment earnings	837,439	703,027	227,952	200,680	1,065,391	903,707
Miscellaneous	130,649	196,262	38,748	26,104	169,397	222,366
Total revenues	14,998,075	10,255,254	8,216,104	8,109,660	23,214,179	18,364,914
Expenses:						
Administration, mayor and council	1,848,585	1,082,109	-	-	1,848,585	1,082,109
Law and municipal court	167,854	152,309	-	-	167,854	152,309
Streets and highway	280,620	368,649	-	-	280,620	368,649
Capital improvement program	77,004	77,004	-	-	77,004	77,004
Community development	2,830,229	3,574,749	-	-	2,830,229	3,574,749
Parks, grounds, recreation, pool, etc.	1,480,288	1,036,781	-	-	1,480,288	1,036,781
Police	1,791,498	1,627,028	-	-	1,791,498	1,627,028
Nondepartmental and other	-	367,294	-	-	-	367,294
Land sales project	82,661	939,472	-	-	82,661	939,472
Interest and fees on long-term debt	2,463,988	1,937,287	-	-	2,463,988	1,937,287
Water	-	-	3,710,516	4,065,074	3,710,516	4,065,074
Sewer	-	-	2,798,265	3,493,426	2,798,265	3,493,426
Solid Waste and Stormwater	-	-	626,943	548,001	626,943	548,001
Total expenses	11,022,727	11,162,682	7,135,724	8,106,501	18,158,451	19,269,183
Increase in net position before transfers	3,975,348	(907,428)	1,080,380	3,159	5,055,728	(904,269)
Transfers	(417,026)	(1,927,224)	417,026	1,927,224	-	-
Increase (decrease) in net position	3,558,322	(2,834,652)	1,497,406	1,930,383	5,055,728	(904,269)
Net position - beginning of year	13,814,775	16,649,427	30,353,447	28,423,064	44,168,222	45,072,491
Change in accounting principle	(109,893)	-	(24,429)	-	(134,322)	-
Net position - end of year	\$ 17,263,204	\$ 13,814,775	\$ 31,826,424	\$ 30,353,447	\$ 49,089,628	\$ 44,168,222

### **Analysis of Changes in Net Position**

The City's net position increased during the fiscal year by a total of \$4,921,406 including these changes:

- Charges for services increased \$98,220 mostly due to an increase in water and sewer services provided of \$66,528.
- Capital grants and contributions increased by \$3,468,655 due to an increase in special assessments.
- General revenues increased \$1,015,748 due to increases in property taxes and sales taxes of \$663,193 and \$164,436 due to increases in property valuation and an increase in area sales. Investment earnings increased \$161,684 with an increase in market conditions.
- Expenses of governmental activities decreased by \$139,955 due to a decrease in community development costs of \$744,520 caused by a decrease in non-capital project expense in the current year. Land sales project expense decreased \$856,811 due to most of the land being sold in the prior fiscal year. These decreases were offset by an increase in administrative expenses by \$766,476 due to an increase in salaries and benefits and reclassifications done from nondepartmental category and an increase in parks expenses of \$443,507 due to an increase in salaries and benefits. Interest expense increased \$526,701 due to market conditions.
- Expenses of business-type activities decreased \$970,777 due mainly to decreases in repair and maintenance costs in the Sewer fund.



The charts above illustrate the City's governmental expenses and program revenues by function, and revenues by source. The interest on long-term debt represents the largest portion of 2024 expenses followed by community development and police expenses.

For governmental activities overall, property tax revenues are the largest source of revenue followed by capital grants and contributions. Other revenues and expense functions fall within anticipated ranges.

## **ANALYSIS OF THE FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. Types of governmental funds reported by the City include the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and Capital Projects Funds.

At the end of 2024, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$26,892,754 including:

- Nonspendable: \$603,161;
- Restricted by external requirements and laws: \$18,744,839;
- Assigned to capital projects or other uses: \$3,702,710; and
- Unassigned funds available for use at the City's discretion: \$3,842,044.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund for the City. At the end of 2024, total fund balance of the General Fund was \$3,964,832. The fund balance increased by \$214,522 during the fiscal year mostly due to increases of property tax revenue offset by increases related to salary expenditures.

The Bond and Interest Fund had an increase in fund balance of \$29,047 due to an increase in special assessment revenue.

The Capital Projects Fund had an increase in fund balance of \$3,820,559 due to capital outlay expenditures offset by the issuance of general obligation bonds for capital projects.

The Public Building Commission remained comparable to the prior year with an increase in fund balance of \$1,526.

The Land Bank had an increase in fund balance of \$292,647 due to investment income; the only activity in the fund.

Nonmajor government had a combined increase in fund balance of \$910,773 due to an increase in intergovernmental revenue related to ARPA revenue recognition and an increase to transfers in to fund future projects, offset by a decrease in capital outlay activity.

The Water Fund had an increase in net position of \$551,086 mostly due to a decrease in water purchased.

The Sewer Fund had an increase in net position of \$875,750 due to a decrease in sewer system improvement costs.

Nonmajor proprietary funds remained comparable to the prior year with increases in net position of \$70,570.

## **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

Variances between the final budget and actual amounts are not expected to impact either liquidity or future services. Majority of revenues were more than budgeted for 2024. Overall budgeted expenditures were comparable to actual results.

## CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

### Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, was \$79,384,718 as of December 31, 2024. These capital assets include land, buildings, improvements, equipment, drainage improvements, streets, bridges, streetlights, and traffic signals.

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Land	\$ 4,395,801	\$ 4,395,801	\$ 534,040	\$ 534,040	\$ 4,929,841	\$ 4,929,841
Land project	1,390,152	1,390,152	-	-	1,390,152	1,390,152
Construction in progress	5,518,627	5,565,877	1,557,514	4,225,617	7,076,141	9,791,494
City Hall	1,581,700	1,648,081	-	-	1,581,700	1,648,081
Swimming pool	367,540	393,183	-	-	367,540	393,183
Other structures and equipment	1,817,744	1,606,278	23,063,488	19,842,484	24,881,232	21,448,762
Infrastructure	38,553,572	35,550,584	-	-	38,553,572	35,550,584
SBITA right-to-use	604,540	-	-	-	604,540	-
Total	<u>\$ 54,229,676</u>	<u>\$ 50,549,956</u>	<u>\$ 25,155,042</u>	<u>\$ 24,602,141</u>	<u>\$ 79,384,718</u>	<u>\$ 75,152,097</u>

Additional information about the City's capital assets may be found in Note III. B. to the financial statements.

### Long-Term Debt

At December 31, 2024, the City had total long-term bonds outstanding of \$81,015,000. This amount included \$43,765,000 of general obligation bonds backed by the full faith and credit of the City, \$24,915,000 in temporary notes which will be repaid with an issuance of general obligation bonds and \$12,335,000 in revenue bonds with the Public Building Commission.

Total long-term bonds payable increased by \$5,860,000 during the fiscal year due to bond issuances being more than the repayment of debt made during the year.

The City had \$713,388 of outstanding revolving loan funds for Water and Sewer Fund projects and \$31,017 of outstanding rail loan funds for a capital project.

Standard and Poor's rated the City's most recent bond issue AA and affirmed this rating for all existing debt.

Kansas statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 30% of its total assessed valuation. After subtracting deductions allowed by the statutes, the current debt limit for the City is \$37,795,134 and debt outstanding subject to the limit is \$24,903,905, leaving \$12,891,229 in legal debt margin.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note III. C. of the financial statements.

<b>Outstanding Bonds</b> <b>General Obligation and Revenue Bonds</b>		
	<b>Governmental</b> <b>Activities</b>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
General obligation bonds	\$ 43,765,000	\$ 35,805,000
Temporary notes	24,915,000	25,790,000
Revenue bonds -		
Public Building Commission	12,335,000	13,560,000
Total	<u>\$ 81,015,000</u>	<u>\$ 75,155,000</u>

### **Economic Factors**

Property tax collections increased 18.2% over 2023 and the positive trend has continued into the first half of 2025. The assessed valuation increased 10.8% in 2024.

### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide an overview of the City's finances for all interested parties. Questions concerning any of the information provided in the report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Director, City of Bel Aire, 7651 E. Central Park Ave., Bel Aire, KS 67226.

## BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



# City of Bel Aire, Kansas

## Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2024

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
<b>Assets:</b>			
Cash, including investments	\$ 28,839,474	\$ 7,387,823	\$ 36,227,297
Receivables, net	25,711,697	586,319	26,298,016
Property held for resale	480,373	-	480,373
Capital assets:			
Land and construction in progress	11,304,580	2,091,554	13,396,134
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	42,925,096	23,063,488	65,988,584
Total assets	109,261,220	33,129,184	142,390,404
<b>Deferred outflows of resources:</b>			
Deferred refunding	1,701,466	-	1,701,466
Deferred outflows - OPEB	105,931	-	105,931
Deferred outflows - pensions	1,308,177	94,824	1,403,001
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,115,574	94,824	3,210,398
<b>Liabilities:</b>			
Accounts payable	898,680	184,365	1,083,045
Accrued wages	88,702	67,473	156,175
Unearned grant revenue	2,121,511	-	2,121,511
Interest payable	299,324	-	299,324
Long-term liabilities			
Due within one year	13,170,975	78,716	13,249,691
Due in more than one year	73,403,888	1,033,163	74,437,051
Total liabilities	89,983,080	1,363,717	91,346,797
<b>Deferred inflows of resources:</b>			
Deferred property tax receivable	4,784,738	-	4,784,738
Deferred inflows - OPEB	166,774	-	166,774
Deferred inflows - pensions	178,998	33,867	212,865
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,130,510	33,867	5,164,377
<b>Net position:</b>			
Net investment in capital assets	(5,669,493)	24,441,654	18,772,161
Restricted for:			
Debt service	419,966	-	419,966
Capital projects	344,632	-	344,632
Public Building Commission	9,389	-	9,389
Land Bank	6,205,593	-	6,205,593
Drug forfeiture	3,653	-	3,653
Unrestricted	15,949,464	7,384,770	23,334,234
Total net position	\$ 17,263,204	\$ 31,826,424	\$ 49,089,628

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.*

**City of Bel Aire, Kansas**  
**Statement of Activities**  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Functions/Programs	Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Total Governmental Activities	Total Business-type Activities	Total
<b>Governmental activities:</b>							
Administration, mayor and council	\$ 1,842,098	\$ 469,376	\$ 994,712	\$ -	\$ (378,010)	\$ -	\$ (378,010)
Law and municipal court	167,266	142,181	-	-	(25,085)	-	(25,085)
Streets and highway	279,671	-	-	-	(279,671)	-	(279,671)
Community development	2,859,071	7,684	-	-	(2,851,387)	-	(2,851,387)
Parks, grounds, recreation, pool, etc.	1,475,134	160,346	-	-	(1,314,788)	-	(1,314,788)
Police	1,775,834	-	-	-	(1,775,834)	-	(1,775,834)
Land sales project	82,661	-	-	-	(82,661)	-	(82,661)
Capital improvement program	77,004	-	-	4,125,815	4,048,811	-	4,048,811
Interest and fees on long-term debt	2,463,988	-	-	-	(2,463,988)	-	(2,463,988)
Total governmental activities	11,022,727	779,587	994,712	4,125,815	(5,122,613)	-	(5,122,613)
<b>Business-type activities:</b>							
Water	3,710,516	3,719,881	-	-	-	9,365	9,365
Sewer	2,798,265	3,347,985	-	-	-	549,720	549,720
Nonmajor business-type funds	626,943	881,538	-	-	-	254,595	254,595
Total business-type activities	7,135,724	7,949,404	-	-	-	813,680	813,680
Total	\$ 18,158,451	\$ 8,728,991	\$ 994,712	\$ 4,125,815	(5,122,613)	813,680	(4,308,933)
<b>General revenues:</b>							
Property taxes					4,313,394	-	4,313,394
Sales taxes					2,063,585	-	2,063,585
Other taxes					929,571	-	929,571
Franchise fees					823,323	-	823,323
Investment earnings					837,439	227,952	1,065,391
Miscellaneous					130,649	38,748	169,397
Transfers					(417,026)	417,026	-
Total general revenues					8,680,935	683,726	9,364,661
Change in net position					3,558,322	1,497,406	5,055,728
Net position, beginning of year					13,814,775	30,353,447	44,168,222
Change in accounting principle					(109,893)	(24,429)	(134,322)
Net position, beginning of year - adjusted					13,704,882	30,329,018	44,033,900
Net position, end of year					\$ 17,263,204	\$ 31,826,424	\$ 49,089,628

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.*

# City of Bel Aire, Kansas

## Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2024

	General	Bond and Interest	Capital Projects	Public Building Commission	Land Bank	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Assets:</b>							
Cash, including investments	\$ 3,416,646	\$ 719,290	\$ 14,380,073	\$ 9,389	\$ 6,205,593	\$ 4,108,483	\$ 28,839,474
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)							
Property taxes	4,784,738	-	-	-	-	-	4,784,738
Special assessments	-	20,245,159	-	-	-	-	20,245,159
Motor vehicle and RV tax	18,390	-	-	-	-	-	18,390
Real estate mortgage note receivable	122,788	-	-	-	-	-	122,788
Sales tax	382,439	-	-	-	-	-	382,439
Franchise taxes and fees	61,044	-	-	-	-	-	61,044
Other	88,322	-	-	-	-	8,817	97,139
Property held for resale	-	-	-	-	480,373	-	480,373
Total assets	<u>\$ 8,874,367</u>	<u>\$ 20,964,449</u>	<u>\$ 14,380,073</u>	<u>\$ 9,389</u>	<u>\$ 6,685,966</u>	<u>\$ 4,117,300</u>	<u>\$ 55,031,544</u>
<b>Liabilities:</b>							
Accounts payable	\$ 38,809	\$ -	\$ 796,280	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 63,591	\$ 898,680
Accrued liabilities	85,988	-	-	-	-	2,714	88,702
Unearned grant revenue	-	-	2,121,511	-	-	-	2,121,511
Total liabilities	<u>124,797</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,917,791</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>66,305</u>	<u>3,108,893</u>
<b>Deferred inflows of resources:</b>							
Deferred property tax receivable	4,784,738	-	-	-	-	-	4,784,738
Unavailable revenue - special assessments	-	20,245,159	-	-	-	-	20,245,159
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>4,784,738</u>	<u>20,245,159</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>25,029,897</u>
<b>Fund balance:</b>							
Nonspendable	122,788	-	-	-	480,373	-	603,161
Restricted	-	719,290	11,462,282	9,389	6,205,593	348,285	18,744,839
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	3,702,710	3,702,710
Unassigned	3,842,044	-	-	-	-	-	3,842,044
Total fund balance	<u>3,964,832</u>	<u>719,290</u>	<u>11,462,282</u>	<u>9,389</u>	<u>6,685,966</u>	<u>4,050,995</u>	<u>26,892,754</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	<u>\$ 8,874,367</u>	<u>\$ 20,964,449</u>	<u>\$ 14,380,073</u>	<u>\$ 9,389</u>	<u>\$ 6,685,966</u>	<u>\$ 4,117,300</u>	<u>\$ 55,031,544</u>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.*

