

Appendix A

HAZUS RESULTS

City of Angleton Hazard Mitigation Plan, 2024



Hazus: Flood Global Risk Report

Region Name: City of Angleton

Flood Scenario:

100yr

Print Date:

Friday, March 17, 2023

Disclaimer:

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region.

The estimates of social and economic impacts contained in this report were produced using Hazus loss estimation methodology software which is based on current scientific and engineering knowledge. There are uncertainties inherent in any loss estimation technique. Therefore, there may be significant differences between the modeled results contained in this report and the actual social and economic losses following a specific Flood. These results can be improved by using enhanced inventory data and flood hazard information.







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General Description of the Region

Hazus is a regional multi-hazard loss estimation model that was developed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the National Institute of Building Sciences (NIBS). The primary purpose of Hazus is to provide a methodology and software application to develop multi-hazard losses at a regional scale. These loss estimates would be used primarily by local, state and regional officials to plan and stimulate efforts to reduce risks from multi-hazards and to prepare for emergency response and recovery.

The flood loss estimates provided in this report were based on a region that included 1 county(ies) from the following state(s):

- Texas

Note:

Appendix A contains a complete listing of the counties contained in the region.

The geographical size of the region is approximately 4 square miles and contains 345 census blocks. The region contains over 7 thousand households and has a total population of 19,429 people. The distribution of population by State and County for the study region is provided in Appendix B.

There are an estimated 7,979 buildings in the region with a total building replacement value (excluding contents) of 2,862 million dollars. Approximately 86.64% of the buildings (and 52.30% of the building value) are associated with residential housing.







Building Inventory

General Building Stock

Hazus estimates that there are 7,979 buildings in the region which have an aggregate total replacement value of 2,862 million dollars. Table 1 and Table 2 present the relative distribution of the value with respect to the general occupancies by Study Region and Scenario respectively. Appendix B provides a general distribution of the building value by State and County.

Occupancy	Exposure (\$1000)	Percent of Total
Residential	1,496,724	52.3%
Commercial	901,761	31.5%
Industrial	55,502	1.9%
Agricultural	7,084	0.2%
Religion	42,490	1.5%
Government	51,278	1.8%
Education	307,167	10.7%
Total	2,862,006	100%

Table 1 Building Exposure by Occupancy Type for the Study Region

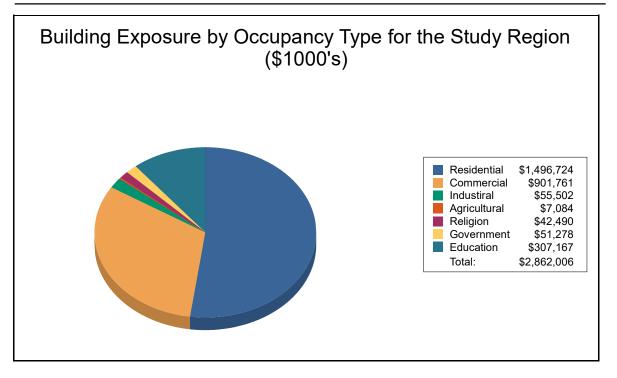


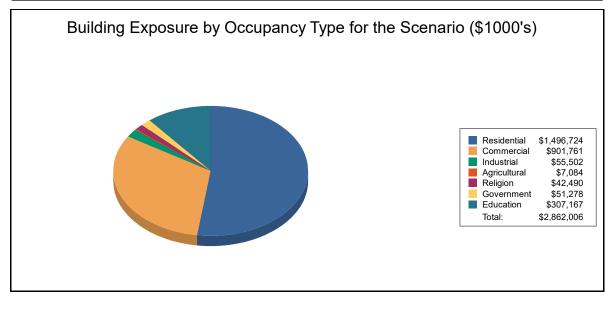






Table 2Building Exposure by Occupancy Type for the Scenario

Occupancy	Exposure (\$1000)	Percent of Total
Residential	1,496,724	52.3%
Commercial	901,761	31.5%
Industrial	55,502	1.9%
Agricultural	7,084	0.2%
Religion	42,490	1.5%
Government	51,278	1.8%
Education	307,167	10.7%
Total	2,862,006	100%



Essential Facility Inventory

For essential facilities, there are 1 hospitals in the region with a total bed capacity of 64 beds. There are 17 schools, 7 fire stations, 6 police stations and 1 emergency operation center.



RiskMAP



Flood Scenario Parameters

Hazus used the following set of information to define the flood parameters for the flood loss estimate provided in this report.

Study Region Name:	Angelton_flood
Scenario Name:	100yr
Return Period Analyzed:	100
Analysis Options Analyzed:	No What-Ifs

Study Region Overview Map

Illustrating scenario flood extent, as well as exposed essential facilities and total exposure





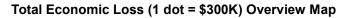




Building Damage

General Building Stock Damage

Hazus estimates that about 6,443 buildings will be at least moderately damaged. This is over 24% of the total number of buildings in the scenario. There are an estimated 3,212 buildings that will be completely destroyed. The definition of the 'damage states' is provided in the Hazus Flood Technical Manual. Table 3 below summarizes the expected damage by general occupancy for the buildings in the region. Table 4 summarizes the expected damage by general building type.





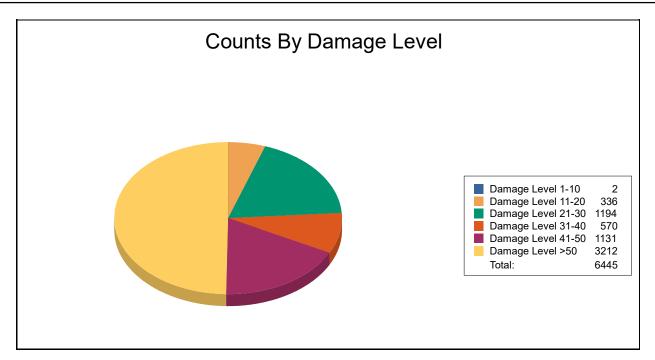






	1-	10	11	-20	21	-30	31	-40	41	-50	>{	50
Occupancy	Count	(%)										
Agriculture	0	0	0	0	4	80	1	20	0	0	0	0
Commercial	0	0	62	10	119	18	223	34	244	38	0	0
Education	1	13	7	88	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Government	0	0	21	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Industrial	0	0	0	0	1	5	3	14	9	41	9	41
Religion	0	0	16	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Residential	1	0	230	4	1,070	19	343	6	878	15	3,203	56
Total	2		336		1,194		570		1,131		3,212	

Table 3: Expected Building Damage by Occupancy





RiskMAP



Building	1-	10	11-:	20	21-	30	31-	40	41-	50	>5	0
Туре	Count	(%)	Count (%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)
Concrete	0	0	4	8	10	20	20	40	16	32	0	0
ManufHousing	0	0	0	0	11	1	0	0	46	5	865	94
Masonry	2	0	47	7	133	20	111	17	162	24	209	31
Steel	0	0	21	11	32	16	65	34	76	39	0	0
Wood	1	0	234	5	986	22	371	8	827	18	2,129	47

Table 4: Expected Building Damage by Building Type







Essential Facility Damage

Before the flood analyzed in this scenario, the region had 64 hospital beds available for use. On the day of the scenario flood event, the model estimates that 64 hospital beds are available in the region.

Table 5: Expected Damage to Essential Facilities

		# Facilities					
Classification	Total	At Least Moderate	At Least Substantial	Loss of Use			
Emergency Operation Centers	1	0	0	0			
Fire Stations	7	0	0	0			
Hospitals	1	0	0	0			
Police Stations	6	0	0	0			
Schools	17	0	0	0			

If this report displays all zeros or is blank, two possibilities can explain this.

(1) None of your facilities were flooded. This can be checked by mapping the inventory data on the depth grid.

(2) The analysis was not run. This can be tested by checking the run box on the Analysis Menu and seeing if a message box asks you to replace the existing results.



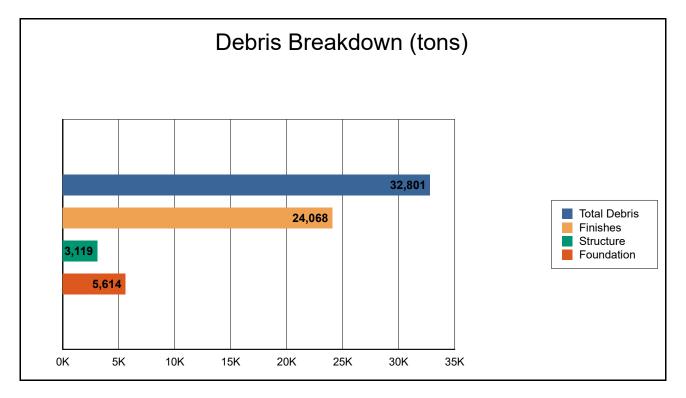




Induced Flood Damage

Debris Generation

Hazus estimates the amount of debris that will be generated by the flood. The model breaks debris into three general categories: 1) Finishes (dry wall, insulation, etc.), 2) Structural (wood, brick, etc.) and 3) Foundations (concrete slab, concrete block, rebar, etc.). This distinction is made because of the different types of material handling equipment required to handle the debris.



The model estimates that a total of 32,801 tons of debris will be generated. Of the total amount, Finishes comprises 73% of the total, Structure comprises 10% of the total, and Foundation comprises 17%. If the debris tonnage is converted into an estimated number of truckloads, it will require 1313 truckloads (@25 tons/truck) to remove the debris generated by the flood.



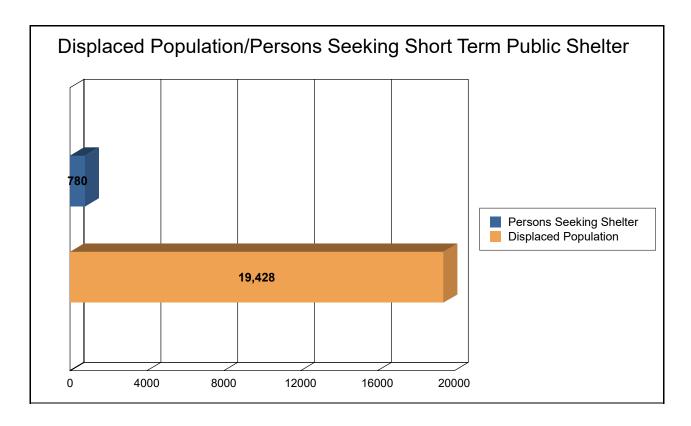




Social Impact

Shelter Requirements

Hazus estimates the number of households that are expected to be displaced from their homes due to the flood and the associated potential evacuation. Hazus also estimates those displaced people that will require accommodations in temporary public shelters. The model estimates 6,476 households (or 19,428 of people) will be displaced due to the flood. Displacement includes households evacuated from within or very near to the inundated area. Of these, 780 people (out of a total population of 19,429) will seek temporary shelter in public shelters.









Economic Loss

The total economic loss estimated for the flood is 4,708.47 million dollars, which represents 164.52 % of the total replacement value of the scenario buildings.

Building-Related Losses

The building losses are broken into two categories: direct building losses and business interruption losses. The direct building losses are the estimated costs to repair or replace the damage caused to the building and its contents. The business interruption losses are the losses associated with inability to operate a business because of the damage sustained during the flood. Business interruption losses also include the temporary living expenses for those people displaced from their homes because of the flood.

The total building-related losses were 2,498.14 million dollars. 47% of the estimated losses were related to the business interruption of the region. The residential occupancies made up 27.55% of the total loss. Table 6 below provides a summary of the losses associated with the building damage.



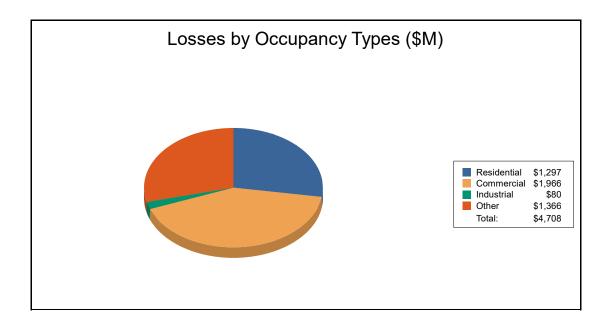
RiskMAP



Table 6: Building-Related Economic Loss Estimates

(Millions of dollars)

Category	Area	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Others	Total
Building Los	<u>ss</u>					
	Building	674.94	297.00	19.79	54.40	1,046.13
	Content	384.52	591.65	45.36	351.09	1,372.62
	Inventory	0.00	63.33	9.39	6.68	79.40
	Subtotal	1,059.47	951.97	74.53	412.17	2,498.14
Business In	terruption					
	Income	6.18	452.44	1.33	147.86	607.80
	Relocation	152.78	129.12	1.26	72.98	356.15
	Rental Income	64.17	89.97	0.38	8.07	162.59
	Wage	14.55	342.12	2.31	724.82	1,083.79
	Subtotal	237.68	1,013.64	5.27	953.73	2,210.33
<u>ALL</u>	Total	1,297.15	1,965.61	79.81	1,365.90	4,708.47









Appendix A: County Listing for the Region

Texas

- Brazoria







Appendix B: Regional Population and Building Value Data

		Building Value (thousands of dollars)					
	Population	Residential	Non-Residential	Total			
Texas							
Brazoria	19,429	1,496,724	1,365,282	2,862,006			
Total	19,429	1,496,724	1,365,282	2,862,006			
Total Study Region	19,429	1,496,724	1,365,282	2,862,006			



Flood Global Risk Report



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Hazus: Flood Global Risk Report

Region Name: City of Angleton

Flood Scenario:

500yr

Print Date:

Sunday, March 19, 2023

Disclaimer:

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region.

The estimates of social and economic impacts contained in this report were produced using Hazus loss estimation methodology software which is based on current scientific and engineering knowledge. There are uncertainties inherent in any loss estimation technique. Therefore, there may be significant differences between the modeled results contained in this report and the actual social and economic losses following a specific Flood. These results can be improved by using enhanced inventory data and flood hazard information.







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The flood loss estimates provided in this report were based on a region that included 1 county(ies) from the following state(s):

- Texas

Note:

Appendix A contains a complete listing of the counties contained in the region.

The geographical size of the region is approximately 4 square miles and contains 345 census blocks. The region contains over 7 thousand households and has a total population of 19,429 people. The distribution of population by State and County for the study region is provided in Appendix B.

There are an estimated 7,979 buildings in the region with a total building replacement value (excluding contents) of 2,862 million dollars. Approximately 86.64% of the buildings (and 52.30% of the building value) are associated with residential housing.







Building Inventory

General Building Stock

Hazus estimates that there are 7,979 buildings in the region which have an aggregate total replacement value of 2,862 million dollars. Table 1 and Table 2 present the relative distribution of the value with respect to the general occupancies by Study Region and Scenario respectively. Appendix B provides a general distribution of the building value by State and County.

Occupancy	Exposure (\$1000)	Percent of Total
Residential	1,496,724	52.3%
Commercial	901,761	31.5%
Industrial	55,502	1.9%
Agricultural	7,084	0.2%
Religion	42,490	1.5%
Government	51,278	1.8%
Education	307,167	10.7%
Total	2,862,006	100%

Table 1 Building Exposure by Occupancy Type for the Study Region

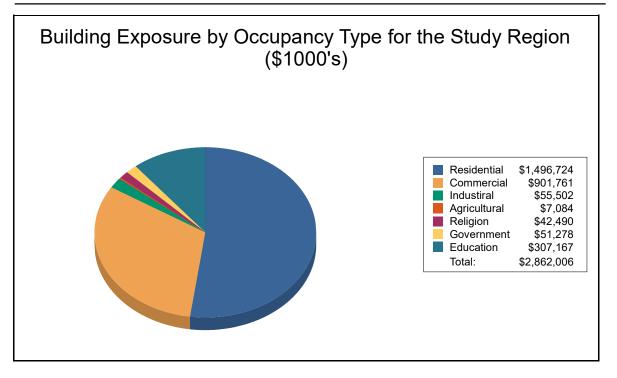


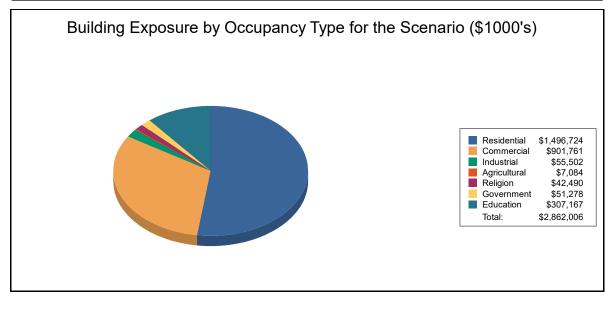






Table 2Building Exposure by Occupancy Type for the Scenario

Occupancy	Exposure (\$1000)	Percent of Total
Residential	1,496,724	52.3%
Commercial	901,761	31.5%
Industrial	55,502	1.9%
Agricultural	7,084	0.2%
Religion	42,490	1.5%
Government	51,278	1.8%
Education	307,167	10.7%
Total	2,862,006	100%



Essential Facility Inventory

For essential facilities, there are 1 hospitals in the region with a total bed capacity of 64 beds. There are 17 schools, 7 fire stations, 6 police stations and 1 emergency operation center.



RiskMAP



Flood Scenario Parameters

Hazus used the following set of information to define the flood parameters for the flood loss estimate provided in this report.

Study Region Name:	Angleton_500yr
Scenario Name:	500yr
Return Period Analyzed:	500
Analysis Options Analyzed:	No What-Ifs

Study Region Overview Map

Illustrating scenario flood extent, as well as exposed essential facilities and total exposure





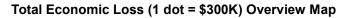




Building Damage

General Building Stock Damage

Hazus estimates that about 6,439 buildings will be at least moderately damaged. This is over 24% of the total number of buildings in the scenario. There are an estimated 3,263 buildings that will be completely destroyed. The definition of the 'damage states' is provided in the Hazus Flood Technical Manual. Table 3 below summarizes the expected damage by general occupancy for the buildings in the region. Table 4 summarizes the expected damage by general building type.





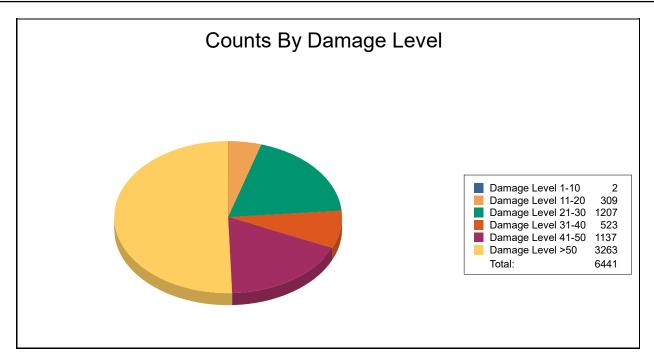






	1-	10	11	-20	21	-30	31	-40	41	-50	>{	50
Occupancy	Count	(%)										
Agriculture	0	0	0	0	4	80	1	20	0	0	0	0
Commercial	0	0	54	8	122	19	213	33	249	39	0	0
Education	1	10	9	90	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Government	0	0	22	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Industrial	0	0	0	0	1	5	4	18	9	41	8	36
Religion	0	0	12	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Residential	1	0	212	4	1,080	19	305	5	879	15	3,255	57
Total	2		309		1,207		523		1,137		3,263	

Table 3: Expected Building Damage by Occupancy





Risk MAP



Building	1-1	10	11-	20	21-	30	31-	40	41-	50	>5	0
Туре	Count	(%)										
Concrete	0	0	4	8	10	21	18	38	16	33	0	0
ManufHousing	0	0	0	0	10	1	0	0	41	4	871	94
Masonry	2	0	45	7	136	21	102	16	167	25	206	31
Steel	0	0	20	10	34	18	62	32	78	40	0	0
Wood	1	0	215	5	996	22	333	7	831	18	2,179	48

Table 4: Expected Building Damage by Building Type







Essential Facility Damage

Before the flood analyzed in this scenario, the region had 64 hospital beds available for use. On the day of the scenario flood event, the model estimates that 64 hospital beds are available in the region.

Table 5: Expected Damage to Essential Facilities

		# Facilities						
Classification	Total	At Least Moderate	At Least Substantial	Loss of Use				
Emergency Operation Centers	1	0	0	0				
Fire Stations	7	0	0	0				
Hospitals	1	0	0	0				
Police Stations	6	0	0	0				
Schools	17	0	0	0				

If this report displays all zeros or is blank, two possibilities can explain this.

(1) None of your facilities were flooded. This can be checked by mapping the inventory data on the depth grid.

(2) The analysis was not run. This can be tested by checking the run box on the Analysis Menu and seeing if a message box asks you to replace the existing results.



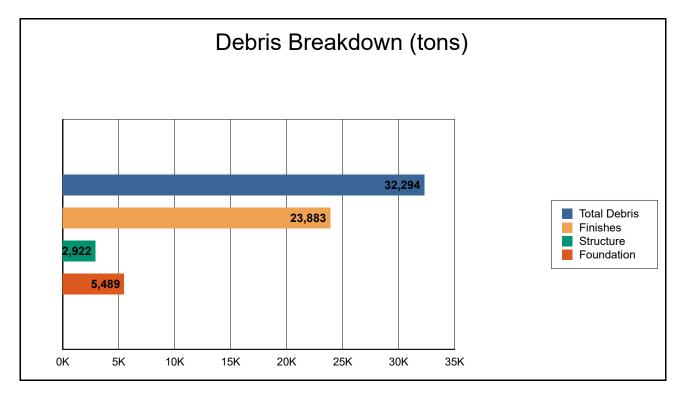




Induced Flood Damage

Debris Generation

Hazus estimates the amount of debris that will be generated by the flood. The model breaks debris into three general categories: 1) Finishes (dry wall, insulation, etc.), 2) Structural (wood, brick, etc.) and 3) Foundations (concrete slab, concrete block, rebar, etc.). This distinction is made because of the different types of material handling equipment required to handle the debris.



The model estimates that a total of 32,294 tons of debris will be generated. Of the total amount, Finishes comprises 74% of the total, Structure comprises 9% of the total, and Foundation comprises 17%. If the debris tonnage is converted into an estimated number of truckloads, it will require 1292 truckloads (@25 tons/truck) to remove the debris generated by the flood.



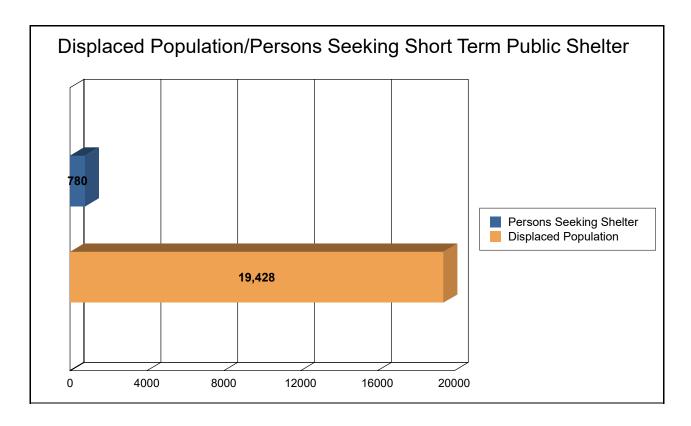




Social Impact

Shelter Requirements

Hazus estimates the number of households that are expected to be displaced from their homes due to the flood and the associated potential evacuation. Hazus also estimates those displaced people that will require accommodations in temporary public shelters. The model estimates 6,476 households (or 19,428 of people) will be displaced due to the flood. Displacement includes households evacuated from within or very near to the inundated area. Of these, 780 people (out of a total population of 19,429) will seek temporary shelter in public shelters.









Economic Loss

The total economic loss estimated for the flood is 4,733.58 million dollars, which represents 165.39 % of the total replacement value of the scenario buildings.

