

- (B) On a second or subsequent conviction of a violation of subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2), the division shall restart the original ignition interlock restriction period on the person's driving privileges; and
- (2) On a conviction of a violation of subsection (a)(4), the division shall restart the original ignition interlock restriction period on the person's driving privileges.

(K.S.A. 8-1017)

{Editor's Note: K.S.A.8-1015(e) seems to provide an exception to K.S.A. 8-1017(a)(4) as replicated in STO section 30.3 (a) (4) with regard to driving an employer's vehicle. However, there are also exceptions to this exception. Please see K.S.A. 8-1015 for further guidance.}

Sec. 30.4. Impounded Motor Vehicle; Disposition; When.

If the owner of a motor vehicle which has been impounded pursuant to Section 30 or Section 105, refuses to pay any towing, impoundment, storage, or other fees relating to the impoundment or immobilization of such vehicle or fails to take possession of such vehicle within 30 days following the date of the expiration of the impoundment period, such vehicle shall be deemed abandoned and the vehicle may be disposed of by the person having possession of such vehicle. If the person having possession of such vehicle is a public agency, disposition of such vehicle shall be in compliance with the procedures for notice and public auction provided by paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 8-1102, and amendments thereto. If the person having possession of such vehicle is not a public agency, disposition of such vehicle shall be in compliance with K.S.A. 8-1103 through 8-1108, and amendments thereto. (K.S.A. 8-1021)

{Editor's Note: The requirements for the disposition of such vehicle in K.S.A. 8-1103 through K.S.A. 8-1108 were amended in 2021 SB 36.}

Sec. 30.5. Commercial Driver's Licenses; Diversion Agreements Not Allowed.

- (a) A driver or a holder of a commercial driver's license may not enter into a diversion agreement in lieu of further criminal proceedings that would prevent such person's conviction for any violation, in any type of motor vehicle, of a state or local traffic control law, except a parking violation, from appearing on the person's record, whether the person was convicted for an offense committed in the state where the person is licensed or another state.