**City of Bel Aire, Kansas**  
**Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds**  
**to the Statement of Net Position**  
**December 31, 2024**

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

<b>Total fund balance - Governmental Funds</b>		<b>\$ 26,892,754</b>
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Cost	80,438,590	
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(26,208,914)</u>	54,229,676
Special assessments receivable are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable in the fund statements		20,245,159
Deferred outflows of resources are not available and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred outflows - deferred refunding		1,701,466
Deferred outflows - OPEB		105,931
Deferred outflows - pensions		1,308,177
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		
Accrued interest payable	(299,324)	
General obligation bonds payable	(43,765,000)	
Temporary notes	(24,915,000)	
Revenue bonds - Public Building Commission	(12,335,000)	
Rail loan	(31,017)	
Premiums	(2,070,150)	
Discounts	59,750	
Net pension liability	(2,758,625)	
Total OPEB liability	(26,690)	
Subscription liability	(451,500)	
Compensated absences	<u>(281,631)</u>	(86,874,187)
Other deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred inflows - OPEB		(166,774)
Deferred inflows - pensions		<u>(178,998)</u>
<b>Total net position - governmental activities</b>		<b>\$ <u>17,263,204</u></b>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.*

**City of Bel Aire, Kansas**  
**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances**  
**Governmental Funds**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2024**

	General	Bond and Interest	Capital Projects	Public Building Commission	Land Bank	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Revenues:</b>							
Taxes and shared revenues	\$ 6,947,249	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 359,301	\$ 7,306,550
Intergovernmental revenues	124,883	-	236,602	-	-	633,227	994,712
Franchise fees	823,323	-	-	-	-	-	823,323
Court fines	142,181	-	-	-	-	-	142,181
Licenses, permits and fees	629,722	-	-	-	-	-	629,722
Rents and sales	7,684	-	-	55,960	-	-	63,644
Special assessments	-	2,445,115	-	-	-	-	2,445,115
Other	192,161	50,172	251,043	-	293,367	125,385	912,128
Total revenues	8,867,203	2,495,287	487,645	55,960	293,367	1,117,913	13,317,375
<b>Expenditures:</b>							
Current:							
Administration, mayor and council	1,767,848	-	-	-	-	-	1,767,848
Law and municipal court	161,226	-	-	-	-	-	161,226
Streets and highway	-	-	-	-	-	372,194	372,194
Community development	227,380	-	-	-	-	-	227,380
Parks, grounds, recreation, pool, etc.	1,364,825	-	-	-	-	-	1,364,825
Police	1,473,548	-	-	-	-	-	1,473,548
Land project	81,941	-	-	-	720	-	82,661
Capital outlay/projects	692,344	-	5,228,843	-	-	1,844,946	7,766,133
Debt Service:							
Principal retirement	64,337	2,460,183	9,850,000	1,225,000	-	-	13,599,520
Interest and other	6,967	1,115,608	585,972	305,087	-	-	2,013,634
Debt issuance costs	29,329	-	305,128	-	-	-	334,457
Total expenditures	5,869,745	3,575,791	15,969,943	1,530,087	720	2,217,140	29,163,426
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	2,997,458	(1,080,504)	(15,482,298)	(1,474,127)	292,647	(1,099,227)	(15,846,051)
<b>Other financing sources (uses):</b>							
Issuance of general obligation bonds	466,301	-	18,883,699	-	-	-	19,350,000
Premium on issuance of general obligation bonds	-	-	480,816	-	-	-	480,816
Discount on issuance of general obligation bonds	-	-	(61,658)	-	-	-	(61,658)
Proceeds from issuance of subscriptions	515,837	-	-	-	-	-	515,837
Land sales	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	1,109,551	-	1,475,653	-	2,010,000	4,595,204
Transfers out	(3,765,074)	-	-	-	-	-	(3,765,074)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,782,936)	1,109,551	19,302,857	1,475,653	-	2,010,000	21,115,125
Net change in fund balance	214,522	29,047	3,820,559	1,526	292,647	910,773	5,269,074
<b>Fund balance, beginning of year</b>	3,750,310	690,243	7,641,723	7,863	6,393,319	3,140,222	21,623,680
<b>Fund balance, end of year</b>	\$ 3,964,832	\$ 719,290	\$ 11,462,282	\$ 9,389	\$ 6,685,966	\$ 4,050,995	\$ 26,892,754

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.*

# City of Bel Aire, Kansas

## Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

<b>Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds</b>		<b>\$ 5,269,074</b>
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.		
Depreciation expense	(1,924,208)	
Capital assets capitalized	<u>5,603,928</u>	3,679,720
Payments received on certain assets are recognized as revenue when received in the fund. However, in the statement of net position, revenue is recognized when earned.		
		1,680,700
Payment of pension contributions is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces the net pension liability in the statement of net position. Additionally, the effect of changes in deferred inflows and deferred outflows for pensions are only recorded in the statement of activities.		
		(298,565)
Payment of OPEB contributions is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces the total OPEB liability in the statement of net position. Additionally, the effect of changes in deferred inflows and deferred outflows for OPEB are only recorded in the statement of activities.		
		(4,648)
Bond and loan proceeds and premiums provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
General obligation bonds	(10,375,000)	
Temporary notes	(8,975,000)	
Subscription liability	(515,837)	
Discounts	61,658	
Premiums	<u>(480,816)</u>	(20,284,995)
Repayment of bond principal and other long-term obligations is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
General obligation bonds	2,415,000	
Temporary notes	9,850,000	
Revenue bond - Public Building Commission	1,225,000	
Subscription liability	64,337	
Rail loan	<u>45,183</u>	13,599,520
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		
		(20,636)
The amortization of bond premiums and deferred refundings affect long-term assets and liabilities on the statement of net position, but does not provide or use current financial resources to governmental funds.		
		(7,457)
In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for this item is measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This year, the following difference was noted:		
Compensated absences earned exceeded benefits paid		<u>(54,391)</u>
<b>Change in net position of governmental activities</b>		<b><u>\$ 3,558,322</u></b>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.*

# City of Bel Aire, Kansas

## Statement of Net Position

### Proprietary Funds

December 31, 2024

	Water	Sewer	Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	Total
<b>Assets:</b>				
Current assets:				
Cash, including investments	\$ 2,395,818	\$ 4,108,734	\$ 883,271	\$ 7,387,823
Receivables, net	280,562	243,156	62,601	586,319
Total current assets	2,676,380	4,351,890	945,872	7,974,142
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets:				
Land and construction in progress	1,005,452	1,086,102	-	2,091,554
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	9,599,270	13,464,218	-	23,063,488
Total noncurrent assets	10,604,722	14,550,320	-	25,155,042
Total assets	13,281,102	18,902,210	945,872	33,129,184
<b>Deferred outflows of resources:</b>				
Pension related items	47,381	47,443	-	94,824
<b>Liabilities:</b>				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	88,060	48,348	47,957	184,365
Accrued payroll	16,276	51,197	-	67,473
Revolving loan - current	43,545	27,169	-	70,714
Compensated absences	3,866	4,136	-	8,002
Total current liabilities	151,747	130,850	47,957	330,554
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Revolving loan	398,468	244,206	-	642,674
Net pension liability	174,252	174,471	-	348,723
Compensated absences	22,415	19,351	-	41,766
Total noncurrent liabilities	595,135	438,028	-	1,033,163
Total liabilities	746,882	568,878	47,957	1,363,717
<b>Deferred inflows of resources:</b>				
Pension related items	16,922	16,945	-	33,867
<b>Net position:</b>				
Investment in capital assets	10,162,709	14,278,945	-	24,441,654
Unrestricted	2,401,970	4,084,885	897,915	7,384,770
Total net position	\$ 12,564,679	\$ 18,363,830	\$ 897,915	\$ 31,826,424

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.*

**City of Bel Aire, Kansas**  
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position  
Proprietary Funds  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	<b>Water</b>	<b>Sewer</b>	<b>Nonmajor Proprietary Funds</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Operating revenues:</b>				
Charges for services	\$ 3,719,881	\$ 3,347,985	\$ 881,538	\$ 7,949,404
<b>Operating expenses:</b>				
Personnel	302,394	438,741	-	741,135
Contractual services	164,191	273,442	626,943	1,064,576
Water purchases	493,238	4,862	-	498,100
Operations and maintenance - CCUA	719,306	563,050	-	1,282,356
Debt service - CCUA	659,688	747,592	-	1,407,280
Payment in lieu of franchise fees	100,000	100,000	-	200,000
Other operating expenses	895,324	99,901	-	995,225
Depreciation	376,375	570,677	-	947,052
Total operating expenses	3,710,516	2,798,265	626,943	7,135,724
Operating income	9,365	549,720	254,595	813,680
<b>Nonoperating revenues and expenses:</b>				
Interest and other	126,904	123,821	15,975	266,700
Capital contributions	720,958	526,198	-	1,247,156
Total nonoperating revenue	847,862	650,019	15,975	1,513,856
Income before transfers	857,227	1,199,739	270,570	2,327,536
Transfers out	(306,141)	(323,989)	(200,000)	(830,130)
Change in net position	551,086	875,750	70,570	1,497,406
<b>Net position, beginning of year</b>	12,025,701	17,500,401	827,345	30,353,447
<b>Change in accounting principle</b>	(12,108)	(12,321)	-	(24,429)
<b>Net position, beginning of year adjusted</b>	12,013,593	17,488,080	827,345	30,329,018
<b>Net position, end of year</b>	\$ 12,564,679	\$ 18,363,830	\$ 897,915	\$ 31,826,424

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.*



**City of Bel Aire, Kansas**  
**Statement of Cash Flows**  
**Proprietary Funds**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2024**

	<b>Water</b>	<b>Sewer</b>	<b>Nonmajor Proprietary Funds</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>				
Cash received from customers	\$ 3,715,863	\$ 3,368,629	\$ 864,773	\$ 7,949,265
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(3,013,760)	(1,781,618)	(623,488)	(5,418,866)
Payments to employees for salaries and benefits	(300,325)	(430,794)	-	(731,119)
Net cash flow from operating activities	<u>401,778</u>	<u>1,156,217</u>	<u>241,285</u>	<u>1,799,280</u>
<b>Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:</b>				
Transfers to other funds	(306,141)	(323,989)	(200,000)	(830,130)
Net cash flow from non-capital financing activities	<u>(306,141)</u>	<u>(323,989)</u>	<u>(200,000)</u>	<u>(830,130)</u>
<b>Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:</b>				
Revolving loan payments	(41,494)	(25,530)	-	(67,024)
Acquisition of capital assets	(225,188)	(27,609)	-	(252,797)
Net cash flow from capital and related financing activities	<u>(266,682)</u>	<u>(53,139)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(319,821)</u>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>				
Interest on investments	126,904	123,821	15,975	266,700
Net cash flow from investing activities	<u>126,904</u>	<u>123,821</u>	<u>15,975</u>	<u>266,700</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(44,141)	902,910	57,260	916,029
<b>Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year</b>	<u>2,439,959</u>	<u>3,205,824</u>	<u>826,011</u>	<u>6,471,794</u>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year</b>	<u>\$ 2,395,818</u>	<u>\$ 4,108,734</u>	<u>\$ 883,271</u>	<u>\$ 7,387,823</u>
<b>Reconciliation of operating income to net cash flow from operating activities:</b>				
Operating income	\$ 9,365	\$ 549,720	\$ 254,595	\$ 813,680
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation expense	376,375	570,677	-	947,052
Change in net pension liability	(48,262)	(51,994)	-	(100,256)
Change in deferred outflows - pensions	32,204	33,554	-	65,758
Change in deferred inflows - pensions	13,296	13,254	-	26,550
Change in accounts receivable	(4,018)	20,644	(16,765)	(139)
Change in accounts payable	17,987	7,229	3,455	28,671
Change in accrued liabilities	4,831	13,133	-	17,964
Net cash flow from operating activities	<u>\$ 401,778</u>	<u>\$ 1,156,217</u>	<u>\$ 241,285</u>	<u>\$ 1,799,280</u>
<b>Schedule of non-cash capital and related financing activities:</b>				
Contributions of capital assets	\$ 720,958	\$ 526,198	\$ -	\$ 1,247,156

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.*

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## City of Bel Aire, Kansas

### Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Bel Aire, Kansas (City) is incorporated under the laws of the State of Kansas. The City adopted a Council-Manager form of City government in January 2010, consisting of an elected Mayor and Council and an appointed City Manager to oversee the daily operations.

The City provides services to the citizens in the areas of streets, water service, wastewater service, community development, public safety, planning and zoning, parks and recreation, public works and general administrative services.

The more significant accounting and reporting policies and practices employed by the City are as follows:

##### A. Reporting Entity

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the basic financial statements present the City (the primary government) and its component units. Component units are required to be included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City.

*Blended Component Unit:* The statements include the financial data of the Public Building Commission (PBC). The PBC was formed several years ago in order to finance and build the 1) City Hall, 2) the swimming pool 3) an effluent line for the sale of "gray water" to Willowbend and 4) to finance the industrial park of the land project. The PBC issued debt instruments (revenue bonds) to finance the projects and leases the City Hall and swimming pool to the City. All revenues from City Hall rents, gray water sales and pool operations are pledged for debt service on the respective PBC revenue bonds.

Although the PBC is a legally separate organization, the City is financially accountable for the component unit in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) standards. The PBC's governing body is substantially the same as the governing body of the City; therefore, the PBC is "blended" with the City's financial statements. For financial reporting, the activities of the PBC are accounted for within the special revenue funds within the City's financial statements.

Separate audited financial statements are not prepared for the PBC.