Building-Related Losses

The building losses are broken into two categories: direct building losses and business interruption losses. The direct building losses are the estimated costs to repair or replace the damage caused to the building and its contents. The business interruption losses are the losses associated with inability to operate a business because of the damage sustained during the flood. Business interruption losses also include the temporary living expenses for those people displaced from their homes because of the flood.

The total building-related losses were 2,511.20 million dollars. 47% of the estimated losses were related to the business interruption of the region. The residential occupancies made up 27.61% of the total loss. Table 6 below provides a summary of the losses associated with the building damage.



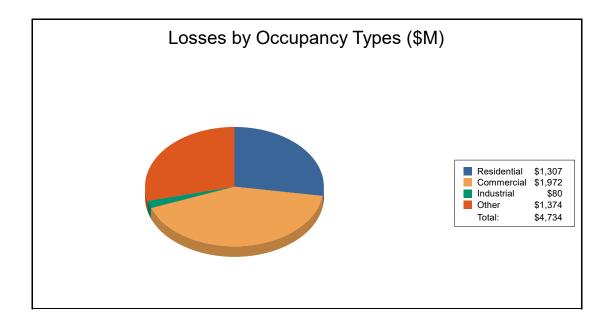




Table 6: Building-Related Economic Loss Estimates

(Millions of dollars)

Category	Area	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Others	Total
Building Lo	<u>ss</u>					
-	Building	679.09	297.88	20.00	55.39	1,052.36
	Content	386.94	594.04	45.74	352.66	1,379.37
	Inventory	0.00	63.34	9.44	6.68	79.47
	Subtotal	1,066.03	955.27	75.18	414.73	2,511.20
Business In	nterruption					
	Income	6.18	453.74	1.33	149.27	610.52
	Relocation	154.93	129.46	1.26	73.70	359.35
	Rental Income	65.09	90.23	0.38	8.11	163.81
	Wage	14.55	343.68	2.31	728.17	1,088.70
	Subtotal	240.74	1,017.11	5.27	959.25	2,222.38
<u>ALL</u>	Total	1,306.77	1,972.38	80.45	1,373.98	4,733.58









Appendix A: County Listing for the Region

Texas

- Brazoria







Appendix B: Regional Population and Building Value Data

		Building Value (thousands of dollars)					
	Population	Residential	Non-Residential	Total			
Texas							
Brazoria	19,429	1,496,724	1,365,282	2,862,006			
Total	19,429	1,496,724	1,365,282	2,862,006			
Total Study Region	19,429	1,496,724	1,365,282	2,862,006			



Flood Global Risk Report



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Hazus: Hurricane Global Risk Report

Region Name: City of Angleton

Hurricane Scenario: Probabilistic 100-year Return Period

Print Date:

Thursday, March 23, 2023

Disclaimer:

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region.

The estimates of social and economic impacts contained in this report were produced using Hazus loss estimation methodology software which is based on current scientific and engineering knowledge. There are uncertainties inherent in any loss estimation technique. Therefore, there may be significant differences between the modeled results contained in this report and the actual social and economic losses following a specific Hurricane. These results can be improved by using enhanced inventory data.





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General Description of the Region

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The hurricane loss estimates provided in this report are based on a region that includes 1 county(ies) from the following state(s):

- Texas

Note:

Appendix A contains a complete listing of the counties contained in the region.

The geographical size of the region is 287.02 square miles and contains 7 census tracts. There are over 14 thousand households in the region and a total population of 40,172 people. The distribution of population by State and County is provided in Appendix B.

There are an estimated 16 thousand buildings in the region with a total building replacement value (excluding contents) of 6,238 million dollars. Approximately 87% of the buildings (and 60% of the building value) are associated with residential housing.

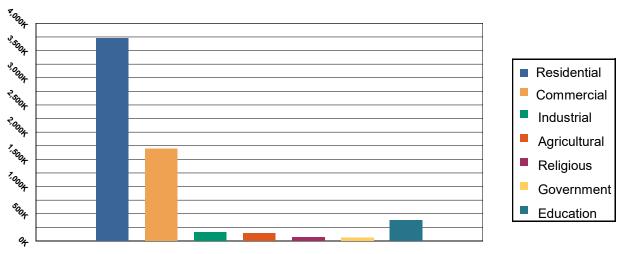




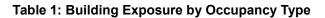
Building Inventory

General Building Stock

Hazus estimates that there are 16,538 buildings in the region which have an aggregate total replacement value of Table 1 presents the relative distribution of the value with respect to the general occupancies. Appendix B prov distribution of the building value by State and County.



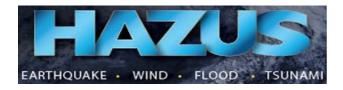
Building Exposure by Occupancy Type



Occupancy	Exposure (\$1000)	Percent of Tot
Residential	3,726,718	59.74 %
Commercial	1,696,797	27.20%
Industrial	164,816	2.64%
Agricultural	140,638	2.25%
Religious	70,163	1.12%
Government	57,090	0.92%
Education	381,940	6.12%
Total	6,238,162	100.00%

Essential Facility Inventory

For essential facilities, there are 1 hospitals in the region with a total bed capacity of 64 beds. There are 17 schools, 6 fire stations, 6 police stations and 1 emergency operation facilities.





Hurricane Scenario

Hazus used the following set of information to define the hurricane parameters for the hurricane loss estimate provided in this report.

Scenario Name:

Probabilistic Probabilistic

Type:

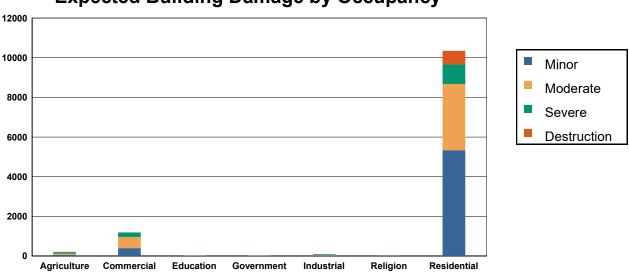




Building Damage

General Building Stock Damage

Hazus estimates that about 6,080 buildings will be at least moderately damaged. This is over 37% of the total number of buildings in the region. There are an estimated 712 buildings that will be completely destroyed. The definition of the 'damage states' is provided in the Hazus Hurricane technical manual. Table 2 below summarizes the expected damage by general occupancy for the buildings in the region. Table 3 summarizes the expected damage by general building type.



Expected Building Damage by Occupancy

Table 2: Expected Building Damage by Occupancy : 100 - year Event

	None		Min	Minor		Moderate		Severe		Destruction	
Occupancy	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	
Agriculture	57.89	21.76	47.93	18.02	64.81	24.37	72.85	27.39	22.52	8.46	
Commercial	377.42	24.10	398.30	25.43	558.92	35.69	228.95	14.62	2.42	0.15	
Education	6.40	24.61	5.61	21.58	7.51	28.90	6.47	24.88	0.01	0.03	
Government	12.37	28.11	10.59	24.07	12.21	27.75	8.82	20.05	0.01	0.02	
Industrial	37.02	28.26	31.02	23.68	35.54	27.13	26.90	20.53	0.53	0.40	
Religion	12.97	28.82	12.80	28.45	11.97	26.61	7.24	16.09	0.01	0.03	
Residential	4,113.81	28.45	5,334.02	36.89	3,342.27	23.11	983.39	6.80	686.51	4.75	
Total	4,617.88	8	5,840.27	,	4,033.23	3	1,334.62	2	712.01		





Table 3: Expected Building Damage by Building Type : 100 - year Event

Building	None		Minor		Moderate		Severe		Destruction	
Туре	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)
Concrete	66	22.41	54	18.44	113	38.60	60	20.54	0	0.01
Masonry	555	26.30	542	25.69	628	29.73	343	16.23	43	2.05
MH	1,010	51.19	287	14.55	357	18.11	58	2.93	261	13.23
Steel	138	22.23	100	16.03	253	40.70	129	20.82	1	0.21
Wood	2,994	25.96	4,702	40.77	2,649	22.97	789	6.84	401	3.47





Essential Facility Damage

Before the hurricane, the region had 64 hospital beds available for use. On the day of the hurricane, the model estimates that 0 hospital beds (0%) are available for use by patients already in the hospital and those injured by the hurricane. After one week, 0% of the beds will be in service. By 30 days, 100% will be operational.





Thematic Map of Essential Facilities

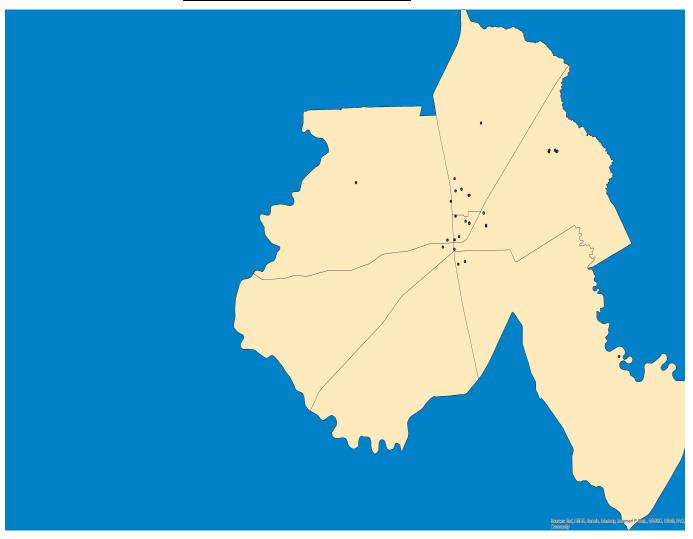


Table 4: Expected Damage to Essential Facilities

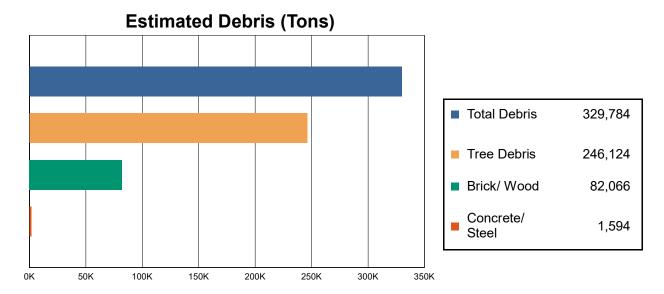
			# Facilities						
Classification	Total	Probability of at Least Moderate Damage > 50%	Probability of Complete Damage > 50%	Expected Loss of Use < 1 day					
EOCs	1	0	0	1					
Fire Stations	6	1	0	6					
Hospitals	1	1	0	0					
Police Stations	6	5	0	6					
Schools	17	17	0	0					





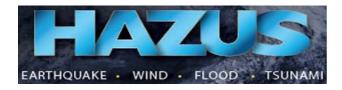
Induced Hurricane Damage

Debris Generation



Hazus estimates the amount of debris that will be generated by the hurricane. The model breaks the debris into four general categories: a) Brick/Wood, b) Reinforced Concrete/Steel, c) Eligible Tree Debris, and d) Other Tree Debris. This distinction is made because of the different types of material handling equipment required to handle the debris.

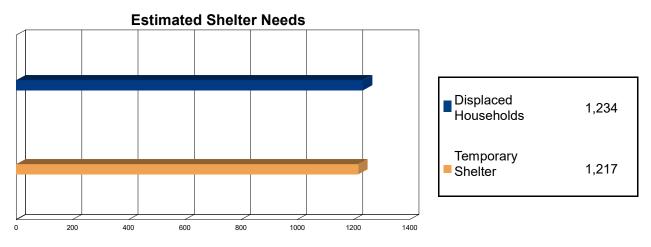
The model estimates that a total of 329,784 tons of debris will be generated. Of the total amount, 217,568 tons (66%) is Other Tree Debris. Of the remaining 112,216 tons, Brick/Wood comprises 73% of the total, Reinforced Concrete/Steel comprises of 1% of the total, with the remainder being Eligible Tree Debris. If the building debris tonnage is converted to an estimated number of truckloads, it will require 3346 truckloads (@25 tons/truck) to remove the building debris generated by the hurricane. The number of Eligible Tree Debris truckloads will depend on how the 28,556 tons of Eligible Tree Debris are collected and processed. The volume of tree debris generally ranges from about 4 cubic yards per ton for chipped or compacted tree debris to about 10 cubic yards per ton for bulkier, uncompacted debris.



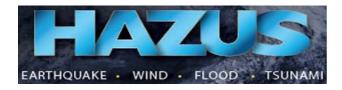


Social Impact

Shelter Requirement



Hazus estimates the number of households that are expected to be displaced from their homes due to the hurricane and the number of displaced people that will require accommodations in temporary public shelters. The model estimates 1,234 households to be displaced due to the hurricane. Of these, 1,217 people (out of a total population of 40,172) will seek temporary shelter in public shelters.





Economic Loss

The total economic loss estimated for the hurricane is 1327.9 million dollars, which represents 21.29 % of the total replacement value of the region's buildings.

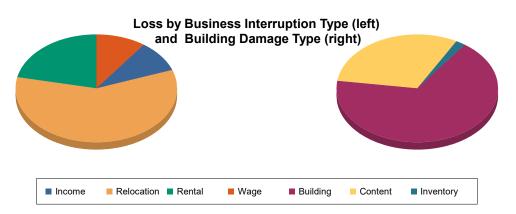
Building-Related Losses

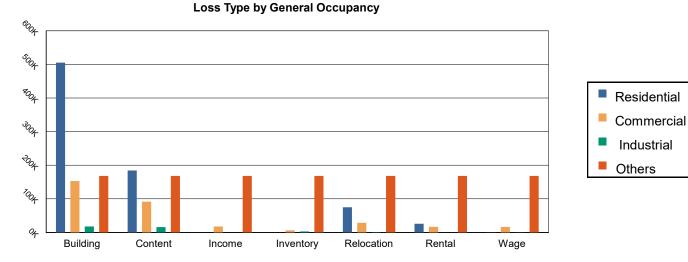
The building related losses are broken into two categories: direct property damage losses and business interruption losses. The direct property damage losses are the estimated costs to repair or replace the damage caused to the building and its contents. The business interruption losses are the losses associated with inability to operate a business because of the damage sustained during the hurricane. Business interruption losses also include the temporary living expenses for those people displaced from their homes because of the hurricane.

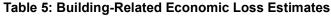
The total property damage losses were 1,328 million dollars. 15% of the estimated losses were related to the business interruption of the region. By far, the largest loss was sustained by the residential occupancies which made up over 60% of the total loss. Table 5 below provides a summary of the losses associated with the building damage.











(Thousands of dollars)

Category	Area	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Others	Total
Property Da	amage					
	Building	505,018.32	152,706.46	17,865.72	78,859.40	754,449.89
	Content	184,315.66	91,339.33	15,714.59	54,161.98	345,531.56
	Inventory	0.00	6,321.30	2,793.32	13,493.86	22,608.47
	Subtotal	689,333.98	250,367.09	36,373.63	146,515.24	1,122,589.93
Business In	terruption Loss	000.44	17 000 01	070.00		10 505 71
	Income	298.44	17,808.34	278.32	1,180.61	19,565.71
	Relocation	74,789.14	28,803.23	1,117.49	16,162.78	120,872.64
	Rental	25,738.15	16,850.62	268.18	1,271.01	44,127.96
	Wage	702.45	16,338.51	457.51	3,246.90	20,745.37
	Subtotal	101,528.18	79,800.70	2,121.49	21,861.30	205,311.68





Total 790,862.16 330,167.79 38,495.12 168,376.54 1,327,901.61





Appendix A: County Listing for the Region

Texas - Brazoria





Appendix B: Regional Population and Building Value Data

		Building Value (thousands of dollars)				
	Population	Residential	Non-Residential	Total		
Texas						
Brazoria	40,172	3,726,718	2,511,444	6,238,162		
Total	40,172	3,726,718	2,511,444	6,238,162		
Study Region Total	40,172	3,726,718	2,511,444	6,238,162		







Hazus: Hurricane Global Risk Report

Region Name: City of Angleton

Hurricane Scenario: Probabilistic 500-year Return Period

Print Date:

Thursday, March 23, 2023

Disclaimer:

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region.

The estimates of social and economic impacts contained in this report were produced using Hazus loss estimation methodology software which is based on current scientific and engineering knowledge. There are uncertainties inherent in any loss estimation technique. Therefore, there may be significant differences between the modeled results contained in this report and the actual social and economic losses following a specific Hurricane. These results can be improved by using enhanced inventory data.





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General Description of the Region

Hazus is a regional multi-hazard loss estimation model that was developed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency and the National Institute of Building Sciences. The primary purpose of Hazus is to provide a methodology and software application to develop multi-hazard losses at a regional scale. These loss estimates would be used primarily by local, state and regional officials to plan and stimulate efforts to reduce risks from multi-hazards and to prepare for emergency response and recovery.

The hurricane loss estimates provided in this report are based on a region that includes 1 county(ies) from the following state(s):

- Texas

Note:

Appendix A contains a complete listing of the counties contained in the region.

The geographical size of the region is 287.02 square miles and contains 7 census tracts. There are over 14 thousand households in the region and a total population of 40,172 people. The distribution of population by State and County is provided in Appendix B.

There are an estimated 16 thousand buildings in the region with a total building replacement value (excluding contents) of 6,238 million dollars. Approximately 87% of the buildings (and 60% of the building value) are associated with residential housing.

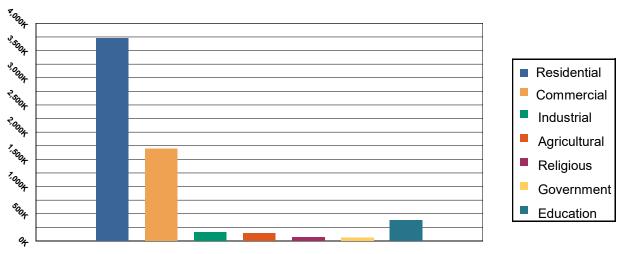




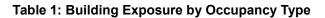
Building Inventory

General Building Stock

Hazus estimates that there are 16,538 buildings in the region which have an aggregate total replacement value of Table 1 presents the relative distribution of the value with respect to the general occupancies. Appendix B prov distribution of the building value by State and County.



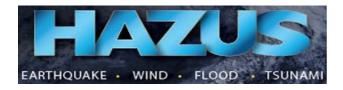
Building Exposure by Occupancy Type



Occupancy	Exposure (\$1000)	Percent of Tot
Residential	3,726,718	59.74 %
Commercial	1,696,797	27.20%
Industrial	164,816	2.64%
Agricultural	140,638	2.25%
Religious	70,163	1.12%
Government	57,090	0.92%
Education	381,940	6.12%
Total	6,238,162	100.00%

Essential Facility Inventory

For essential facilities, there are 1 hospitals in the region with a total bed capacity of 64 beds. There are 17 schools, 6 fire stations, 6 police stations and 1 emergency operation facilities.





Hurricane Scenario

Hazus used the following set of information to define the hurricane parameters for the hurricane loss estimate provided in this report.

Scenario Name:

Probabilistic Probabilistic

Type:

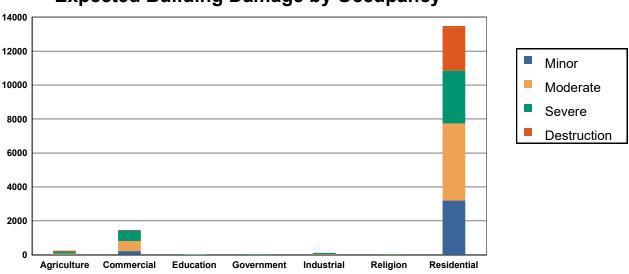




Building Damage

General Building Stock Damage

Hazus estimates that about 11,931 buildings will be at least moderately damaged. This is over 72% of the total number of buildings in the region. There are an estimated 2,697 buildings that will be completely destroyed. The definition of the 'damage states' is provided in the Hazus Hurricane technical manual. Table 2 below summarizes the expected damage by general occupancy for the buildings in the region. Table 3 summarizes the expected damage by general building type.



Expected Building Damage by Occupancy

Table 2: Expected Building Damage by Occupancy : 500 - year Event

	None		Min	Minor		Moderate		Severe		Destruction	
Occupancy	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	
Agriculture	16.14	6.07	23.29	8.76	56.61	21.28	117.48	44.16	52.48	19.73	
Commercial	100.81	6.44	222.75	14.22	590.96	37.74	630.06	40.23	21.42	1.37	
Education	2.03	7.81	2.80	10.77	7.04	27.09	14.02	53.93	0.10	0.39	
Government	3.72	8.46	5.69	12.93	12.81	29.12	21.61	49.11	0.17	0.38	
Industrial	11.27	8.61	17.05	13.02	37.46	28.60	63.51	48.48	1.70	1.30	
Religion	3.61	8.01	7.48	16.62	14.38	31.97	19.24	42.75	0.30	0.66	
Residential	986.64	6.82	3,203.84	22.16	4,540.93	31.40	3,107.33	21.49	2,621.26	18.13	
Total	1,124.23		3,482.90)	5,260.20)	3,973.2	5	2,697.42		





Table 3: Expected Building Damage by Building Type : 500 - year Event

Building	None		Minor		Moderate		Severe		Destruction	
Туре	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)
Concrete	20	6.79	22	7.66	101	34.34	150	51.08	0	0.13
Masonry	157	7.41	312	14.77	670	31.75	825	39.08	147	6.98
MH	361	18.29	234	11.84	478	24.24	182	9.23	718	36.41
Steel	42	6.83	42	6.73	214	34.43	314	50.62	9	1.39
Wood	620	5.38	2,812	24.38	3,805	32.99	2,574	22.32	1,723	14.94





Essential Facility Damage

Before the hurricane, the region had 64 hospital beds available for use. On the day of the hurricane, the model estimates that 0 hospital beds (0%) are available for use by patients already in the hospital and those injured by the hurricane. After one week, 0% of the beds will be in service. By 30 days, 100% will be operational.





Thematic Map of Essential Facilities

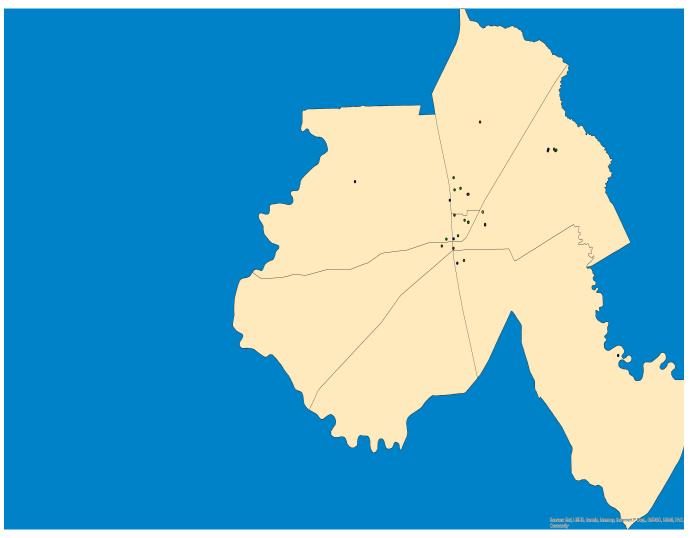


Table 4: Expected Damage to Essential Facilities

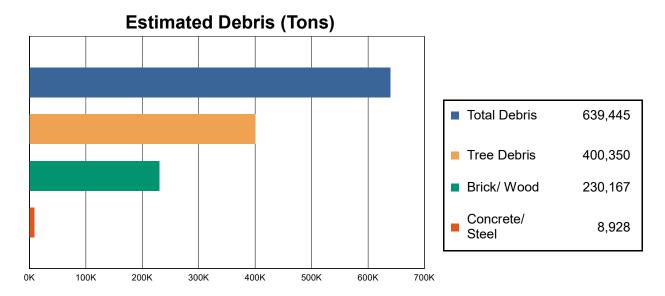
			# Facilities						
Classification	Total	Probability of at Least Moderate Damage > 50%	Probability of Complete Damage > 50%	Expected Loss of Use < 1 day					
EOCs	1	1	0	0					
Fire Stations	6	6	0	6					
Hospitals	1	1	0	0					
Police Stations	6	6	0	0					
Schools	17	17	0	0					





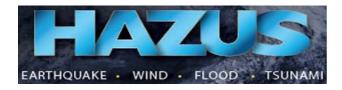
Induced Hurricane Damage

Debris Generation



Hazus estimates the amount of debris that will be generated by the hurricane. The model breaks the debris into four general categories: a) Brick/Wood, b) Reinforced Concrete/Steel, c) Eligible Tree Debris, and d) Other Tree Debris. This distinction is made because of the different types of material handling equipment required to handle the debris.

