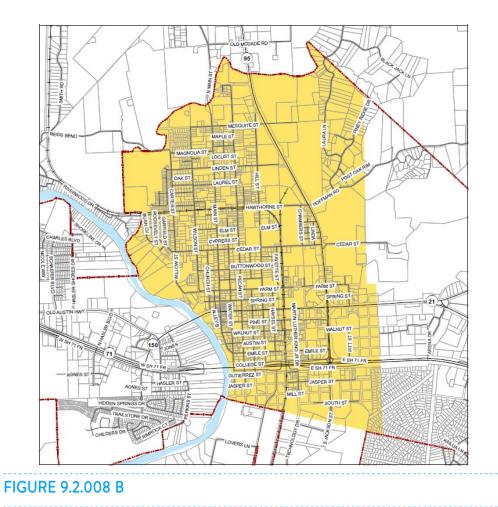
### (c) Iredell Historic District – locally designated district

This district was adopted as a local district by City Council on November 26, 2019 XX. The district encompasses the Farm Lots and Building Blocks that established a unique Development Pattern, which possesses a significant in history, provided a significant contribution to the local pattern andrepresents an established and familiar visual feature of the City that is the basis of the Bastrop Building Block (B<sup>3</sup>)Code. The boundaries are outlined in Figure 9.2.006B.



### **ARTICLE 9.3 CERTIFICATE OF APPROPRIATENESS**

### SEC. 9.3.001 REQUIREMENT FOR CERTIFICATE OF APPROPRIATENESS

(a) No person, firm, corporation or other organization shall carry out any Project that includes the Construction, Reconstruction, alteration, Restoration, Rehabilitation, Relocation or Demolition of any local, state, or national Historic Landmark or any structure, Site, or Sign within a Historic District, nor shall any person make any material change to any structural exterior elements or architectural features visible from a public right-of-way which affect the appearance and cohesiveness of any local, state, or national Historic Landmark or any structure or Site within a Historic District without prior approval of a Certificate of Appropriateness.

#### SEC. 9.3.002 CERTIFICATE OF APPROPRIATENESS EXEMPTIONS

- (a) Certificate of Appropriateness shall not be required for the following:
  - (1) Ordinary Maintenance, as defined in this article.
  - (2) Interior Construction or Alterations provided the Alterations do not alter the exterior wall of the Building.

- (3) New, modifications or Removal of existing awnings, canopies, exterior paint color or exterior Lighting that are attached to a P3 or P4 Structure provided the Alterations do not alter the exterior wall of a Building designated as a Historic Landmark.
- (4) Demolition of a Building or Structure that the Building Official has declared a dangerous Structure in accordance with article 3.12 of this article, as amended, or determined that Demolition is necessary for the preservation of the public health, safety and welfare.
  - A. Should the Building Official declare a Building a dangerous Structure or determine that Demolition is necessary for the preservation of public health, safety and welfare, the Building Official shall coordinate with the Historic Preservation Officer and property owner to identify historic and significant architectural features that are unique to the Building or Structure, era or district and that may be salvaged.
  - B. The Historic Preservation Officer shall create a record of the Building or Structure to be demolished through archival-quality photodocumentation, drawings, and other information

similar to those required by the Historic American Buildings Survey. The list of identified historic and significant architectural features to be salvaged shall also be made part of this record.

- (5) New fence, railing or wall that is consistent with the adopted standards in the Bastrop Code of Ordinances, Chapter 3 – Building Regulations Historic District's characteristics and applicable guidelines.
- (6) Site landscape Alterations and other hardscape features provided that these do not alter a Building or Structure designated as a Historic Landmark or that is a Contributing historic Structure to the Historic District.
- (7) Exterior building materials on the permitted list below on buildings greater than 120 square feet within the Iredell District that are not designated as a local, state or national landmark.
- A. Masonry exterior construction shall include all construction of stone material (including artificial stone), brick material, or stucco which is composed of solid, cavity, faced, or veneered-wall construction.