On August 4, 2015, the City established the Bel Aire Land Bank (Land Bank) in conformance with K.S.A. 12-5901 et seq. Although the Land Bank is a legally separate organization, the City is financially accountable for the component unit in accordance with GASB standards. The Land Bank's governing body is substantially the same as the governing body of the City; therefore, the Land Bank is "blended" with the City's financial statements. For financial reporting, the activities of the Land Bank are accounted for within the special revenue funds within the City's financial statements.

Separate audited financial statements are not prepared for the Land Bank.

*Related Organizations:* The Chisholm Creek Utility Authority (Authority) is a quasi-municipal governmental entity formed in 2001 in accordance with Kansas Statutes 12-2901 through 2909, referred to as the Kansas Interlocal Cooperation Act. It was formed through the joint action of the Cities of Park City and Bel Aire, Kansas, for the purpose of providing "wholesale" water, wastewater and utility services to the cities.

## City of Bel Aire, Kansas

### Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

#### **I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

The Authority's purpose is to serve the two cities and the function of the cities is to ensure that the expenses of the Authority related to the water and wastewater operations of the project constructed by the revenue bonds are paid. The cities forming the Authority have planned that the Authority shall not create surplus cash balances from the use of City funds.

The Authority does not meet GASB requirements to be reported as a component unit but does meet the criteria as joint venture in the City's financial statements; however, no asset will be recorded as the City does not have an equity interest. Payments made by the City for debt service and subsidizing operating costs will be recorded as operating expenses of the City. See also Note IV.D.

Audited financial statements are available for the Chisholm Creek Utility Authority at the office of the City of Park City, 6110 N. Hydraulic, Park City, Kansas 67219.

#### **B. Basis of Presentation**

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds).

##### Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the City as a whole. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions, and are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Eliminations of interfund charges and balances have been made in these statements to minimize the double-counting of internal activities.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program of the governmental activities. Direct expenses are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

The City's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

##### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

## City of Bel Aire, Kansas

### Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The major governmental funds of the City are described below:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Bond and Interest Fund* is used to pay the general obligation and revenue bond debt service requirements of the City.

The *Capital Projects Fund* is used to account for temporary debt issued funds that are used to finance specific projects in the short-term.

The *Public Building Commission* is used to finance and pay for certain projects using revenue bonds.

The *Land Bank Fund* is used to account for maintaining and selling real property located within the City.

The major proprietary funds of the City are the *Water Fund* and the *Sewer Fund* and are used to account for revenues and expenses of those activities.

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting and Fund Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net position. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the budget year for which they are levied. Special assessments are recognized when levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Fund Financial Statements - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, state fuel tax, and franchise taxes associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Sales taxes collected and held by merchants and/or the state at year-end on behalf of the City are recognized as revenue. Other revenues, including licenses and permits, certain charges for services, and miscellaneous revenues, are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

# City of Bel Aire, Kansas

## Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. Unrestricted aid is reported as revenue in the fiscal year during which the entitlement is received.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and service, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

#### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

##### 1. Deposits and Investments

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the City's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. Government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. Investments are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices.

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers deposits and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

The investments of proceeds of long-term debt are governed by specific statutes and authorize the City to invest in the following:

- Investments authorized by K.S.A. 12-1675
- Direct obligations of the U.S. government or any other agency thereof
- Money market funds comprised entirely of obligations of the U.S. Treasury and agencies thereof
- Obligations of any municipality of Kansas
- Investment agreements with a financial institution rated in the three highest rating categories by Moody's or Standard and Poor's

The City pools temporarily idle cash from all funds for investments purposes. Each fund's portion of the pool is shown on the Statement of Net Position as cash, including investments. Deposits during the year included cash in interest bearing and demand bank accounts. Interest is allocated to each fund based on the respective invested balance.

The City follows GASB 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, which establishes a framework for measuring fair value that requires or permits fair value measurement and enhances disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market

## City of Bel Aire, Kansas

### Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction. There is a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs when measuring fair value. The guidance requires three levels of fair value measurement based on the respective inputs.

At December 31, 2024, investments consisted of funds invested in the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool (KMIP). The KMIP is an external investment pool not SEC (Securities and Exchange Commission) registered, which is regulated by the state and is valued at cost.

#### 2. *Receivables*

Property Tax Receivable - In accordance with governing state statutes, property taxes levied during the current year are revenue sources to be used to finance the budget of the ensuing year. Taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and are levied and become a lien on the property on November 1 of each year. The County Treasurer is the tax collection agent for all taxing entities within the County. Property owners have the option of paying one-half or the full amount of the taxes levied on or before December 20 during the year levied with the balance to be paid on or before May 10 of the ensuing year. State statutes prohibit the County Treasurer from distributing taxes collected in the year levied prior to January 1 of the ensuing year. Consequently, for revenue recognition purposes, the taxes levied during the current year are not due and receivable until the ensuing year. At December 31, such taxes are recorded as taxes receivable with a corresponding amount recorded as deferred inflows of resources on the balance sheets of the appropriate funds. It is not practical to apportion delinquent taxes held by the County Treasurer as of December 31, 2024. Estimated delinquencies are insignificant and have not been recorded.

Special Assessment Receivable - As required by state statutes, projects financed in part by special assessments are financed through general obligation bonds of the City and are retired from the Bond and Interest Fund. Further, state statutes require levying additional general ad valorem property taxes in the Bond and Interest Fund to finance delinquent special assessments.

The City's special assessment taxes are levied over a 15 to 20-year term of the bonds and the annual installments are due and payable with annual ad valorem property taxes. Liens may be foreclosed against the property benefited by the special assessments when delinquent assessments are two years in arrears. At December 31, 2024, the special assessment taxes levied are a lien on the property and are recorded as special assessments receivable in the Bond and Interest Fund with a corresponding amount recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements.

Real Estate Mortgage Note Receivable - The note receivable is from the sale of the previous City Hall. The note was entered into on June 1, 2004, for \$495,000, with an initial interest rate of 4.5%, for a period not to exceed 24.5 years. At December 31, 2024, the note balance was \$122,788.

#### 3. *Property Held for Resale*

The City has transferred property to the Land Bank Fund. The purpose of the Fund is to maintain and sell real property located within the City. The properties have been included as property held for resale in the Land Bank Fund.

# City of Bel Aire, Kansas

## Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 4. Capital Assets and Depreciation

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position. Capital assets used by proprietary funds are reported in both the proprietary activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the individual proprietary funds. Donated assets are recorded at acquisition value as of the date of the donation.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the City as a whole. Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals and signs are capitalized. The valuation bases for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Capital assets in the proprietary funds are accounted for in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation bases for proprietary fund capital assets are the same as those used for the general capital assets.

The City follows the policy of capitalizing assets with unit costs of \$2,500 or more. Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method and is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position and is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings	40 years
Improvements/infrastructure	20-40 years
Equipment	5-10 years
SBITA right-to-use assets	5-7 years
Water system	35-40 years
Sewer system	40 years

#### 5. Accrued Compensated Absences

The City's policy regarding vacation permits employees with 0 to 1 year of continuous service to earn 12 days vacation pay, 1 to 5 years continuous service to earn 15 days vacation pay, 5 to 10 years continuous service to earn 18 days vacation pay, 10 to 15 years continuous service to earn 20 days vacation pay, 15 to 20 years continuous service to earn 23 days vacation pay, 20 to 25 years continuous service to earn 26 days vacation pay, and for 25 or more years continuous service to earn 28 days vacation pay. Maximum carryovers are 12 days, 20 days, 23 days, 25 days, 28 days, 31 days, and 33 days, respectively, for each of the years of service categories noted above. All vacation pay is accrued when earned in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

The sick leave policy of the City provides that all regular employees who regularly work forty hours per week accrue sick leave benefits at the rate of 3.7 hours per pay period, up to a maximum accumulation of 960 hours. Unused sick leave is not paid upon termination of employment or retirement.



## City of Bel Aire, Kansas

### Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

In the governmental fund financial statements, a liability is accrued when it has matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements. Proprietary fund types and government-wide financial statements accrue vacation and sick pay as earned. The liabilities are based on current salary costs and the amount of leave that accumulates that has been earned and is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means.

##### 6. *Long-Term Obligations*

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the year incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

##### 7. *Pensions*

The net pension liability is calculated as the difference between the actuarially calculated value of the projected benefit payments attributed to past periods of employee service and the plan's fiduciary net position. The total pension expense is comprised of the service cost or actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributed to the valuation year, interest on the total pension liability, plan administrative expenses, current year benefit changes, and other changes in plan fiduciary net position less employee contributions and projected earnings on plan investments. Additionally, the total pension expense includes the annual recognition of outflows and inflows of resources due to pension assets and liability.

For purposes of measuring the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERs) and additions to/deductions from KPERs fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by KPERs. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## City of Bel Aire, Kansas

### Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

##### 8. Fund Equity

In the government-wide statements, equity is shown as net position and classified into three components:

- Net investment in capital assets - consisting of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, leases, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position - consisting of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.
- Unrestricted net position - consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, governmental funds report fund balance classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent.

In the governmental funds, equity is shown as fund balance and classified into five components:

- Nonspendable - Nonspendable consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained.
- Restricted - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed - This classification consists of amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a resolution made by the City Council and cannot be used for any other purpose unless removed or changed by taking the same type of action that previously committed those amounts.
- Assigned - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the City Council or a City official delegated that authority. Encumbrances are considered as assigned unless they specifically meet the requirements to be restricted or committed.

# City of Bel Aire, Kansas

## Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- Unassigned - This consists of the residual balance for the General Fund not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from expenditures exceeding amounts that had been restricted, committed or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first to finance qualifying expenditures, when either restricted or unrestricted amounts are available. For unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts.

#### 9. *Deferred Inflows of Resources/Deferred Outflows of Resources*

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category in the government-wide statement of net position, deferred outflows for pensions, deferred outflows for OPEB and deferred charges on refunding. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. See Note IV. E. and IV. F. for more information on the deferred outflows for pensions and OPEB, respectively.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has four types of items, unavailable revenue, deferred revenue, deferred inflows for pensions and deferred inflows for OPEB that qualify for reporting in this category. Unavailable revenue, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, is reported only in the Governmental Funds balance sheet. The Governmental Funds report unavailable revenues from special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Deferred revenues are reported in both the government-wide statement of net position and the Governmental Funds balance sheet for property tax receivable. Property taxes are not recognized as revenue until the period for which they are levied. The third and fourth items, deferred inflows for pensions and OPEB, are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. See Note IV. E. and IV. F., respectively, for more information on these deferred inflows.

#### 10. *Land Project*

The City invested in the Land Project for projected growth and future development.

The Land Project originally consisted of approximately 1,600 acres of land (600 acres residential, 200 acres commercial and 800 acres industrial park) and is being accounted for by using the cost recovery method as allowed under GASB 62.

## City of Bel Aire, Kansas

### Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capitalized costs of the Land Project include but are not limited to:

- Land acquisition and title costs
- Capitalized interest and debt issuance costs
- Street, sewers, grading, excavating, improvements and infrastructure
- Other development costs

Under the hybrid cost recovery method, as parcels of land are sold, the proceeds are offset against the total accumulated costs of the Project. Other methods of matching costs, such as the specific identification method, the gross profit method and the unit/area method were not practical in the circumstances.

Management deemed that the current estimated fair value of the Project is in excess of the remaining unrecovered costs. Unrecovered costs at December 31, 2024, amounted to \$1,870,525.

The industrial park portion of the Land Project was financed with Public Building Commission bonds and the amount outstanding at December 31, 2024 was \$10,445,000, also see Note III. C.

##### 11. *Net Position*

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Restricted resources are used first to fund appropriations.

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Restricted resources are used first to fund appropriations.

##### 12. *Estimates*

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect: (1) the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, (2) disclosures such as contingencies, and (3) the reported amounts of revenues and expenses included in such financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Estimates significant to the financial statement include the valuation of land held for resale; see the Land Project discussion in No. 10 above.

# City of Bel Aire, Kansas

## Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 13. *Change in Accounting Principle*

The City implemented GASB 101, *Compensated Absences* for their fiscal year ending December 31, 2024. This standard updated the recognition and measurement guidelines for compensated absences by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The impact of implementing this standard increased compensated absences liability and beginning net position in the government-wide statements, Water Fund and Sewer Fund by \$109,893, \$12,108 and \$12,321, respectively.

### II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Budgetary Information

Kansas statutes require budgets be adopted for all funds, unless exempted by a specific statute. The statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal budget.

1. Preparation of the budget for the current fiscal year on or before August 1.
2. Publication in local newspaper of the proposed budget and notice of hearing on the budget on or before August 5.
3. Public hearing on or before August 15, but at least 10 days after publication of notice of hearing.
4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication the hearing may be held, and the governing body may amend the budget at any time.

If the municipality is holding a revenue neutral rate hearing the budget timeline for adoption of the final budget has been adjusted to on or before September 20. The City did hold a revenue neutral rate hearing this year.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison statements are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting, modified further by the encumbrance method of accounting. Expenditures include disbursements accounts payable, and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the City for future payments such as purchase orders or contracts.

A legal operating budget is not required for the following funds: Capital Improvement, Equipment Reserve, Capital Projects, Local Drug Forfeiture Fund, State Drug Forfeiture Fund, Federal Drug Forfeiture Fund, and the Public Building Commission.

# City of Bel Aire, Kansas

## Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

#### A. Deposits and Investments

*Custodial Credit Risk.* For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City will not be able to recover the value of its deposits. For deposits, the City's policy follows state statutes which require pledged collateral with a fair value equal to 100% of the funds on deposit, less insured amounts, and that the collateral be held in safekeeping in the City's name at other than the depository financial institution. To comply with the statutes, the City requires the issuance of joint custody receipts as evidence of the pledged collateral. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

At December 31, 2024, the City's deposits were not fully covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized by securities held by the City's agent in the City's name. Of the City's bank balances of \$3,081,402, \$28,136 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

At December 31, 2024, the City had invested \$33,073,310 in the state's municipal investment pool not SEC (Securities and Exchange Commission) registered. The municipal investment pool is under the oversight of the Pooled Money Investment Board. The board is comprised of the State Treasurer and four additional members appointed by the State Governor. The board reports annually to the Kansas Legislature. State pooled monies may be invested in direct obligations of, or obligations that are insured as to principal and interest, by the U.S. government or any agency thereof, with maturities up to four years. No more than ten percent of those funds may be invested in mortgage-backed securities. In addition, the state pool may invest in repurchase agreements with Kansas banks or with primary government securities dealers. The investment in the municipal investment pools is valued at cost.

*Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk.* Kansas law limits the types of investments that can be made by the City, which inherently reduces its credit risk. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligations to the holder of the investment. This risk can be measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. On December 31, 2024, 100% of the City's investments, \$33,073,310, were invested in the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool, which is not rated.

*Interest Rate Risk.* As a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates, the City follows state statutes which generally limit investment maturities to two years. To minimize the risk of loss, the City matches investments to anticipated cash flows and diversifies the investment types to the extent practicable. Investments in U.S. Treasury coupon securities have a maturity of less than one year.

Deposits and investments at December 31, 2024 appear in the financial statements as summarized below:

Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 3,153,987
Carrying amount of investments	<u>33,073,310</u>
Total	<u>\$ 36,227,297</u>

# City of Bel Aire, Kansas

## Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### B. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2024	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31, 2024
<b>Governmental activities:</b>				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land and improvements				
Land Project	\$ 1,390,152	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 1,390,152
Parks, recreation, etc.	3,421,063	--	--	3,421,063
City Hall	400,752	--	--	400,752
Other	573,986	--	--	573,986
Construction in process	5,565,877	4,317,766	4,365,016	5,518,627
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	11,351,830	4,317,766	4,365,016	11,304,580
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	55,034,189	4,446,369	--	59,480,558
City Hall	2,950,273	--	--	2,950,273
Swimming pool	854,756	--	--	854,756
Subscription right-to-use	--	692,344	--	692,344
Other structures and equipment	4,643,614	512,465	--	5,156,079
Total capital assets, being depreciated	63,482,832	5,651,178	--	69,134,010
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Infrastructure	19,483,605	1,443,381	--	20,926,986
City Hall	1,302,192	66,381	--	1,368,573
Swimming pool	461,573	25,643	--	487,216
Subscription right-to-use	--	87,804	--	87,804
Other structures and equipment	3,037,336	300,999	--	3,338,335
Total accumulated depreciation	24,284,706	1,924,208	--	26,208,914
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	39,198,126	3,726,970	--	42,925,096
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 50,549,956	\$ 8,044,736	\$ 4,365,016	\$ 54,229,676

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Administration, mayor and council	\$ 7,749
Police	104,063
Capital improvement program	141,912
Community development	1,613,428
Parks, grounds, recreation, pool, etc.	57,056
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 1,924,208</u>

# City of Bel Aire, Kansas

## Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (CONTINUED)

	Balance January 1, 2024	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 31, 2024
<b>Business-type activities:</b>				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land and improvements	\$ 534,040	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 534,040
Construction in process	4,225,617	1,247,156	3,915,259	1,557,514
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	4,759,657	1,247,156	3,915,259	2,091,554
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Plant and equipment	32,387,082	4,168,056	--	36,555,138
Less accumulated depreciation	12,544,598	947,052	--	13,491,650
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	19,842,484	3,221,004	--	23,063,488
Proprietary activities capital assets, net	\$ 24,602,141	\$ 4,468,160	\$ 3,915,259	\$ 25,155,042
Depreciation expense				\$ 947,052

### C. Long-term debt

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2024	Change in Accounting Principle	Additions	Reductions	Balance December 31, 2024	Due within one year
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>						
General obligation bonds	\$ 35,805,000	\$ --	\$ 10,375,000	\$ 2,415,000	\$ 43,765,000	\$ 2,655,000
Temporary notes	25,790,000	--	8,975,000	9,850,000	24,915,000	9,085,000
Revenue bonds - PBC	13,560,000	--	--	1,225,000	12,335,000	1,245,000
Rail loan	76,200	--	--	45,183	31,017	31,017
Premiums	1,766,513	--	480,816	177,179	2,070,150	--
Discounts	--	--	(61,658)	(1,908)	(59,750)	--
SBITA liabilities	--	--	515,837	64,337	451,500	108,019
Net pension liability	2,020,652	--	1,605,185	867,212	2,758,625	--
Total OPEB liability	39,497	--	7,677	20,484	26,690	--
Compensated absences	117,347	109,893	54,391	--	281,631	46,939
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 79,175,209	\$ 109,893	\$ 21,952,248	\$ 14,662,487	\$ 86,574,863	\$ 13,170,975
<b>Business-type Activities:</b>						
Revolving loans	\$ 780,412	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 67,024	\$ 713,388	\$ 70,714
Net pension liability	448,979	--	82,382	182,638	348,723	--
Compensated absences	20,006	24,429	5,333	--	49,768	8,002
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 1,249,397	\$ 24,429	\$ 87,715	\$ 249,662	\$ 1,111,879	\$ 78,716

Compensated absences additions is the net change in the liability from January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2024.



# City of Bel Aire, Kansas

## Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### General Obligation Bonds and Notes

The general obligation bonds to be paid with tax levies were issued to construct or acquire capital assets. Debt service payments are primarily made by the Bond and Interest Fund and the Public Building Commission. Temporary notes are generally paid from the Capital Projects Fund after bonds are issued.

General obligation bonds outstanding at December 31, 2024 are as follows:

	Interest Rates	Original Issue	Maturity Date	Outstanding December 31, 2024
Series 2014A	2.000% - 3.750%	\$ 1,100,000	10/1/2034	\$ 615,000
Series 2015A	2.000% - 2.500%	5,390,000	11/1/2027	950,000
Series 2015B	1.500% - 3.250%	575,000	11/1/2027	120,000
Series 2015D	2.000% - 3.500%	3,960,000	11/1/2036	2,580,000
Series 2015E	1.500% - 5.000%	220,000	11/1/2036	145,000
Series 2016A	2.000% - 4.000%	2,820,000	11/1/2037	1,770,000
Series 2017A	3.000% - 3.125%	5,545,000	11/1/2038	4,015,000
Series 2019A	2.000% - 3.000%	6,060,000	11/1/2040	5,080,000
Series 2019B	2.000% - 2.550%	1,430,000	11/1/2029	750,000
Series 2020B	1.400% - 2.000%	3,650,000	11/1/2041	2,500,000
Series 2021A	2.000% - 4.000%	5,135,000	11/1/2034	3,765,000
Series 2021C	2.125% - 4.000%	2,440,000	11/1/2041	2,160,000
Series 2022A	4.000% - 4.125%	3,635,000	11/1/2043	3,515,000
Series 2023A	4.000% - 5.000%	5,425,000	11/1/2044	5,425,000
Series 2024A	4.000% - 5.000%	10,375,000	11/1/2045	10,375,000
Total		<u>\$ 57,760,000</u>		<u>\$ 43,765,000</u>

Temporary notes outstanding at December 31, 2024 are as follows:

	Interest Rates	Original Issue	Maturity Date	Outstanding December 31, 2024
Series 2022B	3.000%	\$ 9,085,000	12/1/2025	\$ 9,085,000
Series 2023B	4.000%	6,855,000	12/1/2026	6,855,000
Series 2024B	3.125%	8,975,000	12/1/2027	8,975,000
Total		<u>\$ 24,915,000</u>		<u>\$ 24,915,000</u>

# City of Bel Aire, Kansas

## Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (CONTINUED)

The annual debt service requirements to amortize the general obligation bonds and temporary notes outstanding as of December 31, 2024 are as follows:

Year	Governmental Activities			
	General Obligation Bonds		Temporary Notes	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2025	\$ 2,655,000	\$ 1,486,447	\$ 9,085,000	\$ 830,335
2026	3,040,000	1,437,911	6,855,000	554,669
2027	3,000,000	1,337,799	8,975,000	280,469
2028	2,565,000	1,232,899	--	--
2029	2,595,000	1,143,001	--	--
2030 - 2034	12,090,000	4,407,670	--	--
2035 - 2039	10,040,000	2,482,138	--	--
2040 - 2044	4,955,000	928,491	--	--
2045	2,825,000	30,000	--	--
Total	<u>\$ 43,765,000</u>	<u>\$ 14,486,356</u>	<u>\$ 24,915,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,665,473</u>

### Subscription Liabilities

The City has entered into various subscription agreements. Below is a summary of the subscription agreements:

Description and purpose	Date of subscription start date	Amount of original agreement	Subscription term	Interest rates	Balance December 31, 2024
Axon Enterprises	1/1/2024	\$ 108,196	60 months	2.312%	\$ 87,372
Tyler Technologies	7/1/2024	407,641	54 months	3.049%	364,128
		<u>\$ 515,837</u>			<u>\$ 451,500</u>

The principal and interest requirements to maturity as of December 31, 2024, are as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Principal	Interest
2025	\$ 108,019	\$ 11,693
2026	111,202	8,510
2027	114,475	5,237
2028	117,804	1,908
Total	<u>\$ 451,500</u>	<u>\$ 27,348</u>

# City of Bel Aire, Kansas

## Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### City of Bel Aire Public Building Commission

The City of Bel Aire Public Building Commission (PBC) is a component unit of the City. The City has authority to issue revenue bonds to finance the cost of acquiring and/or constructing land and facilities operated for a public purpose by a governmental entity. The PBC finances the debt service of the revenue bonds by leasing the land and facilities to the governmental entity which operates it. The operating governmental entity guarantees the rentals under the PBC lease. The PBC has no power to levy taxes, and revenue bonds issued by the PBC are not included in any legal debt limitation of the City. All revenues from City Hall rents, gray water sales, pool operations, and industrial land sales are pledged for debt service on the revenue bonds.

For the payment of its lease obligations, if necessary, the City may levy taxes on all taxable tangible property within its territorial jurisdiction. For the land project bonds, in addition to the lease payments, other revenue pledged for debt service include sales of land for industrial purposes.

The outstanding revenue bonds are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Maturity Date	Amount
Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2014A	2.000% - 4.000%	\$ 3,050,000	2/1/2030	\$ 1,415,000
Taxable Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2014B	2.000% - 4.600%	1,120,000	2/1/2030	475,000
Taxable Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2021	2.000% - 2.220%	13,195,000	5/1/2034	10,445,000
Total		\$ 17,365,000		\$ 12,335,000

The City has entered into capital lease agreements with the PBC for leases of the City Hall, swimming pool and the land project. Lease payments are to be in amounts adequate to pay the PBC's principal and interest maturities on its bonds payable. Future payments due from the City are reflected below:

Year	PBC Bonds		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 1,245,000	\$ 273,950	\$ 1,518,950
2026	1,265,000	243,000	1,508,000
2027	1,300,000	211,200	1,511,200
2028	1,330,000	178,400	1,508,400
2029	1,355,000	144,775	1,499,775
2030 - 2034	5,840,000	300,495	6,140,495
Total	\$ 12,335,000	\$ 1,351,820	\$ 13,686,820

# City of Bel Aire, Kansas

## Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### **Pledged Revenues**

The City has pledged specific revenue streams to secure the repayment of certain outstanding debt issues. The following table lists those revenues, the amount and term of pledge remaining, the current year principal and interest on the debt, the amount of pledged revenue recognized during the current fiscal year, and approximate percentage of the revenue stream that has been committed. Annual principal and interest payments not funded by the pledged revenues noted below are budgeted and paid from the City's general tax revenues:

Issue	Revenue Pledged	Amount of Pledge	Term of Commitment	Percent of Revenue Pledged	Principal and Interest for 2024	Pledged Revenues Recognized in 2024
<b>Governmental Activities</b>						
2021A	Land sales for industrial use	\$ 11,555,825	Through 2034	100%	\$ 1,156,660	\$ --
2014A	City hall rent and pool operations	\$ 1,591,300	Through 2030	100%	\$ 265,700	\$ 42,947
2014B	Grey water sales	\$ 539,695	Through 2030	100%	\$ 106,984	\$ 55,960

#### **Conduit Debt**

From time to time, the City has sponsored the issuance of Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership for the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. The City, state nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. The total amount outstanding at December 31, 2024 was \$89,862,158.

#### **Revolving Loans**

The City entered into a loan agreement with the Kansas Department of Health and Environment for a project to reroute certain waterlines and replace existing user meters. The maximum amount of the loan is not to exceed \$858,942. Principal and interest payments commenced August 1, 2014 at 2.16% interest. At December 31, 2024, the balance of this loan was \$442,013.

The City entered into a loan agreement with the Kansas Department of Health and Environment for a project to provide for various improvements to the sanitary sewer system including manhole rehabilitation, replacement of several sewer lines, upgrade to wastewater pumping station and SCADA system. The maximum amount of the loan is not to exceed \$535,980. Principal and interest payments commenced September 1, 2014 at 2.12% interest. At December 31, 2024, the balance of this loan was \$271,375.

# City of Bel Aire, Kansas

## Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Annual debt service requirements as of December 31, 2024 are as follows:

Year	Business-type Activities			
	Water Fund		Sewer Fund	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2025	\$ 43,545	\$ 8,022	\$ 27,169	\$ 5,162
2026	44,491	7,229	27,748	4,651
2027	45,457	6,419	28,339	4,129
2028	46,444	5,592	28,943	3,596
2029	47,452	4,747	29,560	3,052
2030 - 2034	214,624	10,401	129,616	6,685
Total	<u>\$ 442,013</u>	<u>\$ 42,410</u>	<u>\$ 271,375</u>	<u>\$ 27,275</u>

#### Rail Loan

The City entered into a loan agreement with the Kansas Department of Transportation for a project to build a railroad spur in the Sunflower Commerce Park. The maximum amount of the loan is not to exceed \$421,358. Payments commence upon the completion of the railroad spur at 2% interest. At December 31, 2024, the balance of this loan was \$31,017. Annual debt service requirements as of December 31, 2024 are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 31,017	\$ 231	\$ 31,248
Total	<u>\$ 31,017</u>	<u>\$ 231</u>	<u>\$ 31,248</u>

### D. Interfund Transfers

A summary of interfund transfers by fund type for the year ended December 31, 2024 is as follows:

Transfer from:	Transfer to:				
	Capital Improvements	Equipment Reserve	Bond and Interest	PBC	Special Street and Highway
General	\$ 415,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 779,421	\$ 1,475,653	\$ 995,000
Solid Waste	--	--	--	--	200,000
Water	--	150,000	156,141	--	--
Sewer	--	150,000	173,989	--	--
Total	<u>\$ 415,000</u>	<u>\$ 400,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,109,551</u>	<u>\$ 1,475,653</u>	<u>\$ 1,195,000</u>

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that a statute or the budget requires to collect them to the fund that a statute or the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the Bond and Interest Fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Any transfers within the Governmental Funds have been eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Activities.