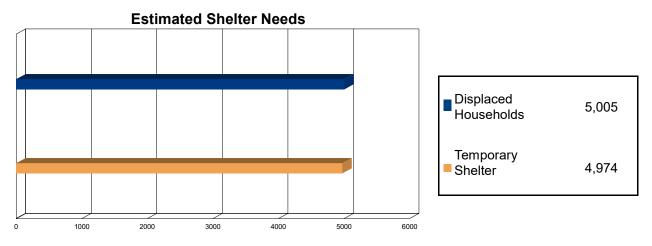
The model estimates that a total of 639,445 tons of debris will be generated. Of the total amount, 353,322 tons (55%) is Other Tree Debris. Of the remaining 286,123 tons, Brick/Wood comprises 80% of the total, Reinforced Concrete/Steel comprises of 3% of the total, with the remainder being Eligible Tree Debris. If the building debris tonnage is converted to an estimated number of truckloads, it will require 9564 truckloads (@25 tons/truck) to remove the building debris generated by the hurricane. The number of Eligible Tree Debris truckloads will depend on how the 47,028 tons of Eligible Tree Debris are collected and processed. The volume of tree debris generally ranges from about 4 cubic yards per ton for chipped or compacted tree debris to about 10 cubic yards per ton for bulkier, uncompacted debris.



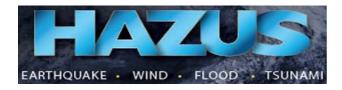


Social Impact

Shelter Requirement



Hazus estimates the number of households that are expected to be displaced from their homes due to the hurricane and the number of displaced people that will require accommodations in temporary public shelters. The model estimates 5,005 households to be displaced due to the hurricane. Of these, 4,974 people (out of a total population of 40,172) will seek temporary shelter in public shelters.





Economic Loss

The total economic loss estimated for the hurricane is 3642.0 million dollars, which represents 58.38 % of the total replacement value of the region's buildings.

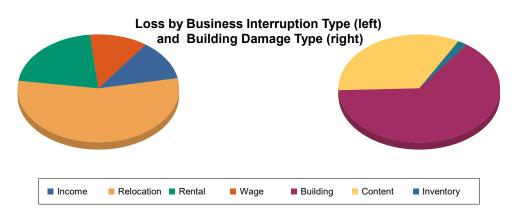
Building-Related Losses

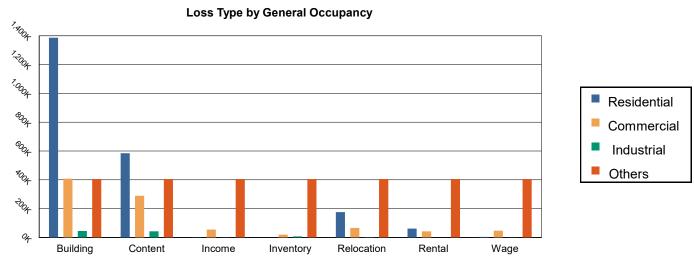
The building related losses are broken into two categories: direct property damage losses and business interruption losses. The direct property damage losses are the estimated costs to repair or replace the damage caused to the building and its contents. The business interruption losses are the losses associated with inability to operate a business because of the damage sustained during the hurricane. Business interruption losses also include the temporary living expenses for those people displaced from their homes because of the hurricane.

The total property damage losses were 3,642 million dollars. 14% of the estimated losses were related to the business interruption of the region. By far, the largest loss was sustained by the residential occupancies which made up over 61% of the total loss. Table 5 below provides a summary of the losses associated with the building damage.











(Thousands of dollars)

Category	Area	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Others	Total
Property Da	image					
	Building	1,386,829.77	407,630.97	44,423.46	186,757.08	2,025,641.27
	Content	584,925.75	288,492.65	42,135.82	138,696.30	1,054,250.52
	Inventory	0.00	18,710.15	7,376.13	33,873.63	59,959.91
	Subtotal	1,971,755.52	714,833.77	93,935.41	359,327.01	3,139,851.71
Business In	terruption Loss					
	Income	1,301.19	54,622.67	735.19	3,048.01	59,707.06
	Relocation	176,056.35	65,376.62	2,224.48	33,811.93	277,469.38
	Rental	61,185.80	42,396.08	597.09	2,858.49	107,037.45
	Wage	3,060.62	47,278.85	1,200.08	6,426.35	57,965.90
	Subtotal	241,603.96	209,674.21	4,756.84	46,144.77	502,179.78





Total 2,213,359.48 924,507.98 98,692.25 405,471.78 3,642,031.48





Appendix A: County Listing for the Region

Texas - Brazoria





Appendix B: Regional Population and Building Value Data

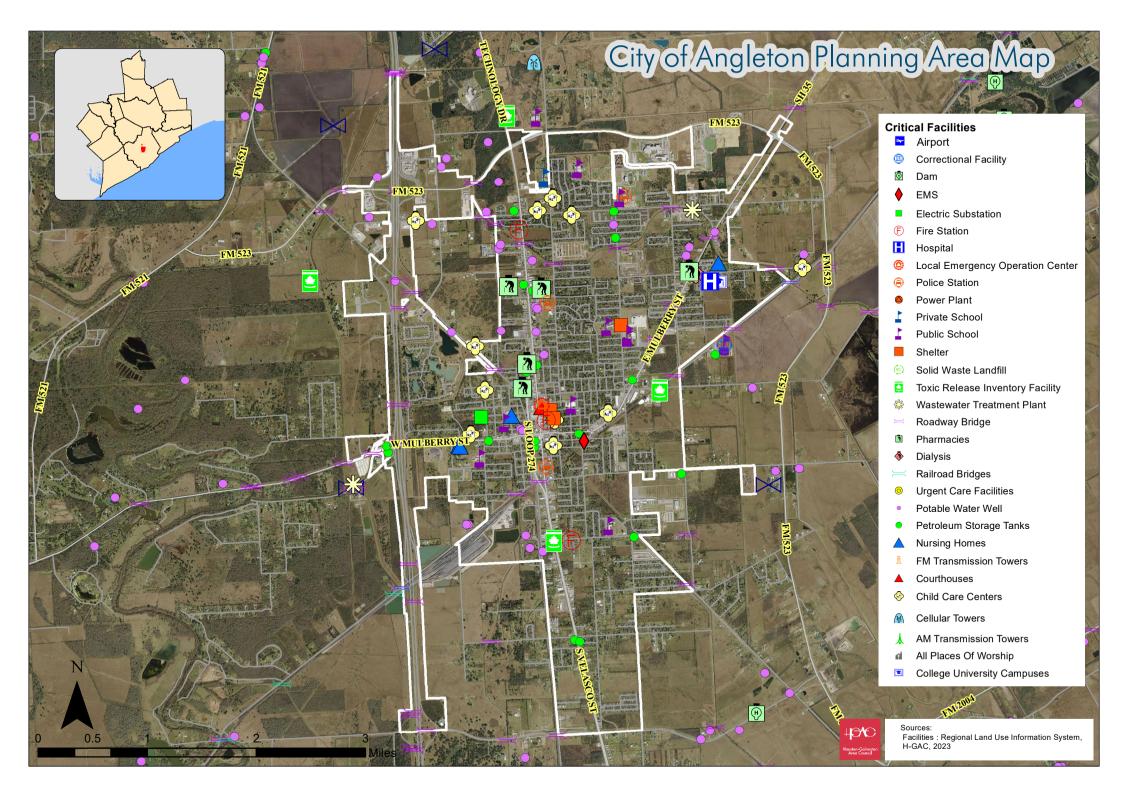
	Population	Building Value (thousands of dollars)		
		Residential	Non-Residential	Total
Texas				
Brazoria	40,172	3,726,718	2,511,444	6,238,162
Total	40,172	3,726,718	2,511,444	6,238,162
Study Region Total	40,172	3,726,718	2,511,444	6,238,162

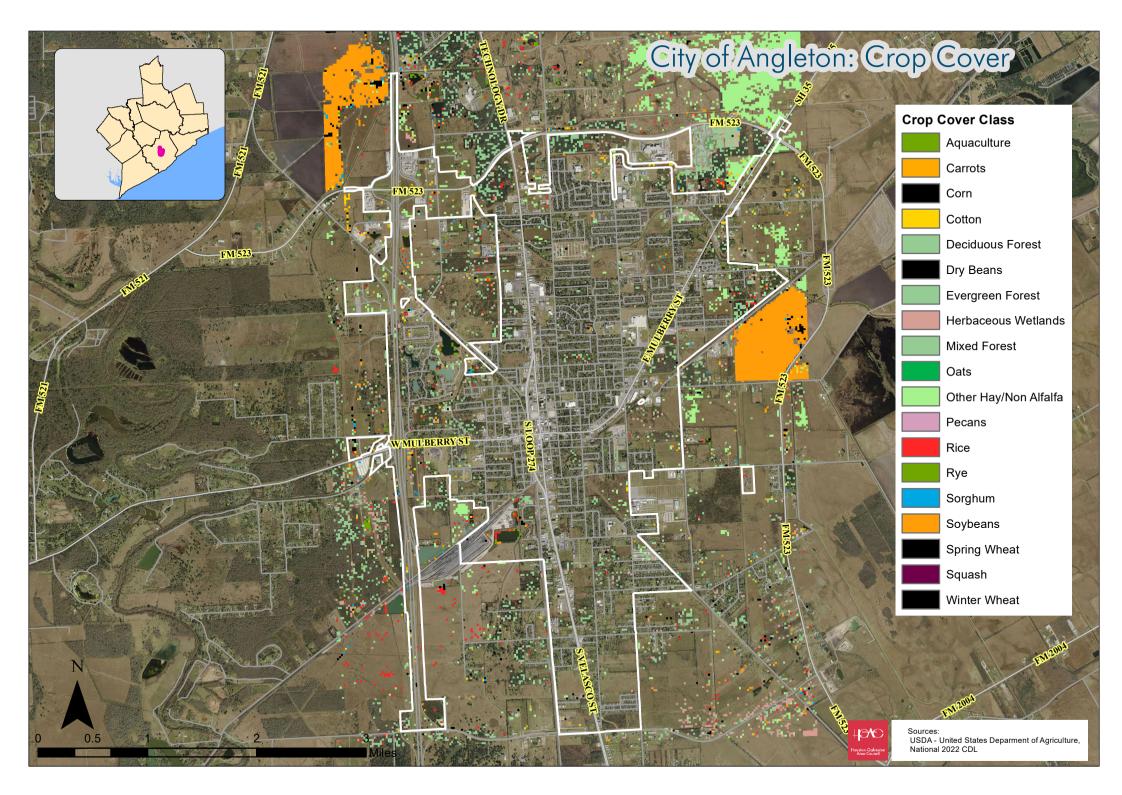


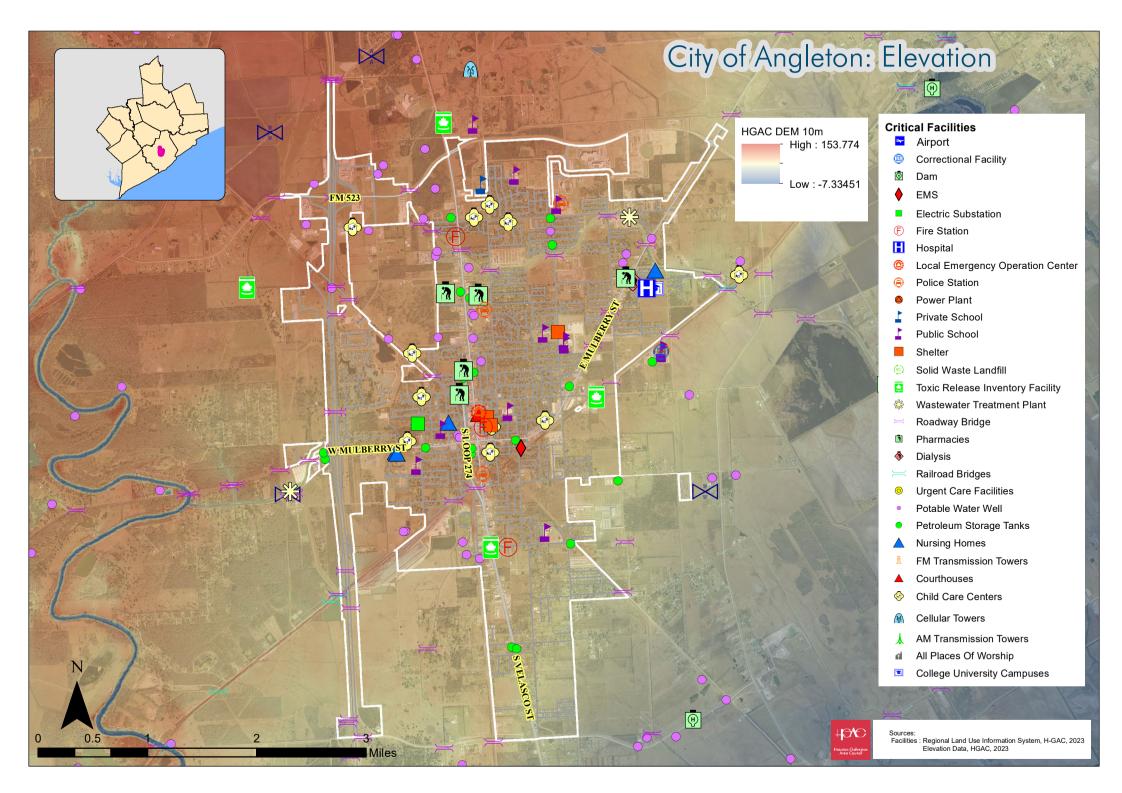
Appendix B

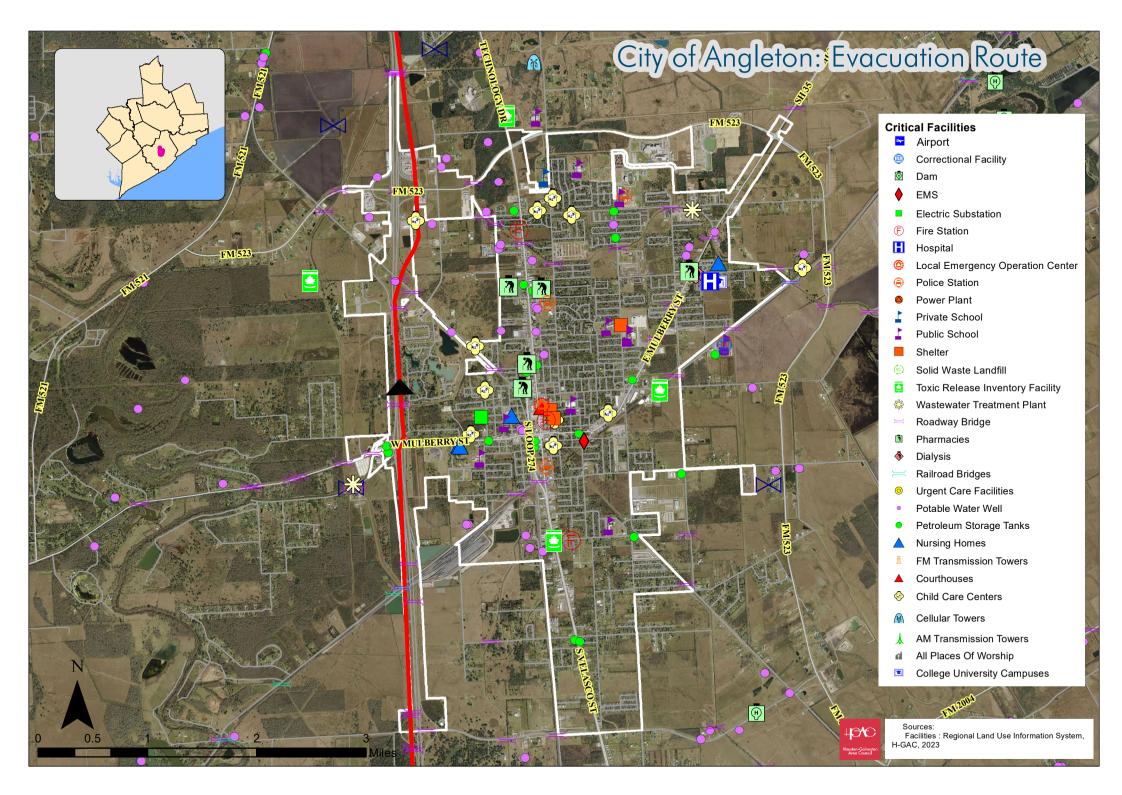
H-GAC MAPS

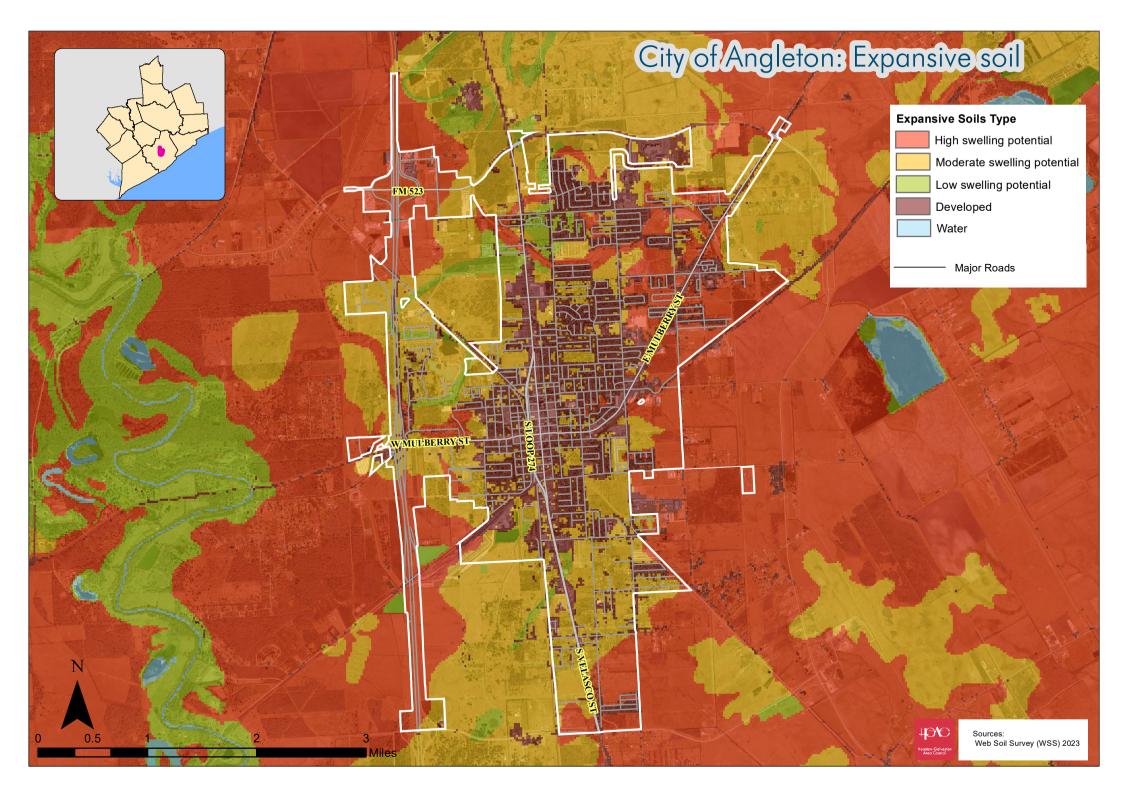
City of Angleton Hazard Mitigation Plan, 2024