#### The types of allowable masonry construction are listed

#### below:

- i. Stone Material: Masonry construction using stone material may consist of granite, marble, limestone, slate, river rock, and other hard and durable naturally occurring all weather stone. Cut stone and dimensioned stone techniques are acceptable.
- ii. Brick Material: Brick material used for masonry construction shall be hard fired (kiln fired) clay or slate material that meets the latest standard contained within the building code. Unfired or underfired clay, sand, or shale brick are not allowed.
- Plaster Finishes: Plaster (stucco) shall have a minimum overall thickness of 7/8".
- B. Glass exterior construction shall include glass curtain walls or glass block construction. Glass curtain wall shall be defined as an exterior wall which carries no structural loads, and which may consist of the combination of metal, glass, or other surfacing material supported in a metal framework.
- C. Siding shall include fiber cement board or wood products excluding vertical panels.
- D. Up to 10% of the exterior siding on each façade can be a material not listed here and allowed in the adopted International Building Code.

# SEC. 9.3.003 CERTIFICATE OF APPROPRIATENESS APPLICATION PROCEDURE

- (a) When a Certificate of Appropriateness is required, no work can begin before the Historic Preservation Officer or the Historic Landmark Commission has first issued a Certificate of Appropriateness. The Certificate of Appropriateness shall be in addition to and not in lieu of any permits required (i.e. Building, Sign, alcohol, etc.). The Building Official cannot approve any Application for a Sign or building permit to a Structure and/or Site that requires, but does not have a Certificate of Appropriateness.
- (b) The owner or owner's agent shall file an Application, as provided by the City, for such a certificate. The Application shall contain at a minimum:
  - (1) Application fee as established in appendix A—Fee Schedule;
  - (2) Contact information for the Applicant and/or owner;
  - (3) A detailed description of all proposed work;
  - (4) Location and photographs of existing conditions;
  - (5) Elevation drawings, photographs, or illustrations of the proposed changes;
  - (6) Samples of materials to be used;
  - (7) If the proposal includes Signs or lettering, a scale drawing showing the type of lettering to be used, all dimensions and colors, a description of materials to be used, method of illumination (if any), and a plan showing the Sign's location on the property;
  - (8) Any other information that the City may deem necessary in order to visualize the proposed work; and

(9) The Historic Preservation Officer shall review the submission and determine if the Application is complete. If the Application does not meet the requirements to be approved administratively, the Application will be forward to the Historic Landmark Commission for consideration at their next available meeting agenda.

## SEC. 9.3.004 ADMINISTRATIVE APPROVAL OF A CERTIFICATE OF APPROPRIATENESS

- (a) Certificate of Appropriateness may qualify for Administrative Approval by the Historic Preservation Officer if the proposed Project meets all of the following conditions:
  - (1) The property is not located in a national Historic District;
  - (2) All of the material Standards identified in the Pattern Book are met;
  - (3) The proposed Structure or Site is not designated as a local, state, or national Historic Landmark.
- (b) The Historic Preservation Officer may elect to present a Certificate of Appropriateness to the Historic Landmark Commission for review and consideration.

(c) If the Historic Preservation Officer does not approve a Certificate of Appropriateness, the Application may be forwarded to the Historic Landmark Commission for review and consideration at the request of the Applicant.

### SEC. 9.3.005 HISTORIC LANDMARK COMMISSION APPROVAL OF CERTIFICATE OF APPROPRIATENESS

- (a) The Commission shall review an Application for a Certificate of Appropriateness at a regularly scheduled or special meeting within 45 days from the date the Application is deemed administratively complete for review, at which time an opportunity will be provided for the Applicant to be heard. The Historic Landmark Commission shall approve, deny, or approve with conditions or modifications the permit, within 30 days after the review meeting, provided however, both review and action may occur at the same meeting. In the event the Historic Landmark Commission does not act within 60 days from the date the Application is deemed administratively complete for review, a permit will be deemed approved.
- (b) All decisions of the Historic Landmark Commission shall be in writing. The Historic Landmark Commission's decision shall state its findings pertaining to the approval, denial, or modification of the Application. A copy shall be

provided to the Applicant and a copy shall be maintained in the files of the Planning and Development Department and distributed to other appropriate City departments. obtain a building permit for the work in which the Certificate of Appropriateness was approved upon showing of just cause by the Applicant.