# City of Bel Aire, Kansas

## Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Additionally, the Capital Projects Fund constructed assets in the amount of \$720,958 and \$526,198 to the Water and Sewer Funds, respectively. This activity is shown as an expenditure from the Capital Projects Fund and capital contribution revenue to the Water and Sewer Funds, in the fund financial statements. However, this activity is shown within transfers in the government-wide financial statements.

#### E. Fund Balances

A summary of the components of Governmental Fund balance, by purpose, is as follows:

	General	Bond and Interest	Capital Projects	Public Building Commission	Land Bank	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable	\$ 122,788	\$ --	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 480,373	\$ --	\$ 603,161
Restricted for:							
Bond and Interest	--	719,290	--	--	--	--	719,290
Land Bank	--	--	--	--	6,205,593	--	6,205,593
Capital projects	--	--	11,462,282	--	--	344,632	11,806,914
Public Building Commission	--	--	--	9,389	--	--	9,389
Drug forfeiture	--	--	--	--	--	3,653	3,653
Assigned to:							
Capital projects	--	--	--	--	--	2,716,816	2,716,816
Equipment Reserve	--	--	--	--	--	985,894	985,894
Unassigned	3,842,044	--	--	--	--	--	3,842,044
Total fund balance	\$ 3,964,832	\$ 719,290	\$ 11,462,282	\$ 9,389	\$ 6,685,966	\$ 4,050,995	\$ 26,892,754

### IV. OTHER INFORMATION

#### A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss from torts: theft, damage to and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; and employee health, dental and accident benefits. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the four preceding years.

#### B. Contingent Liabilities

Various legal actions and claims against the City are currently pending. The ultimate liability that might result from their resolution is not presently determinable; however, in the opinion of management and counsel, the probability of material aggregate liabilities resulting from these claims is remote.

# City of Bel Aire, Kansas

## Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

### IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### C. Construction Commitments

The City had outstanding construction commitments for various capital projects and improvements at December 31, 2024 as follows:

Project	Project Costs to Date	Approved Project Amount
Woodlawn Construction	\$ 1,422,458	\$ 1,791,908
Skyview 2nd Phase 2	256,596	1,446,000
Chapel Landing Phase 1	785,690	1,522,000
53rd Street Reconstruction	575,923	2,750,000
BA Lakes	220,551	3,616,000
Authur Heights	156,525	601,000
Aurora Park Phase 1	198,505	677,000
SCP 3rd	2,484,049	3,600,000
Street Improvement Discovery & Design	739,241	1,000,000
Public Works Building	236,602	5,916,188
	<u>\$ 7,076,140</u>	<u>\$ 22,920,096</u>

#### D. Commitments to Chisholm Creek Utility Authority

The City's Service Agreement with Chisholm Creek Utility Authority (Authority) requires the City to pay for minimum amounts of water and treated wastewater, whether such water is actually received by the City or whether such wastewater is actually accepted by the Authority and treated.

The Service Agreement also requires the City to maintain and collect rates and charges for service sufficient to a) pay its share of the expenses of the Authority, b) pay its share of the Authority's debt service payments, c) enable the City to have in each fiscal year a coverage ratio, as defined by the agreement, of not less than 1.25 on all debt service requirements and of not less than 1.10 on any additional indebtedness, as defined by the agreement, and d) provide reasonable and adequate reserves for the payment of additional indebtedness.

The City's obligations under the Service Agreement are several; no member of the Authority is responsible for payment obligations of any other member of the Authority.

Similarly, as required by the bond covenants relating to bonds issued by the Authority, the rates charged by each city participating in the Authority to its residents and businesses should result in the funds necessary for the cities to pay for all the water and wastewater costs of the Authority in addition to all debt service payments. Provisions of the revenue bond rate covenant were complied with for 2024.

## City of Bel Aire, Kansas

### Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

#### IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

At year-end, the Authority had revenue bonds and a land contract outstanding in the principal and interest amount of \$18,672,890. The debt is more fully described in the audited financial statements of the Authority. Debt administration is handled by the Bank of New York and Security Bank of Kansas City, excluding the land contract.

During 2009, a temporary financing agreement was approved by the City for the Authority to make certain capital improvements to the wastewater treatment facilities. The improvements were approved up to \$3,918,306, of which the City of Bel Aire is liable for \$1,322,934. The temporary financing by the City will be repaid through the issuance of revenue bonds by the Authority. The payment of the revenue bonds will be through monthly payments by the cities to the Authority from revenues in utility funds.

Bel Aire's scheduled share of payments due to the Authority for currently issued revenue bonds and interest as of December 31, 2024 are as follows:

Year	Interest and Principal
2025	\$ 2,064,532
2026	2,022,876
2027	2,011,744
2028	2,012,612
2029	2,019,326
2030 and thereafter	8,541,800
Total	<u>\$ 18,672,890</u>

The above payments are recognized as expenses incurred for water and sewer operations. Funding is to be provided by user charges.

#### E. Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

##### Defined Benefit Plans

##### General Information about the Pension Plan

*Plan Description.* The City participates in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS) and the Kansas Police and Firemen's Retirement System (KP&F). Both are part of a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by K.S.A. 74-4901, et. seq. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. KPERS' financial statements are included in its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be found on the KPERS website at <http://www.kpers.org> or by writing to KPERS (611 South Kansas, Suite 100, Topeka, KS 66603) or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

*Benefits Provided.* KPERS and KP&F provide retirement benefits, life insurance, disability income benefits, and death benefits. Benefits are established by statute and may only be changed by the Legislature. Members (except Police and Firemen) with 10 or more years of credited service, may retire as early as age 55 (Police and Firemen may be age 50 with 20 years of credited service), with an actuarially reduced monthly benefit. Normal retirement is at age 65, age 62 with 10 years of credited



## City of Bel Aire, Kansas

### Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

#### IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

service, or whenever an employee's combined age and years of credited service equal 85 "points" (Police and Firemen's normal retirement ages are age 60 with 15 years of credited service, age 55 with 20 years, age 50 with 25 years, or any age with 36 years of service).

Monthly retirement benefits are based on a statutory formula that includes final average salary and years of service. When ending employment, member employees may withdraw their contributions from their individual accounts, including interest. Member employees who withdraw their accumulated contributions lose all rights and privileges of membership. For all pension coverage groups, the accumulated contributions and interest are deposited into and disbursed from the membership accumulated reserve fund as established by K.S.A. 74-4922.

Member employees choose one of seven payment options for their monthly retirement benefits. At retirement a member employee may receive a lump-sum payment of up to 50% of the actuarial present value of the member employee's lifetime benefit. His or her monthly retirement benefit is then permanently reduced based on the amount of the lump-sum. Benefit increases, including ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases, must be passed into law by the Kansas Legislature. Benefit increases are under the authority of the Legislature and the Governor of the State of Kansas.

The 2012 Legislature made changes affecting new hires, current member employees and employers. A new KPERS 3 cash balance retirement plan for new hires starting January 1, 2015, was created. Normal retirement age for KPERS 3 is 65 with 5 years of service or 60 with 30 years of service. Early retirement is available at age 55 with 10 years of service, with a reduced benefit. Monthly benefit options are an annuity benefit based on the account balance at retirement.

For all pension coverage groups, the retirement benefits are disbursed from the retirement benefit payment reserve fund as established by K.S.A. 74-4922.

*Contributions.* K.S.A. 74-4919 and K.S.A. 74-49,210 establish the KPERS member-employee contributions rates. KPERS has multiple benefit structures and contribution rates depending on whether the employee is a KPERS 1, KPERS 2 or KPERS 3 member. KPERS 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July 1, 2009. KPERS 2 members were first employed in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009, and KPERS 3 members were first employed in a covered position on or after January 1, 2015. Effective January 1, 2015, Kansas law established the KPERS member-employee contribution rate at 6% of covered salary for KPERS 1, KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 members. K.S.A. 74-4975 establishes the Police and Firemen Retirement System (KP&F) member-employee contribution rate at 7.15% of covered salary. Member contributions are withheld by their employer and paid to KPERS according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

State law provides that the employer contribution rates for KPERS 1, KPERS 2, KPERS 3 and KP&F be determined based on the results of each annual actuarial valuation. KPERS is funded on an actuarial reserve basis. Kansas law sets a limitation on annual increases in the employer contribution rates. The actuarially determined employer contribution rate (not including the 1% contribution rate for the Death and Disability Program) and the statutory contribution rate was 9.26% for KPERS and 23.10% for KP&F for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024.

Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$180,309 for KPERS and \$198,200 for KP&F for the year ended December 31, 2024.

# City of Bel Aire, Kansas

## Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

### IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Although KPERS administers one cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, separate (sub) actuarial valuations are prepared to determine the actuarial determined contribution rate by group. Following this method, the measurement of the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense are determined separately for each group of the plan. The City participates in the local (KPERS) group and the Police and Firemen (KP&F) group.

At December 31, 2024, the City reported a liability of \$2,191,844 for KPERS and \$915,504 for KP&F for its proportionate share of the KPERS' collective net pension liability. The collective net pension liability was measured by KPERS as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the collective net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2023 which was rolled forward to June 30, 2024. The City's proportion of the collective net pension liability was based on the ratio of the City's actual contributions to KPERS and KP&F, relative to the total employer and nonemployer contributions of the KPERS and KP&F for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The contributions used exclude contributions made for prior service, excess benefits and irregular payments. At June 30, 2024, the City's proportion and change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2024 were as follows:

<u>Net pension liability as of December 31, 2024</u>					<u>Change in proportion from June 30, 2023</u>
	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Business-Type Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Proportion as of June 30, 2024</u>	
KPERS (local)	\$ 1,843,121	\$ 348,723	\$ 2,191,844	0.103%	-0.015%
KP&F	915,504	-	915,504	0.057%	0.057%
	<u>\$ 2,758,625</u>	<u>\$ 348,723</u>	<u>\$ 3,107,348</u>		

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$366,450 for KPERS and \$306,704 for KP&F. At December 31, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>		<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	
	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Business - Type Activities</u>	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Business - Type Activities</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 303,347	\$ 42,420	\$ -	\$ -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	15,655	2,136	--	--
Changes in proportionate share	650,521	15,019	178,998	33,867
Changes in assumptions	160,168	21,078	--	--
City contributions subsequent to measurement date	178,486	14,171	--	--
Total	<u>\$ 1,308,177</u>	<u>\$ 94,824</u>	<u>\$ 178,998</u>	<u>\$ 33,867</u>

# City of Bel Aire, Kansas

## Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

### IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

The \$192,657 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ended December 31, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as increases (decreases) to pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	<b>Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources</b>	
	<b>Governmental Activities</b>	<b>Business-Type Activities</b>
2025	\$ 278,102	\$ 17,456
2026	401,462	34,061
2027	163,190	115
2028	107,939	(4,846)
	<u>\$ 950,693</u>	<u>\$ 46,786</u>

*Actuarial Assumptions.* The total pension liability for KPERS in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Price inflation	2.75%
Wage inflation	3.50%
Salary increases, including wage increases	3.50% to 15.50%, including inflation
Long-term rate of return, net of investment expense, and including price inflation	7.00%

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Mortality Tables, with age setbacks and age set forwards as well as other adjustments based on different membership groups. Future mortality improvements are anticipated using Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2023, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted for the four-year period beginning January 1, 2019. The experience study is dated January 29, 2024.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of

## City of Bel Aire, Kansas

### Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

#### IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

return for each major asset class as of the most recent experience study dated January 29, 2024, a provided by KPERS' investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Non-US equities	43%	8.20%
Fixed income	13%	2.20%
Yield driven	12%	5.30%
Infrastructure	3%	6.80%
Real estate	15%	5.70%
Alternatives	11%	12.00%
Short-term investments	3%	0.30%
	100%	

Actuarial assumption changes from the prior valuation for KPERS include:

- Mortality rates were changed from being based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables, with age setbacks and age set forwards as well as other adjustments based on different groups using future mortality improvements from Scale MP-2016 to being based on PUB 2010 Mortality Tables, with age setbacks and age set forwards based on different membership groups using future mortality improvements from Scale MP-2021.
- Retirement rates for the C60 group were adjusted to partially reflect observed experience.
- Disability rates were reduced.
- The probability of KPERS 1 members leaving their contributions with KPERS was modified to better reflect observed experience.
- Factors for the State and Local groups that are used to anticipate higher liabilities due to higher final average salary at retirement for pre-1993 hires were modified to better reflect actual experience.
- The administrative expense component of the actuarial required contribution rate was increased from 0.18% to 0.23%.
- Merit salary increase assumption was increased for School and Local Groups.

Actuarial assumption changes from the prior valuation for KP&F include:

- Mortality rates were changed from being based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables, with age setbacks and age set forwards as well as other adjustments based on different groups using future mortality improvements from Scale MP-2016 to being based on PUB 2010 Mortality Tables, with age setbacks and age set forwards based on different membership groups using future mortality improvements from Scale MP-2021.
- Retirement rates were adjusted to partially reflected observed experience.
- Disability rates were reduced.
- Termination rates were increased.
- The administrative expense component of the actuarial required contribution rate was increased from 0.18% to 0.23%.
- Merit salary increase assumption was increased.

## City of Bel Aire, Kansas

### Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

#### IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

**Discount Rate.** The discount rate used by KPERS to measure the total pension liability at June 30, 2024 was 7.00%, which was unchanged from the prior year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the contractually required rate. The local employers do not necessarily contribute the full actuarial determined rate. Based on legislation passed in 1993, the employer contribution rates certified by the KPERS' Board of Trustees for this group may not increase by more than the statutory cap. The statutory cap for the state fiscal year 2024 was 1.2%. The local employers are currently contributing the full actuarial contribution rate. Employers contribute the full actuarial determined rate for KP&F. The expected employer actuarial contribution rate was modeled for future years, assuming all actuarial assumptions are met in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

**Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate.** The following presents the City's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0%) than the current rate:

	<b>1% Decrease (6.0%)</b>	<b>Current Discount Rate (7.0%)</b>	<b>1% Increase (8.0%)</b>
City's KPERS proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,173,190	\$ 2,191,844	\$ 1,371,706
City's KP&F proportionate share of the net pension liability	<u>1,252,556</u>	<u>915,504</u>	<u>633,634</u>
	<u>\$ 4,425,746</u>	<u>\$ 3,107,348</u>	<u>\$ 2,005,340</u>

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position.** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KPERS financial report.