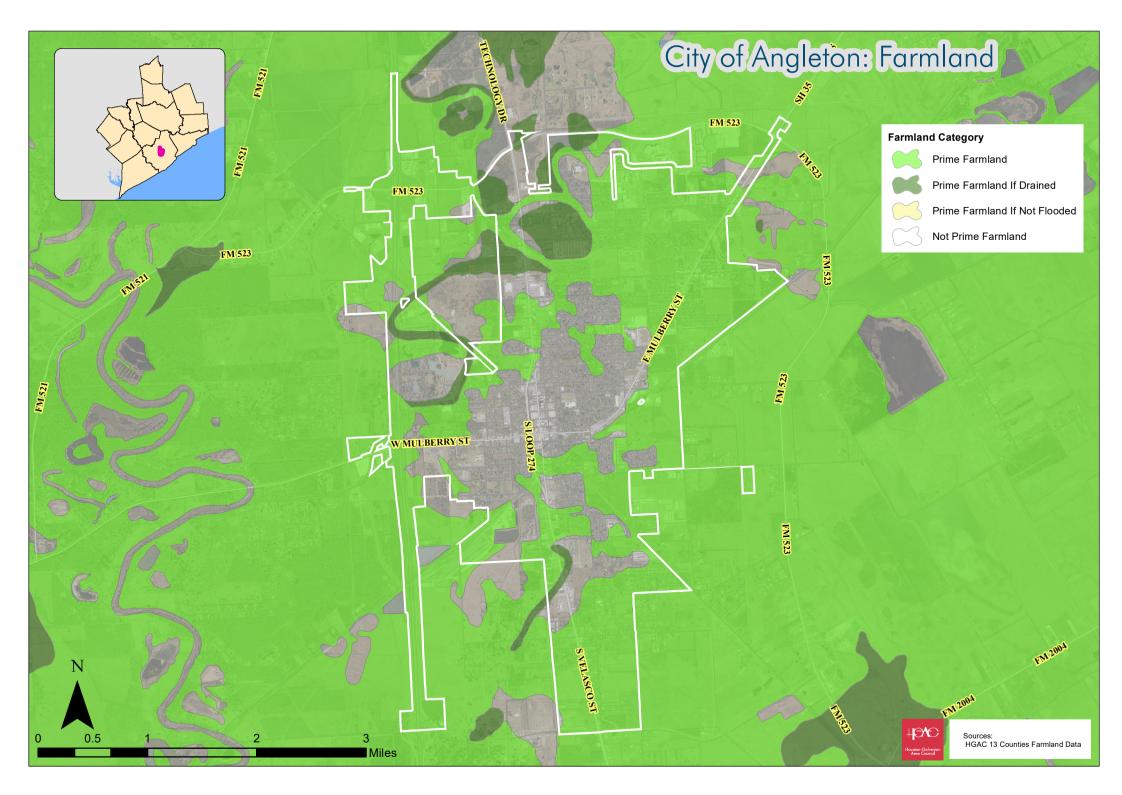


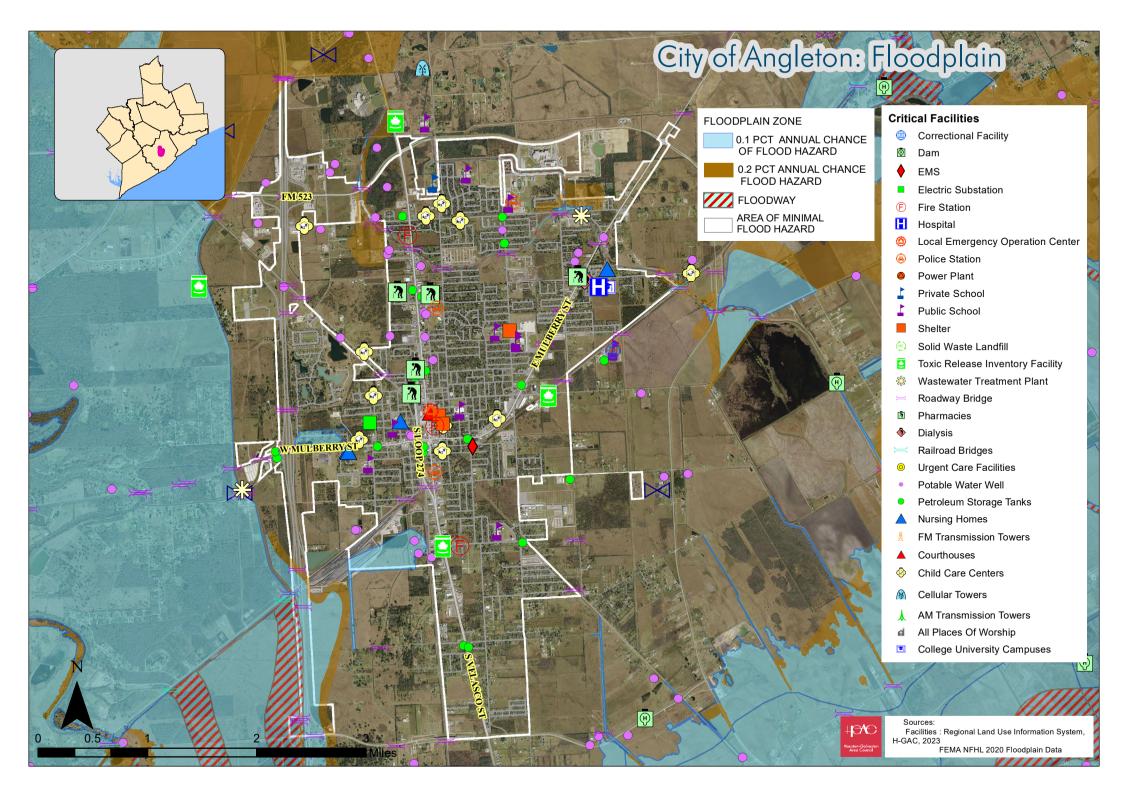


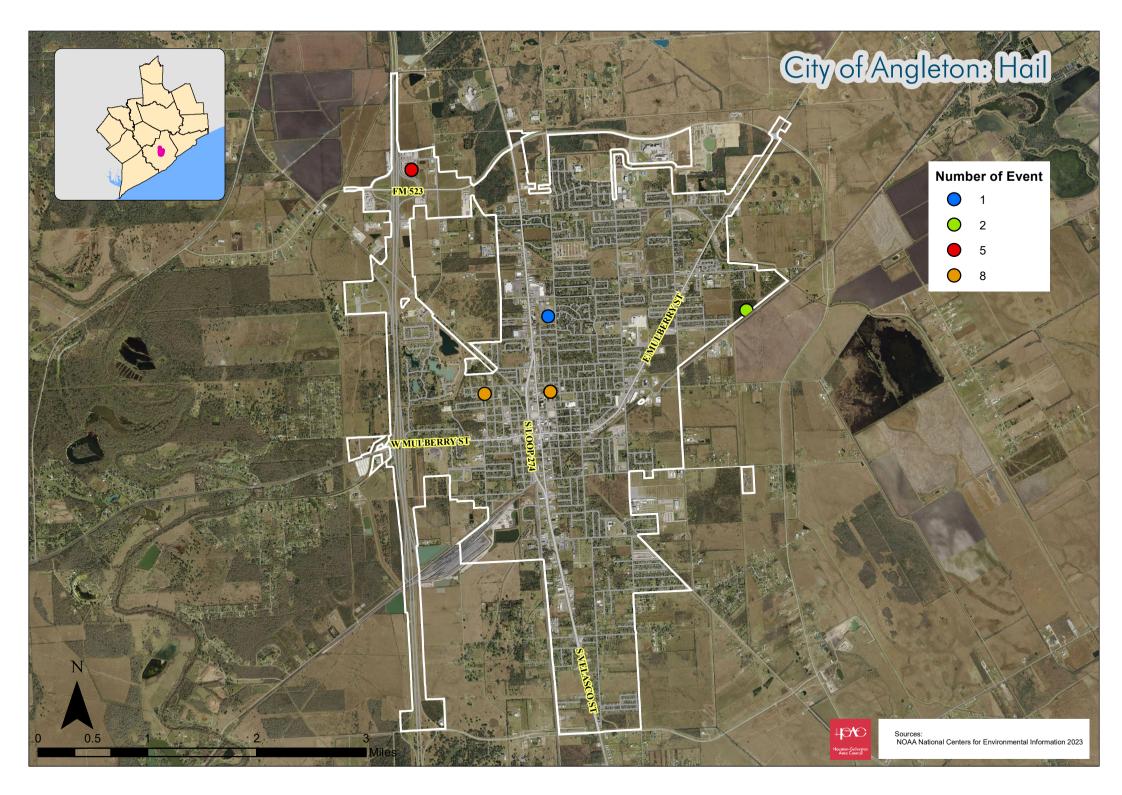


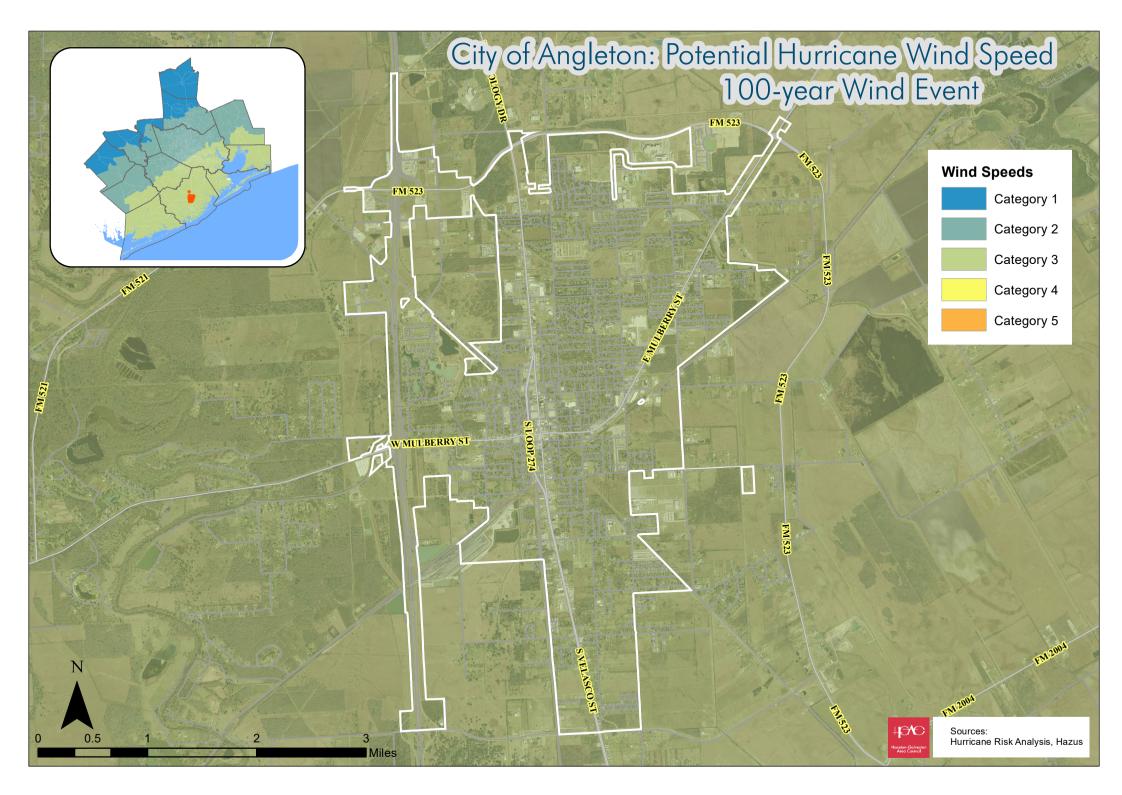


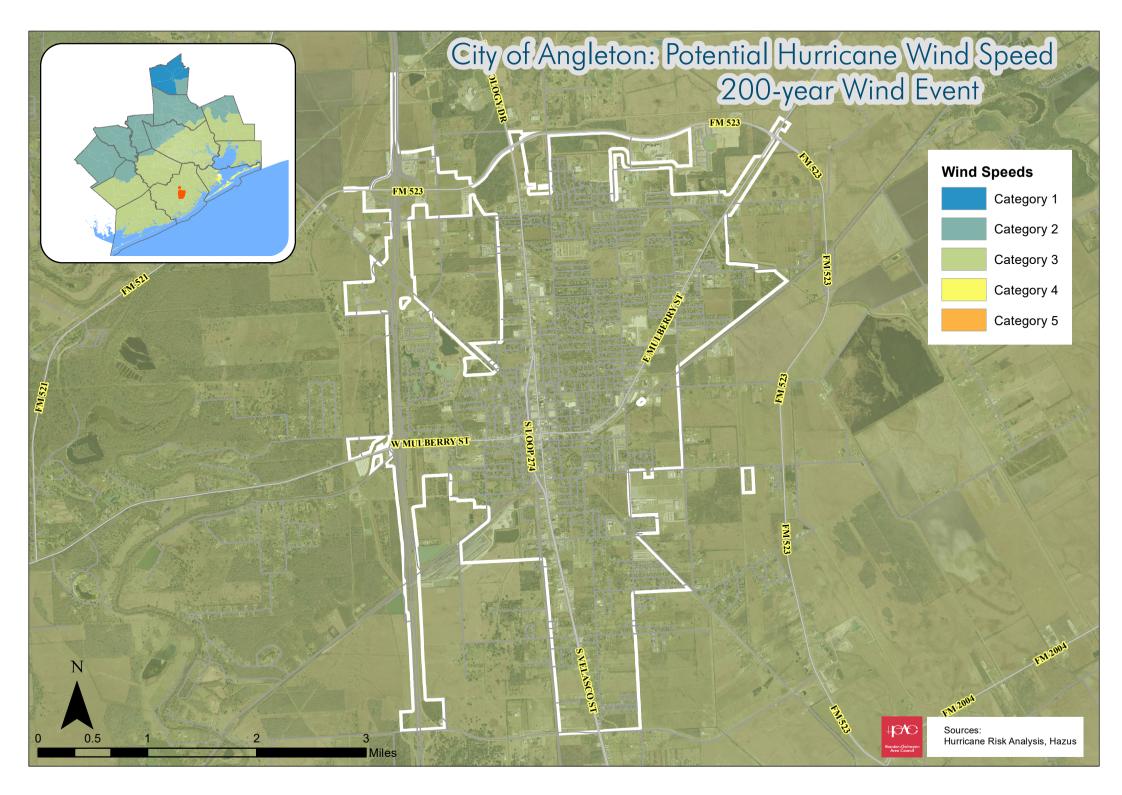


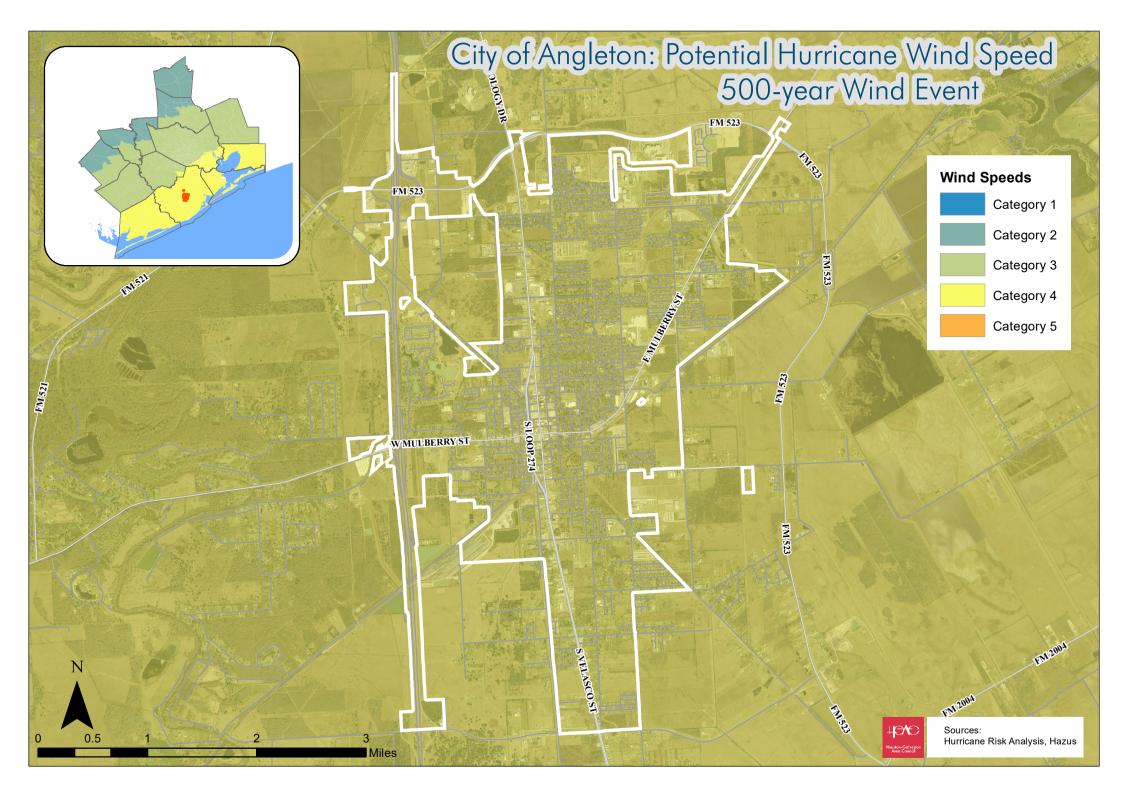




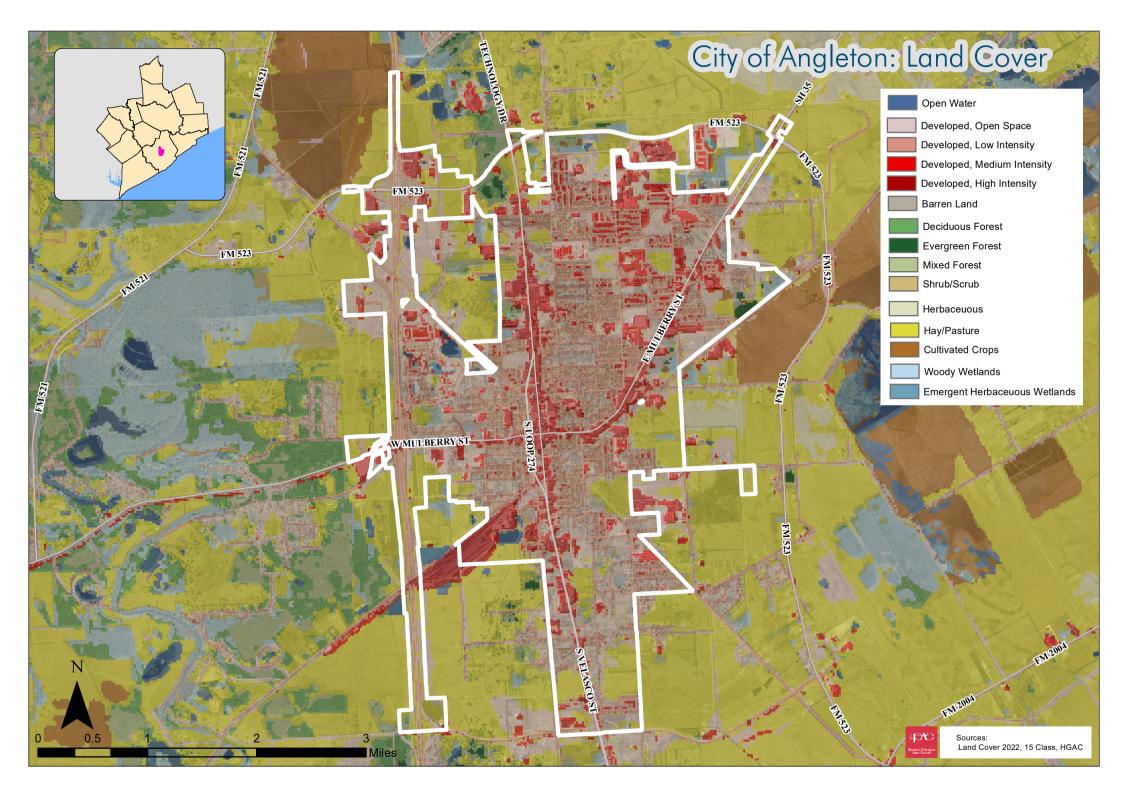


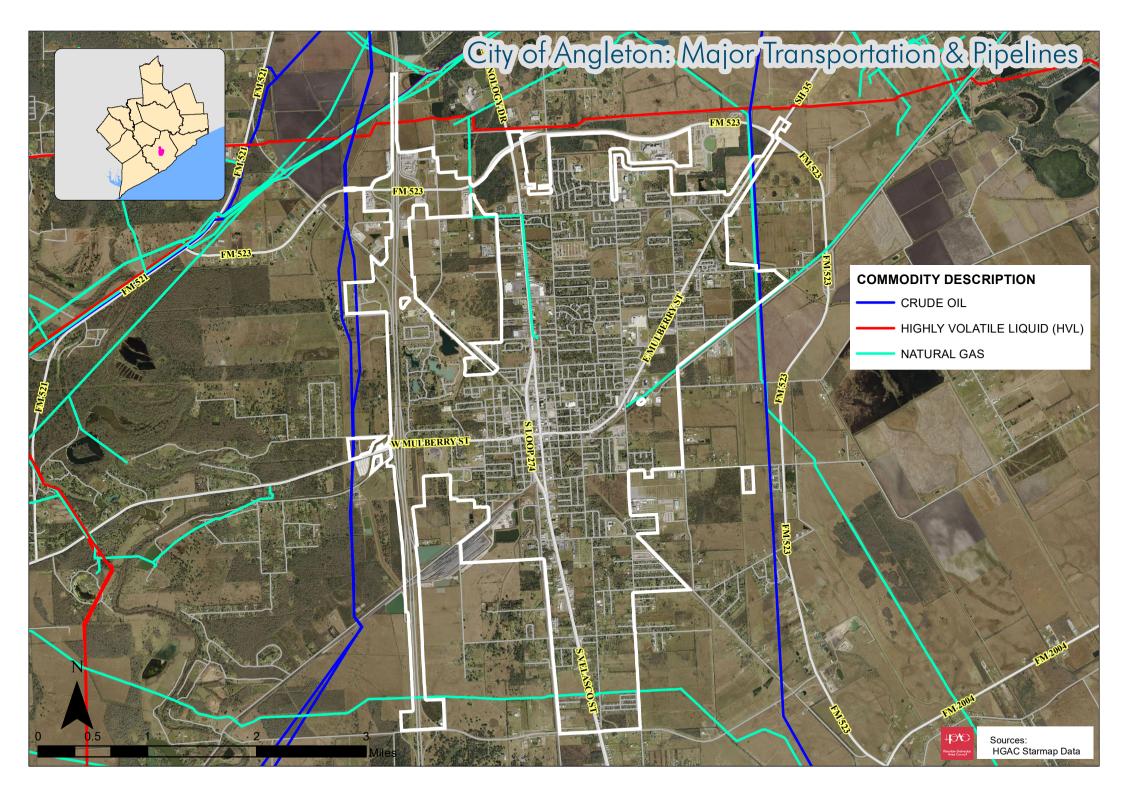


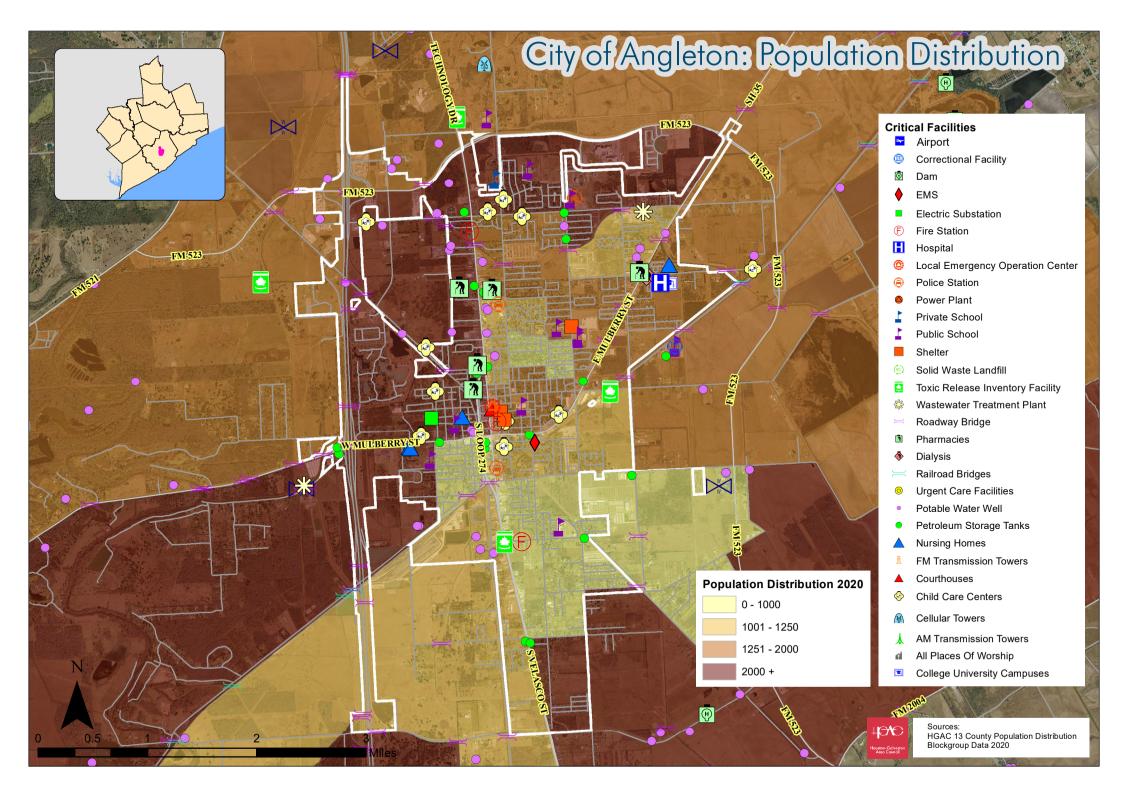


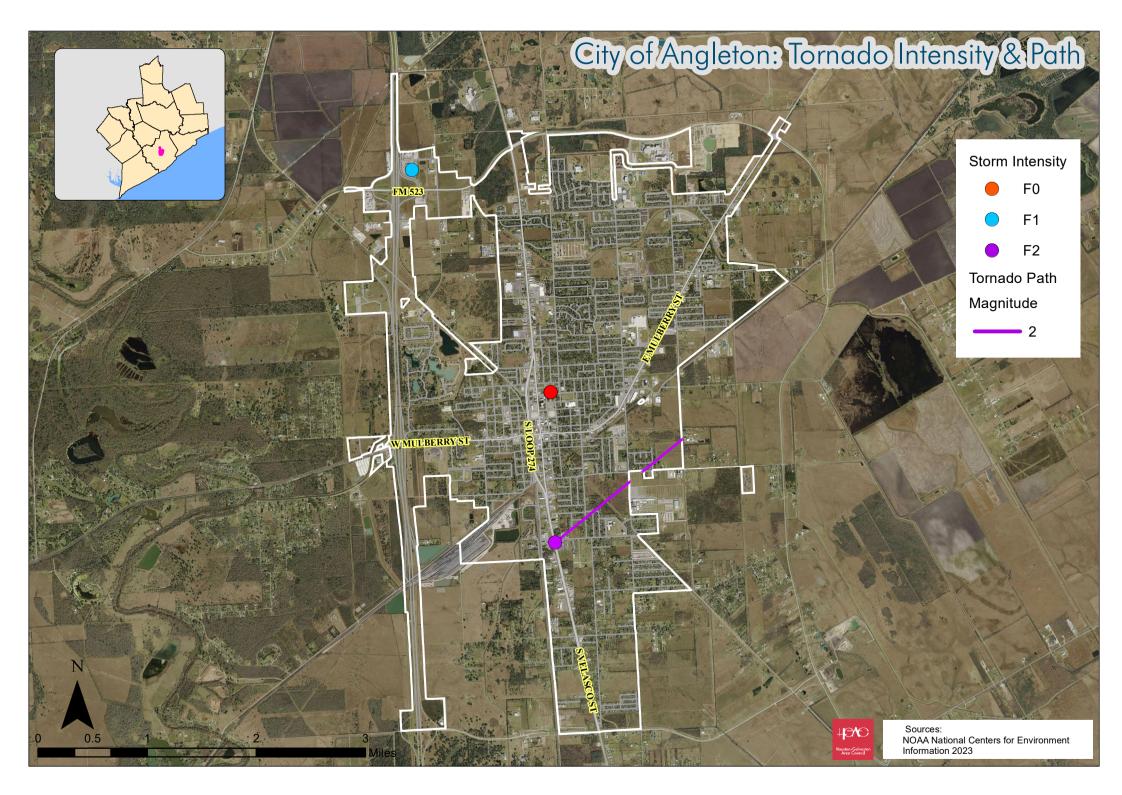


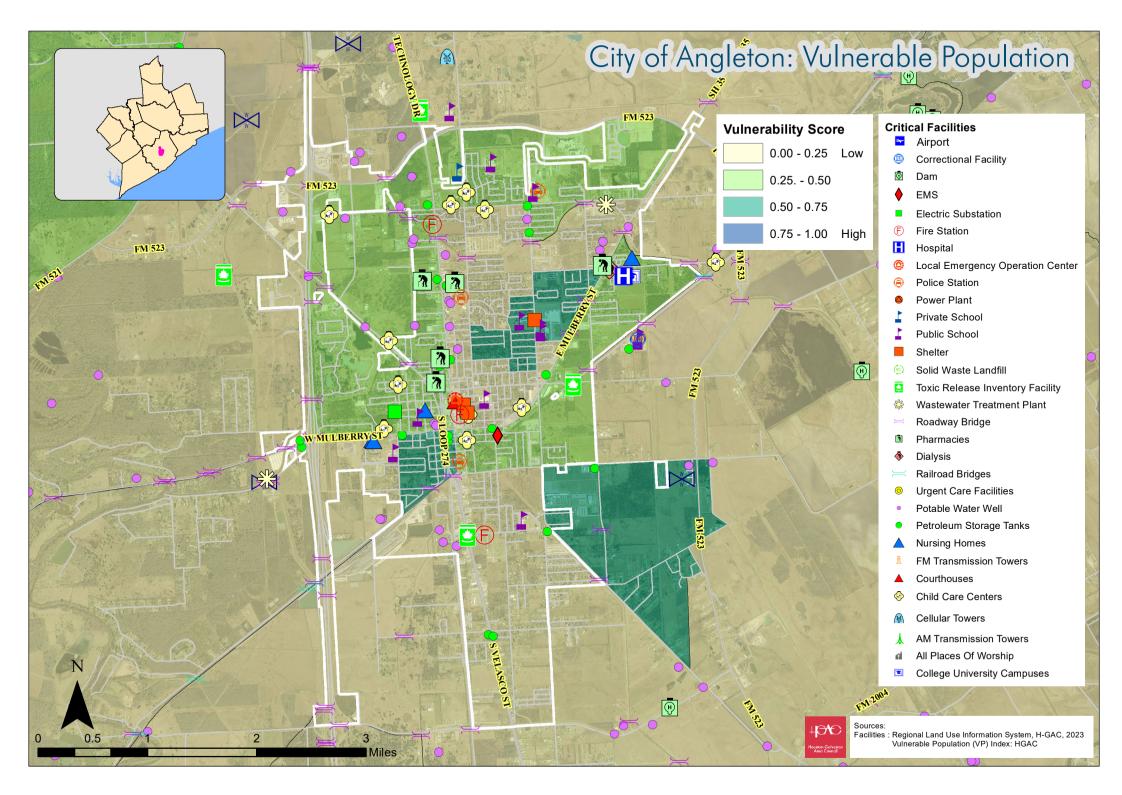


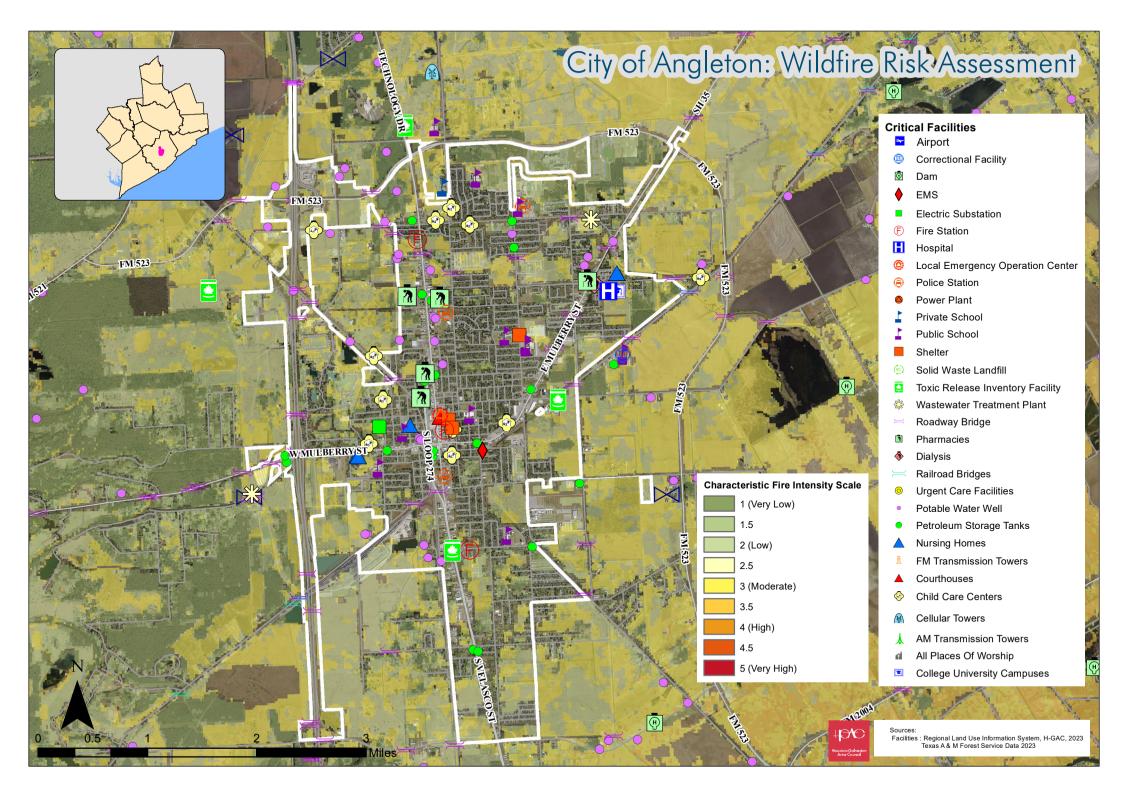


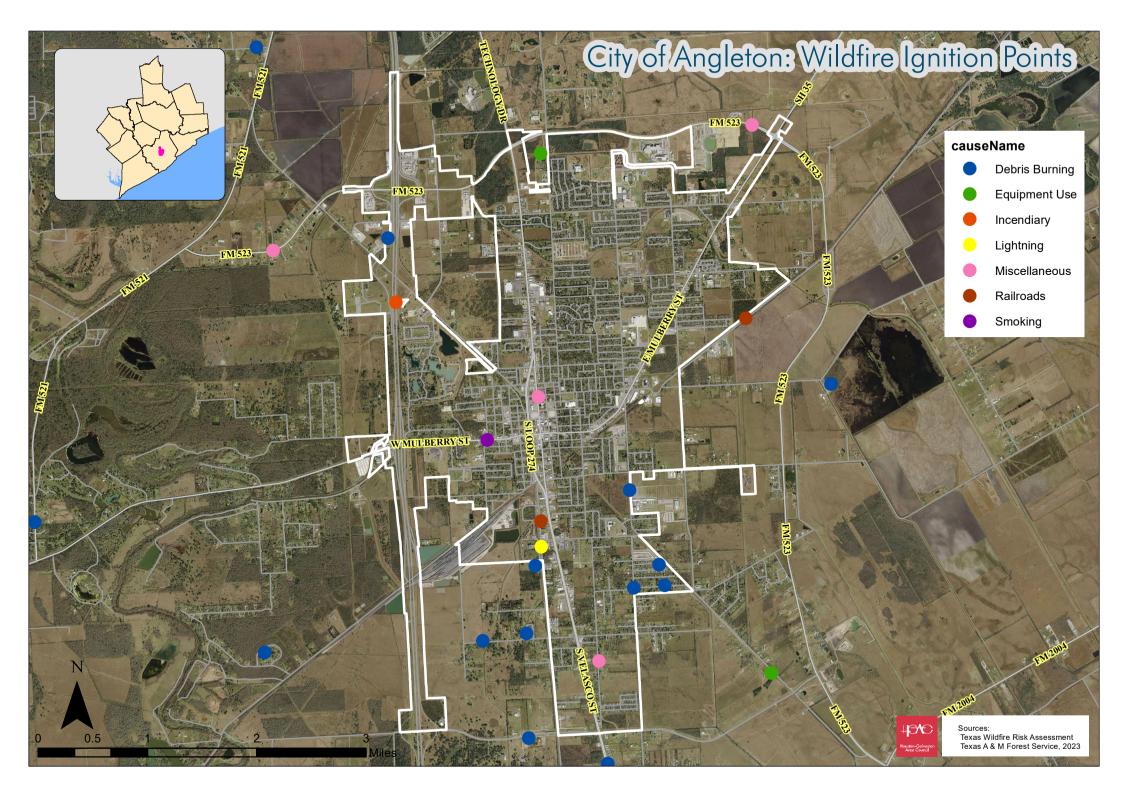














Appendix C

CRITICAL FACILITIES

City of Angleton Hazard Mitigation Plan, 2024

Туре	Name	Address	City	Zip code	County	Latitude	Longitude
Correctional Facility	Brazoria County Detention Center	3602 COUNTY RD 45	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.2429	-95.4086
Correctional Facility	Brazoria Juvenile Detention Center	20875 COUNTY RD 171	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1755	-95.4035
Correctional Facility	Scott Prison	6999 RETRIEVE	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.0917	-95.4814
Electric Substation	Retrieve		Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.0999	-95.4928
Electric Substation	Unknown304596		Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.2267	-95.4281
Electric Substation	Angleton		Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1670	-95.4406
EMS	Angleton Area Emergency Medical Services	600 EAST ORANGE STREET	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1634	-95.4252
Fire Station	Angleton Fire Department, Station 2	Cemetery Road	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1502	-95.4276
Fire Station	Angleton Volunteer Fire Department, Station 1	221 North Chenango Street	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1663	-95.4308
Fire Station	Angleton Volunteer Fire Department, Station 3	2743 North Velasco Street	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1916	-95.4341
Fire Station	Holiday Lakes Fire Department	200 Texas Avenue	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.2039	-95.5165
Hospital	Utmb Health- Angleton Danbury Campus	132 EAST HOSPITAL DRIVE	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1840	-95.4054
Local Emergency Operation Center	Brazoria County Emergency Operations Center	111 EAST LOCUST STREET	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1683	-95.4314
Police Station	Brazoria County Sheriff's Office/ Jail	3602 COUNTY ROAD 45	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.2430	-95.4078
Police Station	Brazoria County Juvenile Detention Center	20875 COUNTY ROAD 171	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1758	-95.4034
Police Station	Angleton ISD Police Department	1201 HENDERSON ROAD	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1956	-95.4180
Police Station	Angleton Police Department	104 CANNAN DRIVE	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1819	-95.4301
Police Station	Texas Department of Public Safety- Highway Patrol Region 2 District A Sergeant 0 Area 7	501 SOUTH VELASCO STREET	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1601	-95.4310
Private School	Angleton Christian School	3133 N VALDERAS ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1984	-95.4300
Frivate School	Angleton Christian School	5155 N VALDERAS SI	Angleton	//313	Brazoria	29.1984	-93.4300

Туре	Name	Address	City	Zip code	County	Latitude	Longitude
Public School	Brazoria County Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Program		Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1754	-95.4034
Public School	Brazoria County Alternative Education Center		Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1757	-95.4034
Public School	Frontier Elementary		Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.2064	-95.4309
Public School	Central Elementary		Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1682	-95.4269
Public School	Angleton High School		Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1955	-95.4186
Public School	Northside Elementary		Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1784	-95.4212
Public School	Angleton High School		Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1955	-95.4186
Public School	Westside Elementary		Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1615	-95.4410
Public School	Southside Elementary		Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1520	-95.4218
Public School	Brazoria County Juvenile Detention		Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1773	-95.4181
Public School	Angleton Junior High School		Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1769	-95.4181
Public School	Student Alternative Center		Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1661	-95.4371
Public School	Rancho Isabella Elementary		Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1995	-95.4249
Shelter	First Baptist Church - Angleton	237 E. Locust	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1676	-95.4301
Shelter	UMC family life center	219 N. Arcola St.	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1665	-95.4296
Shelter	Angleton ISD admin building	1900 N. Downing	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1786	-95.4190
Solid Waste Landfill	Seabreeze environmental landfill	10310 FM 523	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.0896	-95.3666
Solid Waste Landfill	Brazoria County Recycling Center Transfer Station facility	10315 FM 523	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1169	-95.3777
Toxic Release Inventory Facility	Allegheny Petroleum Products Co.	22614 N HIGHWAY 288	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.2648	-95.4515
Toxic Release Inventory Facility	Mallinckrodt diagnostics division	1111 S. VELASCO	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1503	-95.4302
Toxic Release Inventory Facility	Oil patch brazos valley	22614 N HIGHWAY 288B	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1857	-95.4659
Toxic Release Inventory Facility	Benchmark electronics	3000 TECHNOLOGY DR	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.2067	-95.4354
Toxic Release Inventory Facility	Greif Brothers Corp	1508 E. CEDAR ST.	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1698	-95.4135
Toxic Release Inventory Facility	3m Angleton	1508 E CEDAR ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1698	-95.4135

Туре	Name	Address	City	Zip code	County	Latitude	Longitude
Wastewater Treatment Plant	Oyster Creek WWTP	500 SEBESTA RD	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1586	-95.4603
Wastewater Treatment Plant	Brushy Bayou WWTF	BRUSHY BAYOU 2000F NW ST HWY35	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1936	-95.4077
College/ University Campus	Utmb Health- Angleton Danbury Campus	132 E Hospital Dr.	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1846	-95.4050
Place of Worship	Central Assembly of God	709 W MULBERRY ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.16	-95.44
Place of Worship	First Missionary Baptist Church	PO BOX 125	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.18	-95.43
Place of Worship	New Bethel Baptist Church of Angleton	304 W LIVE OAK ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.17	-95.44
Place of Worship	Brazosport Baptist Temple	1203 COUNTY ROAD 205	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.09	-95.42
Place of Worship	His Hands Puppeteers	1013 SOUTHERN OAKS DR	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.18	-95.45
Place of Worship	Sermon on the Mound	2700 E HIGHWAY 35	Angleton	77516	Brazoria	29.19	-95.4
Place of Worship	Christ our Savior Lutheran Church	125 COUNTY ROAD 201B	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.07	-95.42
Place of Worship	Mt Pisgah Baptist Church	PO BOX 2174	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.18	-95.43
Place of Worship	Holy Comforter Episcopal Church	PO BOX 786	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.18	-95.43
Place of Worship	Church of God of Prophecy	313 N PARRISH ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.17	-95.44
Place of Worship	General Council of the Assemblies of God	PO BOX 1492	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.18	-95.43
Place of Worship	Angleton Hispanic Foursquare Church	3133 N VALDERAS ST	Angleton	77516	Brazoria	29.2	-95.43
Place of Worship	First Assembly of God	329 N ANDERSON ST	Angleton	77516	Brazoria	29.17	-95.43