- (c) An Applicant for a Certificate of Appropriateness who is SEC. 9.3.006 CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL OF CERTIFICATE OF APPROPRIATENESS dissatisfied with the action of the Historic Landmark (COA)
  - Commission relating to the issuance or denial of a Certificate of Appropriateness shall have the right to Appeal the determination to the City Council. The Applicant has 15 calendar days from date of the Historic Landmark Commission action to file for the Appeal. The Appeal request will be placed on the next available City Council agenda. To be considered, the Appeal shall set forth in writing the grounds for such Appeal and shall provide the City with any pertinent evidence and all related documentation related to the Appeal. The City Council shall use the adopted approval criteria for the Appeal review.
- (d) A Certificate of Appropriateness shall expire 2 years from the date of approval if the proposed scope of work has not been completed. If a building permit for approved work has been issued, the Certificate of Appropriateness will expire 2 years from the permit issue date. The Commission, upon determination of a reasonable need, may authorize 1 extension of an additional 6 months to

- (a) In considering an Application for a Certificate of Appropriateness (COA), the Historic Landmark Commission shall be guided by any locally adopted design Standards, and where applicable, the following from the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for the Rehabilitation of Historic Buildings . Any adopted design Standards and Secretary of the Interior's Standards shall be made to the property owners of historic landmarks.
  - Every reasonable effort shall be made to adapt the property in a manner which requires minimal Alteration of the Building, Structure, object, or Site and its environment.
  - (2) The distinguishing original qualities or character of a Building, Structure, object, or Site and its environment shall not be destroyed. The Removal or alteration of any historic material or distinctive architectural features should be avoided when possible.

- (3) All buildings, Structures, objects, and Sites shall be recognized as products of their own time. Alterations that have no historical basis and which seek to create an earlier or later appearance shall be discouraged.
- (4) Changes that may have taken place in the course of time are evidence of the history and Development of a Building, Structure, object, or Site and its environment. These changes may have acquired significance in their own right, and this significance shall be recognized and respected.
- (5) Distinctive stylistic features or examples of skilled craftsmanship which characterize, a Building, Structure, object, or Site shall be kept to the greatest extent practical.
- (6) Deteriorated architectural features shall be repaired rather than replaced, wherever possible. In the event replacement is necessary, the new material should reflect the material being replaced in composition, design, color, texture, and other visual qualities. Repair or replacement of missing architectural features should be based on accurate duplications of features, substantiated by historical, physical, or pictorial evidence rather than on conjectural designs

or the availability of different architectural elements from other Building or Structures.

- (7) The surface cleaning of Structures shall be undertaken with the gentlest means possible.
  Sandblasting and other cleaning methods that will damage the historic building materials shall not be undertaken.
- (8) For building materials, architecture standards, architectural details, massing for a variety of building types, see the Pattern Book.
- (9) Every reasonable effort shall be made to protect and preserve archeological resources affected by, or adjacent to, any Project.
- (10) Contemporary design for Alterations and Additions to existing properties shall not be discouraged when such Alterations and Additions do not destroy significant historical, architectural, or cultural material, and such design is compatible with the size, color, material, and character of the property, neighborhood, or environment.
- (11)Wherever possible, new Additions or Alterations to buildings, Structures, objects, or Sites shall be done in

such a manner that if such Additions or Alterations were to be removed in the future, the essential form and integrity of the Building, Structure, object, or Site would be unimpaired.

### SEC. 9.3.007 CONSIDERATION OF PREVIOUSLY DENIED APPLICATION

 (a) A new Application for a Certificate of Appropriateness for a structure or Site that was previously denied a similar Certificate of Appropriateness shall not be considered if

the Historic Landmark Commission or the City Council, on appeal, for the structure or Site within 1 year from the date of the final decision. If there has been a substantial change in the conditions affecting the structure or Site or the proposed Project is substantially different from the previous Application, the City may find that are sufficient to Warrant consideration prior to the 1 year period.