#### **Defined Contribution Plan 457 plan**

The City established a defined contribution plan for certain employees. The plan is administered by the ICMA Retirement Corporation, and any changes to the plan's provisions or the contribution requirements are determined by the governing body of the City. The contribution percentage is 7% and there is no match. The contributions by the City for 2024 were \$15,905.

## City of Bel Aire, Kansas

### Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

#### IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

##### F. Other Post Employment Benefits

###### **COBRA**

Under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA), the City makes health care benefits available to eligible former employees and eligible dependents. Certain requirements are outlined by the federal government for this coverage. The premium is paid in full by the insured. There is no cost to the City under this program.

###### **KPERS Death and Disability OPEB Plan**

*Plan Description.* The City participates in an agent multiple-employer defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan which is administered by KPERS. The plan provides long-term disability benefits and life insurance benefits for disabled KPERS members, as provided by K.S.A. 74-04927. The plan is administered through a trust held by KPERS that is funded to pay annual benefit payments. Because the trust's assets are used to pay employee benefits other than OPEB, no assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75. There is no stand-alone financial report for the plan.

###### *Benefits Provided:*

Benefits are established by statute and may be amended by the KPERS Board of Trustees. The plan provides long-term disability benefits equal to 60% (prior to January 1, 2006, 66 2/3%) of annual compensation, offset by other benefits. Members receiving long-term disability benefits also receive credit towards their KPERS retirement benefits and have their group life insurance coverage continued under the waiver premium provision.

**Long-term Disability Benefit:** Monthly benefit is 60% of the member's monthly compensation, with a minimum of \$100 and maximum of \$5,000. The monthly benefit is subject to reduction by deductible sources of income, which include Social Security primary disability or retirement benefits, worker's compensation benefits, other disability benefits from any other source by reason of employment, and earnings from any form of employment. If the disability begins before age 60, benefits are payable while disability continues until the member's 65<sup>th</sup> birthday or retirement date, whichever occurs first. If the disability occurs after age 60, benefits are payable while disability continues, for a period of 5 years or until the member retires, whichever occurs first. Benefit payments for disabilities caused or contributed to by substance abuse or non-biologically based mental illnesses are limited to the term of the disability or 24 months per lifetime, whichever is less. There are no automatic cost-of-living increase provisions. KPERS has the authority to implement an ad hoc cost-of living increase.

**Group Life Waiver of Premium Benefit:** Upon the death of an employee who is receiving monthly disability benefits, the plan will pay a lump-sum benefit to eligible beneficiaries. The benefit amount will be 150% of the greater of the member's annual rate of compensation at the time of disability or the member's previous 12 months of compensation at the time of the last date on payroll. If the member has been disabled for 5 or more years, the annual compensation or salary rate at the time of death will be indexed using the consumer price before the life insurance benefit is computed. The indexing is based on the consumer price index, less one percentage point, to compute the death benefit. If a

# City of Bel Aire, Kansas

## Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

### IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

member is diagnosed as terminally ill with a life expectancy of 12 months or less, the member may be eligible to receive up to 100% of the death benefit rather than having the benefit paid to the beneficiary. If a member retires or disability benefits end, the member may convert the group life insurance coverage to an individual life insurance policy.

*Employees Covered by Benefit Terms.* At December 31, 2024, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employee or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	0
Active employees	27
	<u>27</u>

#### Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$26,690 was measured as of June 30, 2024 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2023, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2024.

*Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs.* The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all period included in the measurement, unless otherwise noted:

Price inflation	2.75%
Payroll growth	3.00%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50 to 10.30%, including price inflation
Discount rate	3.93%
Healthcare cost trend rates	Not applicable for the coverage in this plan
Retiree share of benefit cost	Not applicable for the coverage in this plan

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Index.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality tables, as appropriate, with adjustment for mortality improvements based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2024 valuation were based on an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2019. Other demographic assumptions are set to be consistent with the actuarial assumptions reflected in the December 31, 2023 KPERS pension valuation.

#### Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	<b>Total OPEB Liability</b>
<b>Balance at fiscal year-end 12/31/23</b>	<u>\$ 39,497</u>
<b>Changes for the year:</b>	
Service cost	6,310
Interest	1,672
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(20,984)
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	195
<b>Net changes</b>	<u>(12,807)</u>
<b>Balance at fiscal year-end 12/31/24</b>	<u>\$ 26,690</u>

# City of Bel Aire, Kansas

## Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

### IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

*Changes of Assumptions.* Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period and demographic assumption updates based on the most recent KPERS experience study. The discount rate increased from 3.65% on June 30, 2023 to 3.93% on June 30, 2024.

*Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate.* The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.93%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.93%) than the current discount rate:

		<b>1% Decrease (2.93%)</b>	<b>Current Discount Rate (3.93%)</b>	<b>1% Increase (4.93%)</b>
Total OPEB liability	\$	28,093	\$ 26,690	\$ 25,245

*Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates.* The healthcare trend rates do not affect the liabilities related to the long-term disability benefits sponsored by KPERS. Therefore, there is no sensitivity to a change in healthcare trend rates.

#### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$4,648. At December 31, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 94,692	\$ 154,856
Changes in assumptions	11,239	11,918
Total	<u>\$ 105,931</u>	<u>\$ 166,774</u>



# City of Bel Aire, Kansas

## Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

### IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

There were no benefit payments made subsequent to the measurement date to be recognized as a reduction in the total OPEB liability for the year ended December 31, 2024. The remaining amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

		Deferred (Inflows) & Outflows of Resources
<b>Year ended December 31:</b>		
2025	\$	(3,334)
2026		(3,264)
2027		(2,936)
2028		(2,218)
2029		(3,257)
Thereafter		(45,834)
	\$	<u>(60,843)</u>

#### G. Concentrations

The City buys all of its wastewater services from the Chisholm Creek Utility Authority. All water purchases are made from the Chisholm Creek Utility Authority and the City of Wichita.

#### H. Tax Abatements

The City follows GASB Statement No. 77 *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, which enhances comparability of financial statements among governments by establishing disclosures about the nature and magnitude of tax abatements enabling users to understand 1) how tax abatements affect a government's future ability to raise resources and meet its financial obligations and 2) the impact those abatements have on a government's financial position and economic condition.

GASB 77 defines a tax abatement as a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the citizens of those governments.

The City enters into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses under the state Economic Development Opportunity Act of 2006. Under the Act, localities may grant property tax abatements of a maximum of ten years at up to 100% of a business' property tax bill for the purpose of attracting or retaining businesses within their jurisdictions. The abatements may be granted to any business located within or promising to relocate to the City. See further information regarding IRB's, including the amount outstanding at December 31, 2024, at Footnote III.C. - Conduit Debt.

The County Appraiser determines the full value of the property, noting the value that has been exempted through the program. The County Treasurer computes the taxes due on the appraised value only on the taxable portion of the property. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, all of the buildings associated with tax abatements were still under construction; therefore, the City abated property taxes

## City of Bel Aire, Kansas

### Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

#### IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

totaling \$366,024 under this program. These agreements also include performance measurements that the business must achieve. If the performance measurements are not met, the tax abatement will be removed, and the business will have to pay their full property taxes.

##### I. Pending Governmental Accounting Standards

The effect on the City's financial statements of the following statements issued, but not yet adopted, has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*, will improve financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with essential information that currently is not often provided. The disclosures will provide users with timely information regarding certain concentrations or constraints and related events that have occurred or have begun to occur that make a government vulnerable to a substantial impact. As a result, users will have better information with which to understand and anticipate certain risks to a government's financial condition. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the City's fiscal year ending December 31, 2025.

GASB Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*, improves five key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability:

- 1) Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) - This statement requires that information presented in MD&A be limited to related topics discussed in five sections: a) Overview of Financial Statements, b) Financial Summary, c) Detailed Analyses, d) Significant Capital Asset and Long-Term Financing Activity and e) Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions. MD&A should also explain why balances and results of operations changed and avoid unnecessary duplication by not repeating explanations that may be relevant to multiple sections. MD&A should continue to distinguish between the primary government and its discretely presented component units.
- 2) Unusual or Infrequent Items are described as transactions and other events that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. These items are required to be displayed separately as the last presented flow of resources prior to the net change in resource flows in government-wide, governmental fund, and proprietary fund statements of resource flows
- 3) Presentation of Proprietary Fund statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position should continue to distinguish between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses and provides additional guidance on determining nonoperating revenues and expenses. Additional subtotals are required to be presented to show a subtotal for "operating income (loss) and noncapital subsidies" prior to reporting other nonoperating revenues and expenses. Subsidies are defined within the statement.
- 4) Major Component Unit Information is required to be presented separately in the reporting entity's statement of net position and statement of activities if it does not reduce the readability of the statements. If readability is impacted, combining statements of major component units should be presented after the fund financial statements.

## City of Bel Aire, Kansas

### Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

#### IV. OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

5) Budgetary Comparison Information is required to be presented as required supplementary information (RSI) and variances between original and final budget amounts and variances between final and actual amounts are required to be presented. Explanation of significant difference must be presented in notes to the RSI.

The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the City's fiscal year ending December 31, 2026

The objective of GASB Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets* is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about certain types of capital assets. This statement requires certain types of capital assets to be disclosed separately in the capital assets note disclosures required by Statement 34. Lease assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 87 and intangible right-to-use assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 94 should be disclosed separately by major class of underlying asset in the capital asset note disclosures. Subscription assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 96 should also be separately disclosed. Other intangible assets other than those three types should be disclosed separately by major class. This Statement also required additional disclosures for capital assets held for sale and requires governments be evaluated each reporting period to ensure it meets the criteria that the sale will be probable within one year of the financial statement date. Governments should disclose the ending balance of capital assets held for sale, with separate disclosure for historical cost and accumulated depreciation by major asset class and the carrying amount of debt for which the capital assets held for sales are pledged as collateral for each major asset class. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the City's fiscal year ending December 31, 2026.

#### J. Subsequent Events

On March 25, 2025, the Chisholm Creek Utility Authority issued Series 2025 Water and Wastewater Facility Revenue Bonds totaling \$22,750,000 with a stated interest rate of 5.00% which provided funding to construct improvements to the existing wastewater treatment plant. This bond will require a similar commitment from the City as discussed in footnote IV. D.

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## **City of Bel Aire, Kansas**

### **Notes to Required Supplementary Information**

December 31, 2024

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

For the City, this information includes:

- A budgetary Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis - General Fund
- A budgetary Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis - Land Bank Fund
- Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability Kansas Public Employee Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years
- Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Schedule of City's Contributions Kansas Public Employees Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years
- Other Post Employment Plans - Schedule of Changes in the City's Death & Disability Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Eight Fiscal Years

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

The City utilizes encumbrances for budgetary reporting purposes. Encumbrances relating to certain contractual agreements, supplies and equipment that have been ordered but not received are reported in the year the commitment arises for budgetary reporting purposes. However, for financial reporting purposes, the goods or services are reported when they are received. Also see Note II to the financial statements for additional budgetary information.

**City of Bel Aire, Kansas**  
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in  
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis  
General Fund  
Year ended December 31, 2024

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>		<b>Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis</b>	<b>Variance with Final Budget Over/ (Under)</b>
	<b>Original</b>	<b>Final</b>		
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Taxes and shared revenue:				
Ad valorem tax	\$ 4,370,478	\$ 4,370,478	\$ 4,313,394	\$ (57,084)
Delinquent tax	20,000	20,000	52,344	32,344
Motor vehicle tax	465,734	465,734	516,302	50,568
Sales tax	1,904,949	1,904,949	2,021,660	116,711
Franchise tax	924,699	924,699	818,046	(106,653)
Court fines	155,800	155,800	142,181	(13,619)
Licenses, permits and fees	624,334	624,334	469,376	(154,958)
Recreation fees	114,500	114,500	160,346	45,846
Rents and note collections	36,000	36,000	36,241	241
Intergovernmental	71,232	71,232	124,883	53,651
Interest	60,000	60,000	117,472	57,472
Other	57,588	57,588	568,990	511,402
Total revenues	8,805,314	8,805,314	9,341,235	535,921
<b>Expenditures:</b>				
City Administration:				
Personnel services	1,232,643	1,232,643	1,092,831	(139,812)
Contractual services	110,293	110,293	548,656	438,363
Commodities	133,600	133,600	126,361	(7,239)
Capital outlay	10,000	10,000	-	(10,000)
Community Development:				
Contractual services	202,200	202,200	200,097	(2,103)
Commodities	22,800	22,800	27,283	4,483
Capital outlay	40,000	40,000	-	(40,000)
Law and Municipal Court:				
Personnel services	100,223	100,223	95,171	(5,052)
Contractual services	63,716	63,716	60,018	(3,698)
Commodities	7,200	7,200	6,037	(1,163)
Parks and Grounds:				
Personnel services	145,441	145,441	163,675	18,234
Contractual services	29,479	29,479	25,553	(3,926)
Commodities	55,800	55,800	57,998	2,198
Capital outlay	150,000	150,000	95,251	(54,749)
Police:				
Personnel services	1,528,934	1,528,934	1,429,096	(99,838)
Contractual services	153,100	153,100	164,865	11,765
Commodities	137,900	137,900	127,398	(10,502)
Capital outlay	30,000	30,000	-	(30,000)
Recreation:				
Personnel services	321,742	321,742	330,879	9,137
Contractual services	63,478	63,478	86,039	22,561
Commodities	48,500	48,500	52,029	3,529

**City of Bel Aire, Kansas**  
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in  
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis  
General Fund  
Year ended December 31, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget Over/ (Under)
	Original	Final		
Senior Center:				
Personnel services	18,000	18,000	17,811	(189)
Contractual services	5,811	5,811	7,067	1,256
Commodities	1,550	1,550	3,187	1,637
Central Park Pool:				
Personnel services	27,632	27,632	32,070	4,438
Contractual services	10,900	10,900	12,189	1,289
Commodities	14,000	14,000	14,877	877
Economic Development:				
Personnel services	411,452	411,452	383,139	(28,313)
Contractual services	44,200	44,200	65,032	20,832
Commodities	25,900	25,900	18,029	(7,871)
Nondepartmental:				
Contractual services	-	-	-	-
Commodities	-	-	29,329	29,329
Use of cash carryforward	114,414	114,414	-	(114,414)
Transfer out	3,765,074	3,765,074	3,765,074	-
Land project	93,000	93,000	81,941	(11,059)
Total expenditures	9,118,982	9,118,982	9,118,982	-
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (313,668)</u>	<u>\$ (313,668)</u>	222,253	<u>\$ 535,921</u>
<b>Fund balance, beginning of year</b>			<u>3,157,119</u>	
<b>Fund balance, end of year</b>			<u><u>\$ 3,379,372</u></u>	
Explanation of difference between budgetary and GAAP fund balance:				
Accrued revenues			<u>585,551</u>	
GAAP fund balance at end of year			<u><u>\$ 3,964,923</u></u>	