Place of Worship	David Hancock Ministries	PO BOX 532	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.18	-95.43
Place of Worship	Angleton foursquare church	501 KARANKAWA ST	Angleton	77516	Brazoria	29.19	-95.44
Place of Worship	Cool water cowboy church	203 COUNTY ROAD 840	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.09	-95.42
Place of Worship	New Life Church of Angleton Inc	302 COUNTY ROAD 47	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.27	-95.38
Place of Worship	Christ's Servants Church	308 LAURIE LN	Angleton	77516	Brazoria	29.16	-95.43
Place of Worship	Loves Gate Ministry	203 CORNELIA LN	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.16	-95.5
Place of Worship	Iglesia Misionera Fuentes de Agua Viva	1379 COUNTY ROAD 687	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.07	-95.42
Place of Worship	Hope City Ministries Inc	112 BLACK OAK DR	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.15	-95.47
Place of Worship	Burrell Chapel Baptist Church	PO BOX 873	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.18	-95.43
Place of Worship	Gulf Coast Baptist Association	2700 E HIGHWAY 35	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.19	-95.4
Place of Worship	Second Baptist Church of Angleton	1817 SHANKS RD	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.14	-95.42
Place of Worship	Holiday Lakes Baptist church Angleton	RR 4 BOX 762	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.17	-95.43

Туре	Name	Address	City	Zip code	County	Latitude	Longitude
Place of Worship	Northway Baptist Church	1421 BUCHTA RD	Angleton	77516	Brazoria	29.18	-95.41
Pharmacy	Kroger	1804 NORTH VELASCO STREET	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.183704	-95.430961
Pharmacy	Walmart Supercenter - 527	1801 NORTH VELASCO STREET	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.184137	-95.435903
Pharmacy	Cvs - 6725	601 NORTH LOOP 274	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.170625	-95.434274
Pharmacy	Walgreens - 4373	1001 LOOP 274	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.173849	-95.433524
Pharmacy	The medicine shoppe pharmacy / long term care rx	2301 EAST MULBERRY STREET	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.185439	-95.408537
Dialysis Center	Angleton kidney center	102 E. HOSPITAL DRIVE	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.185034	-95.407457
Urgent Care	Angleton er	1116 E Mulberry St.	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1696	- 95.41699013
Petroleum Storage Tank	Handy plus 45 -80003229	2301 W HIGHWAY 35	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.16263	-95.45489
Petroleum Storage Tank	Corner market 6	1039 S VELASCO ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.15058	-95.4297
Petroleum Storage Tank	R b Stewart Petroleum Products	215 S FRONT ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.162778	-95.432743
Petroleum Storage Tank	Brazoria County mosquito control	1500 E KIBER ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.15862	-95.41064
Petroleum Storage Tank	Buc-ees 13	2299 E MULBERRY ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.18497	-95.40862
Petroleum Storage Tank	Murphy USA 5695	1803 N VELASCO ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.18431	-95.43363
Petroleum Storage Tank	Velasco shell	2901 N VELASCO ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.19419	-95.43475
Petroleum Storage Tank	Angleton express	1000 N VELASCO ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.17362	-95.43201
Petroleum Storage Tank	Country food 3	2851 N DOWNING RD	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.19369	-95.41964
Petroleum Storage Tank	Speedy express 33	22602 N HIGHWAY 288B	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.26536	-95.45092
Petroleum Storage Tank	Brazoria County pct 2	21017 COUNTY ROAD 171	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.17429	-95.40492
Petroleum Storage Tank	G & G Mini mart	2609 N DOWNING RD	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.19014	-95.41949
Petroleum Storage Tank	Brazoria County Airport North Fuel Farm	8015 AIRPORT WAY	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.11372	-95.45967
Petroleum Storage Tank	Buc-ees 21	931 LOOP 274	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1728	-95.4336
Petroleum Storage Tank	Buc-ees 25	2304 W MULBERRY ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.16349	-95.45509
Petroleum Storage Tank	Mulberry mart	1235 E MULBERRY ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.17129	-95.41758
Petroleum Storage Tank	Smiths grocery	637 W MULBERRY ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.16377	-95.439613

Туре	Name	Address	City	Zip code	County	Latitude	Longitude
Petroleum Storage Tank	Cross country store	26056 FM 521 RD	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.216112	-95.471594
Petroleum Storage Tank	Mmpk	2100 S VELASCO ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.137038	-95.427515
Petroleum Storage Tank	Circle a grocery	1100 CEMETARY RD	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.150461	-95.4181
Petroleum Storage Tank	E-z gas & food store	2113 S VELASCO ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.136807	-95.426774
Petroleum Storage Tank	Save step food mart	530 E MULBERRY ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.16437	-95.425959
Petroleum Storage Tank	Brazoria County Airport South Fuel Farm	8000 AIRPORT WAY	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.10866	-95.45944
Petroleum Storage Tank	Wal-mart supercenter 527	1801 N VELASCO ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.184105	-95.435669
Petroleum Storage Tank	Kroger 256	1804 N VELASCO ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.183433	-95.432255
Petroleum Storage Tank	Angleton Tilden c o w83610	140 W ORANGE ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.16352	-95.43264
Courthouse	Brazoria County courthouse	111 East Locust Street	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.1686610 6	- 95.43137226
						0	95.15157220
Childcare Facility	Ajh summer camp	1201 W HENDERSON RD	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.19331	-95.449661
Childcare Facility	Brazoria County head start - Angleton campus	651 W MILLER ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.17053	-95.43999
Childcare Facility	Greenhouse cc and lc	700 E HENDERSON RD	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.19338	-95.42606
Childcare Facility	Happy faces Angleton	2924 N VALDERAS ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.19569	-95.42881
Childcare Facility	Holy comforter day school	227 S CHENANGO ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.16289	-95.42985
Childcare Facility	Imagination Station Learning Academy - 44	1107 ANCHOR RD	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.17638	-95.44122
Childcare Facility	Imagination Station Learning Academy - hospital drive	948 HOSPITAL DR	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.185462	-95.391372
Childcare Facility	Kingdom class academy	938 E MYRTLE ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.167	-95.42142
Childcare Facility	Methodist day school	219 N ARCOLA ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.16634	-95.42955
Childcare Facility	Tiny treasures learning ctr	724 W MULBERRY ST	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.164736	-95.44232
Childcare Facility	Usk Tae Kwon Do summer program	213 E HENDERSON RD	Angleton	77515	Brazoria	29.19413	-95.43121
Cellular Tower	Verizon Wireless	24788 Country Road 48	Angleton	77515	BRAZO RIA	29.214139	-95.431056
Cellular Tower	AT&T Mobility Spectrum LLC	2021 BRAZOSPORT BOULEVARD	Angleton	77515	BRAZO RIA	29.067111	-95.319889

Туре	Name	Address	City	County	Zip Code	Latitude	Longitude	Notes: Facility Type	Notes: Population
Elder Care Facility	Cypress Woods Care Center	135 1/2 HOSPITAL DR	Angleton	Brazoria	77515	29.186391	-95.404015	Nursing Home	105
Elder Care Facility	White's Cottage Center	332 MARSHALL ALLEY	Angleton	Brazoria	77515	29.167068	-95.436005	Assisted Living	16
Elder Care Facility	Country Village Care Inc	721 W MULBERRY	Angleton	Brazoria	77515	29.163273	-95.444121	Assisted Living	32
Elder Care Facility	K's Place Personal Care Home LLC	25806 CR 46	Angleton	Brazoria	77515	29.223526	-95.35615	Assisted Living	12
Elder Care Facility	Country Village Care Inc	721 W MULBERRY	Angleton	Brazoria	77515	29.163127	-95.443965	Nursing Home	136