### SEC. 9.3.008 ENFORCEMENT

(a) All work performed pursuant to a Certificate of Appropriateness issued under this article shall conform to any conditions or requirements included therein. It shall be the duty of the building inspector or their designee to inspect periodically any such work to assure compliance. In the event work is not being performed in accordance with the Certificate of Appropriateness, the Building Official or their designee shall issue a stop-work order, and all work shall immediately cease. No further work shall be undertaken on the Project as long as a stopwork order is in effect.

(b) A stop-work order may be lifted following submission and approval of plans for corrective action or work, or other plans to bring the Project into compliance with the conditions or requirements of the Certificate of Appropriateness or other approvals.

ARTICLE 9.4 COA REQUIRED FOR DEMOLITION OR RELOCATION

### SEC. 9.4.001 COA FOR DEMOLITION OR RELOCATION REQUIRED

(a) A permit for Demolition, Removal, or Relocation for any local, state, or national Historic Landmark or any structure or Site within a Historic District that is more than 50 years old shall not be granted by the City without the review and approval of a Certificate of Appropriateness by the Historic Landmark Commission in accordance with the provisions of this article.

### SEC. 9.4.002 PROCEDURE FOR COA FOR DEMOLITION

(a) An Application for a Certificate of Appropriateness shall contain the following minimum information:

- Application fee as established in appendix A—Fee Schedule;
- (2) Owner and agent contact information;
- (3) A detailed description of the reason the proposed Demolition is necessary;
- (4) Location of the proposed Demolition;
- (5) Evidence of the existing conditions of the property which justify the need for Demolition;
- (6) A detailed description of the methods of Demolition including the process and procedure for Removal of all debris and how surrounding properties will be protected during the Demolition process;
- (7) Any other information that the City may deem necessary in order to determine the need for the proposed Demolition.
- (b) The Commission shall hold a public hearing on the Application within 45 days after the date a complete Application is Filed with the City. The Applicant, property owner, and all property owners located within two hundred 200 feet of the property proposed to be

demolished shall be mailed a written notice 10 days prior to the hearing.

- (c) When considering the Certificate of Appropriateness for Demolition, the Historic Landmark Commission shall consider the following:
  - (1) The historic value of the Structures or Site;
  - (2) The state of repair of the Structures or Site;
  - (3) The existing and potential usefulness, including the economic usefulness, of the Structures, buildings or objects on the Lot, parcel or Site;
  - (4) The reasons for preserving the Structures, buildings or objects on the Lot, parcel or Site;
  - (5) The character of the neighborhood; and
  - (6) Any other factors the Historic Landmark Commission deems appropriate when considering the proposed Demolition.
- (d) When considering the Certificate of Appropriateness for Relocation, the Historic Landmark Commission shall consider the following:

- (1) The style of Construction and compatibility with the local Historic District;
- (2) The historic value and structural state of the Structure;
- (3) The historic value of the Site;
- (4) The reasons for preserving the Structure on an alternate Site;
- (5) The character of the neighborhood;
- (6) Any other factors the Historic Landmark Commission deems appropriate when considering the proposed Demolition.
- (e) If the Historic Landmark Commission determines, that the evidence supports the Demolition, Removal or Relocation of the Structure or if the Historic Landmark Commission determines that the interest of preserving historic values will not be adversely affected by such Demolition, Removal or Relocation that the interest of preserving historical values can best be served by the Removal of the Structures, buildings or objects, it shall issue a Certificate of Appropriateness for Demolition of the Structures or Site.

- (f) If no action has been taken by the Historic Landmark Commission within 60 days of original receipt by the Historic Landmark Commission of the Application, the Certificate of Appropriateness for Demolition shall be deemed approved by the Historic Landmark Commission.
- (g) Any Applicant who is dissatisfied with the action of the Historic Landmark Commission relating to the issuance or denial of a Certificate of Appropriateness shall have the right to Appeal the determination to the City Council. The Applicant has 15 calendar days from date of the Historic Landmark Commission action to file for the Appeal. The Appeal request will be placed on the next available City Council agenda. To be considered, the Appeal shall set forth the grounds for such Appeal and shall provide the City with any pertinent evidence and all related documentation related to the Appeal. The City Council shall use the adopted approval criteria for the Appeal review.