**City of Bel Aire, Kansas**  
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in  
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis  
Land Bank Fund  
Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Final Budget Over/ (Under)
	Original	Final		
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Interest	\$ 125,000	\$ 125,000	\$ 293,367	\$ 168,367
Total revenues	125,000	125,000	293,367	168,367
<b>Expenditures:</b>				
Land bank subjected to budget:				
Special assessments	5,000	5,000	720	(4,280)
Total expenditures	5,000	5,000	720	(4,280)
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ 120,000</u>	<u>\$ 120,000</u>	292,647	<u>\$ 172,647</u>
<b>Fund balance, beginning of year</b>			<u>5,912,946</u>	
<b>Fund balance, end of year</b>			<u>\$ 6,205,593</u>	
Explanation of difference between budgetary and GAAP fund balance:				
Property held for resale			<u>480,373</u>	
GAAP fund balance at end of year			<u>\$ 6,685,966</u>	



**City of Bel Aire, Kansas**  
**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**  
**December 31, 2024**

Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
pension liability										
KPERS (local group)	0.103%	0.118%	0.121%	0.106%	0.104%	0.098%	0.096%	0.090%	0.087%	0.076%
KP&F (police & firemen)*	0.057%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,107,348	\$ 2,469,631	\$ 2,409,535	\$ 1,273,936	\$ 1,799,776	\$ 1,369,673	\$ 1,331,099	\$ 1,298,316	\$ 1,353,388	\$ 1,002,884
City's covered payroll^	\$ 2,821,515	\$ 2,567,023	\$ 2,438,123	\$ 2,065,726	\$ 1,932,044	\$ 1,786,806	\$ 1,594,160	\$ 1,477,171	\$ 1,450,432	\$ 1,257,280
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	110%	96%	99%	62%	93%	77%	83%	88%	93%	80%
percentage of the total pension	72.75%	70.70%	69.75%	76.40%	66.30%	69.88%	68.88%	67.12%	65.10%	64.95%

^ Covered payroll is measured as of the measurement date ending June 30.

\* The City started participating in the KP&F Plan January 1, 2024 therefore prior year change in proportion is not applicable

**City of Bel Aire, Kansas**  
**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**  
December 31, 2024

Schedule of City's Contributions  
Kansas Public Employees Retirement System  
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 378,509	\$ 224,749	\$ 221,292	\$ 197,781	\$ 168,081	\$ 166,245	\$ 145,716	\$ 133,898	\$ 132,313	\$ 130,342
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(378,509)	(224,749)	(221,292)	(197,781)	(168,081)	(166,245)	(145,716)	(133,898)	(132,313)	(130,342)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
City's covered payroll ^	\$ 2,915,432	\$ 2,672,804	\$ 2,496,991	\$ 2,240,888	\$ 1,998,715	\$ 1,870,020	\$ 1,736,656	\$ 1,569,560	\$ 1,337,466	\$ 1,374,918
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.98%	8.41%	8.86%	8.83%	8.41%	8.89%	8.39%	8.53%	9.89%	9.48%

GASB 68 requires presentation of ten years.

^ Covered payroll is measured as of the the fiscal year end December 31

## City of Bel Aire, Kansas

### Required Supplementary Information

December 31, 2024

*Changes in Benefit Terms for KPERS* Effective January 1, 2014, KPERS 1 member's employee contribution rate increased to 5% and then on January 1, 2015, increased to 6%, with an increase in benefit multiplier to 1.85% for future years of service. For KPERS 2 members retired after July 1, 2012, the cost of living adjustment (COLA) is eliminated, but members will receive a 1.85% multiplier for all years of service.

January 1, 2015, the KPERS 3 cash balance plan became effective. Members enrolled in this plan are ones first employed in a KPERS covered position on or after January 1, 2015, or KPERS 1 or KPERS 2 members who left employment before vesting and returned to employment on or after January 1, 2015. The retirement benefit is an annuity based on the account balance at retirement.

For the state fiscal year 2017, the KP&F group had a change in benefit terms. The Legislature changed the duty-related death benefit for KP&F members to the greater of 50% of Final Average Salary and member's accrued retirement benefit under the 100% joint and survivor option, payable to the member's spouse. Including any benefits that may be due to child beneficiaries, the total monthly benefits may not exceed 90% of the member's Final Average Salary. Prior to this bill, the duty-related spousal death benefit for KP&F member was 50% of the Final Average Salary, and the maximum available to the family was 75% of the member's Final Average Salary.

For the state fiscal year 2017, the Legislature changed the working after retirement rules for members who retire on or after January 1, 2018. The key changes to the working after retirement rules were to lengthen the waiting period for KPERS members to return to work from 60 days to 180 days for members who retire before attaining age 62, remove the earnings limitation for all retirees and establish a single-employer contribution schedule for all retirees.

For the state fiscal year 2021, the Legislature provided an increased benefit for disabled members who pass away prior to retirement if the disability was service-connected. The monthly benefit is equal to 50% of the member's final average salary at disability plus 10% for each dependent child up to a maximum of 75% or the retirement benefit the member would have received if the member had retired on the date of death if there are no dependent children.

For the state fiscal year 2023, the Legislature expanded the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) in KP&F to all employers as of April 27, 2023. Prior to this change, only members employed by the Kansas Highway Patrol and Kansas Bureau of Investigation were eligible.

For the state fiscal year 2024, the Legislature passed House Bill 2711 that included the following changes to the provisions and funding of KPERS:

- The lump sum retiree death benefit was increased from \$4,000 to \$6,000. The employer contribution rates for Local employers for CY 2025 were increased to reflect the additional contribution required to fund this benefit improvement.
- The employer contribution threshold for the 30% Working After Retirement (WAR) rate increased from \$25,000 to \$40,000, the earnings limit for KP&F retirees increased from \$25,000 to \$40,000, and an exemption from employer contributions was created for nurses and direct support workers at Community Development Disability Organizations (CDDOs). These changes had no impact on the valuation because specific assumptions for these occurrences are not used in the valuation.
- HB 2711 also increased the alternative investment cap from 15% to 25% and requires KPERS to divest all publicly traded securities held in funds by countries of concern, as defined by the

## City of Bel Aire, Kansas

### Required Supplementary Information

December 31, 2024

bill. These changes had no impact on the valuation, because they are not expected to materially affect the asset allocation.

*Changes in Assumptions for KPERS.* As a result of the experience study completed in November 2016, there were several changes made to the actuarial assumptions and methods since the prior valuation. The changes that impact all groups were effective December 31, 2016 and include:

- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.75%.
- The investment return assumption was lowered from 8.00% to 7.75%.
- The general wage growth assumption was lowered from 4.00% to 3.50%.
- The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 4.00% to 3.00%.

Changes from the November 2016 experience study that impacted individual groups are listed below:

#### KPERS:

- The post-retirement healthy mortality assumption was changed to the RP-2014 Mortality Table, with adjustments to better fit the observed experience for the various KPERS groups. The most recent mortality improvement scale, MP-2016, is used to anticipate future mortality improvements in the valuation process through the next experience study.
- The active member mortality assumption was modified to also be based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments.
- The retirement rates for the select period (when first eligible for unreduced benefits under Rule of 85) were increased, but all other retirement rates were decreased.
- Disability rates were decreased for all three groups.
- The termination of employment assumption was increased for all three groups.
- The interest crediting rate assumption for KPERS 3 members was lowered from 6.50% to 6.25%.

#### KP&F:

- The post-retirement healthy mortality assumption was changed to the RP-2014 Mortality Table with 1-year age set forward and the MP-2016, is used to anticipate future mortality improvements.
- The mortality assumption for disabled members was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Lives Table (generational using MP-2016) with a 1-year age set forward.
- The active member mortality assumption was modified to the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with a 1-year age set forward with a 90% scaling factor.
- The retirement rates for Tier 1 were lowered and the ultimate assumed retirement age was changed from 63 to 65 for Tier 2.
- The termination of employment rates for Tier 2 were increased to better match the observed experience.

As a result of the experience study completed in January 2020, there were several changes made to the actuarial assumptions and methods since the prior valuation. The changes that impact all groups were effective December 31, 2019 and include:

- The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- The general wage growth assumption was lowered from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.75%.

## City of Bel Aire, Kansas

### Required Supplementary Information

December 31, 2024

December 31, 2020 assumption changes included a decrease of the investment return assumption from 7.75% to 7.25%.

Changes from the January 2020 experience study that impacted individual groups are listed below:

#### KPERS:

- Retirement rates were adjusted to partially reflect observed experience.
- Termination rates were increased for most KPERS groups.
- Disability rates were reduced.
- Factors for the State group that are used to anticipate higher liabilities due to higher final average salary at retirement for pre-1993 hires were modified to better reflect actual experience.
- The administrative expense load for contributions rates was increased from 0.16% to 0.18%.

#### KP&F:

- Retirement rates were adjusted to partially reflect observed experience.
- Factors for the KP&F group that are used to anticipate higher liabilities due to higher final average salary at retirement for pre-1993 hires were modified to better reflect actual experience.
- The administrative expense load for contributions rates was increased from 0.16% to 0.18%.

December 31, 2021, assumption changes included the following:

For all groups, the investment rate of return assumption decreased from 7.25% to 7.00%.

#### KPERS:

- Interest crediting rate assumption for KPERS 3 members was lowered from 6.25% to 6.00%.
- Annuity interest rate assumption for KPERS 3 members was lowered from 5.75% to 5.00%.

December 31, 2023 assumption changes included the following:

#### KPERS:

- Mortality rates were changed from being based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables, with age setbacks and age set forwards as well as other adjustments based on different groups using future mortality improvements from Scale MP-2016 to being based on PUB 2010 Mortality Tables, with age setbacks and age set forwards based on different membership groups using future mortality improvements from Scale MP-2021.
- Retirement rates for the C60 group were adjusted to partially reflect observed experience.
- Disability rates were reduced.
- The probability of KPERS 1 members leaving their contributions with KPERS was modified to better reflect observed experience.
- Factors for the State and Local groups that are used to anticipate higher liabilities due to higher final average salary at retirement for pre-1993 hires were modified to better reflect actual experience.

## City of Bel Aire, Kansas

### Required Supplementary Information

December 31, 2024

- The administrative expense component of the actuarial required contribution rate was increased from 0.18% to 0.23%.
- Merit salary increase assumption was increased for School and Local Groups.

#### KP&F:

- Mortality rates were changed from being based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables, with age setbacks and age set forwards as well as other adjustments based on different groups using future mortality improvements from Scale MP-2016 to being based on PUB 2010 Mortality Tables, with age setbacks and age set forwards based on different membership groups using future mortality improvements from Scale MP-2021.
- Retirement rates were adjusted to partially reflected observed experience.
- Disability rates were reduced.
- Termination rates were increased.
- The administrative expense component of the actuarial required contribution rate was increased from 0.18% to 0.23%.
- Merit salary increase assumption was increased.

**City of Bel Aire, Kansas**  
**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**  
**December 31, 2024**

Schedule of Changes in the City's  
Death & Disability Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Last Eight Fiscal Years\*

Measurement Date	2024 June 30, 2024	2023 June 30, 2023	2022 June 30, 2022	2021 June 30, 2021	2020 June 30, 2020	2019 June 30, 2019	2018 June 30, 2018	2017 June 30, 2017
<b>Total OPEB liability</b>								
Service cost	\$ 6,310	\$ 5,924	\$ 8,764	\$ 8,277	\$ 6,988	\$ 6,349	\$ 6,313	\$ 6,051
Interest	1,672	1,539	5,086	4,444	1,860	3,007	3,627	3,515
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(20,984)	(5,244)	(179,541)	40,698	141,938	(11,096)	(5,304)	-
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	195	(256)	(15,878)	933	20,544	895	(778)	(2,030)
Benefit payments	-	-	(15,165)	(25,652)	(23,588)	(25,108)	(29,875)	(29,875)
<b>Net change in total OPEB liability</b>	<b>(12,807)</b>	<b>1,963</b>	<b>(196,734)</b>	<b>28,700</b>	<b>147,742</b>	<b>(25,953)</b>	<b>(26,017)</b>	<b>(22,339)</b>
<b>Total OPEB liability - beginning</b>	<b>39,497</b>	<b>37,534</b>	<b>234,268</b>	<b>205,568</b>	<b>57,826</b>	<b>83,779</b>	<b>109,796</b>	<b>132,135</b>
<b>Total OPEB liability - ending</b>	<b>\$ 26,690</b>	<b>\$ 39,497</b>	<b>\$ 37,534</b>	<b>\$ 234,268</b>	<b>\$ 205,568</b>	<b>\$ 57,826</b>	<b>\$ 83,779</b>	<b>\$ 109,796</b>
<b>Covered-employee payroll</b>	<b>\$ 2,376,766</b>	<b>\$ 2,567,023</b>	<b>\$ 2,438,123</b>	<b>\$ 2,065,726</b>	<b>\$ 1,932,044</b>	<b>\$ 1,786,806</b>	<b>\$ 1,594,160</b>	<b>\$ 1,477,171</b>
<b>Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll</b>	<b>1.12%</b>	<b>1.54%</b>	<b>1.54%</b>	<b>11.34%</b>	<b>10.64%</b>	<b>3.24%</b>	<b>5.26%</b>	<b>7.43%</b>

\* GASB 75 requires presentation of ten years. As of December 31, 2024, only eight years of information is available

There are no assets accumulated in the trust to pay related benefits.