Туре	Name	Address	City	Zip code	County	Latitude	Longitude	Notes: Well Type	Notes: State Well ID Number
Potable Water Well	City of Angleton		Angleton		Brazoria	29.194167	-95.438889	Withdrawal of Water	6553513
Potable Water Well	Texas-Louisiana Power Co.		Angleton		Brazoria	29.165278	-95.434722	Withdrawal of Water	6553805
Potable Water Well	City of Angleton Well #3		Angleton		Brazoria	29.165001	-95.434445	Withdrawal of Water	6553801
Potable Water Well	City of Angleton Well #9		Angleton		Brazoria	29.189167	-95.437222	Withdrawal of Water	6553510
Potable Water Well	Mrs. W.B. Pruitt		Angleton		Brazoria	29.148889	-95.431944	Withdrawal of Water	6553808
Potable Water Well	Intermedics Headquarters		Angleton		Brazoria	29.198056	-95.436945	Withdrawal of Water	6553514
Potable Water Well	Anchor Road MHP Well #1		Angleton		Brazoria	29.185278	-95.453056	Withdrawal of Water	6553516
Potable Water Well	City of Angleton Well #10		Angleton		Brazoria	29.178333	-95.437222	Withdrawal of Water	6553511
Potable Water Well	Martha Paricer		Angleton		Brazoria	29.149445	-95.433889	Withdrawal of Water	6553809
Potable Water Well	Richmond Tank Car Co.		Angleton		Brazoria	29.151112	-95.434445	Withdrawal of Water	6553802
Potable Water Well	City of Angleton Well #7		Angleton		Brazoria	29.178055	-95.431944	Withdrawal of Water	6553501
Potable Water Well	City of Angleton Well #6		Angleton		Brazoria	29.181389	-95.431944	Withdrawal of Water	6553503
Potable Water Well	City of Angleton Well #1		Angleton		Brazoria	29.181111	-95.431667	Withdrawal of Water	6553515
Potable Water Well	City of Angleton Well #2		Angleton		Brazoria	29.165001	-95.434445	Withdrawal of Water	6553803
Potable Water Well	City of Angleton Well #8		Angleton		Brazoria	29.1875	-95.432222	Withdrawal of Water	6553506
Potable Water Well	City of Angleton Well #13		Angleton		Brazoria	29.188611	-95.408334	Withdrawal of Water	6553607
Potable Water Well	City of Angleton Well #4		Angleton		Brazoria	29.189722	-95.436944	Withdrawal of Water	6553804
Potable Water Well	Brazoria Co. WC & ID #8		Angleton		Brazoria	29.1875	-95.408889	Withdrawal of Water	6553605
Potable Water Well	City of Angleton Well #12		Angleton		Brazoria	29.190556	-95.404445	Withdrawal of Water	6553606
Potable Water Well	City of Angleton Well #5		Angleton		Brazoria	29.175	-95.430833	Withdrawal of Water	6553502
Oil or Gas Well	Lee Oil Unit #1		Angleton		Brazoria	29.191945	-95.419722	Oil or Gas	6553509

Туре	Name	City	Zip code	County	Latitude	Longitude	Notes: Location	Notes: Average Daily Travel
Roadway Bridge	CR 220	Angleton		Brazoria	29.12566	-95.45038	2.6 MI SOUTH OF SH 35	6,680
Roadway Bridge	SH 288 SB OFF RAMP	Angleton		Brazoria	29.127639	-95.452683	0.15 MI NORTH OF CR 220	6,680
Roadway Bridge	SH 288 SB OFF RAMP	Angleton		Brazoria	29.128206	-95.452358	0.2 MI NORTH OF CR 220	6,680
Roadway Bridge	SH 288 NB	Angleton		Brazoria	29.142851	-95.451642	1.25 MI S OF SH 35	17,706
Roadway Bridge	CR 491- GIFFORD LN	Angleton		Brazoria	29.14393	-95.41045	0.01 MI W OF FM 523	610
Roadway Bridge	SH 288 SB	Angleton		Brazoria	29.147794	-95.45233	1.25 MI S OF SH 35	6,307
Roadway Bridge	BRYAN ST	Angleton		Brazoria	29.156648	-95.435575	0.28 MI E OF S WALKER ST	1,300
Roadway Bridge	LOOP 274	Angleton		Brazoria	29.158204	-95.432145	0.4 MI S. OF SH 35	12,906
Roadway Bridge	SH 288 SB	Angleton		Brazoria	29.163945	-95.453284	1.30 MI W OF SH 288 BUS	11,720
Roadway Bridge	SH 288 NB	Angleton		Brazoria	29.16401	-95.452937	1.30 MI W OF SH 288 BUS	11,720
Roadway Bridge	SH 288 NB	Angleton		Brazoria	29.16893	-95.4528	0.35 MI N OF SH 35	11,978
Roadway Bridge	SH 288 SB	Angleton		Brazoria	29.168954	-95.453439	0.35 MI N OF SH 35	12,415
Roadway Bridge	CR 171	Angleton		Brazoria	29.17172	-95.41122	0.50 MI NE OF SH 35	2,770
Roadway Bridge	SH 35	Angleton		Brazoria	29.176652	-95.41381	2.15 MI SW OF LP 558	9,016
Roadway Bridge	SH 35	Angleton		Brazoria	29.18108	-95.411091	5.6 MILE WEST OF SPUR 28	9,016
Roadway Bridge	SH 288 NB OFF RAMP	Angleton		Brazoria	29.181824	-95.452461	0.15 MI SOUTH OF CR 220	6,480
Roadway Bridge	CR 44(SH 288 Ramp)	Angleton		Brazoria	29.18373	-95.45054	0.06 Mi SE of SH 288	2,770
Roadway Bridge	CR 44	Angleton		Brazoria	29.185493	-95.452361	1.5 MI NORTH OF SH 35	27,720
Roadway Bridge	VALDERAS ST	Angleton		Brazoria	29.187074	-95.428987	0.45 MI S OF HENDERSON RD	3,110
Roadway Bridge	DOWNING RD	Angleton		Brazoria	29.188758	-95.419177	0.35 MI S OF HENDERSON RD	5,100
Roadway Bridge	SH 35	Angleton		Brazoria	29.189762	-95.405268	1.10 MI SW OF FM 523	9,016
Roadway Bridge	BS 288B	Angleton		Brazoria	29.189799	-95.433294	1.75 MI N OF SH 35	18,960
Roadway Bridge	BUCHTA RD	Angleton		Brazoria	29.193819	-95.410987	0.01 MI S OF HENDERSON RD	1,000
Roadway Bridge	FM 523	Angleton		Brazoria	29.197244	-95.452321	2.35 MI N OF SH 35	19,660
Roadway Bridge	SH 288 NB	Angleton		Brazoria	29.212704	-95.451873	1.05 MI N OF FM 523	11,414
Roadway Bridge	SH 288 SB	Angleton		Brazoria	29.2129	-95.452443	1.05 MI N OF FM 523	11,445

Туре	Name	Address	City	Zip code	County	Latitude	Longitude	Notes: Unique ID	Notes: Bridge Type
Railroad Bridge	NONE		Angleton		Brazoria	29.201479	-95.373529	W1590_TX9478	Above Water
Railroad Bridge	NONE		Angleton		Brazoria	29.209705	-95.365331	W1589_TX9477	Above Water
Railroad Bridge	NONE		Angleton		Brazoria	29.132379	-95.471982	W1406_TX9765	Above Water
Railroad Bridge	NONE		Angleton		Brazoria	29.143789	-95.454591	W1436_TX9790	Above Water
Railroad Bridge	NONE		Angleton		Brazoria	29.183669	-95.393317	W1167_TX9702	Above Water
Railroad Bridge	OYSTER CREEK		Angleton		Brazoria	29.125215	-95.480727	W2636_TX10770	Above Water
Railroad Bridge	None		Angleton		Brazoria	29.112287	-95.429834	W722_TX76442	Above Water
Railroad Bridge	None		Angleton		Brazoria	29.144587	-95.453367	W1615_TX77030	Above Water



Appendix D

MEETING DOCUMENTATION

City of Angleton Hazard Mitigation Plan, 2024

City of Angleton Hazard Mitigation Plan Kickoff Meeting

March 16, 2023

+GAC

Houston-Galveston Area Council

AGENDA

9:30 AM	Registration & Sign-in
10:00 AM	Welcome & Introductions
10:20 AM	Overview of Hazard Mitigation Plans & Procedures
	H-GAC staff will provide an overview of hazard mitigation plans, benefits, meeting objectives, activities, H-GAC's planning process, roles & responsibilities, and project timelines.
	Next Steps
	Hazard Identification & Risk Assessment
11:30 AM	Adjourn

City of Angleton Hazard Mitigation Plan Kickoff Meeting

March 16, 2023

Houston-Galveston Area Council

ATTENDANCE

Name	Title	Organization
Glenn LaMont	City of Angleton	Emergency Management Coordinator
Hector Renteria	City of Angleton	Assistant Public Works Director
John Deptuch	City of Angleton	Safety & Facilities Coordinator
Chris Whittaker	City of Angleton	City Manager
Corey Lukasheay	City of Angleton	Fire Department Lieutenant
John Peterson	HDR	City Engineer
Will Blackstock	City of Clute	Director of Parks and Recreation / Deputy Emergency Management Coordinator
Bryan Sidebottom	City of Lake Jackson	Assistant Chief - Emergency Operations Deputy EOC Coordinator
Sara Grether Richards	Country Village Care	Owner
Cheryl Mergo	H-GAC	Senior Manager
Amanda Ashcroft	H-GAC	Planner

MEETING NOTES

Welcome and Introductions

Glenn LaMont welcomed participants and explained the reasons behind hazard mitigation planning as well as some of the benefits of mitigation. The hazard mitigation planning committee members introduced their name, title, and the organization they represented.

Overview of Hazard Mitigation Plans & Procedures

Amanda reviewed the meeting agenda. Amanda went over meeting goals and objectives- to explain hazard mitigation, review the benefits of developing a hazard mitigation plan, provide an overview of the planning process, and to inform the committee about their role in the planning process. The plan is funded by a GLO grant through H-GAC. Amanda explained that despite there being no match requirement for this instance of funding, there will be various methods of documentation you see throughout the planning process that exist solely to calculate match for any future needs.

Amanda explained what hazard mitigation planning is, the benefits of mitigating for hazards, and the history behind the Stafford Act and Disaster Mitigation Act of 2000. This act requires communities to have a mitigation plan to be eligible for mitigation grants, plans must be updated every 5-years. FEMA has a plan review guide that outlines the requirements for what must be in the plan or addressed by the plan, these were updated in 2022 and take full effect for all plans approved after April 2023. Updated policies and any changes to the plan template were summarized to the committee.

City of Angleton Hazard Mitigation Plan Kickoff Meeting March 16, 2023

Roles and Responsibilities of the Hazard Mitigation Planning Committee were outlined.

- To attend meetings, including public hearings or meetings/workshops that occur during the plan update process
- To assist with coordination or participation in the public input process- this could mean collecting and relaying valuable local information, data, or soliciting input from citizens or professionals
- To make decisions on the planning process and content- this includes reviewing plan updates and providing timely feedback (this include submitting any worksheets or handouts we provide you)
- To review and adopt the plan for it to be approved by FEMA

Outreach methods were discussed for how the planning team and committee will get the word out to stakeholders for future meetings and public input.

Amanda reviewed the tentative project timeline and discussed HAZUS being run in-house, to be completed before the next meeting. The committee scheduled the next meeting for Thursday, April 20^{th} from 10:00 AM – 11:30 AM. The committee agreed keeping the same date/time and meeting hybrid (teams and in-person) would allow for greater attendance and input.

Next Steps

Amanda outlined next steps for the local planning team and members of the hazard mitigation planning committee. Committee members should provide any additional stakeholder contacts to H-GAC and Glenn LaMont so they can be included in future updates regarding the plan. H-GAC staff will begin running the HAZUS model for outputs to help inform the continuation of the risk assessment activity that the next meeting will cover.

Hazard identification and Risk Assessment

Amanda passed out a risk assessment handout and listed hazards from the 2018 Brazoria County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan that the City of Angleton was a participating jurisdiction of. She outlined updates the hazard mitigation planning committee may want to make to certain hazard titles or regroupings and gave examples of what 2023 plans were doing similarly.

Listed Hazard for the 2018 plan included: Flooding, Hurricanes & Tropical Storms, Wildfire, Drought, Lightning, Heat, Hail, Winter Weather, Tornado, Dam/Levee Failure, Coastal Erosion, and Expansive Soils.

The hazard mitigation committee began working on the hazard identification and risk assessment handout for the remainder of the meeting.

Meeting adjourned at 11:00 AM.

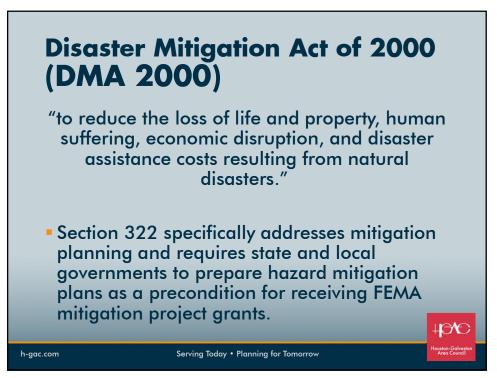




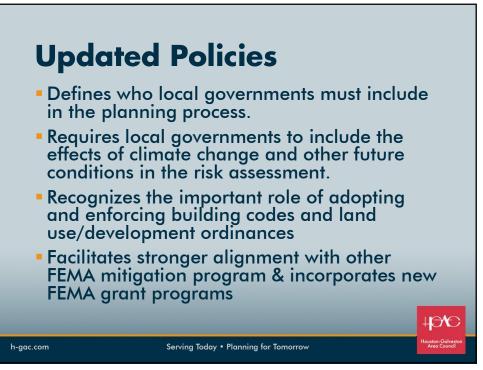








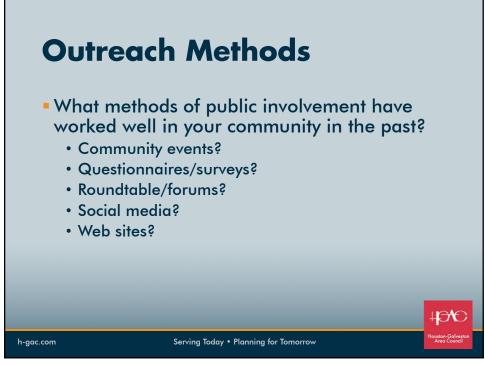






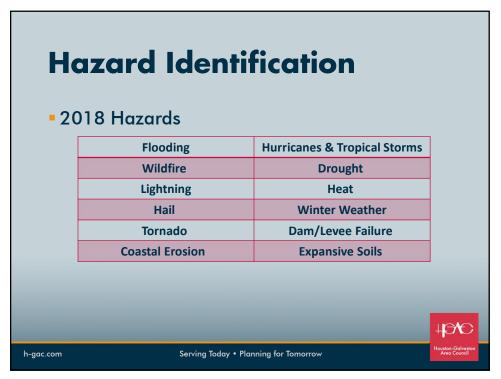


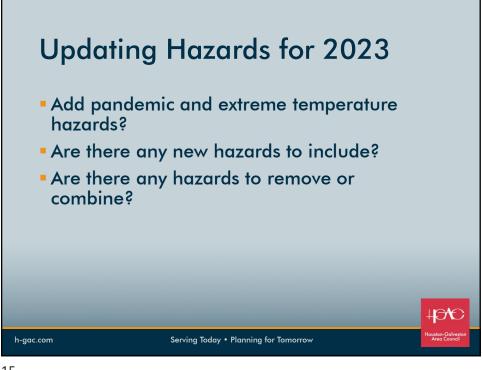




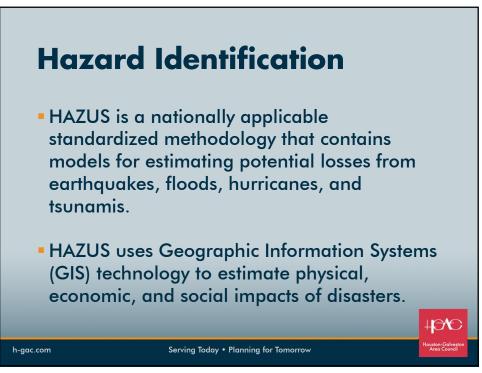


















City of Angleton Risk Assessment

RISK ASSESSMENT: To rank hazard risk, probability and severity must be determined.

PROBABILITY: A measure of how likely an event will occur SEVERITY: How much a hazard affects the functionality of society and natural environment Use the tables above as a guide

Jse the tables above as a gu Hazard	Probability (P) (1, 2, 3, 4)	Severity (S) (1, 2, 4, 8)	Risk (P x S)	Ranking
Flood	3/24	8/4	16	1
Fire	2	2	4	5
Hail	2	1	3	6
Freize	3	2	6	4
Humcone	4	8/4	185	1
Draught	4	2	8	3
Leve Failure	2	8/4	8	3
Tomado	3	8/4	12	Z
Thin Derailment	3	2	6	4
Cyper Water Crime	3	\$4	12	2
Terronsm	2/1	4	4	5
Earth quake	1	2	3	6
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City of Angleton Risk Assessment

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SEVERITY: How much a hazard affects the functionality of society and natural environment

Jse the tables above as a gu Hazard	Probability (P) (1, 2, 3, 4)	Severity (S) (1, 2, 4, 8)	Risk (P x S)	Ranking
Hurricans/Storms	4	8	32	1
Hurricans/Storms Drought	3	2	6	8
Flooding	4	8	32	2
Lightning	4	\$	16	4
wildfire,	4	4	16	3
winter Weather	2	4	8	6
HEAT	4	2	8	7
Pam/Lever Fuller	2	8	16	5
Hail	2	2	4	9
	and the second			
	all have been and	and the second		
	Electrony and the			
				March 1
		And States of States		



City of Angleton Risk Assessment

RISK ASSESSMENT: To rank hazard risk, probability and severity must be determined.

PROBABILITY: A measure of how likely an event will occur

SEVERITY: How much a hazard affects the functionality of society and natural environment Use the tables above as a guide

Use the tables above as a g Hazard	Probability (P) (1, 2, 3, 4)	Severity (S) (1, 2, 4, 8)	Risk (P x S)	Ranking
Heat	4	د(8	S
Drought	3	Z	5	6
lightning	2	1	3,	13
goding	3	3/4	11/6	L
heil	z	2	4	0 b
winter Weather	Z	4	6	7
Dam /levee	z	8/4	10/6	10
F-xpansive soil	2	2	4	1]
Coastal Erosion	1	1	2	17
Wind Storm	3	2	5	3
drinking Water	3	90	11	2
wild Fire	. 2	Z	C/	9
threas	4	00	12	1
toraz do	1 .	60	9	13/



City of Angleton Risk Assessment

RISK ASSESSMENT: To rank hazard risk, probability and severity must be determined.

PROBABILITY: A measure of how likely an event will occur SEVERITY: How much a hazard affects the functionality of society and natural environment Use the tables above as a guide

Hazard	Probability (1, 2, 3, 4)	Severity (1, 2, 4, 8)	Risk (P x S)	Ranking
Hurricane and Tropical Storm	3	3	9	2
Dam Levee Failure	2	3	6	4
Flooding	3	1	3	6
Drought	4	1	4	5
Expansive Soils	4	1	4	5
Lighting	3	1	3	7
Winter Weather	3	1	3	7
Hail	3	1	3	7
Tornado	3	5	15	1
Aging Infrastructure (Water & Sewer Facilities)	4	2	8	3

From: Jamie Praslicka <jpraslicka@angleton.tx.us> Sent: Monday, February 12, 2024 01:03 PM To: Ashcroft, Amanda <Amanda.Ashcroft@h-gac.com> Subject: Re: [EXTERNAL] Draft HMP Comments

- 1. Hurricanes
- 2. Flooding
- 3. Excessive Heat/Drought
- 4. Severe weather / Tornado/Windstorm
- 5. Winter Weather / Hail
- 6. Aging Infrastructure
- 7. Cyber Security
- 8. Hazmat
- Wildfire
- 10. Levee Failure
- Erosion
- 12. Earthquake

How do these look?

Jamie Praslicka Emergency Management Coordinator 979-900-5370

www.angleton.tx.us

City of Angleton 121 S. Velasco Angleton, TX 77515





City of Angleton Hazard Mitigation Plan Committee Meeting April 20, 2023

AGENDA

10:00 AM	Welcome & Sign-in
10:05 AM	March Meeting Recap H-GAC staff will provide an overview of meeting notes and hazards ranked
	by risk, as determined by the committee at the previous meeting.
	Risk Categories
	Questions from last meeting
	Where are we now?
	H-GAC staff will discuss project timeline and next steps
	Capability Assessment Overview
10:45 AM	Capability Assessment Exercise
11:30 AM	Adjourn

City of Angleton

April 20, 2023

Hazard Mitigation Plan Committee Meeting

Houston-Galveston Area Council

ATTENDANCE

Name	Title	Organization
Amanda Ashcroft	H-GAC	Planner
Beth Reimschissel	UTMB	Administrator, Angleton Danbury Campus Associate Chief Nursing & Patient Care Services Officer
Bryan Sidebottom	City of Lake Jackson	Assistant Chief - Emergency Operations Deputy EOC Coordinator
Cheryl Mergo	H-GAC	Senior Manager
Corey Lukasheay	City of Angleton	Fire Department Lieutenant
Glenn LaMont	City of Angleton	Emergency Management Coordinator
Hector Renteria	City of Angleton	Assistant Public Works Director
John Deptuch	City of Angleton	Safety & Facilities Coordinator
John Peterson	HDR	City Engineer
KJ Rabe Brazoria County Center for Independent Living		Senior Independent Living-Community Integration Specialist (Sr. IL-CIS)
Otis Spriggs	City of Angleton	Director of Development Services/City Planner
Pam Goodson Brazoria County Center for Independent Living		Independent Living Program Manager
Stephenie Pharr	UTMB	Director, Ambulatory Care Services

Houston-Galveston April 20, 2023

MEETING NOTES

Welcome and Introductions

Glenn LaMont welcomed participants and had those in attendance who were new introduce their name, title, and the organization they represented.

March Meeting Recap

Amanda went over meeting topics and discussion items from the kickoff and risk identification/ assessment meeting held in March. She thanked everyone for returning their handouts and explained that results would be summarized and reviewed next meeting.

Amanda reviewed questions from last meeting and provided some clarity regarding including cyber security projects into the Hazard Mitigation Plan. Amanda presented a new project timeline. Since the risk assessment was returned today, and the capability assessment is being conducted today, we are ahead of schedule and the Hazard Mitigation Committee will not meet in May. This will allow for H-GAC staff to draft pieces of the plan and prepare materials for public outreach events occurring in June, such as the Brazoria County Hurricane Expo occurring on June 17th. Amanda informed the committee that H-GAC staff had secured a booth at the expo to share information about, and solicit public feedback for, the Hazard Mitigation Plan from those in attendance.

Capability Assessment

Amanda reviewed what a capability assessment is in relation to hazard mitigation planning, the categories of capabilities that fall within the capability assessment, and why this process is important to hazard mitigation planning. Categories discussed were:

- 1. Prevention- Administrative or regulatory actions that influence the way land is developed and buildings are built. Examples include planning & zoning, building codes, open space preservation, and floodplain regulations.
- 2. Property Protection- Modification or removal of existing buildings to protect them from a hazard. Examples include purchase, relocation, raised elevation, and structural retrofits.
- 3. Natural Resource Protection- Preservation or restoration of the functions of natural systems while minimizing hazard losses. Examples include floodplain protection, forest management, and slope stabilization.
- 4. Structural Projects- Modification of the natural conditions for or progression of a hazard. Examples include dams, levees, seawalls, detention/retention basins, channel modification, retaining walls, and storm sewers.
- 5. Emergency Services- Protection of people and property during and immediately after a hazard event. Examples include warning systems, evacuation planning, emergency response training, and protection of emergency facilities.
- 6. Public Education and Awareness- Informing of citizens about hazards and the techniques they can use to protect themselves and their property. Examples include outreach, school education, library materials, and demonstration events.