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period:

- The discount rate increased from 2.85% on June 30, 2016 to 3.58% on June 30, 2017.
- The discount rate increased from 3.58% on June 30, 2017 to 3.87% on June 30, 2018.
- The discount rate decreased from 3.87% on June 30, 2018 to 3.50% on June 30, 2019.
- The discount rate decreased from 3.50% on June 30, 2019 to 2.21% on June 30, 2020.
- The discount rate decreased from 2.21% on June 30, 2020 to 2.16% on June 30, 2021.
- The discount rate decreased from 2.16% on June 30, 2021 to 3.54% on June 30, 2022.
- The discount rate increased from 3.54% on June 30, 2022 to 3.65% on June 30, 2023.
- The discount rate increased from 3.65% on June 30, 2023 to 3.93% on June 30, 2024.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



**City of Bel Aire, Kansas**  
Combining Balance Sheet  
Nonmajor Governmental Funds  
Year Ended December 31, 2024

	<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>				<u>Capital Project Funds</u>		<b>Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds</b>
	Special Street and Highway	Local Drug Forfeiture	State Drug Forfeiture	Federal Forfeiture	Capital Improvement	Equipment Reserve	
<b>Assets:</b>							
Cash, including investments	\$ 1,540,592	\$ 880	\$ 1,552	\$ 1,221	\$ 1,578,344	\$ 985,894	\$ 4,108,483
Receivables	8,817	-	-	-	-	-	8,817
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,549,409</u>	<u>\$ 880</u>	<u>\$ 1,552</u>	<u>\$ 1,221</u>	<u>\$ 1,578,344</u>	<u>\$ 985,894</u>	<u>\$ 4,117,300</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>							
Accounts and retainage payable	\$ 7,063	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 56,528	\$ -	\$ 63,591
Accrued liabilities	2,714	-	-	-	-	-	2,714
Unearned grant revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>9,777</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>56,528</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>66,305</u>
<b>Fund balance:</b>							
Restricted	344,632	880	1,552	1,221	-	-	348,285
Assigned	1,195,000	-	-	-	1,521,816	985,894	3,702,710
Total fund balance	<u>1,539,632</u>	<u>880</u>	<u>1,552</u>	<u>1,221</u>	<u>1,521,816</u>	<u>985,894</u>	<u>4,050,995</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	<u>\$ 1,549,409</u>	<u>\$ 880</u>	<u>\$ 1,552</u>	<u>\$ 1,221</u>	<u>\$ 1,578,344</u>	<u>\$ 985,894</u>	<u>\$ 4,117,300</u>

**City of Bel Aire, Kansas**  
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in  
Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>				<u>Capital Project Funds</u>		<b>Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds</b>
	Special Street and Highway	Local Drug Forfeiture	State Drug Forfeiture	Federal Forfeiture	Capital Improvement	Equipment Reserve	
<b>Revenues:</b>							
Taxes and shared revenues	\$ 359,301	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 359,301
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	-	-	633,227	-	633,227
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	109,661	15,724	125,385
Total revenues	359,301	-	-	-	742,888	15,724	1,117,913
<b>Expenditures:</b>							
Streets and highways	372,194	-	-	-	-	-	372,194
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	1,712,607	132,339	1,844,946
Total expenditures	372,194	-	-	-	1,712,607	132,339	2,217,140
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(12,893)	-	-	-	(969,719)	(116,615)	(1,099,227)
<b>Other financing sources (uses):</b>							
Transfers in	1,195,000	-	-	-	415,000	400,000	2,010,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,195,000	-	-	-	415,000	400,000	2,010,000
Net change in fund balance	1,182,107	-	-	-	(554,719)	283,385	910,773
<b>Fund balance, beginning of year</b>	357,525	880	1,552	1,221	2,076,535	702,509	3,140,222
<b>Fund balance, end of year</b>	<u>\$ 1,539,632</u>	<u>\$ 880</u>	<u>\$ 1,552</u>	<u>\$ 1,221</u>	<u>\$ 1,521,816</u>	<u>\$ 985,894</u>	<u>\$ 4,050,995</u>

**City of Bel Aire, Kansas**  
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in  
Fund Balance - Governmental Fund -Budget and Actual (Budget Basis)  
Bond and Interest Fund  
Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	Over/ (Under)
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Special assessments	\$ 2,343,475	\$ 2,343,475	\$ 2,445,115	\$ 101,640
Interest	20,000	20,000	50,172	30,172
Bond proceeds	189,200	189,200	-	(189,200)
Transfer in	1,109,551	1,109,551	1,109,551	-
Total revenues	3,662,226	3,662,226	3,604,838	(57,388)
<b>Expenditures:</b>				
Principal payments	2,415,000	2,415,000	2,460,183	45,183
Interest expense	1,321,830	1,321,830	1,115,608	(206,222)
Total expenditures	3,736,830	3,736,830	3,575,791	(161,039)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (74,604)	\$ (74,604)	29,047	\$ 103,651
<b>Fund balance, beginning of year</b>			690,243	
<b>Fund balance, end of year</b>			<u>\$ 719,290</u>	

**City of Bel Aire, Kansas**  
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in  
Fund Balance - Governmental Fund - Actual (Budget Basis)  
Capital Projects Fund  
Year Ended December 31, 2024

	<b>Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis</b>
<b>Revenues:</b>	
Bond proceeds	\$ 8,975,000
Bond premiums	480,816
Bond discount	(61,658)
Interest	251,043
Refunding proceeds	9,908,699
Intergovernmental revenue	2,358,113
Total revenues	<u>21,912,013</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>	
Cost of issuance	305,128
Rock Spring	5,147,578
Chapel Landing	47,202
Bristol Hollows	219
Skyview	33,844
Temporary note and bond principal	9,850,000
Temporary note and bond interest	585,972
Total expenditures	<u>15,969,943</u>
Net change in fund balance	5,942,070
<b>Fund balance, beginning of year</b>	<u>7,641,723</u>
<b>Fund balance, end of year</b>	<u><u>\$ 13,583,793</u></u>

**City of Bel Aire, Kansas**  
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in  
Fund Balance - Governmental Fund - Actual (Budget Basis)  
Public Building Commission  
Year Ended December 31, 2024

	<b>Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis</b>
<b>Revenues:</b>	
Industrial land sales	\$ 55,960
Transfer in	1,475,653
Total revenues	<u>1,531,613</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>	
Bond principal	1,225,000
Bond interest	305,087
Total expenditures	<u>1,530,087</u>
Net change in fund balance	1,526
<b>Fund balance, beginning of year</b>	<u>7,863</u>
<b>Fund balance, end of year</b>	<u><u>\$ 9,389</u></u>

# City of Bel Aire, Kansas

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Fund - Actual (Budget Basis) Special Street and Highway Fund Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget Over/ (Under)
	Original	Final		
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Taxes and Shared Revenue:				
State gas tax	\$ 224,580	\$ 224,580	\$ 249,929	\$ 25,349
County gas tax	98,920	98,920	109,372	10,452
Transfer in	1,195,000	1,195,000	1,195,000	-
Total revenues	1,518,500	1,518,500	1,554,301	35,801
<b>Expenditures:</b>				
Personnel services	107,645	107,645	107,097	(548)
Contractual services	129,914	129,914	173,888	43,974
Commodities	149,700	149,700	91,209	(58,491)
Capital outlay	1,100,000	1,100,000	-	(1,100,000)
Total expenditures	1,487,259	1,487,259	372,194	(1,115,065)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 31,241	\$ 31,241	1,182,107	\$ 1,150,866
<b>Fund balance, beginning of year</b>			357,525	
<b>Fund balance, end of year</b>			<u>\$ 1,539,632</u>	

**City of Bel Aire, Kansas**

Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

December 31, 2024

	Solid Waste	Stormwater	Total Nonmajor Enterprise
<b>Assets:</b>			
Cash, including investments	\$ 341,531	\$ 541,740	\$ 883,271
Accounts receivable	53,078	9,523	62,601
Total assets	394,609	551,263	945,872
<b>Liabilities:</b>			
Accounts payable	47,957	-	47,957
Total liabilities	47,957	-	47,957
<b>Net position:</b>			
Unrestricted	346,652	551,263	897,915
Total net position	\$ 346,652	\$ 551,263	\$ 897,915

# City of Bel Aire, Kansas

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Solid Waste	Stormwater	Total Nonmajor Enterprise
<b>Operating revenues:</b>			
Utility income	\$ 763,409	\$ 118,129	\$ 881,538
Total operating revenues	763,409	118,129	881,538
<b>Operating expenses:</b>			
Contractual services	558,614	68,329	626,943
Total operating expenses	558,614	68,329	626,943
Operating income (loss)	204,795	49,800	254,595
<b>Non-operating revenues (expenses):</b>			
Interest and other	-	15,975	15,975
Transfers out	(200,000)	-	(200,000)
Change in net position	4,795	65,775	70,570
<b>Net position, beginning of year</b>	341,857	485,488	827,345
<b>Net position, end of year</b>	\$ 346,652	\$ 551,263	\$ 897,915



**City of Bel Aire, Kansas**  
Combining Statement of Cash Flows  
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds  
Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Solid Waste	Stormwater	Total Nonmajor Enterprise
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>			
Cash received from customers	\$ 756,167	\$ 108,606	\$ 864,773
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(555,159)	(68,329)	(623,488)
Net cash flow from operating activities	201,008	40,277	241,285
<b>Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:</b>			
Transfers to other funds	(200,000)	-	(200,000)
Net cash flow from non-capital financing activities	(200,000)	-	(200,000)
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>			
Interest on investments	-	15,975	15,975
Net cash flow from investing activities	-	15,975	15,975
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,008	56,252	57,260
<b>Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year</b>	340,523	485,488	826,011
<b>Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year</b>	<u>\$ 341,531</u>	<u>\$ 541,740</u>	<u>\$ 883,271</u>
<b>Reconciliation of operating income to net cash flow from operating activities:</b>			
Operating income	\$ 204,795	\$ 49,800	\$ 254,595
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Change in accounts receivable	(7,242)	(9,523)	(16,765)
Change in accounts payable	3,455	-	3,455
Net cash flow from operating activities	<u>\$ 201,008</u>	<u>\$ 40,277</u>	<u>\$ 241,285</u>

**City of Bel Aire, Kansas**  
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in  
Fund Balance - Enterprise Funds - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis)  
Water Fund  
Year Ended December 31, 2024

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>		<b>Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis</b>	<b>Variance with Final Budget Over/ (Under)</b>
	<b>Original</b>	<b>Final</b>		
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Utility income	\$ 3,732,777	\$ 3,732,777	\$ 3,745,593	\$ 12,816
Interest income	50,000	50,000	88,156	38,156
Miscellaneous	10,000	10,000	38,748	28,748
Total revenues	<u>3,792,777</u>	<u>3,792,777</u>	<u>3,872,497</u>	<u>79,720</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>				
Personnel services	425,179	425,179	300,648	(124,531)
Contractual services	2,421,477	2,421,477	2,130,971	(290,506)
Commodities	627,300	627,300	801,328	174,028
Capital outlay	-	-	325,867	325,867
Debt service	51,715	51,715	51,715	-
Transfer out	831,141	831,141	306,141	(525,000)
Total expenditures	<u>4,356,812</u>	<u>4,356,812</u>	<u>3,916,670</u>	<u>(440,142)</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (564,035)</u>	<u>\$ (564,035)</u>	(44,173)	<u>\$ 519,862</u>
<b>Fund balance, beginning of year</b>			2,394,632	
<b>Fund balance, end of year</b>			<u>\$ 2,350,459</u>	

**City of Bel Aire, Kansas**  
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in  
Fund Balance - Enterprise Funds - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis)  
Sewer Fund  
Year Ended December 31, 2024

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>		<b>Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis</b>	<b>Variance with Final Budget Over/ (Under)</b>
	<b>Original</b>	<b>Final</b>		
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Utility income	\$ 3,049,688	\$ 3,049,688	\$ 3,368,629	\$ 318,941
Interest income	75,000	75,000	123,821	48,821
Total revenues	3,124,688	3,124,688	3,492,450	367,762
<b>Expenditures:</b>				
Personnel services	449,664	449,664	443,102	(6,562)
Contractual services	1,693,781	1,693,781	1,653,047	(40,734)
Commodities	441,700	441,700	127,510	(314,190)
Capital outlay	-	-	35,899	35,899
Debt service	31,689	31,689	25,530	(6,159)
Transfer out	2,093,989	2,093,989	323,989	(1,770,000)
Total expenditures	4,710,823	4,710,823	2,609,077	(2,101,746)
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (1,586,135)</u>	<u>\$ (1,586,135)</u>	883,373	<u>\$ 2,469,508</u>
<b>Fund balance, beginning of year</b>			3,125,816	
<b>Fund balance, end of year</b>			<u>\$ 4,009,189</u>	

**City of Bel Aire, Kansas**  
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in  
Fund Balance - Enterprise Funds - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis)  
Solid Waste Fund  
Year Ended December 31, 2024

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>		<b>Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis</b>	<b>Variance with Final Budget Over/ (Under)</b>
	<b>Original</b>	<b>Final</b>		
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Utility income	\$ 660,000	\$ 660,000	\$ 756,167	\$ 96,167
Total revenues	660,000	660,000	756,167	96,167
<b>Expenditures:</b>				
Contractual services	635,000	635,000	558,614	(76,386)
Transfers out	200,000	200,000	200,000	-
Total expenditures	835,000	835,000	758,614	(76,386)
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (175,000)</u>	<u>\$ (175,000)</u>	(2,447)	<u>\$ 172,553</u>
<b>Fund balance, beginning of year</b>			296,021	
<b>Fund balance, end of year</b>			<u>\$ 293,574</u>	

**City of Bel Aire, Kansas**  
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in  
Fund Balance - Enterprise Funds - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis)  
Stormwater Fund  
Year Ended December 31, 2024

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>		<b>Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis</b>	<b>Variance with Final Budget Over/ (Under)</b>
	<b>Original</b>	<b>Final</b>		
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Utility income	\$ 97,000	\$ 97,000	\$ 108,606	\$ 11,606
Interest income	-	-	15,975	15,975
Total revenues	97,000	97,000	124,581	27,581
<b>Expenditures:</b>				
Contractual services	5,000	5,000	68,329	63,329
Capital outlay	101,491	101,491	-	(101,491)
Total expenditures	106,491	106,491	68,329	(38,162)
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (9,491)</u>	<u>\$ (9,491)</u>	56,252	<u>\$ 65,743</u>
<b>Fund balance, beginning of year</b>			485,488	
<b>Fund balance, end of year</b>			<u>\$ 541,740</u>	