Public & Stakeholder Online Survey

Amanda discussed the development of an online survey component for the plan update. H-GAC staff are working on building and making the survey live for public input soon. When the survey is live a link will be sent out to the Hazard Mitigation Committee to share.



Next Steps

Amanda outlined next steps for the local planning team and members of the hazard mitigation planning committee. Committee members should provide their completed capability assessment forms to the local planning team- Glan LaMont and H-GAC staff.

There will be no meeting in May 2023. There will be a public outreach event in June to solicit public input on the plan and its components.

After the presentation, the Hazard Mitigation Planning Committee worked through the Capability Assessment worksheet together.

Meeting adjourned at 11:35 AM.



2018 Capability Assessment:

HMP: Hazard Mitigation Plan	SARA: SARA Title III Emergency Response Plan
DRP: Disaster Recovery Plan	TP: Transportation Plan
CP: Comprehensive Land Use Plan	REG-PL: Regional Planning
FMP: Floodplain Management Plan	SO: Subdivision Ordinance
SMP: Stormwater Management Plan	FDPO: Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance
EOP: Emergency Operations Plan	MA: Mutual Aid Agreements
COOP: Continuity of Operations Plan	CRS: Community Rating System
REP: Radiological Emergency Plan	CIP: Capital Improvements Plan (that regulates infrastructure in hazard areas)

Jurisdiction	DRP	CP	EMP	SMP	EOP	COOP	RBP	SARA	TP	REG	SO	AB	MA	FDPO	CRS	CIP
Angleton	х	х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	х	х	Х	Х	Х	х		x

Jurisdiction	Capability Expansion Opportunities
	Identified an inadequate budget as a factor that decreases their capability to implement mitigation actions and reduce future damages.
Angleton	Angleton will apply for state and federal funding to help fund mitigation actions that reduce the impact of natural hazards. They also plan to expand their mutual aid agreements to address flood emergency response needs.



Name: Due date: First Friday in May-5th

Title and Employer:	
Jurisdiction represented:	
sunsaletion represented.	
Date:	
Amount of time worked	
on this document:	

Please return your filled worksheet to Amanda.Ashcroft@h-gac.com

Does the plan document each jurisdiction's existing authorities, policies, programs and resources, and its ability to expand on and improve these existing policies and programs? (Requirement §201.6(c)(3))



Building Code, Permitting, and Inspections	Yes/ No	1. Are codes adequately enforced?
Building Code	Yes 🔽	Version/Year: 2015 electric code-2014
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No 🔽	Score:
Fire department ISO rating	Yes	Rating: 4
Site plan review requirements	Yes	yes
Other (if any)		

Planning, Ordinances, & Regulatory Capability	Yes/ No	 Is the plan/ordinance an effective measure for reducing hazard impacts? Is the ordinance adequately administered and enforced?
Capital Improvements Plan (Regulates infrastructure in hazard areas)		Yes- 2021, update annually
Comprehensive Plan	Yes 🔽	2007, pending update 2025
Continuity of Operations Plan		None
Disaster Recovery Plan	Yes 🔽	(will look up year)
Economic Development Plan	No 🔽	
Emergency Operations Plan	Yes 🔽	2021
Floodplain Management Plan	No 🔽	Covered by Angleton Drainage District, floodplain section in code (2020)
Hazard Mitigation Plan	Yes 🔽	Expires 9/30/2023
Radiological Emergency Plan	Yes 🔽	2022
Regional Planning	No 🔽	
SARA Title III Emergency Response Plan	No 🔽	
Stormwater Management Plan		Part of the County Ms4 permit
Transportation Plan	Yes 🔽	Transportation annex to EOP and a thoughfare plan
Zoning Ordinance	Yes 🔽	



Planning, Ordinances, & Regulatory Capability	Yes/ No	 Is the plan/ordinance an effective measure for reducing hazard impacts? Is the ordinance adequately administered and enforced?
Subdivision Regulation/Ordinance	Yes 🔽	
Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance	Yes 🔽	
Floodplain Ordinance	Yes 🔻	
Natural hazard specific ordinance (Stormwater, wildfire, etc.)	No 🔽	
National Flood Insurance Program	Yes 🔻	
Flood insurance rate maps	Yes 🔽	2020
Community Rating System	No 🔽	TBD
Acquisition of land for open space and public recreation uses	Yes 🔽	Parkland dedication ordinance, Purchased acreage on Cemetary for new park
Other (if any)		park land into drainage relief and retention ng an amenity used by the community
How can these capabilities be e	kpanded an	d improved to reduce risk?



Administrative & Technical Capability

Identify whether your community has the following administrative and technical capabilities. These include staff and their skills and tools that can be used for mitigation planning and to implement specific mitigation actions. For smaller jurisdictions without local staff resources, if there are public resources at the next higher-level government that can provide technical assistance, indicate so in your comments.

Administration	Yes/ No		 Describe capability. Is coordination effective?
Planning Commission	Yes		Meet monthly
Planning Committee	Yes	•	Sub-committees/TBD
Maintenance programs to reduce risk (e.g., tree trimming, clearing drainage systems)	No	•	Require development agreements on all new large scale developments, maintenance activities occurr (part of checklist before large storm events and prep)
Mutual aid agreement(s)	No	•	Lake Jackson for Fire Dept. Others- not a formal agreement

Staff	Yes/ No FT/ PT ¹	 Is staffing adequate to enforce regulations? Is staff trained on hazards and mitigation? Is coordination between agencies and staff effective?
Chief Building Official	Yes No	yes yes, certifying staff for CFM Yes
Civil Engineer	Yes No	HDR-Consulting Yes, yes, yes
Community Planner	Yes No	yes, yes, yes
Emergency Management	Yes No	Yes yes yes
Floodplain Administrator	Yes No	HDR/ADD(drainage district overlap)-Consulting Yes, yes, yes Staff getting CFM
GIS Coordinator	Yes No	HDR-Consulting Yes, yes, yes

¹ Full-time (FT) or part-time (PT) position



Staff	Yes/ No FT/ PT ¹	 Is staffing adequate to enforce regulations? Is staff trained on hazards and mitigation? Is coordination between agencies and staff effective?
Grant Manager	Yes No O FT PT	Consulting/contract
Local Staff who can assess community's vulnerability to hazards	Yes No O FT PT	PW Directors, Fire Marshal, Building inspectors
Other (if any)		

Technical	Yes/ No		 Describe capability. Has capability been used to assess/mitigate risk in the past?
Warning systems/services (Reverse 911, outdoor warning signals)	Yes	•	CodeRed- mass notification Warning sirens- in process
Hazard data and information	Yes	•	SDS, ERP for plants, MS4
Grant writing	Yes	•	TWDB funding in processm GLO previously Post-Harvey mitigation funds for various projects
HAZUS Analysis	Yes	•	
Other (if any)			
How can these capabilities	be expand	led an	id improved to reduce risk?

¹ Full-time (FT) or part-time (PT) position



Financial Capability

Identify whether your jurisdiction has access to or is eligible to use the below funding resources for hazard mitigation.

Financial	Access/ Eligi (Yes/ No)	ibility	 Has the funding resource been used in past and for what type of activities? Could the resource be used to fund future mitigation actions?
Authority to levy Taxes for specific purposes (Such as mitigation projects)	No	•	
Capital Improvement Plan/ 1- & 5-Year plan	Yes	•	
Capital improvements project funding	No	•	
Community Development Block Grant	Yes	•	
Applied for grants in the past	Yes	•	
Awarded a grant in the past	Yes	•	
Gas/Electric Service Fees	No	•	
Stormwater Service Fees	No	•	
Water/Sewer Service Fees	Yes	•	
Development Impact Fees	Yes	•	2 active impact areas in the city that are defined and working on city-wide
Impact fees for new development	Yes	•	Duplicate
Incur debt through General Obligation Revenue or Special Tax Bonds	Yes	•	
Incur debt through private activities	No	•	
Other federal funding programs	Yes	•	ARPA, CARES, GLO
State funding programs	Yes	•	actively pursuing state revolving fund clean drinking water
Other (if any)			
How can these capabilities be	expanded and	d impro	ved to reduce risk?



Education and Outreach Capability

Identify education and outreach programs and methods already in place that could be used to implement mitigation activities and communicate hazard-related information.

Education and Outreach	Yes/ N	10	 Describe program/organization and how relates to disaster resilience and mitigation. Could the program/organization help implement future mitigation activities?
Local citizen groups or non- profit organizations focused on environmental protection, emergency preparedness, access, and functional needs populations, etc. (Ex. CERT Teams, Red Cross)	Yes	•	County- CERT teams Emergency preparedness- STEER Redcross GulfCoast Transit District
Ongoing public education or information program (e.g., responsible water use, fire safety, household preparedness, environmental education)	Yes	•	City sends out education Angleton University Fire Safety- BCCIL October- Fire Prevention Month! Fire Safety, BBQ Safety, related safety messages throughout the year Keep Angleton Beautiful Community Wide cleanup (2x/yr) DEA Druge take back days 24/7 permanenet drop off box at PD Several events throughout thethrough communications dept year (please list here)
Natural Disaster or Safety related school programs	Yes	•	
Storm Ready Certification	No	•	
Other (if any)			
How can these capabilities be	expand	led a	nd improved to reduce risk?



Education and Outreach	Yes/ No	 Describe program/organization and how relates to disaster resilience and mitigation. Could the program/organization help implement future mitigation activities? 					
Firewise Communities							
Certification	No 🔽						
Tree City USA	No 🔽						
Public-private partnership	Vee	works with 2 churches to setup shelter, food pantry Actions- nonprofit that brings food to elderly and uses city rec for social activities					
initiatives addressing disaster-related issues	Yes	Angleton residents can bring household hazardous waste to pearland					
Other (if any)							
How can these capabilities be	expanded a	nd improved to reduce risk?					
		·					

Overall Capability	Limited/Moderate/High
Does the community have the financial resources	
needed to implement mitigation projects?	
Does the community have the staff/expertise to	
implement projects?	
Is there community support to implement projects?	
Does the community staff have time to devote to	
hazard mitigation?	
How can these overall capabilities be expanded and in	mproved to reduce risk?



Political Capability

The local political climate must be considered in designing mitigation strategies, as it could be the most difficult hurdle to overcome in accomplishing their adoption and implementation. Hazard mitigation may not be a local priority or may conflict with or be seen as an impediment to other goals of the community.

Political Capability	1. List any examples of local political capability Guiding development away from hazard areas, restricting development within hazard areas, or enforcing development standards that go beyond minimum state or federal requirements (e.g., building codes, floodplain management)

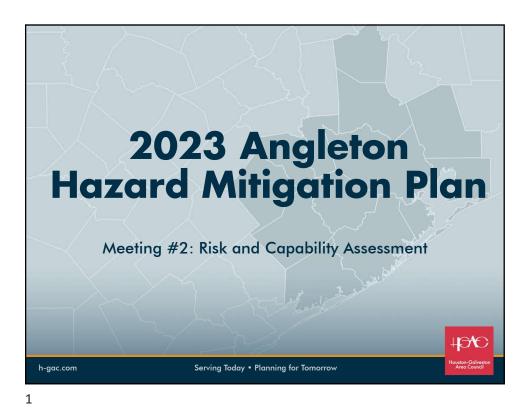
Capability Self-Assessment

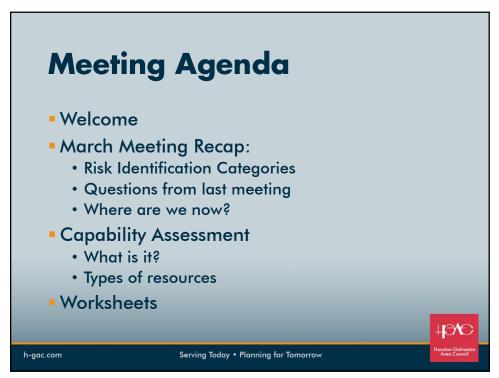
Rate the following capability areas as "limited", "moderate", or "high" with what you perceive to be the jurisdiction's ability in implementing hazard mitigation activities.

				and Battern act			
Jurisdiction	Building Code, Permitting, and Inspections	Planning, Ordinances, & Regulatory Capability	Administrative & Technical Capability	Financial Capability	Education and Outreach Capability	Political Capability	Overall Capability
City of Angleton	Moder	Moder	Moder	Limite	Moder	Moder	Moder

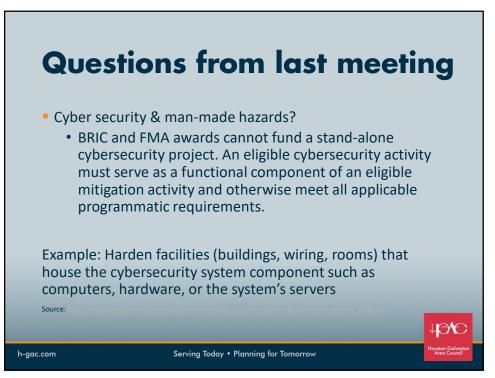
What are some barriers to implementing proposed mitigation strategies?

What mechanisms could enhance or further implementation of proposed mitigation strategies?

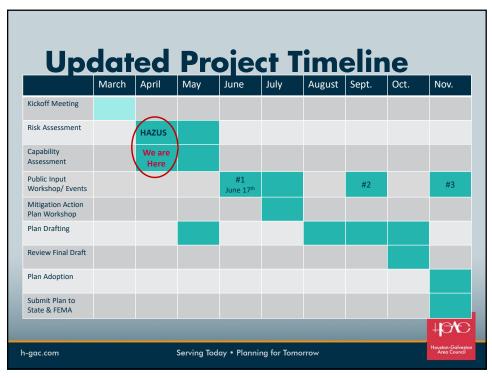


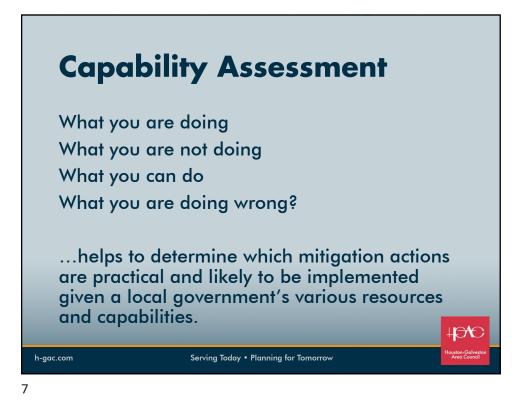
















- Adequate building codes
- Land use, zoning and subdivision regulations
- Floodplain and storm water ordinances
- Comprehensive plans
- Capital improvement and transportation plans
- Facilities and needs studies
- Population growth and future development studies
- Economic development plans
- Emergency management response and recovery plans
- National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) participation

Serving Today • Planning for Tomorrow

4610

• NFIP Community Rating System programs



Houston-Galveston		Mitigation Plan Worksheet Capability Assessment
Area Council		
Building Code, Permitting, and Inspections	Yes/ No	1. Are codes adequately enforced?
Building Code		Version/Year:
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule (BCEGS)	No 🝷	Score:
Fire department ISO rating	No -	Rating:
Site plan review requirements	No 🔽	
Other (if any)		
Planning, Ordinances, & Regulatory Capability	Yes/ No	 Is the plan/ordinance an effective measure for reducing hazard impacts? Is the ordinance adequately administered and enforced?
Capital Improvements Plan (Regulates infrastructure in hazard areas)		
Comprehensive Plan		
Continuity of Operations Plan	-	
And the weather and to be		



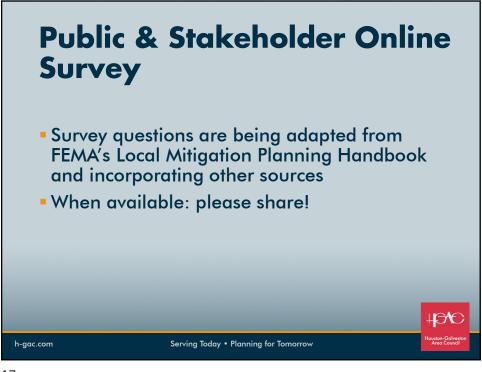














CITY OF ANGLETON LOCAL HAZARA DISTRICTION LOCAL HEATOF BRAZORACUMY ME HEATOF BRAZORACUMY ME HEATOF BRAZORACUMY



Houston-Galvesto Area Council

2 Hour Event

Learn about the Hazard Mitigation Plan and provide valuable local feedback!

Date:

Location:

Meeting

Public

Thursday September 14, 2023 **First Presbyterian Church 1**30 South Arcola Street <u>Angleton, TX 77515</u> Time:

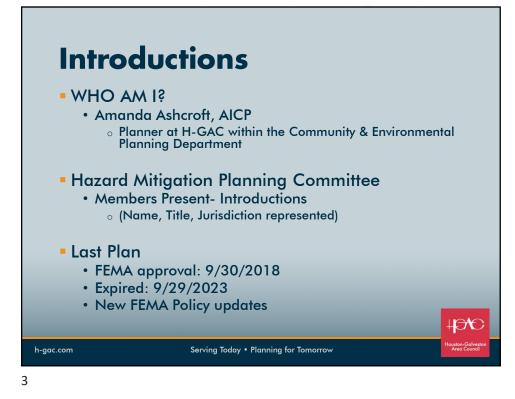
6:00-8:00 PM

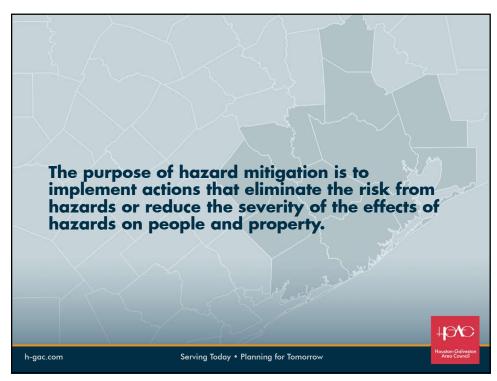
6-7 PM: COME LEARN ABOUT THE HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN. 7-8 PM: MAKE YOUR VOICE HEARD! <u>Provide</u> input at stations around the room.

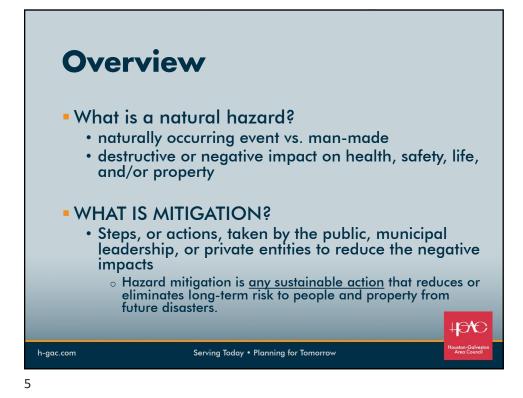
For More Information: www.h-gac.com/regional-hazard-mitigation-planning

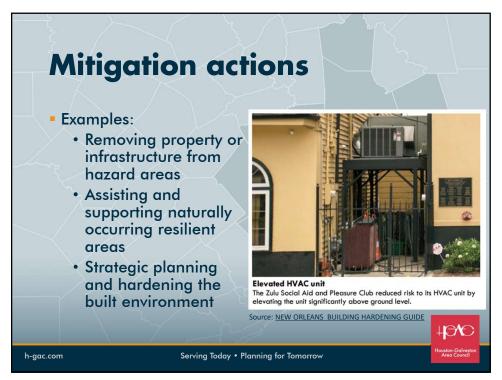
















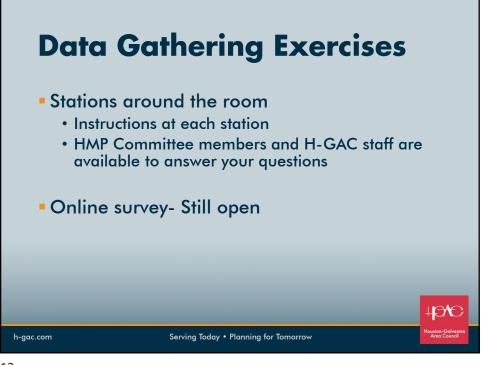




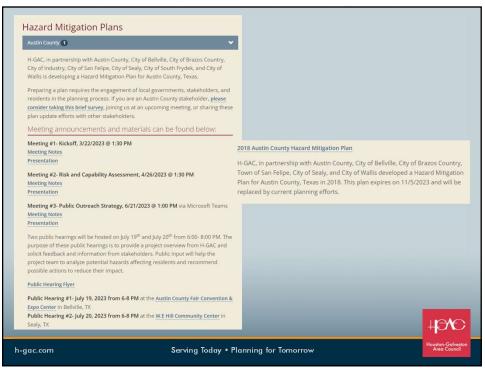




	March	ne April	May	June	July	Augus	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	
						t				
Kickoff Meeting										
Risk Assessment		HAZUS								
Capability Assessment										
Public Input Events				#1			We are Here		#3	
HMAP Meeting										
Plan Drafting										
Review Final Plan Draft										
Plan Adoption by jurisdictions										
Submit Plan to State & FEMA										



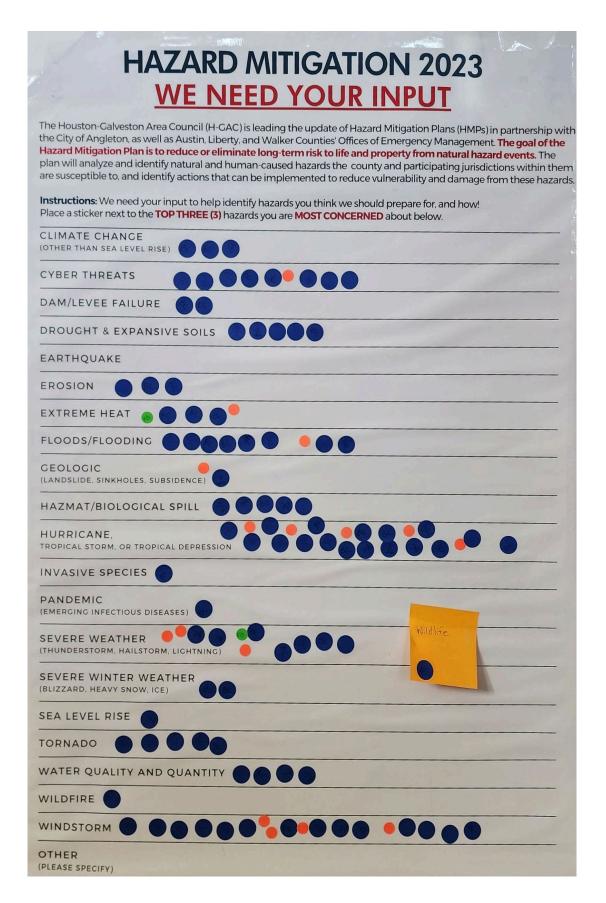




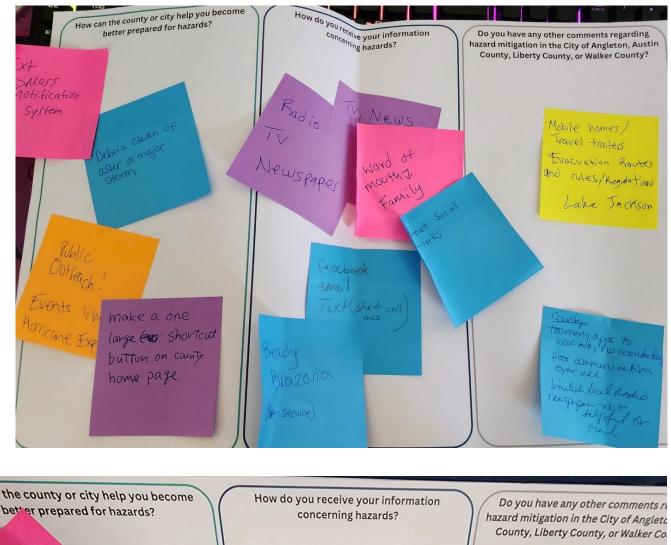


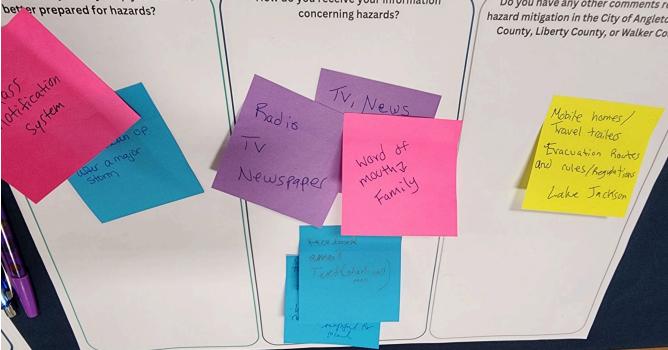


Brazoria County Hurricane Expo, 6/17/2023- Event Photos

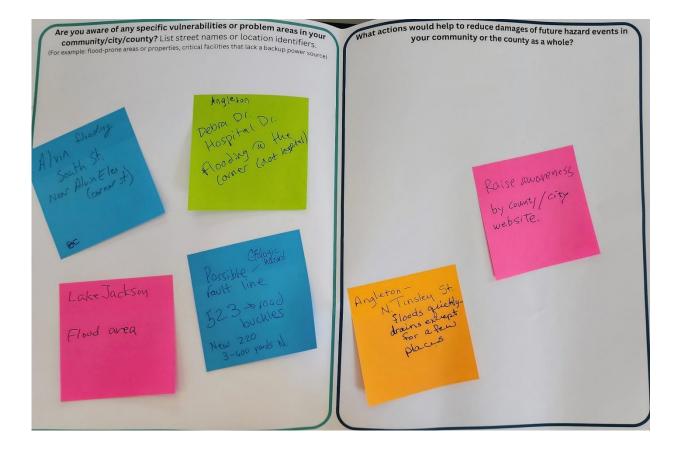


Brazoria County Hurricane Expo, 6/17/2023- Event Photos





Brazoria County Hurricane Expo, 6/17/2023- Event Photos





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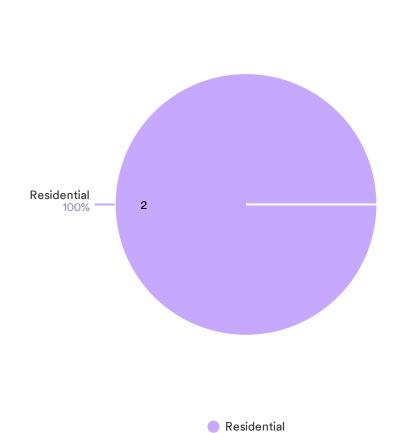


Appendix E

SURVEY RESULTS

City of Angleton Hazard Mitigation Plan, 2024

Hazard Mitigation Plan Survey City of Angleton



Are you responding on behalf of a residential or commercial property?





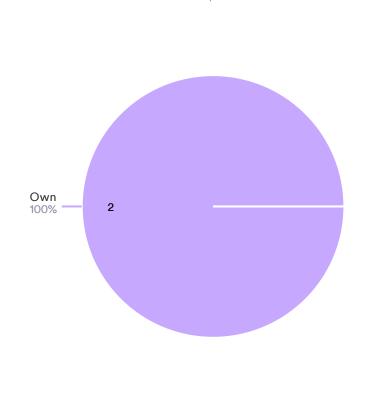
In what city is the property located?

Data	Responses
Angleton	2

What is the zip code for the property?

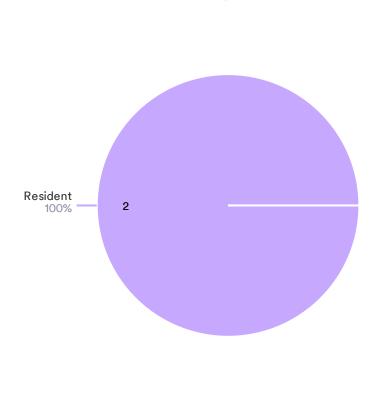
Data	Responses
77515	2

Do you own or rent your place of residence/business?



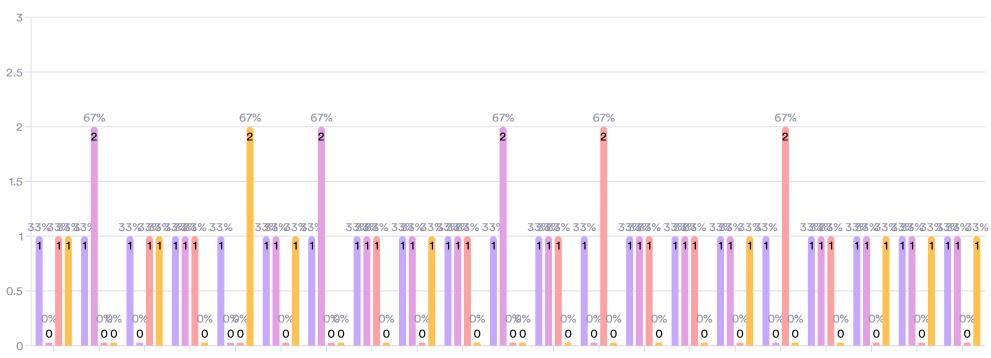
🔵 Own





Resident

This question includes a list of hazards and will ask you a two-part question. In the past 5 years, have you been affected by each hazard and how concerned are you about each hazard?



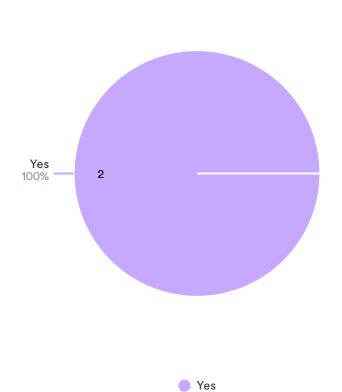
2 Responses

Climat...Cyber... Dam/... Droug...Earthq... Erosion Extre... Flood... Geolo... Haz M... Hurric... Invasi... Pande... Sever... Sever... Sea L... Tornado Water ... Wildfire Winds... Other*

Affected by hazard? Highly Concerned Concerned Not Concerned

*Please specify the "other" hazard for which you have a concern if indicated above.

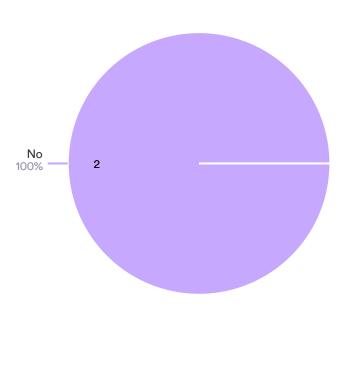
In the past 5 years, has your home or business been damaged by a hazard event? (Ex: pipes freezing during periods of cold temperatures, flooding of your home/business, tornado damage to your property, etc.)



Please describe any relevant details such as the date of occurrence, duration, area affected (e.g., yard, building, roof), etc.

Data	Responses
Jan 2021. Burst pipe. Downstairs kitchen, living room and laundry room affected and replaced.	1
Pipes froze due to extreme winter temperatures in February 2021. Fence blew down during Hurricane Ike in 2008.	1

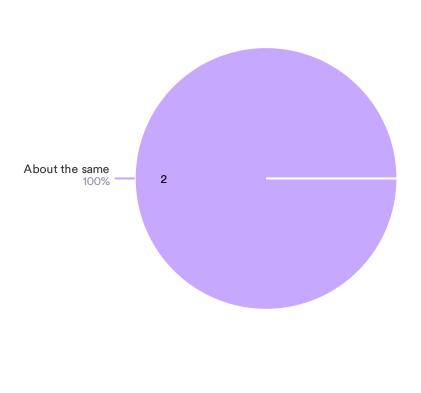
Did you report the damages to your local police or fire departments or to an emergency management agency?



2 Responses

🔵 No

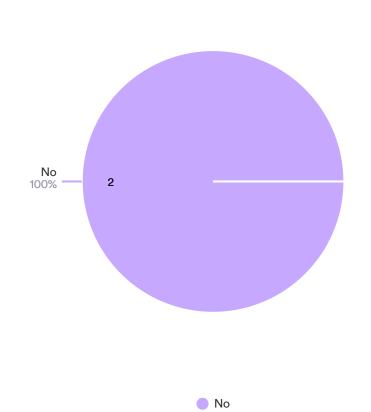
Is your property about the same, less, or more prone to flooding now than it was 5 years ago?



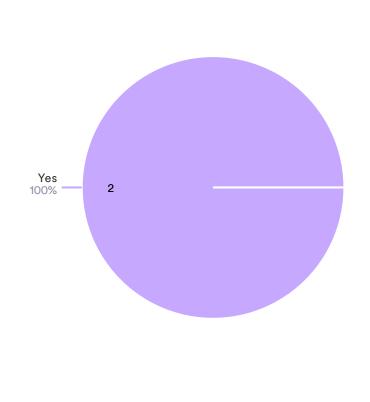
2 Responses

About the same

To the best of your knowledge, is your property located in a designated floodplain or special flood hazard area?

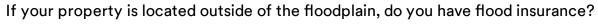


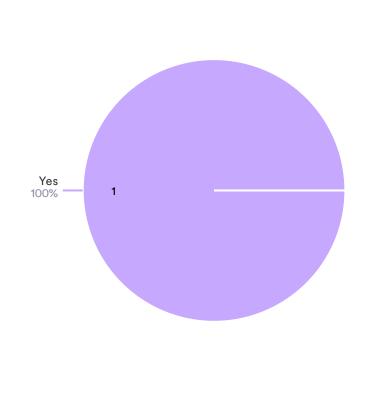
Do you have flood insurance through the National Flood Insurance Program?



2 Responses

Yes



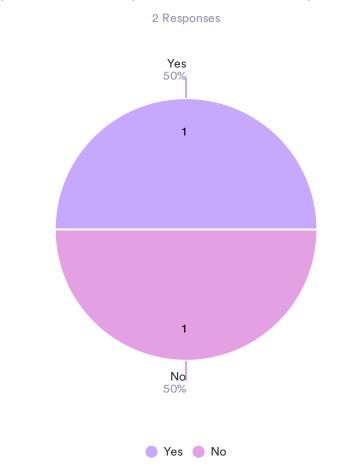


1 Response

Yes

If you do not have flood insurance, please select the reasons that may apply.





Have you taken any actions to make your home or community more resilient to hazards?

Please specify what actions you have taken to make your home or community more resilient to hazards?

Data	Responses
Purchase all insurances. Keep trees away from my roof. Insulated pipes.	1

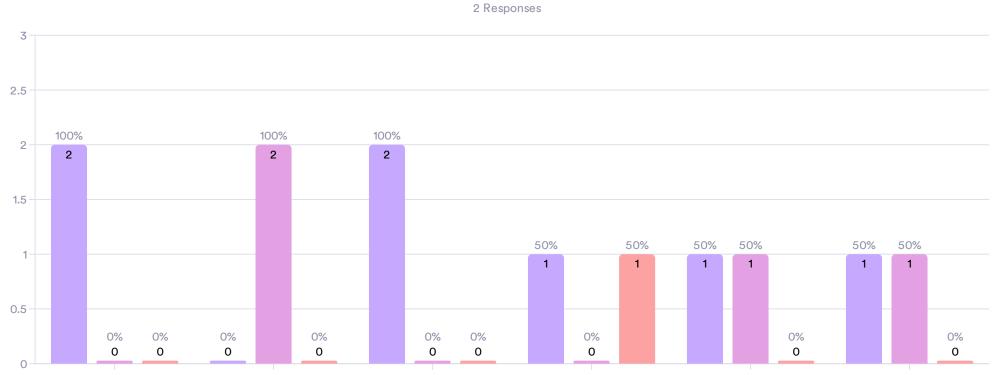
Please identify any specific vulnerabilities that you are aware of in your community/city/county (e.g., flood-prone areas or properties, critical facilities that lack a backup power source, etc.) List street names and other specific location identifiers if possible.

Data	Responses
Our local recreation center on Valderas Street could use a generator so it can be a public shelter.	1

Which of the following categories of community assets do you believe are most susceptible to the impacts caused by hazards? Please rank the below in order of vulnerability with 1 being most vulnerable and 6 being least vulnerable. Drag and drop each category to change your order preference.

Data	Responses
2: Infrastructure - Damage or loss of bridges, utilities, schools, etc.	2
3: Governance - Ability to maintain order/provide public amenities and services	1
6: Cultural/Historic - Damage or loss of libraries, museums, fairgrounds, etc.	1
1: Human - Loss of Life/injuries	1
5: Cultural/Historic - Damage or loss of libraries, museums, fairgrounds, etc.	1
3: Economic - Business closures/job losses	1
4: Environmental - Damage or loss of forests, wetlands, waterways, etc.	1
5: Governance - Ability to maintain order/provide public amenities and services	1
Other entries	3

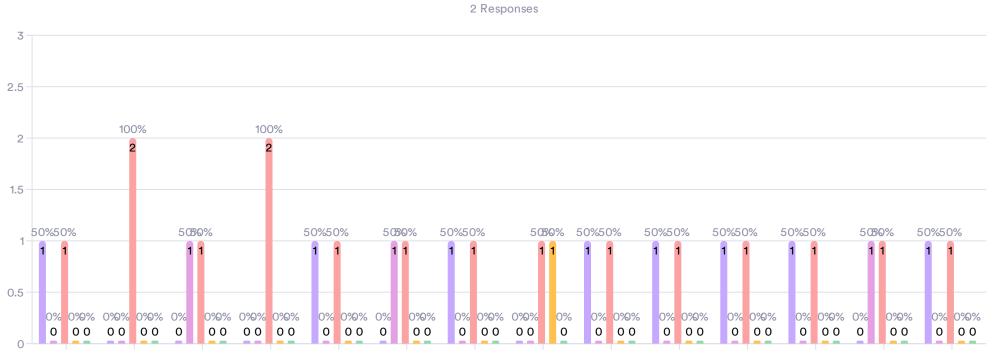
Several community-wide activities can reduce our risk from hazards. In general, these activities fall into one of six broad categories. Please tell us how important you think each category below is for your community.



1. Prevention - Administrati... 2. Property Protection - Mo... 3. Natural Resource Protect... 4. Structural Projects - Mod... 5. Emergency Services - Pr... 6. Public Education and Aw...

Very Important Somewhat Important Not Important

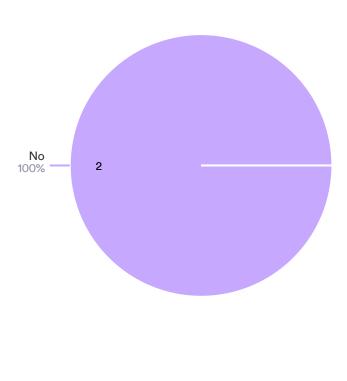
Natural hazards can have a significant impact on a community but planning for these events before they can occur can help lessen the impacts. The following questions will help us determine priorities of our residents regarding planning for natural hazards. Please tell us how important each of the following strategies is to you.



Regulator... Non-regul...A combina...Protecting...Protecting... Preventin... Enhance t... Protecting...Protecting...Strengthe...Disclosing ...Improving ...Developin...Promoting...

🔵 Very Important 🕚 Somewhat Important 🥚 Neutral 😑 Not Very Important 🌑 Not Important

Do you have project ideas for how to protect the community from the impacts of hazards?

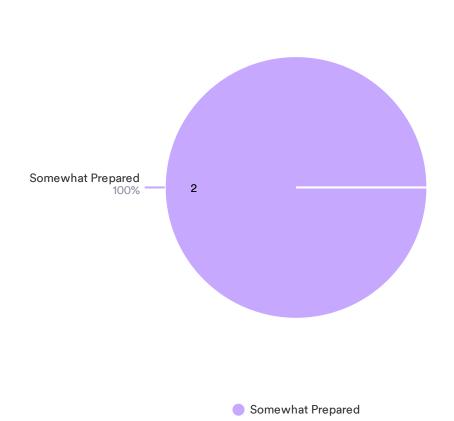


2 Responses

🔵 No

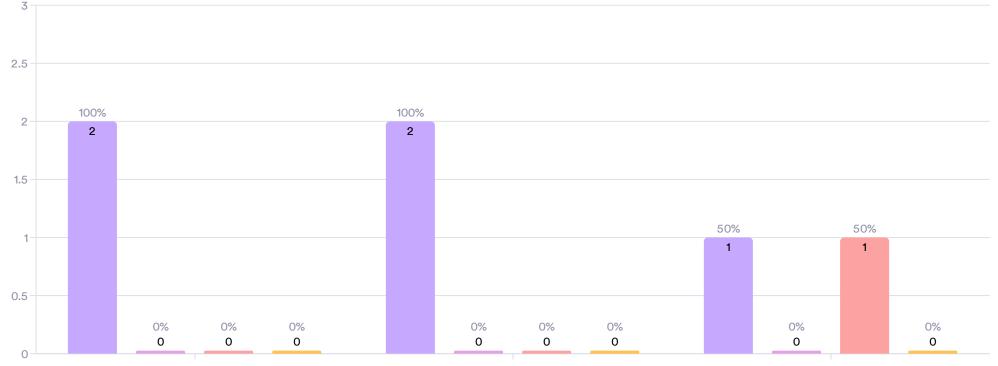
Please provide additional details about your project ideas for how to protect the community from the impacts of hazards.

How prepared do you feel your household is to endure the impacts of natural hazard events likely to occur within your community?



In your household, have you or another member done any of the following:

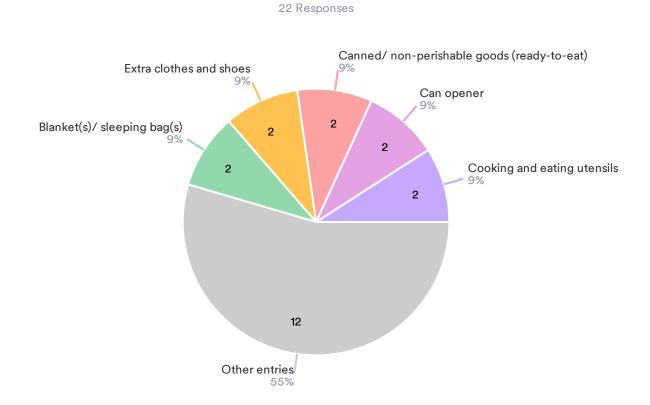
2 Responses



Talked with members in your household about what to d... Developed a "Household/Family Emergency Plan" to de... Prepared a "Disaster Supply Kit" (Stored extra food, wate...

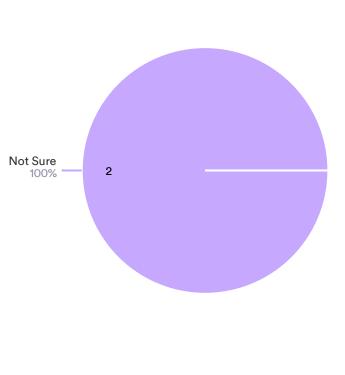
🛑 Have Done 🛑 Plan to Do 🛑 Not Done 😑 Unable to Do

If a disaster occurred today such that all services were cut off from your home (power, gas, water, sewer), and you could not leave or access a store for 72 hours, which of these items do you have readily available? Please check all that apply.



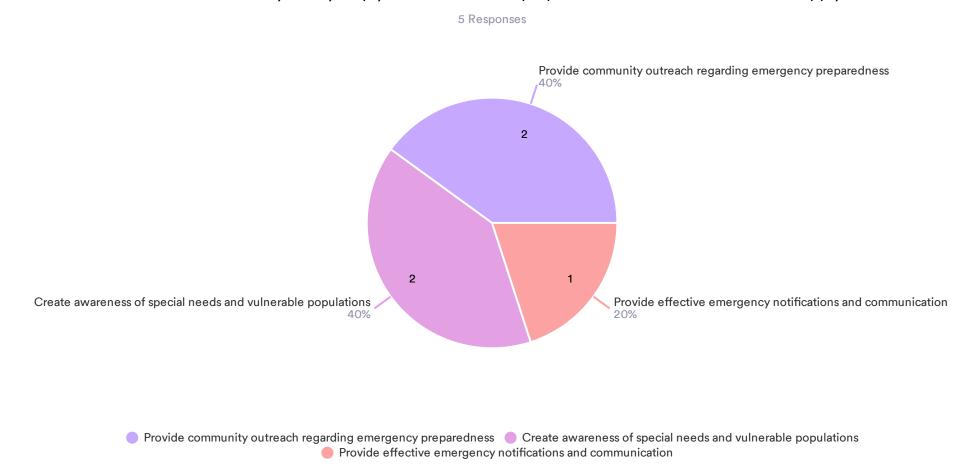
Do you feel emergency services (fire, ambulance, police, hospital, etc.) are adequately prepared to deal with a disaster in your community/city/county?

2 Responses

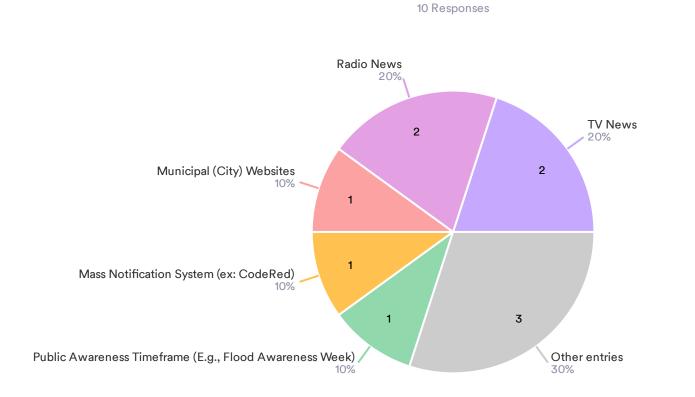


Not Sure

Briefly explain why you feel emergency services (fire, ambulance, police, hospital, etc.) are not adequately prepared to deal with a natural disaster in your community/city/county.

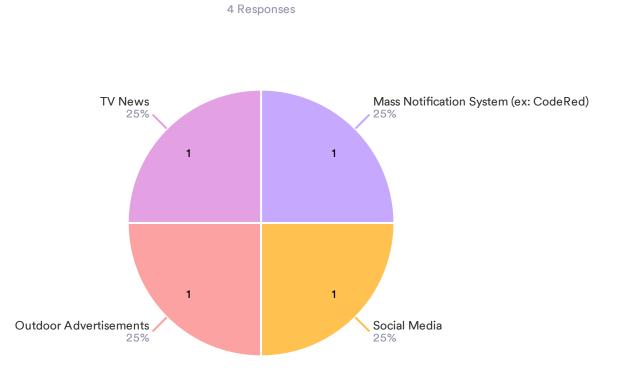


How can the county or city help you become better prepared for a disaster? Check all that apply.



How do you receive your information concerning a disaster? (Check all that apply)

Of the communication methods listed, identify the top 3 methods that would be most effective for you to receive information and help to make your household, home, or business safer from disasters. (You may ONLY select 3)



Do you have any other comments, questions, or concerns regarding hazard mitigation in the City of Angleton, Austin County, Liberty County, or Walker County?

Data	Responses
Long survey and not easy to fill in	1

Thank You! Hazard Mitigation Plan Survey



Appendix F

PLAN ADOPTION

City of Angleton Hazard Mitigation Plan, 2024